

# No Price is Cheap Without Quality---and the sweetness of low price never equals the bitterness of poor quality

## Children's Scuffers and Sandals



We have just received a full line of children's scuffers and sandals which are the best for the price, no matter what the price.

Child Brown Kid Scuffer 3 to 5 1/2, price ..... \$2.25

Child Black Kid scuffer 3 to 5 1/2, price ..... \$2.00

Child Brown Elk scuffers, 5 to 8, price ..... \$2.50

Child Black Elk scuffers, 5 to 8, price ..... \$2.50

Child Brown Elk scuffers 8 1/2 to 11, price ..... \$2.75

Child Black Elk scuffers, 8 1/2 to 11, price ..... \$2.75

Youth's Brown Elk Sandals, 11 1/2 to 2, price ..... \$3.50

## SANDALS

Infant's Brown Elk Sandals, 3 1/2 to 5 1/2, price \$1.00  
 Child Brown Elk Sandals, 5 to 8, price ..... \$1.50  
 Child Cream Elk Sandals, 5 to 8, price ..... \$1.50  
 Child Brown Elk Sandals, 8 1/2 to 11, price ..... \$1.75  
 Child's Cream Elk Sandals, 8 1/2 to 11, price ..... \$1.75  
 Misses' Brown Elk Sandals, 11 1/2 to 2, price ..... \$2.00  
 Misses' Cream Elk Sandals, 11 1/2 to 2, price ..... \$2.00  
 Women's Brown Elk Sandals, 2 1/2 to 8, pr. \$2.50  
 Found in the main shoe department on the balcony.



FOR THE CHILLY NIGHTS OF SPRING

## Lightweight Coats are needed

A lightweight between season coat used to be regarded as an extravagance. Now it is looked upon as a necessity, and no woman considers her wardrobe complete without one.

Here you will find a display of coats that should prove highly interesting to you. Numerous charming and effective models are offered in a range of materials, patterns and lengths and shades. Some are strictly and severely tailored; others are in elaborate styles. All are charming and becoming and reflect the new value period. Box effects, sport models, in polo cloth, jersey, tricotine, velour, etc.

Priced from \$17.50 to \$78.50

## WRAPS will be all the go

This Spring and Summer—Says Fashion.

"NEW"—is the best way to describe these beautiful wraps which depend greatly upon their collars and sleeves for individuality. This characteristic is cleverly expressed in all our wraps. Originated in fabrics of authentic style value and service giving qualities renders them especially appealing and adaptable to the most discriminating woman seeking an ultra modish wrap. Materials of velour, Bolivia, silvertone, etc

Priced from \$28.75 to \$95.00

# The People's Warehouse

We are supplied with wonderful stocks of new merchandise. We invite your inspection.

This store is here to serve you. Make it your store. It will pay you.

## AMERICAN WOMEN HOLD GREATER LOYALTY IN THEIR MATING THAN DOES AMERICAN MAN

WASHINGTON, March 14—(Halp H. Turner, U. P. Staff Correspondent)—Does the American woman hold greater loyalty and love for the American man than the American man does for the American woman?

Why does the American woman, living in a land peopled by all the races, insist upon marrying the American man, whereas the American man is only half as eager to choose one of his own nationality for his life mate?

These questions are suggested by a report made public here today, on conditions in Hawaii. But the cold, prosaic reports emanating from a government printing office don't attempt to answer such queries.

But still there's a touch of romance in this Hawaiian report, prepared by the Department of the Interior, for it shows strange conditions of life that prevail in the "Paradise of the Pacific"—the South Sea Island group where there is probably one of the greatest racial mixtures the world has ever seen, even though all these people live under the American flag.

Set down midway in the Pacific, with six days and 2,000 miles separating her from her nearest neighbor, the little Hawaiian group does not adjust itself so readily to the flow of human currents as her uncle on the mainland.

The outstanding feature of Hawaii's situation is the nature of her population. This population, totaling 262,000, is divided into four groups:

Asiatic—Japanese, Chinese, Koreans and Filipinos.  
 Polynesian—Hawaiians, Caucasians, Hawaiian and Asiatic-Hawaiians.  
 Latin—Portuguese, Spaniards and Portuguese.  
 American, British, Russian, German, etc.

41.7 per cent of the population. The American, British and all the Teutonic and Slavic elements combined comprise only 11.5 per cent of the total inhabitants.

But the most interesting phase of the report is the summary which indicates to what extent these various racial groups fuse through intermarriage.

"If a rapid fusion is taking place in this manner," says the report, "the Territory of Hawaii will be looked upon as being unique in this, namely, that a new race of people would be in process of creation. If, on the other hand, racial groups maintain group solidarity and manifest no chemical affinity, then we shall doubtless witness a struggle in the future for supremacy."

Here it points out that in the period which the investigation covered, only half of the American men in the island married American women, but practically all of the American women married men of their own nationality.

In numerical order, American men married Americans, Portuguese, Caucasian-Hawaiians, Hawaiians, British, Germans, Chinese-Hawaiians, and Porto Ricans.

Only thirteen American men and three American women married Asiatics; fifteen American men married Chinese-Hawaiians; and 227 American men married women of Hawaiian blood.

The 116 American women who did not wed American men married in order, British, Caucasian-Hawaiians, Germans, Hawaiians, Portuguese. The figures also show that:

Most Germans married others than Germans, preferring Americans.  
 Most Spanish men married Spanish women, although Spanish women married freely outside their nationality—a condition opposite from that

prevailing among the Americans.

In general, Japanese married only Japanese, showing more racial allegiance than any other race in the islands.

The Korean women, without exception, married Korean men. The women of no other race in Hawaii had a like record for loyalty to their own men. Most Hawaiian men marry Hawaiians, but the native women marry

freely outside their own race.

The conclusion is that "all the races except the Korean and Japanese are fusing rapidly through intermarriage, but the Japanese group is maintaining its racial distinctiveness."

Super-Efficiency.  
 "What impresses me most about the American people," said the visiting Englishman, "is the way it rises to an emergency."

"To tell the truth," confessed the American host, "we rather surprised ourselves during the war."

"I wasn't thinking of that," interrupted the Englishman, "I was thinking of the way you all learned to brew your own beer as soon as the breweries were shut down."—New York Sun.

## First Picture of Hardings at White House



This is the first picture of President Harding and Mrs. Harding "at home" at the White House. It was taken immediately after they had returned from the inauguration as the new residents of the executive mansion.

## 10 Reasons for Optimism About Business

1. Prices are coming down.

They declined for 14 years after the Civil War and we had good times. They declined in Europe for 30 years after the wars of Napoleon and the people were prosperous. More real prosperity can exist during a long period of declining costs than during a long period of boom—prosperity for the producer, not for the speculator.

2. Business is getting on a normal basis.

The country has been on a non-competitive basis. Demand has been greater than supply. When business is again on a competitive basis, labor, capital, and management will be more efficient.

3. There is less speculation.

Easy profits are being eliminated. When the mills and factories begin to operate to capacity, there will be a real business revival and not a speculative mania.

4. People are going to work harder.

They realize that they must produce more. They know that the time of high wages and low production is past. It is production that makes for good times.

5. Europe needs the things we make.

In a short time the countries overseas will be able to arrange credits that will permit them to buy from us the things they need. This will be a big factor in America's prosperity.

6. Much construction work is necessary.

The railroads are worn to bedrock. We are five years behind on buildings of all kinds. Conditions are different from those in 1873 and 1893. Then the country required time to catch up with the many new things provided. Now many things must be provided to meet our needs.

7. There is an abundance of raw materials.

America is rich in the crude materials needed in manufacturing. They will be ready for use as soon as capital, labor and management are ready for them.

8. There is plenty of labor.

This is one of the most important elements in prosperity. Reports from the most reliable sources show that the efficiency of labor is increasing.

9. Capital and credit will soon be abundant.

A year ago the banking situation and credits were straitened. Today the financial situation is improving every week.

10. Railroads are in better condition.

A year ago the railroads were unable to meet the demands made upon them. Today they are handling a tremendous business efficiently. They are planning to spend millions of dollars for improvements.

## FEAR KIDNAPING



LUELLA HAGLUND  
 Luella Haglund, 8, is closely guarded to prevent kidnaping while her father, John Haglund of Montana, and her grandmother, Mrs. Karro Egge of Sioux Falls, N. D., fight in the courts for possession of her. Luella's mother died when the child was born and the grandparent raised her.

## EXTENSIVE PLANS MADE TO UTILIZE CAMP KNOX

INDIANAPOLIS, March 14.—(A. P.)—Extensive plans for utilizing Camp Knox, Kentucky, for an active season of military training during the coming summer are now being formulated by the staff at Fort Benning, headquarters of the Fifth Corps Area, commanded by Maj. Gen. George W. Read. The plans include courses of instruction for the national guard, for reserve officers training corps units, for artillery units and for civilians.

All these plans are dependent upon appropriations by the congress.

Camps for members of reserve officers training corps units will be held from June 18 to July 27. Attendance at the infantry camp will be limited to students at institutions of the Fourth and Fifth corps area. The fifth corps area includes Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, and West Virginia. The fourth corps area includes Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Florida.

There will also be an artillery camp for members of all artillery units located at Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Cornell, Virginia, military institute, Alabama, polytech, institute, Purdue, Culver, Ohio state, University of Chicago, University of Illinois, University of Wisconsin, Iowa state, University of Missouri, Colorado, Agricultural college, agricultural and mechanical college of Texas, University of Oklahoma, Leland Stanford, University of Utah and Oregon agricultural college.

Commencing on July 4 and ending September 4 all the national guard of the fifth corps area will attend for periods of two weeks for each organization. In addition there will be a regiment of artillery from Missouri and a battalion of artillery from Iowa. It is proposed that the national guard units engage in practical training of a nature which cannot be given at their home stations.

It is proposed that there also be a month's camp for citizens between the ages of 18 and 45. These men will be graded and assigned according to previous military experience and then given courses of instruction with a view to including as great a proportion as possible of practical field work including firing. The principal part of the training at the citizens' camp will be in the infantry branch although individuals may elect to put in ten per cent of their time undergoing instruction in some other branch.

In order to provide for the large number of instructors needed for the 40th infantry at Camp Sherman is now engaged in intensive training for the purpose of preparing officers and enlisted men as specialists with the various infantry arms. A number of officers from the corps are undergoing instruction at the infantry school at Camp Benning, Georgia and it is planned that upon completion of their courses these officers will be utilized as instructors at Camp Knox.

Camp Knox reservation consists of 31,000 acres.

THE HAGUE, March 14.—(A. P.)—Although the work has already commenced, a movement is under way to curtail present expenditures in the tremendous engineering task of drying up the Zuider Zee.

The present time of financial stringency, say those who oppose immediate proceeding with this work, an undertaking comparable in some aspects with the digging of the Panama Canal, is not opportune.

The work would last, at minimum estimates, more than 20 years, after which some revenue would be produced by reclaimed lands.

## RAILROAD RATES WILL NOT BE REDUCED NOW

BALTIMORE, March 14.—(U. P.)—Railroad wages will fall in proportion to the drop of the cost of living, but the slashes in the rail wages will not necessarily bring down the railroad rates, Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio, declared in an interview Saturday.

Increased business must first be realized before the rates can be reduced, he said. The present freight movement shows a decrease of 30 to 40 per cent over last summer, he stated.

## COLLEGE GIRLS LIKE 'HASH' AND 'PRUNES'

WELLESLEY, Mass., March 14.—(U. P.)—Hash and prunes—made famous by boarding houses—are among the favorite dishes of the girls at Wellesley College.

Mrs. Charlotte S. Whitton, who buys the food for the college dining halls, declares that if the girls were given a choice between hash and fancy salads, they would choose hash every time. And then, to add to Mrs. Whitton's declaration, the girls are overfond of prunes.

CHICAGO, March 14.—(A. P.)—J. Howard Shoemaker of New York last night successfully defended his national amateur pocket billiard championship title for the eighth consecutive year, defeating C. A. Vaughn of Chicago, the runner-up in the Chicago Athletic association's national tournament, 128 to 75.

## WILL CURTAIL EXPENSE IN ZUYDER ZEE PROJECT

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