

August-UP CLEAN-UP Sale

The Great Annual Event

The Greatest Sale of the Year Began this morning with a rush

ITS BEEN A WONDER ALL DAY

AND IT SHOULD BE. It's a real bonifide Cleanup Sale of Clothing for the whole family. It is just like all of our sales—it's on the square—whatever you read in our ad you'll find in our store. We do exactly as our ads claim.

No camouflage—no misrepresentation—no exaggeration. Just a real, genuine old time Cleanup Sale of a wonderful season's accumulations. A clearing of our shelves for our immense Fall stock that is already beginning to arrive.

Don't let this sale pass without getting your share of the bargains.

It pays to trade at The People's Warehouse because we always give the best for the price, no matter what the price.

PENDLETON'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE
The People's Warehouse
WHERE IT PAYS TO TRADE

When You Come to Pendleton always come to The Peoples Warehouse, and make it your headquarters. It will pay you.

COX SAYS SEPARATE PEACE MEANS DISHONOR

(Continued from page 1.)

The following is a verbatim report of the part of Governor Cox's speech dealing with the League issue and certain other topics:

Chairman Robinson, and members of the Notification Committee: The message which you bring from the conference of progressive thought assembled under the formal auspices of the Democratic party inspires within me a pride and an appreciation which I cannot voice. At the same time I am mindful of the responsibility which this function now officially places upon me. As I measure my own limitations the task ahead of us should be approached with more than a feeling of diffidence if I were not strengthened and reassured by the faith that one has only to practice true fidelity to conscience. It is not the difficult thing to know what we ought to do, but to do it.

has been given with Divine equality. The League of Nations is a product of weakness in the face of temptation. I think God, therefore, that I take up the standard of Democracy a free man, unfettered by promise or by sacrifice more sublime. The most precious things of heart and home were given up in a spirit which guarantees the perpetuity of our institutions—if the faith is kept with those who served and suffered. The altar of our republic is drenched in blood and tears, and he who turns away from the tragedies and obligations of the war, not consecrated to a sense of honor and of duty which resists every less suggestion of personal or political expediency, is unworthy of the esteem of his countrymen.

Character and Courage
The men and women who by a bold policy at the San Francisco convention charted our course in the dark seas of the future sensed the hour and phrased it with ability and courage. It is at necessary to read and re-read the Democratic platform to know its meaning. It is a document clear in its analysis of conditions and plans in the pledge of service made to the public. It carries the history of word and intent. Proud of the leadership and achievement of the party, we are Democracy faces unflinchingly the problems of peace. Indeed, the announcement has but to be read with the platform framed by Republican leaders in order that both the purpose and the treatment of substance vital to the present and the future in terms that have completely captured the public mind. It was clear

that the senatorial oligarchy had been given its own way in the selection of the presidential candidate, but it was surprising that it was able to fasten into the party platform the creed of hate and bitterness and the vacillating policy that possesses it.

The Lodge Cabal
In the midst of war the present senatorial cabal, led by Senator Lodge, Penrose and Smoot, was formed. A superficial evidence of loyalty to the president was deliberate in order that the great rank and file of their party, faithful and patriotic to the very core, might not be offended. But underneath this misleading exterior, conspirators planned and plotted with bigoted zeal. With victory to our arms they delayed and obstructed the work of peace. If deemed useful to the work in hand no artifice for interfering with our constitutional peace-making authority was rejected. Before the country knew, before these men themselves knew the details of the composite plan, formed at the peace table, they declared their opposition to it. Before the treaty was submitted to the senate in the manner the Constitution provides, they violated every custom and every consideration of decency by procuring a copy of the document, procured unashamedly from enemy hands, and passed it into the printed record of senatorial proceedings. From that hour dated the enterprise of throwing the whole subject into a technical discussion, in order that the public might be confused. The plan has never changed in its objective, but the method has. At the outset there was the careful insistence that there was no desire to interfere with the principle involved and formalized at Versailles. Later, it was the form and not the substance that professedly inspired attack. But pretense was futile when proposals later came forth that clearly emancipated the basic principle of the whole peace plan. It is not necessary to recall the details of the controversy in the senate. Senator Lodge finally crystallized his ideas into what were known as the Lodge reservations, and when congress adjourned these reservations held the support of the so-called regular Republican leaders.

Public Interest Dwarfed
From that time the processes have been interesting. Political expediency in its truest sense dwarfed every consideration either of the public interest or of the maintenance of the honor of a great political party. The exclusive question was how to avoid a rupture in the Republican organization. The country received with interest, to say the least, the announcement from Chicago, where the national convention was assembled, that a platform plank dealing with the subject of world peace, had been drawn, leaving out the Lodge reservations, and yet remaining accessible to all interests, meaning thereby, the Lodge reservations, the mild reservationists and the group of Republican senators that openly opposed the League of Nations in any form.

As the platform made no definite commitment of policy and was, in fact, so artfully phrased as to make almost any deduction possible, it passed through the convention with practical unanimity. Senator Johnson, however, whose position has been consistent and whose opposition to the league in any shape is well known, withheld his support of the convention's choice until the candidate had stated the meaning of the platform, and announced definitely the policy that would be his, if elected.

The Republican candidate has spoken and his utterance calls forth the following approval from Senator Johnson:

"Yesterday in his speech of acceptance Senator Harding unequivocally took his stand upon the paramount issue in this campaign—the League of Nations. The Republican party stands committed by its platform. Its standard-bearer has now accentuated that platform. There can be no misunderstanding his words."

Senator Harding, as the candidate of the party, and Senator Johnson as one on this question, and, as the latter expresses it, the Republican party is committed both by platform in the abstract and by its candidate in specification. The threatened revolt among leaders of the party is exposed, but the minority position as expressed in the senate prevails as that of the party. In short, principle, as avowed in support of the Lodge reservations, or of the so-called mild reservations, has been surrendered to expediency.

Senator Harding makes this new pledge of policy in behalf of his party: "I promise you formal and effective peace so quickly as a Republican congress can pass its declaration for a Republican executive to sign."

No Separate Peace
This means but one thing—a separate peace with Germany! This would be the most disheartening event in civilization since the Crusades made their separate peace with Germany, and infinitely more unworthy on our part than it was on that of the Russians. They were threatened with starvation and revolution and swore their soldiers, our soldiers, fought side by side with the Allies. So complete with the coalition of strength and purpose that General Foch was given supreme command, and every soldier in the allied cause, no matter what flag he followed, recognized him as his chief. We fought the war together, and now before the thing is through it is proposed to enter into a separate peace with Germany! In good faith we pledged our strength with our associates for the enforcement of terms upon offending powers, and now it is suggested that this be withdrawn. Suppose Germany, recognizing the first break in the Allies, proposes something we cannot accept. Does Senator Harding intend to send an army to Germany to press her to our terms? Certainly the allied army could not be expected to render aid. If, on the other hand, Germany should accept the chance we offered of breaking the bond it would be for the express purpose of insuring a German-American alliance, recognizing that the Allies—in fact, no nation in good standing—would have anything to do with either of us.

This plan would not only be a place of bonding diplomacy, but plain, unadulterated dishonesty, as well.

"Everlasting Dishonor"
No less an authority than Senator Lodge said, before the heat of recent controversy, that to make peace except in company with the Allies would "brand us everlastingly with dishonor and bring ruin to us."

And then after peace is made with Germany, Senator Harding would, he says, "hopelessly approach the nations of Europe and of the earth, proposing that understanding which makes us a willing participant in the consecration of nations to a new relationship."

In short, America, refusing to enter the League of Nations (now already established by twenty-nine nations) and bearing and deserving the contempt of the world, would submit an entirely new project. This act would either be regarded as a retreat, or as an attempted international bombast.

The plain truth is, that the Republican leaders, obsessed with a determination to win the presidential election, have attempted to satisfy too many divergent views. Inconsistencies, inevitable under the circumstances, rise to haunt them on every hand, and they find themselves arrayed in public thought at least, against a great principle. More than that, their conduct is opposed to the idealism upon which their party prospered in other days.

Illustrating these observations by concrete facts, let be remembered that those now inveighing against an interest in affairs outside of America, criticized President Wilson in unmeasured terms for not resenting the invasion of Belgium in 1914. They term the League of Nations a military alliance, which except for their opposition, would envelop our country, when, as a matter of truth, the subject of a League of Nations has claimed the best thought of America for years, and the League to Enforce Peace was presided over by no distinguished Republican at 22nd President section advocated the principle and the plan of the present League. They charge experimentation, when we have as historical precedent the Monroe Doctrine, which is the very essence of Article X of the Versailles covenant. Scientific viewed, Monroe's mandate with alarm, predicting recurrent wars in defense of Central and South American states, whose guardians they alleged we need not be. And yet not a shot has been fired in almost one hundred years in preserving ourselves from this hypothetical evil. They hypocritically claim that the League of nations will result in our boys being drawn into military service, but they fail to realize that every high school youngster in the land knows that no treaty can override our Constitution, which alone, who power to declare war. They preach Americanism with a meaning of their own invention, and artfully appeal to a selfish and provincial spirit, forgetting that Lincoln fought a war over the purely moral question of slavery, and that McKinley broke the fetters of our boundary lines.

spoke the freedom of Cuba and carried the torch of American idealism to the benighted Philippines. They lose memory of Garfield's prophecy that America, under the blessings of God, given opportunity, would by her moral leadership and co-operation become a Messiah among the nations of the earth.

Old Order Must Go
These are fateful times. Organized government has a definite duty all over the world. The house of civilization is to be put in order. The supreme issue of the century is before us and the nation that halts and delays is playing with fire. The first impulse of humanity, rising above national lines, merely seek to make another horrible war impossible. Under the old order of international anarchy war has come overnight, and the world was on fire before we knew it. It sickens us to think of another. We saw work, under its control just completed.

one conflict into which modern science brought new forms of destruction in great guns, submarines, airships, and poison gases. It is no secret that our chemists had perfected, when the contest came to a precipitate close, gases so deadly that whole cities could be wiped out, armies destroyed, and the crews of battleships smothered. The public prints are filled with the opinions of military men that in future wars the method, more effective than gases or bombs, will be the employment of the germs of diseases, carrying pestilence and destruction. Any nation prepared under these conditions, as Germany was equipped in 1914, could conquer the world in a year.

It is planned now to make this impossible. A definite plan has been agreed upon. The League of Nations fire before we knew it. It sickens us to think of another. We saw work, under its control just completed.

ed, was participated in by the Hon. Elihu Root, secretary of state under the Roosevelt administration. At a meeting of the League of Nations, February 11, an organizing committee of twelve of the most eminent jurists in the world was selected. The duty of this group was to devise a plan for the establishment of a permanent court of international justice, as a branch of the league. This assignment has been concluded by unanimous action. This augurs well for world progress. The question is whether we shall or shall not join in this practical and humane movement. President Wilson, as our representative at the peace table, entered the league in our name, in so far as the executive authority permitted. Senator Harding, as the republican candidate for the presidency, proposes in plain

(Continued on page 4)

HERE COMES THE BRIDE, WITH Dainty ACCESSORIES



Crinkled silk crepe in the softest of rose pinks makes up the alluring negligee which is just the thing for the June bride's trousseau. Then there is the cap, an exquisite thing of duchesse lace and ribbon. To add a bit of dignity to youth the bride may choose a Modest collar and a Bernhardt ruche. Petticoats of chiffon with embroidered flounces, lingerie of lace and chiffon, finest hosiery made with lace, and linen and batiste handkerchiefs are all for the bride.