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That's our idea at this store; to give you the greatest possible values in clothes—value in the style, value in the fit, value in the quality, tailoring, and in the long wear.

And because we feel this way we've arranged to take care of you in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes. They give you more value than any other clothes we know of.

Considering what you get for your money, they're the lowest priced clothes made; they're so good we can guarantee you complete satisfaction or your money back.

The new patterns for fall are here; worsteds, tweeds, chevots in iridescent fabrics in all the good colorings; it's a wonderful collection of fine all-wool weaves. You'd sure to find just the thing you're looking for.

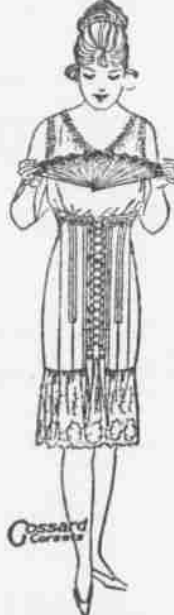
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These Wonderful GOSSARDS Are for You



Wonderful Corsets are these Gossards for fall. Corsets that have achieved their highest efficiency in contributing to the beauty and liveness of women.

These corsets are in themselves beautiful, such an array of fabrics and trimmings of rare daintiness and durability as is found only in these Gossard corsets.

No woman in these times, when wise economy is a watchword can afford to ignore the savings offered in these particular corsets where lasting durability is combined with comfort and grace at a moderate cost. A Gossard for every figure at \$2, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10.

RUGS
We have a good lot of Rag and Brussel Rugs on hand now, just the size for you to place before the door, bed, or worn places in your carpet. Extra good quality and beautiful patterns and colorings.
Brussel Rugs \$1.50 to \$6.00
Rag Rugs 75¢ to \$3.50

AUTO ROBES
These are exceptionally good auto robes. Come in dark patterns and just the right size.
Motor Weave \$6.75
EIPaso Robe \$5.00
SOMETHING THAT WILL BE INTERESTING TO YOU will appear in this space in a day or two. Watch it.

AUTO VEILS
A splendid assortment of these auto veils just came in today. Shown in all colors, are well made and of extra good quality chiffon cloth. Each 65¢ to \$3.00.

HAIR RIBBON BOWS
Ready made hair ribbon bows, of plaids, stripes and plain colors. Each 40¢.

WE'LL MEET YOU AT HAPPY CANYON tonight at Nine o'clock for the GRAND MARCH. It's going to be some JITNEY DANCE given by THE PENDLETON RESERVES.

PENDLETON'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE

The Peoples Warehouse

WHERE IT PAYS TO TRADE

HOME READING COURSE FOR CITIZEN-SOLDIERS

LESSON NO. 29. WARFARE IN EUROPE.
In the previous sections of this course army life and service have been described without special reference to the changes brought about by the present war. There are important changes, and methods of training and of fighting used in previous wars must, of course, be modified accordingly.

The extent of these changes, however, is often exaggerated. At bottom the qualities that make a good soldier or an efficient army remain the same today that they were before the war. The changes that affect the individual soldier have to do chiefly with weapons.

But behind every weapon there is a man. If the weapon is to be used effectively, the man must be well trained, disciplined, cool and brave. He must have spirit, tenacity and self-reliance. The big problem now, just as in all other wars, is to develop these qualities—and the other soldierly qualities—to their highest extent. The chief difference probably comes in the fact that self-reliance is a big factor in most previous wars. And in American armies this quality has always been highly valued and well developed.

This brief lesson can not, of course, enter into a discussion of technical questions which belong in the field of military science. It will simply point out a few of the striking features of direct interest to every man who reaches the front.

Character of Present War.
This war differs from previous wars chiefly in the enormous increase in the use of artillery. This is due partly to the immense manufacturing resources of the countries at war, which enables them to produce great numbers of guns and great quantities of ammunition. It is due also to the new methods of directing gun fire from airplanes. It is evident that a gun can not be accurately aimed at an object the exact location of which is not known. The airplane, however, is able to bring back or signal back this information, so that the artillery may now be used with greater effect. The exact size of the guns and the force of the explosive shells fired from them have also been largely increased.

Partly as a result of these improvements in artillery, it has been necessary to develop better methods of protection. The protection of troops consists of digging stronger field entrenchments than have been necessary in previous wars. Here we have the main reason for the so-called "trench warfare," which during the last three years has largely taken the place of former methods of moving armies about freely until they came into conflict with each other. Digging trenches and throwing up breastworks for protection against the enemy's fire is, of course, not a new thing in warfare. It is being done in Europe, however, on a much bigger scale than ever before. A complicated network of trenches now protects the men on both sides. The spade has become one of the soldier's best weapons of defense.

In seeking protection against heavy artillery fire a very interesting development has taken place. This is the use of various devices for concealing field guns and troops from the view of enemy airplanes. Sometimes trees are brought up and planted near the object to be hidden. Sometimes the gun or other object has an awning spread over it which is painted to look from above like grass or earth. For the same reason tents may be painted in greens and yellows.

The chief improvement in methods of defending entrenched troops is the increased use of machine guns. Machine guns must be put out of operation by artillery fire or by rifle fire directed against the gunners before infantry can advance directly against them. There has been also a great increase during the present war in the use of barbed wire in front of the trenches as a means of defense. Similar devices have been used in entrenched positions for many years, but never on so large a scale. Through their use it is now known to be possible to defend the front line positions with smaller bodies of men than were considered necessary during the earlier years of the war, thus considerably reducing the strain on the individual soldier.

Development of Airplanes.
The new chief instrument of warfare developed during the present war is the airplane. As previously explained, it is used for scouting, directing gunfire, and dropping bombs. The scouting machine is usually equipped with a large camera which takes a series of pictures. When these pictures are developed and compared day by day they give invaluable information as to the exact location of troops, guns and supplies. The scouting and bombing machines are usually protected by swift fighting machines. Airplanes have also been used at times to descend close to the ground and fire from a machine gun upon bodies of troops.

Another very interesting and promising device is the "tank"—a heavily armored machine so constructed that it can advance under its own power over almost any obstacle, and thus lead an attack on enemy trenches. It is armed with machine guns. Armored motor cars have also been used effectively under some conditions. In the front line trenches men are often armed not only with rifle and bayonet, but also with bombs which can be thrown by hand or by machine. Some of them are no larger than an ordinary lemon. Many men become extraordinarily expert in throwing these small bombs into enemy trenches. They even become expert in picking up enemy bombs before they explode and throwing them back.

Another weapon of the trenches introduced by the Germans in spite of international agreements to the contrary, is poisonous gas. This was at first very effective, since no defense against it had been prepared. At the present time, however, each man in or near the front carries a gas mask, which enables him to meet an attack of this kind without serious injury.

Wonderful Staff Organizations.
Back of the lines the organization of the staff branches of the service has been enormously extended. Railroads are constructed up to within a short distance of the front. Transport of supplies and ammunition by motor trucks has been organized on a big scale. The medical departments have also made notable gains. In methods of treating wounded men, with the result that a very large percentage recover. Even in the early months of the war it was announced that of the wounded actually treated in French hospitals 54.5 per cent were returned to duty within a short time. 24.5 per cent were sent home to complete their recovery and later returned to duty; 17 per cent at the time of making the report were still in hospitals with the probability of complete recovery; 1.5 per cent were unfit for further service; 2.5 per cent had died from the effects of their wounds.

There is probably little basis for the idea that the number of casualties in this war is any greater, in proportion to the number of men engaged, than in previous wars. In the French army during the last six months of 1916 (which included three big offensives) the total losses in killed, wounded and prisoners are officially reported to have been only 1.28 per cent of the French forces under arms.

One of the striking features of the war is the proof that has been given of courage and devotion to duty on the part of men of all nations. As soldiers we must honor and strive to emulate the heroic bravery of those who are fighting the battle for democracy and freedom. As soldiers we must recognize also the skill and courage of the enemy, even though they are shown in a bad cause. Nothing is gained by belittling the enemy. It is our place rather to see to it that we develop among ourselves a still higher degree of intelligence, spirit, tenacity, and self-reliance which alone can win victories.

The war in Europe has brought forth changes and improvements, such as those just described, to which the soldiers of the national army must quickly adjust themselves; but it has not changed in the least the qualities of body, mind, and heart, which in the long run are always the greatest of all factors in warfare.

..... CROZIER TO PROBE DEFECTIVE AMMUNITION.



Brigadier-General Crozier, chief of Ordnance, U. C. A., who will as that a special commission be appointed to

Juice of Lemons! How to Make Skin White and Beautiful

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocery and make up a quart jar of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is wonderful to smoothen rough, red hands.

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Genuine Ford Parts

and WHITE STAR LUBRICATING OIL. White Star oil is especially recommended by the Ford people as the best oil for your Ford.

GARAGE WORK OF ALL KINDS
Service Station. Gas, Oil and Water at Curb.

SIMPSON AUTO COMPANY

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WE ARE ALL GOING TO THE BIG JITNEY DANCE TONIGHT AT HAPPY CANYON, Given by THE PENDLETON RESERVES.

probe the sending of defective small arms ammunition to the American expeditionary forces in France. It is said that two thirds of the rifle bullets sent to General Pershing were useless. This defective ammunition has since been replaced.

May Acquit Sweden.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—It is authoritatively learned that Argentine will probably acquit Sweden of direct responsibility for the Luxburg incident. Argentine's full wrath is turned on Germany.

SUFFERED NINE YEARS

Many Remedies Tried in Vain. Well and Strong After Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Spartanburg, S. C.—"For nine years I suffered from backache, weakness, and irregularities so I could hardly do my work. I tried many remedies but found no permanent relief. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt a great change for the better and am now well and strong so I have no troubles in doing my work. I hope every user of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will get as great relief as I did from its use."—Mrs. S. D. McABEE, 122 Dewey Ave., Spartanburg, S. C.

The reason women write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives. Freed from their ills they want to pass the good news along to other suffering women that they also may be relieved. This is a praiseworthy thing to do and such women should be highly commended.

Nature Says

"I can remedy most ills, and help you to escape many ailments, if you give me timely aid." Naturally, Nature prefers

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Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World

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Taylor-Knobel-Co.
5-10-15 Cent Store Offers

"STANDARD" School Sundries at prices showing No Advance Over last year.

- "Beats All" Pencils 3 for 5c
- Prang's Water Color Paints Complete 15c
- Prang's Water Colors, 2 cakes 5c
- Standard Library Paste in tubes 4c
- Standard Rulers, 3 for 5c
- Kindergarten Scissors, 10c and 15c
- Jumbo Erasers 5c
- Soap Rubber Erasers, 3 for 5c
- No. 8 Crayolas 5c
- No. 10 Crayolas 10c
- Round-Up Pencil Tablets, Opening Day Only 3 for 10c
- Mixing Pans (Prang's) 5c
- Spelling Blanks 5c
- Composition Books 5c
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- School Book Cases, 10c and 15c
- Lunch Boxes 15c
- Pen Points, 6 for 5c
- Big, Thick and Wide Ink Tablets 10c
- Souvenirs for School Children on Opening Day.

"SEE WINDOW DISPLAY"

Foot Rest
School House Pair—20c

Taylor-Knobel-Co.

Please Take Notice

School begins on Monday, September 17th, 1917, and all **Grade Pupils** must have their books and supplies ready for work. Complete lists of books and supplies can be had from the City Superintendent's Office in the City Hall or at the Frazier Book Store, No. 719 Main Street.

Get these printed lists and check up your old books so that you may not purchase new books where not necessary.

A. T. PARK,
City Superintendent of Schools.