## Things to know: Multiple proposals headed for Oregon's Nov. ballot

initiatives to the Oregon Secretary of State, which has until early August to determine which proposals make the cut for the November ballot.

So far, only one proposal — the Initiative Petition 28 corporate tax measure — has made the ballot, while five others are pending as the state verifies signatures.

Five are statutory initiatives, which amend state law and therefore can be changed any time; one is a constitutional initiative, which amends the state Constitution and therefore requires voter approval for any changes thereafter. Statutory initiatives require 88,184 valid signatures and constitutional initiatives require 117,578.

Here's a summary of the citizen proposals:

**APPROVED** 

IP 28: A Better Oregon TYPE: Statutory

WHAT IT WOULD DO: Raises an estimated \$3 billion in additional tax revenue each year broadly earmarked for public education, health care and senior services through the largest corporate tax hike in Oregon history. The state's largest 1,000 businesses registered as C-corporations with at least \$25 million in annual sales would pay a minimum \$30,000 tax, plus a so-called gross receipts tax of 2.5 percent on any sales above that threshold.

ISSUES: As one of five states without a sales tax and some of the nation's lowest corporate taxes, Oregon's tax base depends heavily on personal income. IP 28's public union-backers say a tax hike on big business would make things more equitable and help restore some of the recession-era funding cutbacks to key public services. Businesses say it'd deal a blow to the local economy and consumer prices, while conservative lawmakers call it a "blank check" to the government.

WHO'S BEHIND IT: Our Oregon, a political advocacy nonprofit mostly funded by public employee unions

2016 FUNDŘAISING: \$338,100 raised, mostly from Our Oregon, which hasn't disclosed the sources of its contributions. On Tuesday, EO Media Group's Paris Achen reported that Defeat The Tax On Oregon Sales, a coalition of business interests, has raised more than \$5.2 million to defeat the ballot measure. The Defeat the Tax on Oregon Sales Political Action Committee reported more than 500 contributions through July 11.

SIGNATURES PENDING IP 65: Oregonians For High School

Success

TYPE: Statutory

WHAT IT WOULD DO: Diverts \$140 million of annual state funds, or \$800 per high school student, to a newly-created fund for high school career and technical education. Requires schools to submit plans for relevant programs and funding to the state education department and specifies how to measure performance and hold educators

ISSUE: Oregon has one of the nation's worst high school graduation rates, and the initiative's supporters want to turn that around by boosting vocational programs, which often appeal to students who aren't bound for a four-year university and incentivize them to stay in school. Critics such as the Oregon Education Association, among the biggest backers of IP 28, say it's a "one-size-fits-all" solution that places a bandage over a broader problem.

WHO'S BEHIND IT: Stand for Children, a national education reform nonprofit partly supported by the Walton family and Bill and Melinda Gates

2016 FUNDRAISING: \$4.2 million

PORTLAND (AP) — Citizen groups raised, mostly from Stand for Children, have handed the final signatures for ballot which hasn't disclosed the sources of its contributions

IP 50: Voter Privacy Act

TYPE: Statutory WHAT IT WOULD DO: Bans the release of a registered voter's personal information without their written consent.

ISSUE: Currently, Oregon voters' personal data — such as birth dates, email addresses and phone numbers — and information on whether they've received or mailed in their ballots ahead of Election Day are public information. The initiative's supporters want to limit the information available to political campaigns, while critics such as public union SEIU Local 503 say it'd dampen ongoing efforts to boost

WHO'S BEHIND IT: Richard Whitehead, an Aloha resident and Libertarian party member

2016 FUNDRASING: \$167,300 raised, largely from the Taxpayers Association of

IP 49: No More Fake Emergencies Act TYPE: Constitutional

WHAT IT WOULD DO: Requires a two-thirds supermajority vote by the Oregon Legislature in order to include emergency clauses on bills.

ISSUES: Emergency clauses accelerate a bill's effective date — usually 90 days after signing into law — and subsequently prevent citizens from challenging it by referendum. IP 49 backers say the clauses are being overused by the Oregon Legislature, where more than half of the bills had emergency provisions last year.

WHO'S BEHIND IT: Eric Winters, a Wilsonville attorney, and Jason Williams, executive director of the Taxpayer Associa-

2016 FUNDRAISING: \$562,400 raised, largely from the Taxpayers Association

**IP 68: Save Endangered Animals** 

TYPE: Statutory

WHAT IT WOULD DO: Makes it illegal to buy or sell parts and products made from 12 wildlife species in Oregon, such as cheetahs, elephants and sea turtles. Includes exceptions for certain antique items and tribal members, among others.

ISSUES: It's already illegal in the U.S.

to import endangered animal parts and products, but there's no law in Oregon banning sales and purchases of items already smuggled into the country. IP 68's backers say Oregon would follow states such as California, Hawaii and Washington state that have passed similar bans on animal

WHO'S BEHIND IT: U.S. Rep. Earl Blumenauer, D-Portland; former GOP state Sen. Bruce Starr; Metro Council President Tom Hughes

2016 FUNDRAISING: \$520,500 raised, largely from the Humane Society

IP 67: Outdoor School for All TYPE: Statutory

WHAT IT WOULD DO: Gives fifth-or sixth-graders in Oregon one week of outdoor education by setting aside 4 percent of lottery funds not to exceed \$22 million annually.

ISSUES: Outdoor School has been a Portland-area tradition since the 1960s that's funded by nearby school districts, although has struggled with financial stability in recent years. Lawmakers expanded outdoor education statewide last year, but without funding. IP 67's backers are therefore eyeing lottery revenue, which critics say is already limited.

WHO'S BEHIND IT: Save Outdoor School For All, a grassroots coalition of outdoor advocates, parents and educators

2016 FUNDRAISING: \$61,500 raised,

In this Feb. 13, 1980, file photo, FBI agents scour the sand of a beach of the Columbia River, searching for additional money or clues in 9-year-old D.B. Cooper skyjacking case in Vancouver, Wash.

## FBI ends D.B. Cooper case

SEATTLE (AP) — The FBI said Tuesday it is no longer investigating the enduring mystery of the skyjacker known as D.B. Cooper, nearly 45 years after he vanished out the back of a Boeing 727 into a freezing Northwest rain wearing a business suit, a parachute and a pack with \$200,000 in cash.

Calling the investigation one of the longest and most exhaustive in the agency's history, the FBI Seattle field office said in an email it was time to focus on other cases. The agency said it will preserve evidence from the case at its Washington, D.C., headquarters, but it doesn't want further tips unless people find parachutes or Cooper's money.

"The mystery surrounding the hijacking of a Northwest Orient Airlines flight in November 1971 by a still-unknown individual resulted in significant international attention and a decades-long manhunt," the FBI said. "Although the FBI appreciated the immense number of tips provided by members of the public, none to date have resulted in a definitive identification of the hijacker.'

On Nov. 24, 1971, the night before Thanksgiving, a man described as being in his mid-40s with dark sunglasses and an olive complexion boarded a flight from Portland, Oregon, to Seattle-Tacoma International Airport. He bought his \$20 ticket under the name "Dan Cooper," but an early wire-service report misidentified him as "D.B. Cooper," and the name stuck.

Sitting in the rear of the plane, he handed a note to a flight attendant after takeoff. "Miss, I have a bomb and would like you to sit by

The man demanded \$200,000 in cash plus four parachutes. He received them at Sea-Tac, where he released the 36 passengers and two of the flight attendants. The plane took off again at his direction, heading slowly to Keno, Nevada, at the low height of 10,000 feet. Somewhere, apparently over southwestern Washington, Cooper lowered the aircraft's rear stairs and jumped.

He was never found, but a boy digging on a Columbia River beach in 1980 discovered three bundles of weathered \$20 bills — nearly \$6,000 in all. It was Cooper's cash, according to the serial numbers.

Over the years, the FBI and amateur sleuths



This undated artist' sketch shows the skyjacker known as D.B. Cooper from recollections of the passengers and crew of a Northwest Airlines jet he historia jacked between Portland and Seattle.

have examined innumerable theories about Cooper's identity and fate, from accounts of unexplained wealth to purported discoveries of his parachute to potential matches of the agency's composite sketch.

The 40th anniversary of the case in 2011 brought a wave of attention. An Oklahoma woman told the FBI about a late uncle who showed up to Thanksgiving dinner in Oregon that year with serious injuries. A team that included a paleontologist from Seattle's Burke Museum announced that particles of pure titanium found in the hijacker's clip-on tie suggest he worked in the chemical industry or at a company that manufactured titanium.

A book that year, "Skyjack: The Hunt for D.B. Cooper," by Geoffrey Gray, posited several theories, including that Cooper might have been a transgender mechanic from Washington state.

The most promising leads in recent years have come from amateurs, Gray said including a notion put forth by a scientific illustrator at the University of Chicago that Cooper might have taken his persona from a French comic called "Dan Cooper," a series about a test pilot in the Royal Canadian Air Force.

In one issue from 1963, the character boards an airliner wearing a dark suit and a mask over his eyes and sits in the back of the plane. He demands to be given a briefcase that's in the cockpit, and then, wearing a military parachute, he jumps out — over a wooded area, at night, in the rain.



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