## 

SATUBDAY MORXING, BEPTIR 16, 1865
 ferring to a somewhat noted Oregonian, apeak of him as "Doc
Ws. Domer, a ranchman, living on the Sacramento road, about ten miles from Stockton, was burned to death on the 4 th inst. His clothes caught fire whilst he wn engaged in cooking, and before relief reached
him he died. him he died.
Staget Impaovamáts.-We learn that al the contracts for gridding and improveing the atreets, proposals for which were advertise fory hase been awarded, and that the work
will be probieeded with without delay. Whatever improvements are made, it is desirable that they be completed before ibé faing'senson is fairly upon us.
Dally Tuira.-In order to prerent freigh accumulating, the boats of the O:S. N. Colm pany bave been making daily trips to Uutatilla for the last weels. Just now the shipments for tho nerior are very heavy, the tbrough before the mountains are covere with Enow
High Rate of Intehest.-One of the argu meuts used by the advocates of a repeal of the epecific contract law is, that with the introduc tion of the National curreacy we shall be ate futberest. 'In'Washoe where' juat HO w there a ferfect congestion of the money taarket, thi argument is beling used with telling effect. ${ }^{-10}$ oppositiou to this story, we thave the fact tha in the Eastern States, where coln has lons aince been banished from circulation, the rutiog rate for money is from eight to ten fer cent., higher. Lookitg abionad; we find from the money articles in'an Eoglish journal, where paper money is almoat exclusively used, that the rate of interest for the lazt year has been seten per cent. Connridering'the unsettled condition of our cduntry, and the uncertainty of secarities, money can be had to-day on the Pacific coast quite "As chicap as it is he'd in New York, or even cigeo, and the sime remark wfll apply to $\mathrm{O}^{\circ}$ egon, is 10 to 12 per cent per innum, at which figure any amount of noney can be obtained, always provided that the security is satisfactory. Facts like these effectunlly dispose of the, argament that the use of a rate of interest, and is ait once the rery bext justification of the policy that has obtained onthis const
Lionrisa tak Orr.-A few daya since we ghve " place to some titiely "ưögestions relative io sidewalks. In this sakme contifedtion. we have to renew a suggestion long since mande in relation to lighting the streets. Winter wilt soon be upon us, when without ngtis and with muddy streets, it will seareely be kafe for pedestrians to go out at night. Accord-
 all the more populous parts of the city. To Limp will not cost on an anernge mocure than $\$ 20$ eath; or a total of $\$ 320$. MarshafKeeler who ins $^{2}$ 'been'int tome pairs to inquire upon the subject, fifforma us that the citizens will volunteer to take care of the lamps, and at if the city furnish the nieceesary lamps. Wo know tbat the demande apori'the city treasury are heavy, but atill we think the City Counci wou'd be justified in appropriatiog the som stated toward lighting the city. Experience shows that burglars and villains of all graddes operate in the dark. and that an a protection agaiost theae a sybtem of lighting the atrebts s quite as effective as a police furce. Large
monied institutions at the East resort to the practice of haviog thelf' pretaises brilliantly Hlluminated'at' night, and ${ }^{17}$ fiud this even a greater protetilou than the prosence of a watch Yiewed simply an a mensure of anfetr, to say yothing of convenience, wo thiak "the City floard stionld take mesures to have out pris ijpui thoroughfares lit up al migh


## A HOME FOR EMIGRANTS.

This year's emigration is thronging the road in their ranks, any but whos tha rare to find ing to the Willamelte Valley as the gool weir desires. They left the "States" for neir desires. They left the "States" for
Oregon, und nothing will tativfy them until
liey bave traveled the whole Tengh and Chey bave traveled the whole Jength and
breadth of the State, breadth of the State, Yo rbach a section al.
ready crowded, Where ihey whff find but liul ready crowded, Where ihey wiff find but little o zalisfy their longings. Very thite good
and is open to setliement, and this is what the bulc'lof emigration is seektug alter. Mtany thëse, doubtiess a majority, afe poor, and have not the means to pay for land, and if
they had, do not wish to furchatse when the hey had, do not wish to purchatse when the
price demanded is from $\$ 10$ to $\$ 50$ per acre We are not writing with any expectation of turning one of the new-comers trom his choen locality; but when thes have found from axperietive that they cannot'litd to their' new id dations whit they deeire, 'let them bring to
ind the information we shall etdeavor to mpart.
We ha ley, and of its ere apoken of the Yakima Valwe will again state what'we Know from'our wn knowledge and what we हave jearhed rom othert. Crossing the river at Umatilla,
reountry for twenty or twenty five mile, is passed over in one day's driye, that is ralua-
 reacbed. "Traveting"up the streanj, bottom laydfs are fouad on either bank, rich as the
betder may"deaile. He may travel for one set mer maydeaire. He may travel for one
huadred and fity miles, following the stream; and section after sectuon of litidd is lying rendy tor the plow, without any clentance or prepa-
ration. From the Cascade Mountaing, numerration. From the Cascade Mountaina, numer-
ouas atreams find their way to the Yukima, us atreams find their why to the Yakima,
most of them affording lands equatly good, but notas extenaive id'quanility, Timber, cottoawood and balm, along the streams is
sufficient for years, for building, fencing and
and uel, and the supply inexhaustibe, the gront th toing rapid wil supply the drin
made upon it by settlers for reasonable por. made upon it by se thers for reasonable par
poses. Back in the hills, oak, pine, cedar nd taimrac fimber is growing in iniex g , ceusti ble forests, and will forerrr furnish any demand that cau be made for its use. Forg'a
ving purposes, miles and milea of bunch sing- purpos-8, miles and miles of bunch
gr ass are growlig, and for the past four years grass are growing, and for the past favorite re-ort of herders and
uas been the that-raisers. 7ts clfmate is preferable of summer trmpered by winds from the ocelnn atruss the snow-clad peaks of the
Cascader, nnd iswinters lese severe thanare fuind elsewhere enst of the Onsicades The "hard winter "f ' 63 ; when stock perishon
by thousands all over the State of Oregon for want o! food and shitter, th. 10es of
stock did not excerd fifty out of 5,000 bead stoek did qot excerd fifty out of 5,000 bead
h. rded on the Yakima, and dependeat upon its native grasses for.sustenance, and unpro his quarter section or eection of unequaled tillable land, and have the benetit of an unfimited range for stock. Should it be required, the facilitieu for irsjgation are atbun-
dant, atid but little labor will be nedded to Water the siil, But we apprehend that in wios
of the localities we have nitmed, "has wi uot be needed, as crops can be pat in very
early in the suring and will be well forwar early in the spring and will be well forward
at the close of the spring rains, acd also oi receive benefit from the annual rise of the streims. 'The' market 'for' the "products b
the setter, will be' $i n$ 'the whole upper coun ry just attrarting attention for its minera wealth. Sapplies will come by the way of
the Columbia river, and "an be reached at several points coavenient of access. Little roads. Umatilla be necessary in building roads. - Umatilla Advertiser.

An Explodsd Hexiaut.-Ttie operato s i 01 stock at the East have cotwed to grief. " year since the people of the Enstern State Appetared to be crazy on the aubject of of stock, and it was thought that all shat wn hecessary to secure a fortune wha tw engase in the' oil business. 'The 'bubble' hàs' finally burst. The Philadelptrid Wiedgek thus e
rele the decease of this adtedat bumbug
"The formation of companies Xnid the trafic in shares are things of the past. Compatica are 'tow occasiona ly star e., but 'there are
no plircháters' of thares. The busizies utterly ustabtu. Millipns on mi. lions of del lars as repryteseated in patier stinres of companies are swejt from exist thice, and will never be heard of wore in any tangible shape. The lands reandin" on which these
corporations were formed thind whaterer value they fossee sed as o:l-producing territory is atill in'the earth;; bulthe dificul'y of reaching it, and the quiceridinty of is \%nantity ${ }^{\text {twien renched, nre }}$ 'facts that capitalists have learaed to measure by more practical Not that we would be anderstoot ng'deng. ing "that there is oif in the ear $h$ in seceral parts of the country, or that it is of much well to prods of large ralue, and wil pay land under which'st is sopposed'to tic.
Heavy Fasiaute.-The steamer comes up daily loaded to ber guarde. A'great portion of the freight is quartz machisery'ba' the thay no Buise and Owy hee.
Wz notice a number of Boise and 0 ryble merchania in towa.

Ogmeral Halleck and Stayr.-The Sai
Francisco correspond not of the Nevada Union hat the followitig'notice of General' Halieck and otaff:
Geveral Halteek' hàs afrited and nssnmed
command of the Pacific Department. His ad reat was not heralded by aly'unusunl dembta strations, the coly notice taken of it being two
private gerenades. The Getatral looks thacb older and more careworn than when to ?eft, and there has evidently been a "henp o' tron-
ble on de old man's mind" during the las ble on de old man's mind" during the las
four years. Ooe of bis staff is a beardleas Brigadier-General named Whiteer. He enter cessively promotéd Yo bis present positión for gallant conduct in the field. He is only 2 yefrs of ike. Hulleck's Adjutant' General is
Robert N. Scott, son of Rev. Dr. Scott. He Robert N. Scots, son of Rev. Dr. Scoth. He
ifn this city th the conimencement of the war and How retarns a Bieutennot Colonel in the tibus courag din seferal batiles.
 officially, thit the reverice 'bf the Govern ment from thily, '1884, to June 34th, 1865 refthdd $\$ 282,833,321$, of which $\$ 2005000,000$ was derived' from jateranal reveitue, $\$ 75,501$ 822 from customs, Brid $\$ 831,439$ from skle of the public lands. This imount, although below the wants of the Secretaky of the Tredsöry as presented' to ${ }^{\circ}$ Congress, is a considerable increase on previous years. There is no margin as yet for paymients on the principal of the public debt. Sill the reductio of expenditures by the Gòvernment is going on, ath the restoration of the Soutbern States to a condition of prosperity is in progress, nthongh a period of much time may

## BOO'T AND SHIDE STOHEE

F. WYCKMAN

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## BOOTS AND SHCDES,

 EVER BROUCHT TOTHIS MARKET mocluding the celebrated ENGLIBII HUNTING SHO Ladies' and Children's Gaiters FINE DRESS BOOTS.


## $T \mathrm{THE}$ co-pa

1 teen Jmaen W. Gorley and jothore exirting, bee

 el, Dalea City.

Wisi To pispose Waro Cousty Race Course The focation iod desira
 W. GURLEY, DENTIST



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Administrator's Notice.


Bloch, Miller \& Con GTR OOEHE, Wines \& Liquors, CIOTEING nsoits \& Shoes,

Under Clothing,
Blanketw,
'étc.
etc., ere.
ASSAT OFFICE. Wryaviss wix ormag is cossectiv

 A. G. BREADFORD, inponter and jobisk oy
Wines \& Liquors, front striekt.
 Brandles,
winex,

## Alquors

Case Godilh,
\&cz, \&e., \&c.
 FOR THE EAST:
 Watches.

Dlamionds Jewery, Euntiry LLamps,
OLASsky PiTs-
 At Auch prices us he ls able te
realize, reg̃ardiess of cost.
 EAREX, as no voch opportunity will ofer ineif ognib.
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sext boolvtu que pigt opyice.

## Dapliceses. september 2d, 1808 .

the gites
GA4CES \& CHAPIR, Wholesale \& Retail-Druggists, PAINT GLASS,OHLS, ALCOHOL AVD VARNISHES maht Mans staki, bollem GATES-A Chapin,
 Perfamery, foomades, Soaps,


## Pure wines and Brandies,

Ine their

## TAKE NOATICE

MILEGENEN ETRADERN: Lard $\&^{\prime}$ Herosene Olls, BLUE STONE, ABIDS \& QUICKSIL VER,
 Handsomie Renldence For Sale





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 Teaches : PPeaches:



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