

"Coming events cast their shadows before them."

The approach of Autumn is best suggested here by our beautiful showing of

**Bond Clothes**  
\$15 to \$30

All the correct models and fabrics that will be popular the coming season.

**Bond Bros.**  
Pendleton's Leading Clothiers

**BANKER SAYS HE HAS FOUND RICH ORE BED**

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 11.—Discovery of what he declares promises to be the richest mineral land ever located has been made on the Stinging river, 40 miles below Telegraph Creek in northern British Columbia, according to J. E. Chilberg, prominent Seattle banker, who has returned from a trip to that region. If the discovery is as big as it looks and as rich as the assays indicate, Chilberg says, it is the biggest mineral find the world has known.

According to Chilberg the zone includes silver, lead, zinc and copper ore and the contact has been exposed for miles. The veins may run, he says, from British Columbia to Lynn Canal, Alaska. The ore taken from the zone and assayed thus far, Chilberg says, runs about \$190 to the ton.

The sum of \$50,000 is to be spent in developing the prospect immediately and the first ore is expected to be sent out next spring.

**Mexican Money Plentiful.**  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The latest fad among high government officials here is Mexican money of various revolutionary vintages of the last few years. Bills and coins of curious design and interesting history have been brought here by exceedingly generous envoys of the warring Mexican factions. The bills have very little value in Mexico and none whatever here.

Attorney General Gregory is one of the faddists. He has some strikingly original \$1 and \$2 coins which Zapata turns out in his private mint when funds in his camp run low—a condition which is said to have become chronic. These coins are said to be of gold and silver mixed, but the attorney general is very skeptical about the yellow ingredient. At any rate, they are the first of their kind ever issued by any government and are particularly prized.

There are \$1 bills galore in Washington—almost enough, in fact, to start a new revolution. The mints of Mexico have been working overtime. One day Carranza enters Mex-

ico City and turns out his whereabouts, daring anybody to spend any other kind. The next day Villa goes in and makes his. Then Zapata follows suit.

Some of the notes were issued by Carranza and Villa when they were partners in the rebellion business, and since they dissolved their \$1 notes have been worth only 7 cents in Mexico.

All these notes have been counterfeited over and over again, but what's the use? Carranza shoots all who spend genuine Villa money, and the latter returns the compliment.

**Adopted Daughter Gets Fortune.**  
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 10.—Fifteen years ago, Alice Gienesk, pretty 22 years old, was left in Scotland with her three sisters and her mother widowed when he father died while acting as a missionary in Congo Free State. The girl worked with her mother and sisters in the woolen mills, later being adopted by a Minneapolis couple and brought here. Today she received the fortune of Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Schmerler, who had adopted her. "She was as a daughter to us," read their wills.

**BEES MAKE ATTACK ON ENGLISH SOLDIERS**

LONDON, Aug. 10.—It was the "Battle of the Bees" in Hampstead, London's pretty suburb. A full regiment of soldiers and a full swarm of bees were the combatants. The bees swarmed Heath avenue. Horses reared, women screamed and ran, the police arrived and then the soldiers were summoned. The bees showed fight and nearly routed the soldiers until one "Tommy" who knew bee-lore, captured the queen. He put her in a small box in a nearby garden and the bee warriors docilely followed. The battle was over.

**CHARGES FAKED SAYS EX-SPY.**

**SPREAD OF THE FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE IS LAID TO SWINE**

**NEW OUTBREAK EMPHASIZES NEED OF CAREFUL INSPECTION BY FARMERS.**

Federal Authorities Are Worrying Over Outcome of Their "Clean-up Campaign"—Hogs Said to Be Responsible for Carrying Disease More Than Other Animals.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The susceptibility of swine to the foot and mouth disease and the failure on the part of swine owners to recognize its symptoms are giving the federal authorities no small amount of worry in their "clean-up" campaign.

Some mouth, a common indication of the disease, is an ordinary sequence of hog cholera, and contusions on the feet are frequent in swine which have been driven or shipped. For these reasons little attention is paid by the owners of swine to these symptoms, and unless the herd is located within suspicious territory foot and mouth disease may continue in a chronic form for a considerable length of time before discovery. The danger of course lies in the ability of these animals to disseminate the disease.

Since the first case of foot and mouth disease found in a herd of hogs in Michigan, which later permitted the infection of the Chicago stock yards, hogs more than any other animal have been responsible for the spread of the disease. A few months ago, in the outskirts of Philadelphia, in a district containing close to 20,000 swine kept in small lots, several thousand were found to be infected.

On July 29 foot and mouth disease infection was discovered to exist in a herd of 20 cattle within the city limits of Hornell, Steuben county, New York. Another herd of 25 cattle, pastured across the road from these, had been exposed and is under surveillance. As no known cause of the disease had previously been found within a radius of over 75 miles, the source of the infection remained a mystery until two days later, when 125 swine, divided among five herds, were found infected within a half mile of the first discovered premises. These swine had evidently had the disease in a mild form for a considerable length of time. Infection had been carried from these to the cattle through drainage.

This again emphasizes the need, the authorities state, for continued careful examination of all live stock in previously infected areas, especially large herds of swine. Farmers and stock raisers by giving immediate notice of any suspicious cases to the nearest health officer will greatly aid the authorities in their efforts to eliminate this pest, which is allowed to gain a foothold would result in untold damage to the nation.

Owing to the fact that few animals are shipped from the section in which the latest outbreak occurred, it is believed that no serious or widespread complications will result from this new center of infection.

**Placer Mine Claims Sold.**

RANDON, Ore., Aug. 10.—With the purchase of the old Divilbiss and Paddison claims last week by a California syndicate, renewed placer mining activity in this section is assured. The launching of plans to improve and develop the property were almost simultaneous with the purchase. A force of 40 laborers has begun the construction of five miles of flume and ditch that will supply the water for the operations. When completed this flume will carry the largest head of water ever used in this section.

**CHARGES FAKED SAYS EX-SPY.**



IGNATIUS T. LINCOLN.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Ignatius T. Lincoln, former member of the British parliament, and self-confessed German spy, arraigned on a charge of forgery in a Brooklyn court, says that the charges on which he is held were faked. The complaint was the British consul general. Lincoln's real name is Trebitch and he was born in Hungary. He says England is trying "to get him" because he made public the fact that British censors had destroyed begging letters to the American Red Cross from Austria. He served for a time on the censorship board in England.

**COST OF THE FIRST YEAR OF GREAT WAR IS OVER 15 BILLION**

**GREAT BRITAIN ALONE HAS SPENT FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS A DAY.**

Twelve Months of Conflict Show Stupendous Financial Drains Upon All the European Nations Engaged in the Struggle—Burden Becomes Greater and Greater.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The end of the first year of the colossal European war brings with it no indications that any of the belligerents are weakening in resolution or running short of men or money. A review of the financial drain upon the various countries at this time shows, especially interesting at this time showing, as it does, the gigantic cost of war. Excluding Italy, the war loans have aggregated approximately \$15,500,000,000 for all the other belligerents. To this must be added the total indebtedness of the warring nations at the outbreak of the war, including the debts of the several states of the German empire which was approximately \$22,000,000,000 and the resulting \$48,000,000,000 shows what a stupendous burden these countries are now bearing. The cash expenditures of Great Britain are larger than those of any other country, as service in the army and navy is voluntary and the pay and allowances are much higher than in the continental countries. In March the extraordinary expenditures of Great Britain were stated to be about \$10,000,000 a day, but the chancellor of the exchequer recently stated that they had reached \$15,000,000 and were still rising.

The expenditures of the German government are probably next to those of Great Britain. The government has realized \$3,450,000,000 by means of two loans, which it is understood will carry the war into the coming fall, but as its expenditures have been growing, it is probable that they are now as much as \$10,000,000 per day. Altogether the estimate of \$50,000,000 per day for the outlays of all the governments engaged in the conflict is seen not to be improbable, but on the other hand quite probable.

In order to curb New York's smoke evil, many arrests on land and water have been made during the past month, and it is believed that the residents of the city will suffer less than this nuisance in the future. Railroad companies, power houses, harbor tugs, factories, industrial and public service plants and some apartment houses were among the offenders. So much momentum has this campaign for pure air attained that the city government is even turning accuser against itself, and will attempt to set a good example by reducing the amount of dense, black smoke which issues from the pumping station of the water department at Ridgewood. The health department authorities say that there is no excuse for letting clouds of black smoke into the air from any power or heating plant, for it is possible to install mechanical smoking devices which will feed the fires so scientifically that even with soft coal or semi-bituminous coal the combustion will be complete. Many of the chief offenders have been the hotels of the city. The custom has grown up among them of burning refuse and waste collected during the day either at dusk or the first thing in the morning. The result has been that the hon-ton residential sections have often been visited by showers of soot and cinders. The board of health has asked the hotels to modify their methods and have in return received assurances that the proprietors will stop the objectionable practice. Several of the large Fifth avenue hotels on learning of the complaints adopted the suggestion of the health department that rubbish be disposed of in other ways.

Under a resolution adopted by the board of education of this city, over 40,000 public school children, who stutter, stammer, lisp or have the "tic" defect in their speech are to be specially looked after with a view to giving them normal articulation. The plan adopted by the board involves, first of all, giving to every teacher who has speech-defective scholars special medical instruction as to how to control and cure these defects. It is likely that one or two terms of special instruction, so arranged as not to interfere with regular school attendance, will be sufficient to divert the average boy or girl stammerer, lisper, etc., into a child of normal speech who will face much brighter prospects of success in the world, than if the defect followed them in adult life.

Despite all that medical specialists and nurses could do, Dina, said to have been the only gorilla in this country, died yesterday in the Bronx "Zoo." Dina was an exceedingly rare species of ape found in the jungles of Africa by a special expedition sent out by the New York Zoological society, which returned last September. She was very young, and the change of climate proved fatal to her. Last winter she caught a severe cold and had been under medical treatment ever since. For a long time she took milk from a nursing bottle, but a month ago she began to refuse food. Nothing could be found that tempted her appetite so at last forcible feeding was tried, but she rejected the food. Dina gradually suffered a decline and died from lack of nourishment. That too, at a time when New York weather closely resembled in temperature and humidity that of her native jungle.

**A MESSAGE**

**From A New Department Store For the Sturdy Working Man**

One of the main features of this great store is to give every attention possible to the wants of workingmen, and to always indulge in none but the fairest dealings, to offer none but dependable merchandise for sale, to save money for the workingman by giving highest standard merchandise at lowest prices.

**Here Are a Few Every Day Needs at Our Every Day Prices.**

- Men's gauntlet leather faced gloves, the pair ..... 15¢
- Black and tan work socks, fine grade yarn, pair ..... 8¢
- Good quality chambray work shirts 33¢
- Men's khaki pants, good weight..... 98¢
- Balbriggan underwear, the garment 29¢
- Men's all leather work gloves 49¢, 79¢, 98¢, \$1.19, \$1.39 and \$1.69.
- Best quality blue dennum overalls, bib, for ..... 83¢
- Work shoes \$1.98, \$2.49, \$3.15 and \$3.98.
- Fine quality work socks, regularly sold at 3 for 25, pair ..... 5¢

**Popular Cash Store**

Better Goods for Less Money.  
(Former Wohlenberg Dept. Store Location.)

**Belgium Explains Law.**

PARIS, Aug. 10.—The Belgian government has published a second gray book containing documents relating to the war, notably a communication from Baron Guillaume, Belgian minister of foreign affairs, dated February 22, 1915, apparently contradicting documents recently published by the Germans alleged to have been written by Baron Guillaume.

Explaining to M. De Bargerie, of the French foreign office, the meaning of the Belgian military law, M. Guillaume writes that he said:

**"We wish to avoid if possible having Belgium again become, as she too often has been, the battlefield of Europe."**

President Poincaré has assured me France would never take the initiative to violate our neutrality. . . . Our aim is solely to prevent to the limit of our force the violations of our neutrality." The second part of the gray book consists of protests addressed by the Belgian government to the Austrian and German governments against alleged violations of the law of war and The Hague convention.

**Chief Kohler Tries Again.**

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 10.—Fred Kohler, ousted Cleveland police chief of nationwide fame, has started his third campaign to "come back." "I'm going before all the people of Cleveland this time for my chance," said Kohler, announcing his candidacy for city clerk. "I'm going to fight hard and I believe the people will elect me." Kohler, since his expulsion from the police force, following the sensational hearing by the civil service commission, has twice been defeated for office.

There's a body, a crispness and true corn flavour to the

**New Post Toasties**

that are unequalled by any other corn flake.

Ordinary, common-place "corn-flakes" do not appeal to one after having once enjoyed the surprising goodness of these superior bits of toasted corn meats.

Try the New Post Toasties—your grocer has them now.

**FURNISHING THE HOME**

BY usage August has become the month for furniture buying and home furnishing.

It is customary at this season for manufacturers and dealers to encourage trade by favorable prices.

Furniture is probably more heavily advertised in August than in any other month of the year.

And this same advertising has transformed a very dull month to a very busy one.

If you are thinking of buying goods for the home this is the right season to consult the advertising columns of The East Oregonian.