

WEATHER REPORT.

Showers and thunderstorms tonight and Friday; cooler Friday.

COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER.

VOL. 25.

PENDLETON, OREGON, THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1912.

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

NO. 7588



TO ADVERTISERS. The East Oregonian has the largest paid circulation of any paper in Oregon, east of Portland and nearly twice the circulation in Pendleton of any other newspaper.

ULTIMATE OUTCOME OF CONVENTION IS STILL UNCERTAIN

CONVENTION IN SESSION ONLY FOUR MINUTES IN MORNING AND ONE IN THE AFTERNOON

Roosevelt Delegates Determine on Plan of Silent Non-participation for the Future

POSSIBILITY OF HADLEY'S NOMINATION

Parker Nominated for Temporary Chairman at Baltimore ---Chicago Meeting May Last Till Monday---Taft Denies That He Will Quit if Roosevelt Does.

Chicago, June 20.—The republican convention met at 12:02 p. m. and adjourned four minutes later until 4 o'clock, the only business being the opening prayer. At 4:06 Chairman Root reconvened the body and one minute later adjourned to 11 o'clock tomorrow. Consequently nothing was done in the Coliseum for record. Principal among the features of the day was a move to place Hadley at the head of the Roosevelt ticket. Apparently there had been friction between Hadley and Roosevelt, though the former denied this. Roosevelt issued a statement that he was "through" and advised the delegates to carry on the war themselves, but later reconsidered and announced his determination to lead an independent fight with a new party for progressive principles. Taft issued a statement from Washington denying strenuously that he was willing to leave the contest in favor of a third man if Roosevelt was eliminated. Alton B. Parker was given the temporary chairmanship of the democratic convention at Baltimore.

for This was at first voted down but afterwards prevailed.

MEET FOUR MINUTES THEN ADJOURN TO 4 P. M.

While the committee on credentials thrashed out in its details the contested seats which ruled in blocking the progress of the national convention, only a perfunctory four minute session was held today. The only business being prayer by the chaplain. After prayer was finished a motion for a recess till 4 o'clock in the afternoon was carried unanimously. Until the credentials committee reports on the convention roll no business can be done. It was generally expected that such reports cannot be had before night at the earliest. Chairman Devine announced that the Root contests would probably be confined to the ninth Alabama district, Texas, Washington, Arizona and the fourth district of California.

RUMOR THAT T. R. MIGHT RELEASE DELEGATES

That Roosevelt would not hold the delegates who were instructed or pledged to support him was the announcement made early today by one of the colonel's closest personal friends and political advisers. That he releases them from any obligation was taken to mean that they need not support him unless he is their personal choice for the presidential nomination. Roosevelt was in close conference with his chief lieutenants during the entire morning. It was said that a statement would be issued soon.

Post Confirms Rumor.

Tegis P. Post, governor of Porto Rico under Roosevelt's administration, confirmed the announcement that Roosevelt was not holding the delegates to their instructions or pledges. Post added that Roosevelt is still in the fight.

And Davis Denies It.

Mr. O. K. Davis, chief of the Roosevelt publicity bureau, called the newspapermen together, and authorized them to issue a denial of the statement previously given out by Post. One of Roosevelt's personal friends went on record to the effect that the colonel had released the delegates pledged to him in the convention.

REPUDIATES CONVENTION BUT WILL STILL FIGHT

Roosevelt today decided to repudiate the present republican convention without delay. He prepared a statement which was read to his advisers and announced that he would have it printed and handed to all his delegates today in which he announced his willingness to lead an independent fight for the principles of the progressive movement and called on such friends as placed these principles above party loyalty to join him in the fight. He promised to make a fight to a finish regardless of the consequences or the number of his followers. Prior to the issuance of his formal statement, Roosevelt issued a short signed statement to the newspapermen who had besieged the door for an hour following the wild reports.

The Statement.

His statement was: "The time has come when I feel I must make certain statements not merely to honestly elected members of the republican national convention but to the rank and file of the republican party and to the honest people of the entire nation. I went into this fight for certain principles. At this moment I can only serve those principles by continuing the personal responsibility their advocacy has brought upon me. Roosevelt thanked his friends in the republican organization and party who have fought with him up to the present time. He released them from any obligation other than their own desire to join him in the fight for his principles. Concluding his statement Roosevelt said in part: "If the honestly elected majority of

CONVENTION NOTES IN TABLOID FORM

Tuesday, June 18. Taft wins first round of the battle by the election of Elihu Root as temporary chairman by a vote of 568 to 502 for McGovern of Wisconsin. Roosevelt's candidate, Wisconsin delegation splits over McGovern's candidacy, upsetting calculations of both sides.

Wednesday, June 19. Gov. Deneen, of Illinois, moves to prevent contested delegates from voting either in the credentials committee or on the floor regarding their own or other contested cases. The Taft forces oppose this, and win the second round of the fight by tabling the motion, the score reading Ayes 563, Noes 510, not voting, 5. A beautiful woman displays picture of Roosevelt from the gallery in the afternoon while Hadley is speaking, whereat a pandemonium of enthusiasm for Roosevelt, lasting 45 minutes, breaks forth.

Thursday, June 20. Convention only in session a few minutes, during which virtually nothing was done. Taft denies that he will quit if Roosevelt is eliminated. Hadley earnestly importuned to take the lead of the Roosevelt faction, but hedges in his statements, merely saying that he has had no trouble with the colonel. Parker is made temporary chairman at Baltimore.

the convention chooses to proceed with the business and nominate me as the candidate of the republican party, I shall accept. In either case I shall make my appeal to every honest citizen of the nation and I shall fight the campaign through, win or lose. even if I do not get a single electoral vote. I do not wish a single man to support me from any personal feeling for me. I have nothing to offer any man. Any man who supports me will do so without hope of gain and at

(Continued on page eight.)

NO DANGER OF PORTLAND ROUNDUP

Substantiating the belief of the Round-up directors that the Portland Oregonian story to the effect that a wild west show will be put on in the metropolis during the Elks' convention was without foundation in fact are three telegrams received by the Pendleton Commercial association this morning, one from C. C. Chapman, secretary of the Portland Commercial Club, one from E. C. Giltner, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, and one from Julius L. Meier, prominent merchant of Portland. All declare that the Elks will endorse no such plan. The following are the three telegrams: "Elks know nothing regarding intended Round-up during Elks week nor can I find anyone else that does. Upon receipt from you either by letter or telegram of where this started, I will bring the matter before the trustees for action."

E. C. GILTNER, Secretary Chamber of Commerce. "Appreciate compliment your telegram. Am assured by chairman Elks commission that Elks refused to put on Round-up on grounds would conflict with Pendleton. Please wire Elks commission direct substantiating same as you wired me thus bringing matter officially before them and giving them opportunity to go on record direct with you. We will cooperate with you in every way to protect you."

C. C. CHAPMAN, Secretary Commercial Club. "Your telegram received five minutes ago. Interviewed secretary and committee on arrangements for Elks carnival and positive assurance from them they will not endorse or be a party to an yRound-up to be held in this city during the Elks Carnival. Any other effort made by any individual to imitate the great event in Pendleton in September will be opposed by myself as well as my friends. Keep me informed if you hear of anything that requires immediate attention at this end of the line and you will always find me at your service." JULIUS L. MEIER.

ADVISES FOLLOWERS TO BOIT.



THEODORE ROOSEVELT. From a Photograph Taken During Colonel Roosevelt's Last Visit in Oregon

"CIRCUS?--OR NOT"-- SAYS HERMISTON

(Special Correspondence.) Hermiston, Ore., June 20.—Maybe Hermiston people will see Kit Carson's Buffalo Ranch show and maybe they won't. When bill posters stuck up their paper several days ago announcing the coming of the show on June 30 they thought they would, but when the council refused to grant the show a license last night, they changed their minds and are now wondering whether or not the showmen will decide to stretch their canvases out on the prairie to defy the city fathers. The people of the project town are not caring a great deal for many of them are planning to go to Pendleton for the big Elks' circus on June 28.

GAVE THEIR BABY AN ODD NAME

Infant Girl in New Jersey is Named for "T. R." and Alice. Paterson, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Holland agreed if their eleventh child was a daughter to name it Alice, after Colonel Roosevelt's daughter; if a boy, Theodore. It is a girl and a compromise is effected by placing T. R. before Alice, and the youngster is called Tralice.

Warship Off to Santiago.

Washington, June 14.—Admiral Usher has dispatched the battleship Mississippi from Guantanamo to Santiago to land American marines for the protection of El Cuero which is threatened with destruction, and its inhabitants with massacre by force, 300 Cuban rebels having suddenly appeared before the town.

MAYOR MATLOCK DISCOVERS THAT HE WAS FIRST MAN TO BE ARRESTED IN PENDLETON

Mayor W. F. Matlock, custodian-in-chief of the peace and quietude of the city, enjoys the distinction of having been the first man ever arrested in Pendleton. The revelation does not come through a search of the city records but was made by the mayor himself at council meeting last night when the ordinance regulating the speed of riders and drivers in the city limits. His offense consisted in exceeding the speed limit as prescribed in one of the earliest ordinances, but his arrest was the result of a "job" pitted up by his friends. While the councilmen were discussing the new ordinance last night, Mayor Matlock volunteered the information that he was the first to suffer arrest in the city. "It was in 1881," he said, "shortly after the city was incorporated. Let Livermore was mayor at the time, John A. Guyer, city recorder, Fred Page-Tustin city attorney and Frank Gray marshal. One day I borrowed a horse from Tim Townsend and started to the mill to get a little horse feed. There was a little snow on the ground at the time and several boys, among them Jim Carden and my son, Wes, who was then about six years old, hitched their sleds to my rig and I

AUTO SPEED IS TO BE LIMITED

Drivers of automobiles will have to reduce the speed at which they have been wont to travel through the streets of Pendleton if an ordinance introduced at the council meeting last night is adopted, as is likely. The present ordinance places a limit of fifteen miles an hour on the streets and twelve miles in rounding corners but the new one makes a twelve mile limit throughout the city and requires a sign to be posted at the entrance of all streets leading into the city cautioning drivers to reduce their speed to the limit. While the ordinance does not mention autos particularly it is aimed at them. Violations of the ordinance are punishable by fines from \$5 to \$50 or by imprisonment not longer than twenty days. The introduction of this ordinance was practically the only matter of importance coming before the council last night. The application of Walter A. Rhodes, new proprietor of the St. George Grille for a restaurant liquor license was referred to the license committee.

Chairman Sharon of the sewer committee reported that he did not think it advisable to run a sewer, asked for by the residents of High street, through the center of the block, and the council took the same attitude. The sewer extension will probably be ordered but it will be doubtless laid through the streets.

Fire Chief Vaughan reported that Hose Company No. 3 on the north side of the river, is almost extinct and asked the advice of the council as to action which should be taken. The matter was referred to the fire and water committee.

COMMITTEEMEN LEAVE HALL

Members of Roosevelt Credentials Force Withdraw From Convention Just Before Midnight.

COL. SAYS HE IS DONE

Declares He Has Won Before the People and It Is Now Up to the Convention to See Whether He Gets a Square Deal or Not.

Chicago, June 20.—All Roosevelt members of the credentials committee left the committee room in a body at 11:45 last night after failing to obtain their demands for a full hearing on all contested cases. The doors of the committee room suddenly were thrown open by J. J. Sullivan of Ohio, who rushed out with the cry, "All Roosevelt men walk out."

He was followed by Hugh T. Halbert of Minnesota, Francis J. Heney of California, George L. Record of New Jersey and other Roosevelt men. As they pushed open the swinging doors after Sullivan, they cried out to the newspaper men: "All newspaper men come in and see what they are trying to do to us." Borah of Idaho, it was asserted, stated that he would not bolt, as he left the Roosevelt committee rooms. Heney tried to stop the credentials committee from leaving the hall but was unsuccessful, the reply being offered him that the men were acting under Roosevelt's orders.

Taft Men Joyful.

The Taft forces were exultant and stated that they were ready for any attempt of Roosevelt to hold another convention in the Coliseum, and, if necessary, a force of 500 police and 500 assistant sergeants at arms would be stationed in the building. Most of the bolters were afterwards induced to return to the committee room, but they made it clear that, unless conceded their demands, their action would stand. Eventually they adjourned to 9 o'clock this morning.

COLONEL APPEALS TO HIS PARTY FOLLOWERS

Shortly after midnight Roosevelt addressed his adherents. He said: "So far as I am concerned, I am through. If you are voted down I hope you, the real and lawful majority of the convention, will organize as such and you will do it if you have the courage and loyalty of your conviction. "I am speaking to you," said Colonel Roosevelt, "as a man to whom some of you have done the honor to state that you wish to nominate as president. "When I went into the race I made my appeal to the people. Most of the delegates were chosen at direct primaries by the people. I made my fight squarely. I said, and some of you heard me, that if the people decided against me, I would have nothing to say, but that if the people were for me and the politicians tried to cheat me out of the nomination I would have a great deal to say. "I went before the people and I won. Now the committee and a portion of the convention, which is made a majority only by the aid of delegates not elected but chosen by the national committee are trying to cheat me out of the nomination. They can't do it. As far as I am concerned it makes no difference. But it is not me they are cheating; it is the people, the rank and file of the republican party. Gives Delegates Advice. "I did not want to give you any advice as I preferred to let you decide what to do, but now I am going to give you my advice. "Governor Deneen introduced a very moderate resolution in dealing with the four flagrant steals. It asked that the delegates from California, Washington, Texas and Arizona should not be permitted to vote and that three states stolen bodily—Washington, Arizona and Texas—should not put their representatives on the credentials committee. That motion was voted down by substantially the same vote that elected Root over McGovern. "In each case the majority was a majority only because the votes of the fraudulently seated delegates were counted. "Mr. Root received seventy or eighty stolen votes," continued Mr. Roosevelt. "Mr. Deneen's resolution was beaten today by fraudulent votes, which in that resolution were named by the votes of Texas, Arizona, Washington and the two fraudulent votes from California. If those votes had

(Continued on Page 8)