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CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

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PENDLETON, OREGON, THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1931.

MANY PEOPLE HEAR LINDSEY

Noted Eminent Colorado Juvenile Judge Addresses Audience at Methodist Church

RECITES MANY INCIDENTS FROM OWN EXPERIENCE

Advocates the Use of Divine Instruments for the Cure of Moral Disease in Children—Tells of the "Misfortunes of Micky"—Takes a Shot at the Graft and Corruption in the Higher Ups—Believes All Children Good.

"I do believe all children good if they are only understood." This was the message brought to this city last night by Judge Ben B. Lindsey, the eminent Colorado juvenile worker, and which he impressed upon the large number of people who gathered in the Methodist church to listen to his lecture.

Divine Instruments. Judge Lindsey advocated the use of divine instruments, the greatest of which is sympathy, in the cure of moral disease in children just as surgical instruments are used to remedy a physical disease.

In condemning the old system of dealing with inconvertible children, the great juvenile worker took occasion to denounce the state, declaring it is as much responsible as any one element for the depravity which exists because it seeks to secure obedience to the law not by instilling in the child the desire to do right for right's sake but through fear of the consequences of doing wrong.

Two Functions of State. "The state has two functions to perform in dealing with children," he went on, "the function to restrain and to redeem. It has been proved beyond a doubt that the latter is within the power of the state and the time is coming when it will be accepted as a duty."

Misfortunes of Micky. In his story of the misfortunes of Micky, Judge Lindsey recounted how one boy, reputed by the police to be the toughest boy in Denver, was saved by the efforts of the juvenile court and how he brought in many of his companions to the court and eventually

by how he assisted in bringing about the law which abolished the practice of throwing children into hellholes. Micky, he said, has grown to be a most useful citizen and is a living refutation of the theory that kindness is not superior to jails.

Takes Shot at Beast. In concluding his lecture, Judge Lindsey uncoiled slightly upon the subject about which another period of his life centers, namely the fight against the graft and corruption in the higher-ups, in the men who place property rights above human rights, business above manhood, the Beast in the Jungle. He denounced these men bitterly as being responsible for the conditions which create so many depraved children in their streets and avenues.

The speaker was introduced to the audience by Dan P. Smythe, president of the Pendleton Commercial association and was accompanied to the platform by Judge G. W. Phelps and Judge J. W. Maloney.

Boost Playgrounds. Minneapolis, Minn., April 6.—To boost the playground movement in cities of the central and northwestern states, an institute was opened here today under the auspices of the Playground Association of America and will continue three days.

Delegations are present representing Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wisconsin. The association includes in its membership Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Jacob Riis and other noted social and educational workers and has already been instrumental in the establishment of public playgrounds in dozens of cities.

NEW YORK LABOR UNIONS PREPARE PETITIONS

New York, April 6.—Committees representing every labor union in New York city today are preparing a petition which will be presented to Governor Dix and the state legislature asking for sweeping workshop reforms. Incorporated in the petitions are demands for adequate fire escapes, compulsory fire drills and isolation of all inflammable materials.

ELECTION JUDGES AND CLERKS ARE NAMED

COMMON COUNCIL HOLDS ITS REGULAR SESSION

Contracts for Street Sprinkling Are Let—Ordinance Passed Prohibiting Street Peddlers to Operate on Main or Court Streets—Other Business.

At the regular meeting of the common council last night, the appointments of judges and clerks of the municipal election which is to be held on May 3 were made. The following are the men selected and who will be asked to qualify: First ward, judges, John Knight, L. C. Rothrock and Thomas Campbell; clerks, L. E. Anderson, E. W. McComas, and G. W. Knight. 2nd ward, judges, J. B. Mumford, A. Ruppe, and J. M. Bentley; clerks, J. P. Walker, W. F. Taylor, and Charles Marsh; 3rd ward, judges, John McGinn, J. S. McLeod, and Robert Laing; clerks, Clarence Penland, J. M. Cook and Ralph Folsom; 4th ward, judges, L. E. Penland, G. Neuman, and James Fiedler; clerks, W. G. Bogart, T. F. Howard and J. P. Earl.

The following are the polling places designated: 1st ward, Alta house; 2nd ward, Pendleton sample rooms, corner Main and Water streets; 3rd ward, city hall; fourth ward, vacant house belonging to the John Bishop estate on Webb street between Willow and Cosby.

Sprinkling Contracts Let.

Upon recommendation of the street committee, the contracts for street sprinkling were let to the following men: District 1, James E. Beck for \$145 per month; district 2, Burr Johnson for \$110 per month; district 3, E. M. Temple for \$108 per month; district 4, H. F. Kamrath for \$3.90 per day. The salary for district 1 is considerably larger than that for the others because of the fact that the route necessitates three horses.

A resolution was adopted declaring these men to be the lowest bidders and an ordinance was passed authorizing the street committee to draw up contracts with the successful bidders and declaring an emergency.

Other Business. The ordinance prohibiting street peddlers to operate on Main and Court streets and for 100 feet back was recommended for passage and was passed without a dissenting vote. A protest signed by a number of residents was read remonstrating against the proposed vacation of a small wedge shaped part of Post street in order that the Catholic church can be built square with Court street. It was referred to the street committee.

The bids for 150 yards of cork carpet for the city hall and for 150 opera chairs for the vacant room in the city hall were opened. There were a number of each and they were all placed in the hands of the special committee of which T. G. Montgomery is chairman. The lowest bid for the carpet was \$1.45 per yard from the Meler & Frank company and the lowest for

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JAPS ARE CAUSE OF ARMY ACTION

Japan Trying to Induce Mexico to Grant Government a Coaling Station

ARMORY IS PACKED TO HEAR ADDRESS

Reports Today State That Diaz Forces Are Bored Up at Chihuahua—Believed That Insurrectos Are Preparing to Strike Blow—Revolutionist Army Comprises One Thousand Men—Gomez Wants to Confer With Madero—Hopes for Peace.

Chihuahua, April 6.—Representing the main strength of the Diaz forces in northern Mexico, three thousand troops are reported to be bottled up today in this city. Madero and Orozco, insurgents, are encamped 80 miles west with one thousand insurgents and they believed to be preparing to strike a decisive blow.

Gomez Hopes for Peace.

Washington, April 6.—The informal conference in Washington ten days ago between Senor de la Barra, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, and Dr. Vasquez Gomez, head of the revolutionary party's confidential agency here, details of which gradually are leaking out, has resulted in the taking of steps which soon may effect a settlement of the troubles in Mexico.

Dr. Gomez yesterday sent messages to his colleagues in both El Paso and San Antonio, Texas, informing them that he hoped soon to be in direct communication with Francisco I. Madero, the insurrecto chief, and suggesting that it perhaps might be unnecessary for them to hazard the trip to the Madero camp.

Within the last two days, it has been privately suggested to influential persons in Mexico City, that peace conditions would be hastened, if telegraphic communication were permitted between Dr. Gomez in Washington, and Francisco I. Madero in Chihuahua. Dr. Gomez being named by Francisco I. Madero as the only man beside himself to whom peace proposals could be made. Dr. Gomez, who was a candidate for vice president on the same ticket on which Francisco I. Madero ran for president in the last election, always expressed a high personal regard for Senor de la Barra, and it is believed that the cordial meeting of the two here, even

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TEDDY GIVEN BIG RECEPTION

Former President Was Guest of Commercial Club at Big Banquet Last Night.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ISSUES INTERESTING CIRCULAR

"The Ten Acre Tract in Oregon," is the title of circular No. 3 just issued by the Portland Chamber of Commerce says the Portland Journal. It may be had upon application at the offices of the chamber in the Commercial club building. It is intended particularly for the benefit of the homeseeker who comes here unacquainted with prevailing methods and conditions and who finds them quite different from those to which they have been accustomed, but is also interesting and educating to the older Oregonians.

In touching upon what can be done with a 10 acre tract the circular among other things says: "As to methods by which 10 acres can be made to yield a living for a family, a 'living' we take it means provision for all the needs of the family—food supplies, clothing, school supplies for the children, incidentals, etc. Standards of living differ, of course, but we are dealing with average cases."

"If the 10 acres lie in one of the great fruit sections, and is a bearing orchard, the problem of a living from 10 acres is no problem at all. There are 10 acre apple orchards in Hood River that pay a profit of \$5000 a year. There are 10 acre peach orchards in the Rogue River valley that pay even better than that. There are 10 acre prune orchards in the Umpqua and Willamette valley that yield a net revenue of \$100 a year. There are 10 acre cherry orchards in the Willamette valley and the upper Columbia river basin that produce \$2,000 a year."

Portland, Ore., April 6.—Theodore Roosevelt was given a reception in Portland yesterday that was equal if not greater in enthusiasm to anything he has experienced since he began his present tour. He rode through the streets lined with people and was greeted with cheers all along the way.

Last night Mr. Roosevelt was the guest of the Portland Commercial club at a banquet which was the most novel affair he has attended since he left New York. The club rooms were transformed into an African jungle—in speech Roosevelt congratulated audience on the prosperity of Oregon—Approves Initiative and Referendum.

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Colonel Roosevelt made his principal speech of the day at the armory, which though it seats 3,000 people, was packed by almost twice that number, while at the entrances, there were a throng almost as dense as that inside the building.

Mr. Roosevelt congratulated his audience on the prosperity of this state, and said that as a progressive himself he is pleased the state's business growth apparently has not been interfered with by its progressive action. He said he had come to Oregon much less in the attitude of a teacher than in that of a scholar, yet there are some things which he said he very earnestly desired to say just because of the fact that "you are taking the position of leadership in the effort to solve the political and social problems with which the nation is faced. You have taken a forward place along several different lines. As regards certain of those lines, the steps you have taken refer to matters which are of national consequence. In the sense that they are matters with which all our people in their collective capacity ought to deal. As regards other matters, they are things affecting Oregon only, and which can affect other states merely in so far as those states are influenced by Oregon's example. As an instance of the first class of matters those affecting the whole nation, I wish to comment, and to comment on it in the most emphatic favorable manner, upon what Oregon has done in the direction of securing the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people.

He approved the initiative and referendum but he vigorously disapproved

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LOCAL NATIONAL GUARDS WILL FIGHT SPANISH WAR VETERANS

Local members of the Oregon National guard, all new and untried men, will take the field next Sunday against men who have served in a real war and who have marched to the tune of whistling bullets. Members of Malabon camp, Spanish War Veterans have signified their willingness to participate in a sham battle with Company L in order to give the youngsters practice in military maneuvers. This proposal was made to the militiamen Tuesday night at their regular drill and was received with enthusiasm.

Under the command of Lieutenant George Hartman, the members of the famous Second Oregon will march to the attack and they promise to rout the guardsmen completely. One hundred rounds of ammunition will be issued so the firing will probably continue for long if the veterans fail in their first assault to dislodge their enemy.

Since the sham battle a week ago last Sunday in which one half of the company held a prominence on the reservation while the other half assaulted, all members of the company from the commanding officer down to the lowest of the buck privates, have been desirous of further experience and assert they learned more in that one mimic engagement than they have in all of the general encampments they have attended. The battle Sunday will be concluded in plenty of time to allow participants and spectators to attend the ball game and it is probable that many of the townspeople will go out to see the fray.

MAY RE-OPEN LORIMER CASE

La Follette Introduces Resolution Providing for Another Investigation

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE TO INCLUDE NEW MEMBERS

Friends of Lorimer Plan to Defeat Attempt to Expunge Bribery of Election—Edward Tilden Named As Man to Whom Slush Money Was Sent—Hines Issues Denial—Lorimer Refuses to Discuss Charges Made by Funk.

Washington, April 6.—La Follette introduced today in the senate a resolution providing for another investigation of the Lorimer charges. The resolution proposes an investigation to be conducted by the new members of the senate. The committee proposed is Works, republican, California; Townsend, republican, Michigan; and McLeon, republican, Connecticut; Kern, democrat, Indiana; and Pomerene, democrat, Ohio. The resolution recites the fact that witnesses that didn't appear at the first investigation have since testified that a fund of one hundred thousand dollars was raised to influence the election of Lorimer. The resolution was tabled without discussion, but is expected to come up soon for debate.

Just before the senate convened Stone of Missouri, said that in his opinion the senate was bound to take cognizance of the testimony of Kohlsaat as given before the investigating committee at Springfield. It is predicted that the case will be reopened. The anti-Lorimer senators have been refused by the Springfield officials to send the transcript of the Kohlsaat testimony and of that submitted yesterday by Funk.

DISASTROUS FIRE RAGES IN ECHO

TWO BIG WAREHOUSES ARE ENTIRELY DESTROYED

Buildings Valued at \$4000—Firemen and Strong Wind Save Mills—Origin of Fire is Unknown—Loss Partly Covered.

Echo was visited by the most disastrous fire in many years this morning when flames destroyed two warehouses of the Henrietta Milling & Grain company valued at \$4000. Insurance to the sum of \$1250 was carried on each building and as both were practically empty, the loss was reduced to a minimum.

According to a telephone communication this morning from Justice Scholl, the fire was discovered about 8:30 and one of the warehouses was soon enveloped in flames. The firemen responded quickly to the alarm and would have saved the other warehouse had the water not been turned off from the hydrant by the milling company several days ago. As it was, they did valiant work in saving the mills which were close to the warehouses. They were aided in this by the strong wind which was blowing away from the other buildings.

Had the fire have occurred yesterday, there would have been a much greater loss sustained as a large quantity of baled hay which had been stored in one of the warehouses was shipped out last night. There were only 200 sacks of barley in the other building which belonged to John C. Williams and this was a total loss as there was no insurance carried on it.

The origin of the fire is in doubt but it is thought to have been from a spark from a passing engine or from a match or cigarette stub carelessly thrown by a hoist or a member of the extra train crew which was in the yards. The two buildings were almost entirely consumed by the flames but will probably be rebuilt. The insurance was carried in a Hartford company and in a London and Lancashire company.

FINE IS SUSTAINED AGAINST JACK JOHNSON

San Francisco, April 6.—The mere fact that Jack Johnson is in jail hasn't ended his troubles with the courts. Today Judge Cabanis sustained the fine of \$100 against the negro for speeding, imposed by Judge Conland. The case was appealed, but Cabanis thought there was a hundred dollars worth of facts.

International Jury Meets.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 6.—Members of the international jury of the Carnegie institute are exhibition met here today and will award the usual prizes and medals. The fifteenth annual international exhibition of oil paintings will open here on the twenty-sixth of this month and continue to June 30.

Typewriters, adding machines, cash registers and other machinery for the busy office are now driven by tiny electric motors.

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Ten of the 46 senators who voted for the support of Lorimer are no longer members of the senate and anti-Lorimerites claim majority of the present body.

Lorimer's Friends Working.

Springfield, Ill., April 6.—Friends of Lorimer are today planning to defeat the attempt to expose the bribery of his election by killing the bill appropriating ten thousand dollars for the expenses of the senate committee in investigating the scandal. Members of the committee said today that they did not believe the house dared to defeat the bill in view of the charges by Funk that Hines admitted that a hundred thousand dollars was spent to elect Lorimer.

Funk's testimony coming after that of Kohlsaat is causing a sensation. Funk's allegation that Edward Tilden, president of the National Packing company, was named to him by Hines as the man to whom the subscribed money should be sent, caused more excitement than any development so far.

Released Voluntarily.

Springfield, April 6.—Funk testified yesterday that he voluntarily released Kohlsaat from the pledge of confidence, when he felt that the publisher would be sent to jail unless the information was given.

The disclosures made by Funk occurred unexpectedly at a specially called meeting of the senate committee members. The committee was not scheduled to resume its inquiry until tomorrow, at which time Mr. Kohlsaat had been ordered to reappear. But Mr. Kohlsaat and Mr. Funk arrived in Springfield yesterday morning from Chicago and Chairman Helm of the investigating committee at once called its members into special session.

Chairman Helm was aware that Mr. Kohlsaat stood ready to give the name of his informant. But no one outside of the committee knew of the matter. News of the disclosures swept from the supreme court building to the state house nearby within a few moments.

The house was still in session, while the senate had just adjourned for the day. The reports caused excitement, much discussion and hurried consultations among certain members in both branches of the legislature.

Several members left their seats in the midst of the debate on the civil service bills to learn more of the disclosures. Mr. Kohlsaat preceded Mr. Funk on the witness stand. He briefly stated that he was ready to give the name of the man who had furnished him with the report of the alleged \$100,000 slush fund.

Attorneys, members of the committee and spectators leaned forward tensely, as Mr. Kohlsaat gave the name of Mr. Funk. As the latter was called the committee room filled rapidly with spectators, some of them members of the legislature who had left their seats in the state house.

Hines Issues Denial.

Chicago, April 6.—A complete de-

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