

THE WEATHER
Unsettled tonight and tomorrow; probably showers.

THE BEND BULLETIN

DAILY EDITION

VOL. 1 BEND, DESCHUTES COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 14, 1917 NO. 109

AMERICAN AID EXTENDED TO BLOCK GERMAN PLOTS AGAINST RUSSIAN EMPIRE

INSIDIOUS SCHEMES TO BE MET.

HUGE LOAN CARRIES

Practically No Opposition Offered in House to \$7,000,000,000 Bond Issue—Slight Restrictions are Made to Insure Passage.

(By United Press to the Bend Bulletin)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14.—Putting Russia "on her feet" is the outstanding task confronting America and Russia's allies. It is occupying much attention from the American government today.

Insidious German influences attempting to devitalize the structure of the new Russian government, are being met by the United States by physical, financial and moral support offered the Slavic empire on a tremendous scale. It was announced today. A group of prominent men has been sent to Russia to assist the new government, the American representatives being picked from the military, naval and business departments.

Similar commissions are being sent from the different nations of the entente alliance, the purpose being to strengthen all efforts put forward toward crushing out German autocracy.

Bond Issue Carries.

That substantial assistance will be rendered the allies by America, was evidenced today, when the \$7,000,000,000 bond issue, \$3,000,000,000 of which is designated as a loan to the allies, passed the House without real opposition. Majority Leader Kitchin offered a committee amendment stating that "the Allied loan is made for more efficient provision for national security and defense," providing that money shall be loaned only to countries at war with enemies of the United States.

Will Not Restrict.

Both Republicans and Democrats attacked vigorously amendments restricting the loan and the time for repaying the money. Many such amendments were introduced. Tower, of Iowa, asking that the allies' share of the proposed \$7,000,000,000 bond issue be stricken out. The amendment was defeated 217 to three.

Representative Moore, of Pennsylvania, suggested that the allied loan must be replaced within 30 years. His amendment was attacked, and he changed the wording so as to make the period 50 years. Several unimportant amendments were designed by the Ways and Means committee, designed to overcome all possible objections.

BEND RECRUITS GIVEN OVATION

CROWD GATHERS AT DEPOT AND CHEERS FOR BOYS WHO WILL ENTER U. S. NAVAL SERVICE IN NATION'S DEFENSE.

Although only one of the navy recruits listed to leave Bend last night for Portland actually took the train, a crowd of at least 150 gathered at the union depot and gave the one volunteer just as big a send-off as they would have accorded to twelve times the number.

John W. Phillips was the man to start for the navy training camp, and the two other men supposed to go at the same time, Charles Clark and Thomas L. Freestone, who left this morning instead, were given their good-bye in advance. Friends and strangers alike crowded around the three, wishing them good luck and a speedy ending of the war. Cheers were given for each, and after this phase of the demonstration, patriotic songs were sung until the train pulled out at 8 o'clock.

400,000 ADDITIONAL MILITIA MAY ENLIST

(By United Press to the Bend Bulletin)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14.—The War Department expected today to authorize the organization of additional militia units. If this is done, it will be equivalent to calling for 400,000 volunteers.

U. OF W. CREW WINS TRIANGULAR EVENT

(By United Press to the Bend Bulletin)
OAKLAND, Cal., April 14.—The University of Washington crew won the three-mile triangular intercollegiate race here today, by four boat lengths. Stanford came in second, with the University of California third. Washington's time was 17 minutes, 28 2-5 seconds.

GEORGE-SOMMERS BOUT AT SMOKER MONDAY TO BE SPEEDY EXHIBITION

LOCAL BOXER CLAIMS HE HAS BETTER CHANCE TO DEFEAT PORTLAND MIDDLEWEIGHT ON MONDAY NIGHT.

MONDAY'S CARD.
Main Event—Al Sommers vs. Billy George, Pacific Coast middleweight championship.
Preliminaries—Bill Hensley vs. Jack Allen; Kid Jeff vs. Al Bray.
Place—Hippodrome.
Time—8:45 p. m.

Whether Billy George can "come back" and win over Al Sommers in the championship bout for the Pacific Coast middleweight honors in the squared ring, is a matter of no small amount of speculation among local fans. George is going to be put to this test when he meets Sommers Monday night at the Hippodrome, under the auspices of the Bend Athletic club. The match promises to be fast. George has not been any too well pleased with his last two performances, and is going to go like a French 120 to show up better than he has at any time, when he mixes with the Portland favorite.

George has been working hard and consistently ever since his return from Portland, going 15 to 29 rounds daily, and says that he cannot offer all his in the coming match.

The preliminaries will be the fastest that have ever been seen in the local ring. The Allen-Hensley match promises to be a winner for the starter of the evening. Fans got more than the worth of their money at the Allen-Hensley go.

The Bray-Kid Jeff match also promises to be a young whirlwind, as both boys are pretty well matched.

LAST MATCH PLAYED IN BOWLING LEAGUE

Bulletin Team Takes Two Out of Three Games—Standing of Teams Not Altered.

Playing the last match of the city league bowling series last night, the Bend Bulletin team defeated the Shevlin-Hixon players two out of three, although the lumbermen rolled up a grand total nearly 110 in excess of their opponents. The outcome of the match did not alter the relative positions of the teams, as the championship had been clamped down the night before by the Martin & Cashman players. The score:

Players	1st	2d	3d	Total
Swanson	152	121	119	392
Bettinger	151	158	112	421
Rush	123	111	94	328
Heuer	185	118	114	417
Pietch	135	178	188	501
Total	746	686	627	2059

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Steldl	170	132	137	439
Terrill	165	186	134	485
Carmody	119	132	159	410
Bassett	76	121	100	297
Saye	97	121	100	318
Totals	627	692	630	1949

SINKING ARGENTINE VESSEL MAY START WAR WITH GERMANY

(By United Press to The Daily Bulletin)
BUENOS AIRES, April 14.—Bolivia has broken off diplomatic relations with Germany, and anti-German sentiment is sweeping over Argentina. Brazil is on the verge of war. The wildest excitement followed the receipt of the report of the sinking of the Argentine windjammer, Monteprotegida. Responsible officials immediately predicted a break with Germany. The cabinet has deferred action.

NAVY CONSTRUCTION CHIEF ORIGINATOR OF NEW WAR IDEAS

(By United Press to The Daily Bulletin)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14.—The centre-fire control for dreadnaughts whereby main gun batteries are located in a line down the center of the ship, is one of the revelations of naval construction contributed to the world by American naval genius. Rear Admiral David W. Taylor, recognized as one of the world's leading authorities on naval construction, is the man who originated "centre-fire."

He is now chief of the bureau of construction and repair. His job is to draw the intricate detail plans and specifications for the navy's new ships, and after afloat, to keep them ship-shape. No one branch of the naval establishment is more vital than his; perhaps none so much so.

Admiral Taylor inaugurated his brilliant career with the navy by graduating with top honors from the Annapolis academy, and then entering the great English naval academy, when England was receiving our midshipmen. Taylor carried off the highest honors ever won at that academy.

When the British cruiser Hawk rammed the steamship Olympia in the Thames several years ago, the British government sent for Admiral Taylor to obtain his expert opinion as to the cause of the mysterious collision.

It is chiefly due to his efforts that the present super-dreadnaught can travel faster and with greater displacement on the same amount of coal than the pre-dreadnaught could.

Taylor is one of the meekest men to look at, in the world. He has the face, bearing and general appearance of a country preacher. He thinks so far ahead in warship construction that he's generally about the same distance behind in the matter of prevailing styles for men's clothing.

TIME FOR PLANTING IS CLOSE AT HAND

By Carl Vrooman,
(Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, Member Emergency Food Garden Commission.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14.—Now is the time to plant, and planting is important, for a plant is like a child—there is much in giving it a good start.

Corn should be sown at the rear of the lot. The distance between the rows can be cut down a great deal if the gardener is careful. Two feet apart will be good enough. Golden Bantam corn can be used four inches apart in the rows. Sow two rows as soon as danger of frost has passed. Cover two inches deep.

A week later sow two more rows and a week later two more, making six in all. When the plants are five inches high thin to stand one foot apart in the rows. For six rows 52 feet long, three pints of seed will be needed. Cultivate constantly, but as the corn grows, cultivate only close to the surface. Two rows of corn 50 feet long should produce nine dozen ears.

Smooth peas, which like rich soil, should come next. Sow these as soon as the ground is ready, but the wrinkled ones should be planted two weeks later. The peas should be placed two inches apart in the rows, which should be two feet apart for tall and 18 inches for dwarf varieties.

Three plantings can be used in a row of beets. Early in the spring sow one-third of the row, first soaking the seed over night. Sow the seeds thin and half an inch deep. The second and third can be planted in a week and complete the row a week later. When two inches high, thin out to stand four inches apart. Each 50 foot row will take an ounce of seed.

Radishes and carrots should be sown together for two reasons. Carrots are delicate and will not push through hard ground. The radishes will take them along. Spinach will serve the same purpose. The carrots should be sown a third of a row at a time, about 10 days apart, each time with radishes.

COUNCIL MAKES ELECTION PLANS

CHARTER CHANGES TO BE ISSUED.

\$16,000 Bond Floatation and Assessment System Will Be Up at the Same Time—Offer to Buy Rock Crusher Received.

Preparations for a popular election to pass on two charter amendments to the city charter were made last night when the Bend council met in special adjourned session in the council chambers of the O'Kane building. One of the amendments will be to allow for the floatation of \$16,000 worth of refunding bonds to put the city on a cash basis, while the other will definitely formulate an assessment system for city improvements.

The members of the council virtually agreed that an ordinance relative to street and other improvements was necessary, and a charter amendment was prepared, based on the Washington zone area assessment system, with slight modifications suggested by the Iowa code. Action on the bond issue was deferred until such a time as the improvement amendment is ready to be placed before the people, when both will be voted on at the same time.

Would Buy Crusher.

The matter of the establishment of a city rock quarry was discussed, Stewart and Baker renewing their offer to take over the operation of the city rock crusher and furnish crushed stone for the Bend streets at \$1.25 a cubic yard. The Bend Water, Light & Power Co. submitted a proposition for setting up and testing the machine, while Al Hanson offered to purchase the crusher from the city at its original cost, \$2398.50, and to furnish rock for street improvements for cost, plus 15 per cent. No action was taken definitely by the council.

City officials present were Mayor S. C. Caldwell, Recorder H. C. Ellis, City Attorney C. S. Benson, and Councilmen Steidl, Silvis, Edwards and Bennett.

MILL OFFICE FORCE TO PLAY BALL FOR B. A. C.

White Collar Slab Artists Will Limit April 22 on the Local Diamond.

The white collar brigade of The Shevlin-Hixon Company and the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber Co. will be the harbingers of the local baseball season when they cross bats a week from tomorrow on the local diamond. The game will be conducted to raise funds for the Bend Athletic club. Manager of the B.-S. L. and Carl A. Johnson, for The S.-H. Company, will assemble material this week for the drive next Sunday. Tickets will be sold in advance for this game.

LARGE ATTENDANCE PROMISED FOR MEET

Big Delegations Will Be Sent to Bend From Outside Schools for Student Competition.

That big delegations from Redmond and from the Crook county schools will be present in Bend on May 19 to attend and to participate in the Central Oregon track and field meet to be held here on that date, was the information gathered by City School Superintendent F. Thordarson and County Superintendent J. Alton Thompson yesterday afternoon when they met with P. M. Nash, superintendent of the Redmond Union high, at Redmond. Minor details in regard to the representation of the schools of Central Oregon, were settled at the meeting.

Mr. Thompson is working for a co-operative organization of Deschutes, Crook and Jefferson counties for school activities and for institute purposes.

BAPTISTS TO MEET AT REDMOND, APRIL 20-21

Deschutes and Crook Counties and Grass Valley Churches Will Be Represented at Conclave.

The annual convention of the Deschutes Baptist association will meet at Redmond next Friday and Saturday, April 20 and 21, at which delegates from Deschutes and Crook counties and Grass Valley will be present. A number of local Baptists expect to attend the meeting.

ALIEN PROBLEM UP TO SCHOOLS

BEND ASKED TO HELP IN WORK.

Naturalization Examiner Henry B. Hazard Explains Status of German Petitions—Would Safeguard National Welfare.

To give instruction in the county clerk's office in the handling of naturalization cases, and to confer with the city school authorities in regard to co-operating with the U. S. Bureau of Naturalization in making possible a more rapid absorbing of the foreign born population, Harry B. Hazard, U. S. Naturalization Examiner, was in Bend today from headquarters in Portland. He will remain over Sunday, going to Madras on Monday to conduct naturalization hearings.

Mr. Hazard declared that he will endeavor to secure the aid of the Bend schools in establishing such night courses as will make easier the naturalization of the large foreign element residing here. "The bureau considers that this policy constitutes a national safeguard," he said.

German Status Explained.

Explaining the attitude taken in regard to the naturalization of Germans while the present state of war exists, Mr. Hazard said: "In the opinion of the Bureau of Naturalization, there is no prohibition on the making of declarations of intention, or filing petitions for naturalization on the part of Germans or subjects of other countries with which the United States is now at war, but whether applicants for citizenship from belligerent countries may be admitted as citizens during the war is a question to be determined by the courts."

In connection with the policy of education pursued, Mr. Hazard emphasized the importance of the convention of the Naturalization Bureau, to be held in July in Portland at the same time as the National Educational association, the purpose being to further co-operation between the bureau and public schools as to the proper education and preparation of alien candidates for citizenship.

Mr. Hazard gave as an official estimate that there are now 10,000,000 unaturalized residents in the United States, and that approximately 500,000 file citizenship petitions annually.

NEW RAILROAD MAP IS EUROPE'S PLAN

Allies Will Seek to Eliminate Dependence on German Lines Following the War.

(By United Press to the Bend Bulletin)

ROME, April 14.—Allied railroad commissions today are preparing to redraw Europe's railroad map. They are already planning the destruction of the allied dependence on the German lines in the "war after the war."

For example, a proposed railroad connects Bordeaux with Odessa, avoiding middle Europe and passing through Turin and the Italian-to-be Triest. Other lines, perfecting the development of allied territory, are also in prospect.

French and English railroad officials are now in Italy, studying the situation with allied officials. The commissioners are making careful study and a tour of investigation throughout the allied countries, it is said, and work on the contemplated lines will be rushed to completion, as soon as the war ends.

GIRLS WIN HONORS IN SCHOOL TRYOUT

Lois Cobb, Margaret Thompson and Stanley Bond Chosen for Declaration Contest May 19.

Tryouts held in the high school auditorium last night to pick the local representatives in the Central Oregon declamation contest to be held here May 19, were attended by a large crowd, and resulted in the awarding of first place in oratory to Stanley Bond, in dramatics to Lois Cobb, and in humor to Margaret Thompson. Instructors at the school are well pleased with the showing made.

Selections by the girls' glee club and by a quartet composed of Margaret Thompson, Mary Linster, Nellie Leslie and Dorothy Miller, proved popular with the audience.

ALLIES' GAINS ARE EXTENDED

750 SQUARE MILES OF TERRITORY TAKEN.

Capture of Another of von Hindenburg's Lines of Defense Is Made—German Resistance Stubborn But Ineffective.

(By United Press to the Bend Bulletin)
LONDON, April 14.—One month ago, the British and French offensive movement began coincident with the German "strategic retreat," on the western European battle front.

Since then the Allies have recovered 750 square miles of territory hitherto held by the Teutonic forces, with a front of 75 miles. In that month von Hindenburg's line has swung about two pivots, St. Quentin and Lens. The greatest drive in the whole war has centered about these two positions, with the result that it is officially stated that Lens is near its fall, and that St. Quentin can hold out but little longer.

Another of von Hindenburg's lines was taken today, a crushing defeat of the German forces being administered when the British attacked on two sides of Lens.

The German resistance is growing more and more desperate as General Haig advances, but the stubborn resistance made to the British advance is apparently ineffective. The Germans are still shelling Vimy Ridge, held by the Allied troops, from long range, but their aim is poor, and the effect of the artillery fire is unimportant.

NAVY YARD WARNS APPROACHING BOATS

Vessels of Any Kind, Coming Within 500 Feet of Bremerton Piers, Will Be Fired Upon.

(By United Press to the Bend Bulletin)

BREMERTON, Wash., April 14.—There's no doubt about the fact that war exists when one sees such warnings as are posted today about the Puget Sound navy yard here. The warning, issued by Captain R. E. Koontz, commandant, follows:

"All persons operating vessels, boats, skiffs, etc., other than those belonging to the naval and military forces of the United States, are hereby warned to keep out of the waters adjacent to the navy yard, and not to approach closer than 500 feet to the line between the end of Conning Pier No. 1 and Pier No. 5. Vessels or boats disregarding this warning will be fired upon."

SUBMARINE SHELLS AMERICAN VESSEL

(By United Press to the Bend Bulletin)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14.—A submarine shelled the New York schooner, Edward R. Hunt, off Cape Gata, sinking the vessel, Consul Gasset, at Malaga, reported to the State Department. Captain Nicholas Miller and his crew of eight men landed at Cape Gata.

PROHIB SEIZE WAR OPENING

PREPARE TO STOP MANUFACTURE OF LIQUOR IN UNITED STATES AS AID TO FOOD AND LABOR SUPPLY.

By Robert J. Bender,
(By United Press to the Bend Bulletin)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14.—America's "big push" for food may result in the closing of the distilleries and breweries of the country.

Taking advantage of the threatened food shortage, the "dry" forces are preparing to launch a spectacular drive for "war prohibition." They propose to stop the manufacture of all liquors and beer during the war period, thereby diverting millions of bushels of grain into food channels, and releasing thousands of brewers' and distillers' employes for other work.

It is estimated that 600,000,000 bushels of grain are used annually in the United States in the manufacture of alcoholic liquors, enough to feed the entire world for a period of one month.