## 8月ailg fillomtainecr.

## TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 28, 1865.

Minszsota raises $10,000,000$ bushels of wheat this year, and will have $6,009,000$ bushels to aell. She will also have $\$ 2,000$, 000 of pats to sell.

The steamer Pacific aniled from San Francisco on the 24th inst., and if the weather has been fair at sea, is now at Portland. The Orizaba did not sail at the time advertised, which was perhaps very fortunate.
Tan United States Mail ia carried on Sun©ay from Portland to Oregon City by ateamer. The daily mail is carried every day in the week, and the connection is made between the two points as abovo atated. Whether any
person is indictable under the Sunday Law person is indictable under tho
for so doing does not appear.
Pantiss wh have just crossed the Cour d'Alene Mountains report that there was no bnow upon them on the 15 th inst., but tha rain was falling very heavily, and the roads were in a bad condition. The raing w
continued on down to Walla Walla.
Taeth is Sthanger than Fiotion.-In this Issue of the paper the reader will observe a gold story from the Montana Post, which reads very much like something which ought not to be believed; but we have met persons from Montana who atate that they have seen pieces of the gold taken from the lode, and that there is no exaggeration in the atatevery Jarge scale, we still bope it is true, and speak for a few gunny-backs full for this side
of the mountaing.
A Timely Paecautios.-If there should be a searcity of provisions in Montans the coming spring, the traders from this side should earliest information of the procure the carliest information of the probable deficit natil the 10th of June. They would also do well to have their goods forwarded as soon as the road is practicable, to the Spokane Plain by the 1st or 10th of March they 80 tha moved toward Hellgate and the mines. An inconsiderable expense will procure early and definite information about affairs in Montana and those who move early will gain an ad-
vantage which will well repay them for their vantage
tronble.
Fuhix Comaitrmd.-Frank Jones, accused of forgery, stands fully committed to the County jail, to take his trial at the next term of the District Court. His bail is fixed at \$1090. He had procured a continuance of the preliminary examination for ten days, on the ples that he expected to prove his innocence by an aboent witneas named John Doe, fo: the Doe cannot be found, and an opinion is groming up that he is a mythical personage-a conclusion somewhat unfavorable to Jones' character for veracity. After serving his country for three yeara, Jones ought to have known better than to be making sueh poor imitations of other men's handwriting as those ahown in the forged checks.
Socraty in Boisa Basis,-The World observes that the vicious looking cut-throats, who were formerly so plentiful in Boise, are now very scattering. They have gradually drifted out of the country; been shot, hung, or ran off to other places. It is a plasasat reflection, that "the boys" are "passing sway," and the places which once knew them will never know them any more. The palmy days of the boys were in the time of the excitement about the Salmon River mines, when a highwayman considerad himself a "gentleman," $^{2}$ only a little "rough." It did aeem for a while as if the infernal regions had broken loose upon the country, and that the choiceat imps of perdition had come into the Nes Perces country, in the shape of "professional gentlemen." This carnival of erime can never be repeated, unless the small graveyards full of great and small rogues, which mark the ground at Placerville, Florence, Idaho City, Hellgate, East Bannock, Virginia City, and many other places should come to life again to plague mankind. Lying in these cometeries is the concrete ruffianism which was gathering for fifteen years on the Pacific coast, and which epitomizes every crime
known to man, and accursed of God. The people of Boise are to congratulated upon the
riddance of the fag-end of such a peat riddance of the fag-end of auch a peat.

THE TNOREASE OF TRANSPORTA
TION ON THE COLUMBIA RIVER. Some apprebenaion bus been expressed tha the increased prodnetion of the agricultara districts, above the Dalles, would in time effect the amount of freighte upp the Columbia river, and that in consequence, the proportion of freight to popalation would continually docrease. Thearticles of agricultural production east of this point are, and will be for many years, principally meat and bread, which form sbout one quatter of the total weight of shipments to any mining section. These average about one and a balf pounds to the man a day. The time in which the mines will be altogether supplied from the fields and pastures east of the Cascades, may be reasonably antieipated at five years in the future. From thenoe forward, one quarter of the weight of mining reights will cease to pay tribute to the navigation of the Columbia, allowing that the average of freight to the man is six pounds a day, and this is the basis of such calculations, founded on the experience of Californin.
It must be conidered, however, that the settlement of the Columbia Basin is sure to produce very considerable shipments of backreights, which are to moch peeded to make a reduction in freights generally, a practicable measure. These will consist in hides, horns, hoofs, wool and the like. In time, alted meats will become an important article export, but not for many years to come.
As the matter now atands, but a small porfion of the live-stock coming east of the mountains pays anything to the navigation intereat, but when the supply of such stock for the mines is derived entirely from the interior to he east, the pastoral population will require an increase of transportation, which will form an important element in austaining the present roportion of freights to population.
But by far the most important consideration, is the increased demand for transportafion caused by the development of the quartz mines. Take for inatance a forty-atamp mill with its equipments, weigbing one huidred ons; its annual repairs, and the beayy hoisting apparatus of an excensive mining company, and add the usual ratio of supplies, and we have a vast increase of freights over the demands of ordinary placer mines. A mining company such as this, will work fifty hands nd the average of freight for five years, in cluding the required machinery, will be a
the rate of one hundred tons a year, or mome thing over twice as much as the requiremont of the placer mines.
From these circumatances, we infer that the elation of freights to population, in the coming five jears, will indicate an increase, and long as the mines continue to be operated with an annually increasing force. Thereare however, other considerations which may seems to be the part of wisdom to take them into accornt. The cheapness of draft stock on the Missouri frontier sad in Californis, ha timulated the employment of teams from those localities to our mining districts, with the calculation that in the eveht of competition from thence proving impracticable, they would atill find a better field bere than in the countries where they were produced.
From propent indications the amount of farm produce from California to the mines, and of machinery from the dtlantic alope, will cause no amall diminution in the trade of the Columbia for the coming year. The competition thus forced by a state of circumstances incident to the relations of the several sectiona, may be continued from aome advantage to rival routes which we do not at presance. It is very do not give it due allowance. It is very probable that no auch advan taged exist, and it is very certain that they have not been intelligibly set forth. In any ease, the true policy is to weigh the question in its true bearinga, without local prejudice, and aecept conclusions whatever they may be -making the best of all we can grasp.
An iden appears to pervade the commercial commenity that if the Montana trade can be secured, we can afford to submit to the loss of some portion of that traffic which has so suddenly, yot so solidly, built up the commerce of the Columbia River. A conclusion more variance with true policy cannot be cenceded. We need particularly the trade of many places, so that when the demand sinckens from one there may be other points requiring supplies, and thas the current of busi-
ness be made to flow smoothly and steadily, inatead of spasmodically, as has too often been the case beretofore. Consideration selves thes will doubtiess recos mind then relves to the minds of men of mind, mesns and enterprise, and the intelligent and comprehessire understanding of them is the true
problem on which the minds of our people problem on which t.

New Digaixgs.-Last summer, wh disappointed prospectors a Cour dule disappointed prospectors at Cour d'Alene
were rashing wildly on to Blackfoot, certain miners thonght that they were passing over as good diggings as they were apt to find at any place abead. They tried the galches and creeks on the St. Regis Borgia without anccesa, but after crossing the Miasonla, or Clark's Fork, they followed along the bars of that
atream, and about thirty miles below Hellgate, and in sight of the Mollan Road, found fine, river gold in quantities which induced
them to locate and go to work. Up to Octothem to locate and go to work. Up to Octo-
ber they had done so well that the big atoriea ber they had done so well that the big atoriea
about Blackloot, which is but a little over a hundred miles from them, failed to induce them to go further. About twenty-five men were pre
advices.
Columbin Iodge, No. N, I. O. O. F.--

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS! TOYS! For toys and fancy goods
 n28:3m

Dissolution Notice
rTing FIRM OF J. W. MILLER \& Co, h Banmell


SELLING OFF!!
BELOW COOST
WATCHES,
JEWELLRY, CLOCKS,
SILVER \& PLATTED WARE,
 your Presents now, and forthwith, a,
saving of at least YIFTY PEK CRNT.
At BAUB'S
ewelry 8 tore

Umatilla, $1301 s \theta_{\text {, }}$ AND IDAHO
Express and Fast Freight Line.

 The Line lespatch.
The Lineis Stocked with the Best Teams New Thorough-Brace CONCORD 2-2
 Which ensures 8poed and Sufoty in the tranamisaion or
Yreight, never before offered to ldatio. We oflor Supe-
rior ipd
 gation are such that all Goods thipped by thir Line will
not be sulject to tho nsual dolays, but paas throughi as Fast Freight. Goode shipped from San Prancinco to our caro at Port-
land, Charges will be paid and Gooda shippod to destus
GOODS SHOULD BE MARKRD:-OARE B, M. D, 4
CO Z, HNE, und Shipring Receipto nent to our Agent CO P, LINE, and Shipring Receipto nent to our Agenta
at Portland and Unatila. Advance Charges for Transportation Pald by the Line and Collected at Dentination. Goods will bo
forwarded with Dispach to Owyher and Sunth Bolse. PASBEEGGRES CARrIED AT GREATLY REDUCED

 AGHANTS:

 B. M. DURELELL ${ }^{4}$
MAJOK 8 REER Rocky Bar (s)
 AUOTION AND COMMISSION.
JOHENWILIIAMS AUCTIONEER, No. 100, Main Street, Dalles City.
 Regular Sales Day--Saturday. Out-door and Speeial sales attended to in any part
Lberal Adzances made on Consigmments.
 Office-WALDRON'S BUILDING.

Bloch, Miller \& Con WHOLESALE

## G R $O$ ORIS

 and dealers inWines \& Liquors, OLOTHING Boots \& Shoes, Under Clothing, Slankets, ctc.,
etc.,
etc.

ASSAY OFFICE.


 SELKINGBEF

## AT Cos T,

TO CLOSE BUSINESS:
 , wix

ATCOST
In ortet to rotiro from buinen, tho whore stock must STRRKCTLY ATC COET:


Oregon Steam Kavigation Co. winter arrangemient.
 The Passenger Train

## FOR UMATILLA \& WALLULA

 Wiil start from the B. R. DEPOT DALLEs CrTY, onMonday, Wednesdays, and Friday, at $4: 30$ A. D, tBE BTEAMERS
"ONEONTA" or "IDAH0,"
 "NEW WORLD" or "CASCADES,"


## REMOVAL.

J. Gogryz
V. Korsiogernarg,
J. Goentz \& CO.,

TOBACCONISTS,
Rudio's New Stone Building,


PLAYING CARDS,
BPORTING GOODS,
INDIAN und YANO
Hille a Lowks Mikikit priczs.
BLACK FOOT EXPRESS.
DWIAITT \& BACON, Proprietors.

Expressibusiness THE BLACK FOOT COUNTRY:

 To the Tax-payers of Wasca County.

$\mathbf{N}^{s}$



GATES \& HAFT,
Attorneys \& Counsellors at Law,
DALLES, oregon.
NOTLCE.
C. RORGE LTEBE is my dnly authorized. agent daripg


