



# ENGLAND APPROPRIATES \$525,000,000 FOR WAR FUND FRENCH AND GERMANS ARE FIGHTING ALONG THE BORDER

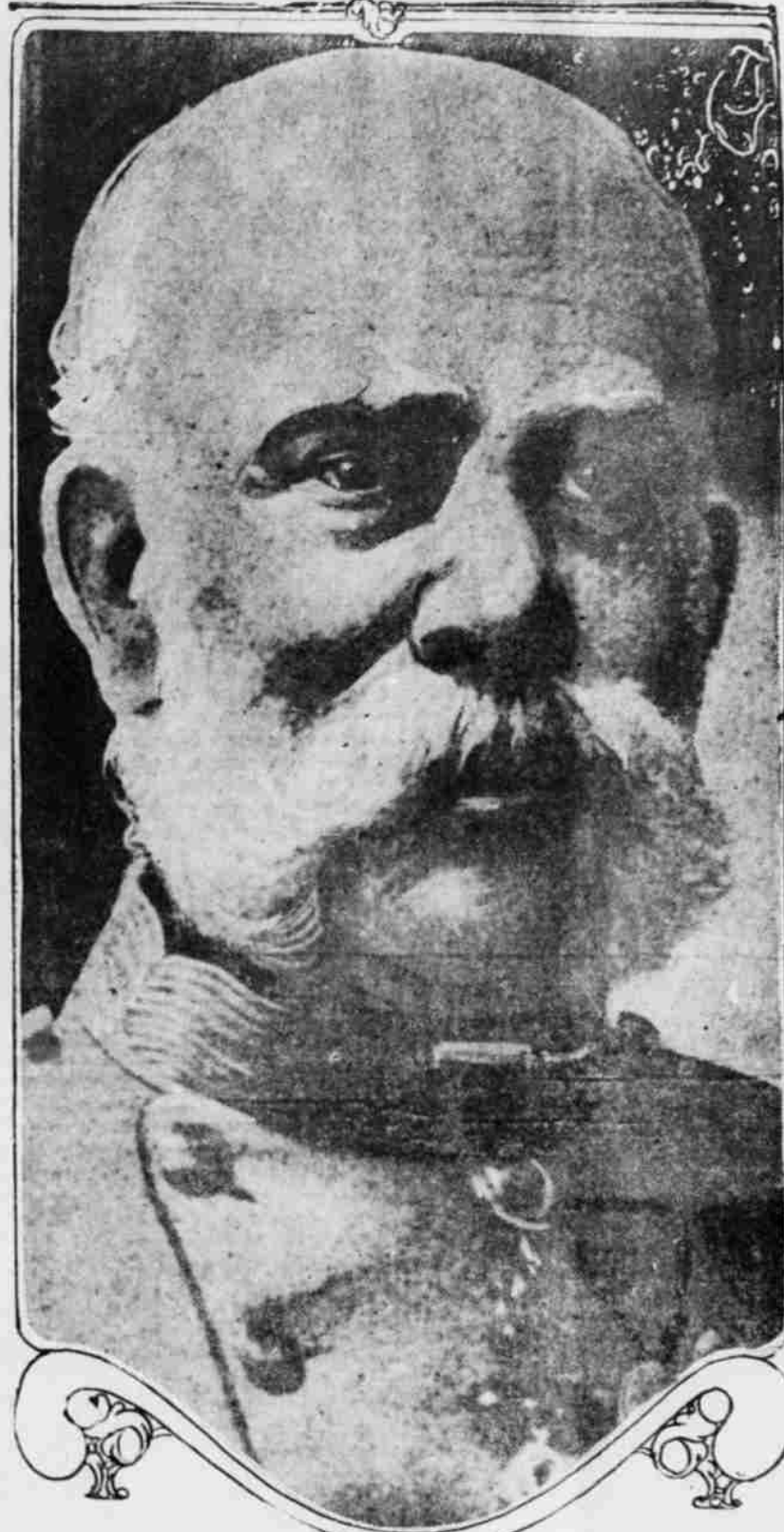
## Germany Declares War on Belgium

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Germany today declared war on Belgium for opposing the passage of German troops through its territory on the way to invade France.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—The formal announcement of the German invasion of Belgium was made in parliament here today. King Albert addressed the houses in joint session. He accepted the full responsibility for the situation which resulted from his determination to maintain Belgian neutrality and national integrity. "We will maintain them," he asserted, "to our last drop of blood."

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Following the foreign office's formal announcement that Germany has declared war on Belgium, Premier Asquith told the house of commons of the German action. The Kaiser, he said, had informed Belgium that inasmuch as it refused to facilitate the movement of his troops toward France, it became necessary for him to carry out his plans forcibly. The moment the premier finished speaking there was a chorus of demands from members of the house that England take steps to protect Belgium's national integrity.

FRANCIS JOSEPH OF AUSTRIA-HUNGARY



## Formal Declaration of War is Made By Germany Against France

### FRENCH AVIATORS ON WAY TO ATTACK GERMAN DIRIGIBLE

PARIS, Aug. 4.—Skirmishing between German and French troops has occurred at Mars-et-Tour and fighting is also reported near Nuxemburg. French aviators have been sent to attack a German dirigible which appeared above Lunville, throwing several bombs in the public square near the church of St. Jacques. The church wall was knocked down and part of the fortifications were demolished. Fifteen French soldiers were killed. Reports from Longwy say the French are still engaging the Germans.

The engagement at Mars-et-Tours was between an advance guard of the German army advancing on Paris from Metz. The vanguard already has crossed the frontier and is being opposed by a strong French force. Confirmation has been received here of the reports that Belgium has rejected Germany's ultimatum which required the former country to agree to the passage of the Kaiser's troops through its territory on the way to invade France. The king of Belgium is in personal command of his own forces. The Belgian army has completed its mobilization and consists of about 350,000 troops. German ambassador Von Schoen received his passports and left for Berlin at midnight.

### OVER BILLION DOLLARS MADE AVAILABLE FOR USE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The house passed amendments to the bank law today extending currency issues to 125 per cent of the capital stock and surplus of banks and trust companies in the federal reserve system, thus making more than a billion available for additional circulation. The senate approved the amendments and sent the measure to the president.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—Germany today issued a formal declaration of war against France. Accompanying the declaration, the foreign office issued a statement charging specific violations by French troops on the frontier of the neutrality laws and accusing the French aviators of hurling bombs into unprotected German towns. The declaration insisted that Germany has striven to keep peace "despite French aggression." It was further announced that the German military authorities at Stuttgart have seized \$20,000,000 in gold consigned to Russia.

TURKEY MOBILIZES TROOPS. ATHENS, Aug. 4.—Turkey today ordered the mobilization of its army. It was stated that this action is taken as a "precaution."

COAST TOWNS IN TERROR. LONDON, Aug. 4.—The admiralty is seeking to gain confirmation of the reports of an engagement off Scarborough and Flamborough head. Towns on the coast are in terror of a German attack and it has been admitted in government circles that if the Kaiser's fleet is really close to the British coast, Admiral Von Tirpitz has out-manoeuvred Admiral Callaghan, the English naval commander, who was instructed to keep the enemy at a distance.

HEAVY SEA FIRING REPORTED. LONDON, Aug. 4.—Heavy sea firing at dawn today was reported off the Yorkshire coast. The French war fleet recently left Brest about the same time the German fleet was reported to have passed the Kiel canal and it is believed here they have met. A German cruiser is bombarding the naval station of Bona, Algeria, it was stated at the French embassy.

SKIRMISHING CONTINUES. BELFORT, France, Aug. 4.—Skirmishing between French and German troops continues in this vicinity. The losses on either side have not been heavy. It is believed the Germans are planning a general assault. French aeroplanes are active.

RUSSIANS ROUTED BY GERMANS AFTER FORMER AMBUSHED. POSEN, Germany, Aug. 4.—German infantry ambushed and routed a detachment of Cossack scouts near Borzykowo. The Germans killed five Russians and wounded about 20 with the first volley. The Cossacks rallied and charged repeatedly but finally fled in disorder, after their advance guard was captured. It is stated that altogether 25 were killed and 41 captured.

PARIS, Aug. 4.—That Austrian troops have met a decisive defeat at the hands of Serbian forces was reported here to the foreign office by the French minister to Serbia. The Austrians lost 300 men. The minister did not give the location of the engagement but it is evident it must have been on the Drina, Save or Danube rivers since he spoke of gunboats as supporting the Austrian troops in an attempted invasion. The strategy of the Serbians, he said, was too much for the Austrians and they fell into a trap.

A later message from Nish spoke of an Austrian defeat at Semendria on Sunday. It is believed this is the fight to which the French minister referred. A second message said 10,000 Austrians, supported by 20 monitors had been trying to cross into Serbian territory for a week but were held back and suffered heavy losses.

Manila Germans Leaving. MANILA, Aug. 4.—The men of the entire German community, who are of military age have volunteered their services to the fatherland. Thirty were chosen by lot to proceed to Tsin-Tsu, a fortified German port in China. The Frenchmen here have followed suit and have also volunteered their services. German merchant vessels are concentrating in Manila harbor.

French Retiring. BERLIN, Aug. 4.—Advises received late today indicated the French invasion of Lorraine had failed. French troops, dispatches said, are retiring.

Belgium Wants Alliance. BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—Belgium is negotiating with France and England, seeking an alliance against Germany. Socialists are supporting the government.

May Not Come Back. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Congressman Harrison introduced a bill in the house to prohibit the readmission to the United States of aliens who leave to fight in a foreign war.

## WAR BULLETINS

Germans Advance. BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—According to the newspaper Ettoile Belge, German troops have reached Vise, on the river Meuse, only 12 miles northeast of Lille, Belgium.

Martial Law in Antwerp. ANTWERP, Belgium, Aug. 4.—Martial law was proclaimed here and all business was at once suspended.

Raid French Town. LONDON, Aug. 4.—German cavalry raided the French frontier near the fortress of Telfort and attempted to commandeer horses, according to dispatches from Paris. German patrols also twice attacked Joncheres, near Telfort.

Kitchener War Minister. LONDON, Aug. 4.—A strong belief was prevalent here that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener is about to be appointed British Minister of War. His return to his post in Egypt was cancelled.

Liner Slips Away. NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm, her bunkers and holds filled with coal superstructure painted gray and carrying no passengers, slipped quietly out of her pier last night and out to sea, passing quarantine station on her way at 8:15 o'clock.

Guesses were hazarded that her real object might be to coal one of the German cruisers which recently left West Indian waters and which rumors say are now somewhere off this coast.

To Relief of Americans. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Carrying from five to eight millions for the relief of Americans abroad, the cruiser Tennessee has been ordered to leave New York for Europe tomorrow. The money for the government funds was advanced by bankers.

Will Appropriate \$2,000,000. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The White House announced that congress will be asked to appropriate two and a half millions to send to Europe to relieve the distress and cash American checks.

Complete Mobilization Ordered. BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—A complete mobilization of the Belgian army has been ordered.

Americans Must Remain. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Bryan was informed by the German embassy that until mobilization is completed all foreigners, including Americans, must remain in Germany.

U. S. Is Neutral. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—President Wilson signed a proclamation of American neutrality regarding Austria, Germany, Russia, France and Serbia.

More Troops for Luxemburg. BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—One hundred thousand more Germans are crossing the frontier into Luxemburg to strengthen the army which seized the Duchy on Sunday.

Italy Finishes Mobilization. ROME, Aug. 4.—The mobilization of Italy's army has been completed. Germany appealed to Italy to reconsider its neutrality proclamation but the request was ignored.

Millions to Banks. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—It was announced here that emergency currency to the amount of seventy-five million is being sent to St. Louis, Baltimore, Chicago, New York and Philadelphia banks.

Seizes Railroads. LONDON, Aug. 4.—The government took over the railroads with a view to facilitating troop movements.

Union Oil Co. builds a \$10,000 storage plant at Eugene.

### BLAME FOR CONFLICT IS PLACED ON RUSSIAN CZAR

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—A war session of the reichstag opened today by the Kaiser with a speech from the throne and the distribution among the lawmakers of "The White Book" in which responsibility for the impending European struggle is placed entirely on Russia. The White Book contained all the anticbellum correspondence between the Kaiser and the czar.

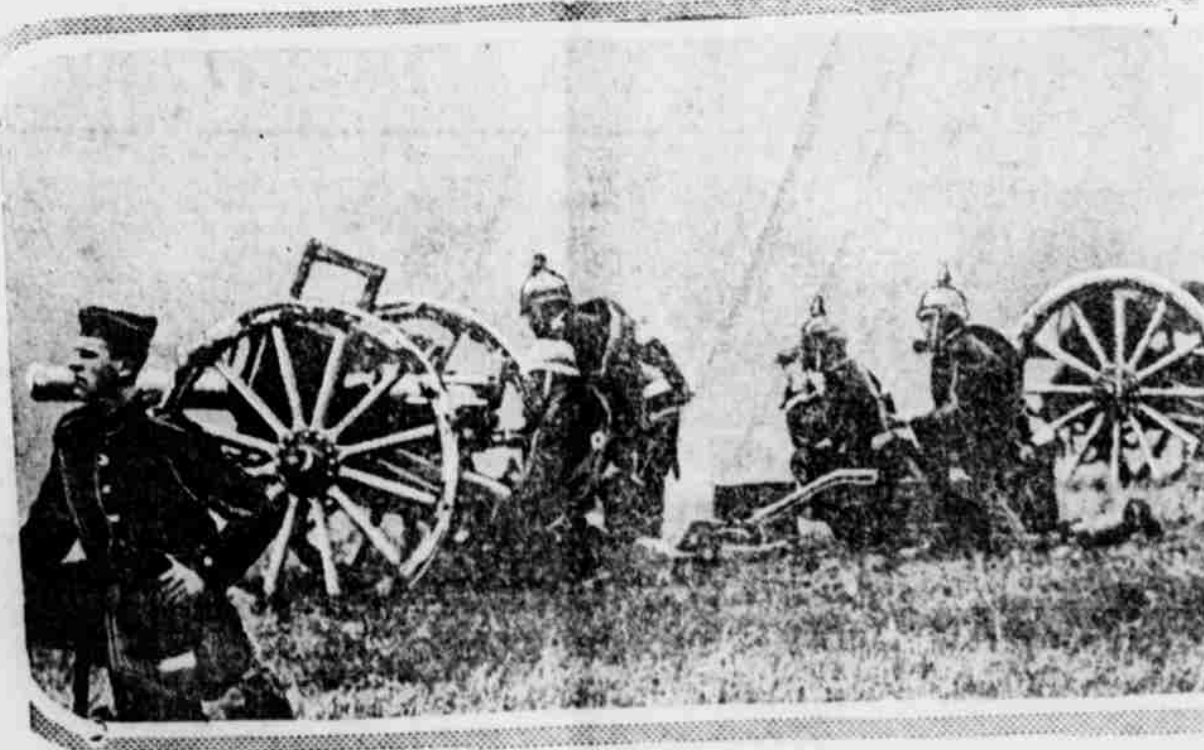
A motor road will be built from Mapleton to the beach at Florence.

### French Press Is Warned.

PARIS, Aug. 4.—An appeal to the press asks the newspapers to use caution in publishing news about the war which might help the enemy. It recalls the imprudent revelations in 1870 and the aid afforded in this way to Germany at that time, and declares that any news published without the consent of the military authorities renders the offender liable to a charge of treason.

German Dirigibles Over Belgium. BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—The French minister has informed the Belgian government that three German dirigibles were observed last night flying towards Brussels, having invaded Belgian territory.

### GERMAN ARTILLERY IN THE FIELD



### JOHN REDMOND



Irish parliamentary leader who urges that British government withdraw all British troops from Ireland that they may be available for use against foreign enemies.

### NEWS SUMMARY

General. England appropriates millions for war fund. French aviators hurry to intercept German dirigible. Skirmishing between French and German troops on border continues. Germany declares war against Belgium. Latter country seeks alliance with England. Russians routed after being ambushed by German forces. Blame for conflict is placed on czar by Emperor William. Formal declaration of war is sent to France from Germany. French and German fleets believed to have met. Engagement between hostile war vessels may take place off American coast. Germany is prepared to fight the world, declares Kaiser.

Local. 90 per cent of grain will be cut at end of week; earliest finish in history; 3,000,000 bushels unsold. Last wooden building on Main street torn down. Water commissioners will be presented with bold fish pendants tonight. Beetles destroying thousands of acres of black pine in mountains. Round-up believes largest crowd in history will be at 1914 show; carload of Mexican steers ordered; decoration contract let.

### KING GEORGE OF ENGLAND

