

TO ADVERTISERS

The East Oregonian has the largest bona fide and guaranteed paid circulation of any paper in Oregon, east of Portland and is far the largest circulation in Pendleton of any newspaper.



WEATHER Shower tonight and Friday. YESTERDAY'S WEATHER DATA: Maximum temperature, 71; minimum, 45; rainfall, .11; wind, west; light; weather, partly cloudy.

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER

VOL. 28

DAILY EAST OREGONIAN, PENDLETON, OREGON, THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1916

COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER

NO. 8848

NEGRO TROOPERS ARE ON WAY TO AMERICAN LINE

Men Held as Prisoners at Chihuahua are Expected to Arrive in Juarez Sometime This Afternoon.

HOSTILITIES ARE AVERTED

While the Mexican Crisis Has Been Modified, Wilson Will Not Know to What Extent Until Carranza's Note Has Been Received; Explanation of Carranza's Flight Wanted.

EL PASO, June 29.—The negro cavalrymen captured in the Carrizal fight arrived at Juarez this afternoon. The 23 troopers, with scout Len Spillsbury, were in charge of General Bernal. Their formal transfer to American officials was expected at 3 o'clock. They were held under a heavy guard and nobody was permitted to see them.

EL PASO, June 29.—A special train from Chihuahua bearing the 20 negro cavalrymen was expected at Juarez today. Whether Scout Pillsbury, the white American, was released, is unknown.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Consul Rodgers wired Lansing that the prisoners captured at Carrizal have been released. It was understood that the full text of Carranza's reply to Wilson's note threatening grave consequences will arrive today.

Arrendondo announced that the prisoners should arrive at Juarez before noon.

The release of the prisoners averts danger of imminent hostilities. Carranza has taken a big step in avoiding "the gravest consequences," but it will not be known how fully the Mexican crisis has been modified until Carranza's reply comes.

Wilson wants to know Carranza's attitude on the explanation of the Carrizal fight and whether he intends to cooperate with the Americans in the future. Wilson is willing to go more than half way to meet Carranza.

There was no question that the crisis has served to retard Carranza's hope of an immediate withdrawal of the American expedition. Administration officials are not optimistic in viewing the general situation.

TACOMA, June 29.—A troop of cavalry and a signal corps were ordered to entrain tomorrow for Calexico, California. The infantry has not yet been instructed.

COLUMBUS, June 29.—Reports Carranzista forces are concentrating at Guzman in a position to cut off the American lines resulted in sending several motortruck loads of New Mexico militia into Mexico to bring back the cavalry horses approaching Guzman under a small guard. This is the first time the militia has crossed the border.

OUTLOOK BRIGHT ON NORMAL PLAN

BURGESS BACK FROM PORTLAND AND SALEM BRINGS OPTIMISTIC REPORT.

After a visit in Portland and Salem in connection with the normal school measure J. N. Burgess, chairman of the local managing committee, returned home this morning bringing very optimistic reports as to the outlook.

The strongest sort of support has been promised for the measure in Portland and elsewhere in western Oregon as well as in this part of the state. This backing together with the fact the conditions are such as to make another normal in Oregon an absolute necessity of educational standards are to be maintained makes the passage of the amendment submitted by Pendleton seem very hopeful.

Mr. Burgess is convinced the measure will carry this fall if proper steps are taken to get the facts before the people. The local committee is now entering upon this task and today further perfected its organization by electing J. H. Gwinn as secretary.

The petitions for the measure having been freely signed and the work being brought to a close, R. E. Chloupek returned last night from Baker, La Grande and other points east of the Blue Mountains. His report was very encouraging.

CASEMENT IS FOUND GUILTY OF TREASON

Jury Returns Verdict After Less Than Hour's Deliberation; Death Sentence is Pronounced by Court.

LONDON, June 29.—Sir Roger Casement was convicted today of high treason and sentenced to death in connection with the Irish rebellion and attempts to induce Irish prisoners in Germany to desert. The jury deliberated less than an hour.

Before the case went to the jury, Baron Reading dealt Casement's hopes for the defense, argued that Roger Loyal, a patriotic Irishman, was recruiting a regiment among German prisoners because Ulster threatened civil war in Ireland. The lord chief justice interposed: "The jury will be instructed that any act tending to weaken the country's power of resistance was aiding and comforting the king's enemies."

The ruling plainly depressed Casement. Reading later instructed the jury that if one of the six charges was proved, the defendant was guilty.

The death sentence was pronounced after Casement in a scarcely audible voice, addressed the court briefly. Casement later recovered his voice and made an impassioned speech while standing in the prisoner's dock.

"In England alone in the twentieth century, loyalty, the one's country is held to be a crime. If it is treason to fight under such conditions, I'm proud to be a rebel," he said, gesturing dramatically. He regained his composure completely and stood erect and smiling when Reading pronounced his sentence.

Daniel Bailey's case was then called and Baron Reading immediately instructed the jury to acquit him.

BILL TO AID MILITIAMEN INTRODUCED IN THE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, June 29.—A new bill appropriating two million dollars for the relief of married militiamen's families, providing that the secretary of war may allow \$50 monthly or order the militiamen's discharge, was introduced in the house by Representative Hay.

Ammunition to Be Rushed.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—A rush order for 20,000,000 rounds of small arms ammunition was being filled at one of the government arsenals here. The cartridges will be consigned to the government arsenal at San Antonio, Texas.

It will require two weeks to complete the order. Men are working day and night shifts.

French Ship Sunk.

LONDON, June 29.—The French steamer Fournell, 200 tons, has been sunk.

Oregon's Entire Military Forces on Way to Border

LAST CONTINGENT LEAVES THIS MORNING; OVER 400 MEN ON WAY TODAY.

CAMP WITHEYCOMBE, Clackamas Ore., June 29.—Oregon's entire military forces are enroute to the Mexican border today. The last contingent boarded a train at Clackamas station at 11 o'clock this morning for Fort Rosecrans, San Diego.

There were more than 400 men in the force leaving today. They comprised the First battalion, the regimental band, supply and machine gun companies of the Third regiment.

Three other trains carrying Oregon troops to the border are already enroute. One, which left Clackamas with the Third battalion Tuesday night, is scheduled to arrive in San Diego tonight or tomorrow morning. The second battalion left here last night, with Troop A, cavalry, 118 men strong. Battery A, field artillery, with 176 men, pulled out of Camp Witheycombe at 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning.

But there may be more troops to go from Oregon. Cities throughout the state, including Astoria, The Dalles, Pendleton, La Grande, Baker, Marshfield and others where no militia companies heretofore have been stationed report the organization of new companies already has begun. Captain Kenneth P. Williams, U. S. A., mustering officer for Oregon, has received instructions from the war department to muster in and send to the border any further troops which the state will mobilize in response to President Wilson's call. This means a new regiment—the Fourth Oregon.

ALLIED ARMIES TAKE OFFENSIVE ON EVERY FRONT

Great Smash is Begun Against German Trenches; Russians Claim to Have Taken 10,000 Prisoners.

FRENCH TAKE FIRST LINE

Second Line of Defenses in the Champagne Sector Also Reported to Have Been Penetrated; British Continue to Hammer at Tientsin in Gigantic Bombardment.

PETROGRAD, June 29.—The Russians captured more than 10,000 Austro-Germans in yesterday's fighting. It was officially announced. The prisoners taken since the Russian offensive began totals more than 200,000.

PARIS, June 29.—The French took the offensive in the Champagne district last night. They captured the first line trench west of L'euville and penetrated the second line, blowing up several shelters.

LONDON, June 29.—Rome dispatches reporting the maiden speech of Paolo Boselli, the new Italian premier, before the chamber of deputies, emphasized the determination of the allies to wage an offensive war henceforth.

Boselli said: "Italy intends to continue the same policy as the allies have pursued. We intend henceforth to intensify the war until final and decisive victory."

Practically every front of the allied armies is on the offensive. The only exceptions are Verdun and a small sector at Volhynia. The British war office gives few details of the activities at La Bassée and Somme but British correspondents report there has been no interruption in the systematic bombardment of the German trenches. The Chronicle correspondent said: "The object of this artillery action is simple but terrible. It is to kill the Germans in large numbers and save the British manpower as far as possible. The zone of shell fire is wide and far reaching. Many important positions are searched out by high explosives and shrapnel."

The French today were announced as taking the offensive and penetrating the German second line of trenches as well as repulsing strong German attacks at Verdun.

ROME, June 29.—The Italians stormed Fort Mattassone and captured the town of Pedoscat, five miles north of Aversa in the Trentino, it was reported.

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Latin-Americans Propose Plan to Establish Peace

POLICE FORCE TO SETTLE DIFFICULTIES MIGHT BE MADE EFFECTIVE.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—A Pan-American police force composed of detachments of the armies of the United States, Argentine, Brazil, Chile and possibly other Latin-American republics to restore but not to crush Mexico was the suggestion which South American officials brought to the attention of the administration today from quarters which it was believed will eventually lead to a serious consideration of the project. The Latin countries cannot conceive of a war between Mexico and the United States. Those interested in the Pan-American movement regard the present crisis as a vital test of principles. They regard strife between American nations virtually as a civil war. They point out that every treaty negotiated between European powers has fallen. With the remainder of the world divided, they contend that the Americas must join their interests diplomatically, commercially and industrially. They point out that most theories of world peace are based upon the establishment of an international police. Those behind the movement see the possibility of testing this theory. A successful pacification of stricken Mexico would have a great influence in Europe toward proving the practicability of an international police. The Latins do not regard that Mexican responsibility for the Carrizal clash has been proved.

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Big Penalty For Disorderly House Owners Provided

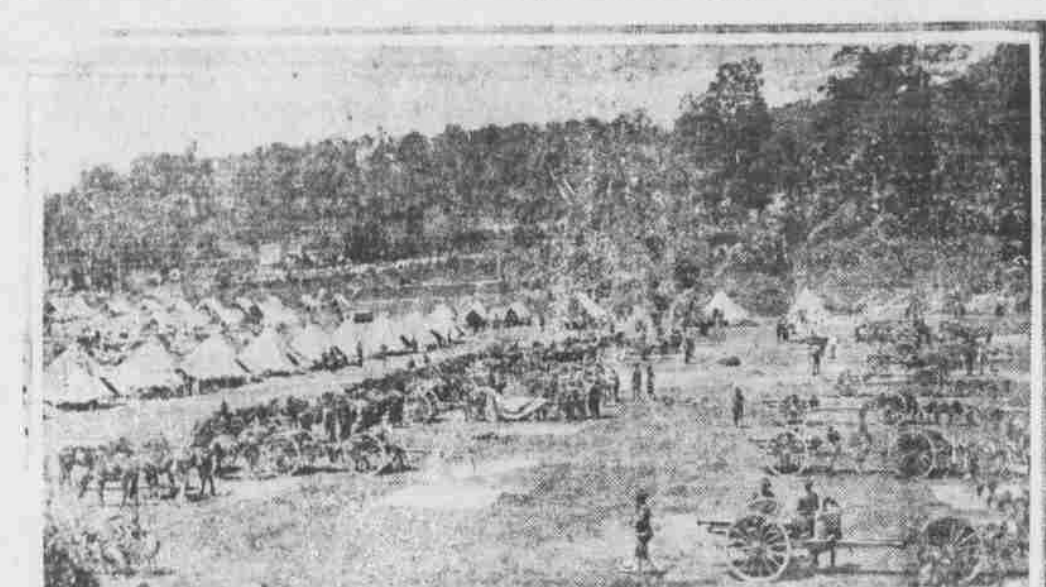
PLACES CAN BE DECLARED NUISANCES UNDER NEW CITY ORDINANCE.

An ordinance, making a disorderly house a nuisance and providing for its abatement, was introduced in the council last evening and referred to the ordinance committee. It follows closely the state law but is adapted to municipal procedure.

It provides that anyone who "erects, establishes, continues, maintains, uses, owns or leases" a building, erection or place in which any immoral acts are permitted shall be guilty of maintaining a nuisance. It provides that after written complaint is made that five days' notice shall be given all parties involved and that answer may be made within this time. On the conviction the recorder is to issue an order of abatement or for the closing of the place for not more than a year if he deems it expedient. The owner

(Continued on Page Eight)

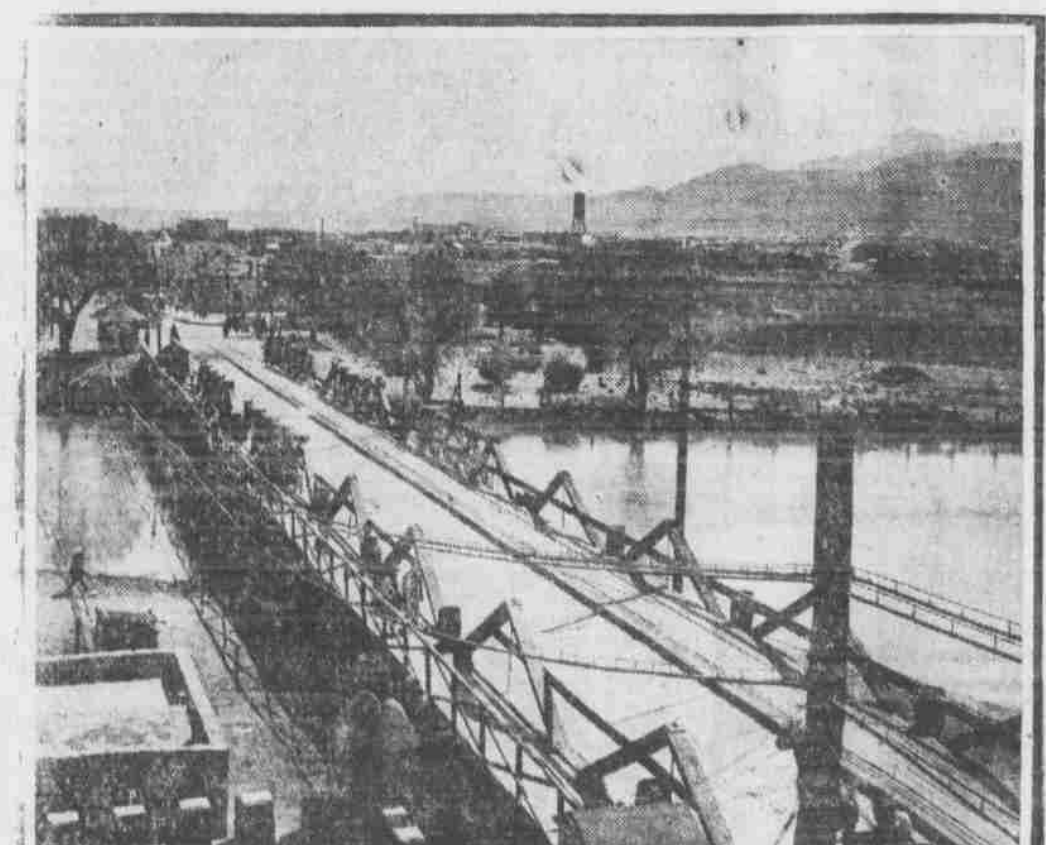
New York Militia Artillery in Camp



FIELD ARTILLERY, N.Y.N.G. CAMP AT VAN CORTLANDT PARK. (Copyright Film Service)

The picture shows a portion of the 1st New York National Guard field artillery, encamped in Van Cortlandt Park, New York, where daily drill was held while awaiting orders from Washington to move to the Mexican border. Outside of a shortage of mules and horses, which have been purchased and are now on their way to the camp, the field artillery is in excellent shape, according to its officers.

International Bridge an Important Factor in Mexican Crisis



INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE AT EL PASO. (Copyright Film Service)

This picture shows the international bridge between El Paso, Texas and Juarez which is seen on the other side of the river. Field artillery and machine guns have been mounted on the American side commanding the bridge.

Convicted Bootlegger Fined \$100 and Sentenced 30 Days

The heaviest sentence meted out this year to a bootlegger was given in police court yesterday afternoon to James Riley, former bartender who was convicted of selling an alcoholic mixture to William Barnhart. He was fined \$100 and in addition sentenced to 30 days in jail. This is the maximum penalty under the city ordinance.

Riley entered a plea of not guilty but practically convicted himself when he admitted most of the city's testimony. Barnhart told of meeting Riley in a soft drink establishment and having been given a drink out of a bottle. The drink tasted like vanilla, he testified, but had a "kick" to it. He said he gave Riley \$1.75 with which to purchase him a bottle.

Officer Frank Nash, suspecting Riley, followed the pair behind the Bowman hotel, riding in an express wagon. He witnessed the exchange of the bottle and took the two in custody. On the way to the station Riley threw another bottle to the pavement, breaking it.

Operatic Company Pleases at Chautauqua Last Night; Great Skibinsky on Program Tonight

PROGRAM TODAY: Afternoon—Artist's Recital—Skibinsky-Welch company. Evening—Concert—Skibinsky-Welch company. Humorous Lecture—Take the Sunny Side—Lou Beauchamp. Friday: "Music Day" Morning—Junior Chautauqua—Kirk Arthur's Court. Lecture—H. E. Hendrix. Afternoon—Popular Concert—New York City Marine Band. Evening—Grand Concert—New York City Marine Band.

Close to 1000 people heard an operatic concert last evening at the Chautauqua that stands out the peer of any and superior to most similar entertainments which have been put before a Pendleton audience in years and years. The international operatic company was the one that did this. Yesterday afternoon they gave a short prelude and the music was of such quality that all were convinced a good program would follow last evening. And it did. A quartet of mixed voices, and a pianist of more than ordinary ability, constitute the performers. True, the voices do not carry immense volume, but the soft, well-trained, exquisitely modulated tones carried to every corner of the big brown tent, even though shaded to the finest. Not only are the performers in this company possessed of singularly musical voices, but they made happy selections—selections that were understood by the uninitiated.

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CARRANZA GIVES INTIMATION OF REPLY TO NOTE

Answer to Wilson's Threat of "Grave Consequences" Will Allege That Statements are Unfounded.

TROOP MOVEMENTS GOING ON

Funston is Preparing for Eventualities; Release of Negro Cavalrymen Will Not Affect Conditions on the Border; De Facto Head Must Definitely Change Attitude.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—If Carranza ends the border raids, mediation will be acceptable, the State department admitted this afternoon. It was also stated there was a possibility of mediation over a joint border patrol. The discrepancy between the two governments went unexplained. Arbitration is entirely impossible it was announced.

MEXICO CITY, June 29.—Carranza's reply to the American note threatening "grave consequences," will allege that several of Wilson's statements are based on unauthenticated rumors. It was learned today. The reply itself is not completed. Carranza indicated its character in addressing students. He said: "The American note is really not an answer, but a series of charges. A reply is being prepared rectifying these statements. The American note and its reply will be given to the public as soon as possible. Mexico is the guardian of this race. It must defend the sovereignty of this country and all of Latin-America."

MEXICO CITY, June 29.—The complete text of a statement by Lem Pillsbury, the American scout captured at Carrizal, on which Trevino, bases his declaration that the Americans started hostilities, was made public. The statement said that Gomez courteously warned Captain Boyd of his orders not to permit the Americans to advance into the city. The statement concluded: "I consider that the fault of the fight rests with the Americans. Gomez, very courteously insisting that we must retire, frequently pointed out that he must obey his superior's order and would fire if the Americans persisted in advancing. Boyd seemed to think they were bluffing. He seemed to think he could force a passage."

SAN ANTONIO, June 29.—Funston continued to prepare for eventualities today despite optimistic Washington advices. He ordered the New York militia to Brownsville.

The release of the negro cavalrymen will not affect the troop movements. Officers believed that the situation will continue strained until Carranza definitely changes his attitude.

GALVESTON, June 29.—One thousand and fifty American refugees arrived aboard the collier Dixie and the tanker Wylie. It was said that the American consul smuggled them from Tampico. The commander of the Dixie also assisted in their departure.

Market Close is Stronger in Chicago

CHICAGO, June 29.—(Special)—Today's range of prices:

	Open	High	Close
July	\$1.01	\$1.01 1/2	\$1.01 1/2
Sept.	\$1.04 1/2	\$1.05	\$1.05

PORTLAND, Ore., June 29.—(Special)—Club, \$2 bid, 30 asked; Blue, \$1.85 bid, 95 asked.

LIVERPOOL, June 29.—(Special)—No. 1 Manitoba 10s 1-2d (41 1/2 per bush); No. 2, 9s 9d; No. 3, 9s 3d; No. 4 red western winter 9s 7d.

NEWS SUMMARY

General: Sir Roger Casement is found guilty of treason and is sentenced to be executed. Negro troopers held captive are on way to American border. Allied offensive is begun along all fronts.

Local: Bootlegger given maximum sentence. Chautauqua continues to be well patronized. Ordinance to close disorderly houses introduced. Council asks business men to close Fourth.