

# NEW GOVERNMENT POSITIONS MADE

## THREE GRAZING EXAMINERS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS

Applicants Must Be Over Twenty Years of Age, Must Be Botanists With Range Experience — Forestry Service Is After Scientific Information.

A new government position is disclosed by the announcement by the U. S. civil service commission of an examination which will be held February 23 and 24 to find three grazing examiners for the forest service. The positions will pay a salary of \$1,200 a year at entrance.

The announcement specifies that the applicants must be men, at least 20 years old, and possessed of at least one season's experience in handling range stock, together with at least one year of technical training in specified botanical studies.

The establishment of this position is in line with the objects which the department of agriculture has always had in view in its management of grazing on the national forests. It is not merely seeking to prevent cattle and sheep from doing damage to forest growth and watershed conditions, as they graze on the herbage which is yearly produced in the open forests, parks and high mountain meadows within the national forests. Range-fed stock are a matter of decided importance to the American people in these days of rising prices for food products and diminishing supplies, in proportion to population, of livestock; and therefore Secretary Wilson intends that every acre of national forest range shall be made to produce as much forage as it is capable of doing, consistently with the carrying out of the other purposes for which the national forests are maintained.

Ever since the forest service took over the management of the national forests, it has been studying the range problem along with its regulation of grazing. In the beginning it was confronted with the fact that a very large part of the range had been badly abused and depleted through the competition of rival owners before any restrictions had been put upon them, and by overcrowding and bad methods of handling stock. Its supporting power had in consequence been greatly reduced, and was steadily declining. To enable overgrazed areas to recuperate, and to prevent the extension of overgrazed conditions to new areas, the amount of stock to be allowed on the forests was everywhere carefully prescribed. The results were then observed, and if it appeared that there was still overuse of the range, the numbers permitted were cut down still further. On the other hand, where recuperation has taken place the allowance of stock has been correspondingly increased.

The proposal to appoint specialists who are both thoroughly trained botanists and men of experience in range matters indicates recognition of the fact that to attain the highest point of range productivity the best scientific knowledge must be applied to the study of the problems of forage production and utilization. As stock graze on the range, the effect on the different kinds of vegetation differs both with its palatability or unpalatability and with its capacity to produce seed, its time of seeding, its resistance to trampling, its manner of growth and many other elements.

What is aimed at now is nothing less than to find out all the things on which depend the production of the largest amount of beef, mutton, wool, and hides on a given area. This involves learning how both to restrict and to time the grazing so as not to interfere with the reproduction of the most valuable elements in the forage crop, how to prevent unnecessary loss to feed through trampling and in other ways, how to exterminate poi-

sonous plants from the range, how to prevent the loss of forage which results from the multiplication of prairie dogs and gophers, whether it is practicable to introduce new forage plants by direct seeding, and many other matters. It is to look into such matters that the grazing examiners are to be appointed.

## NEW AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT ASSOCIATION

Short Course Students at O. A. C. Organize to Advance Scientific Farming.

"We, the students of the winter short course of the Oregon agricultural college, do formulate and establish the Oregon agricultural experiment league for the purpose of assisting the agricultural development of the state and nation by experiment and other means," is one of the resolutions passed at an enthusiastic meeting at the college.

The new movement, typical of the agricultural awakening of the entire nation, is in recognition of the fact that all advance on scientific lines of agricultural development must come from exhaustive experiment, conducted under widely varying conditions of soil and climate.

The association has as its object the furtherance of the interests of every branch of agricultural endeavor in the state by means of tests, experiments and the collection of data in cooperation with the Oregon experiment station at the college, with the dissemination of the resultant knowledge throughout the state.

Although the movement has been started by the short course students of 1911 at the college, membership is open not only to all other college students, now and in the future, but also to every progressive farmer in the state who desires to aid in advancing the agricultural interests of Oregon.

Prof. C. I. Lewis, head of the department of horticulture at the college was honorary president, and the following officers for the first year were elected: President, Leonard Carpenter, Medford; first vice president, A. W. Peters, Hood River; second vice president, Q. R. Booth, Yoncalla; third vice president, Mrs. Ellen R. Briggs, Portland; fourth vice president, John R. Loy, Beuna Vista; directors, W. B. Allen, Richland; J. M. Dickson, Shedd; W. P. Dickerson, Hood River; S. W. Jameson, Dell; and E. T. Raddant, Siletz; secretary, Stanton Griffith, Medford; assistant secretary and treasurer, Rev. William Orr, Corvallis.

The next meeting of the association will be held December 3, 1911, at the college, though the annual business meeting and election of officers, as provided in the constitution adopted, is to be held every year during the farmers' week at the close of the winter short course.

Among the charter members of the association which will probably include the entire 254 short course students, are, among others, C. N. Bennett, Astoria; A. S. V. Carpenter, Rhea Carpenter, Mrs. Winifred Serromine, Mrs. Margaret McCord, Leonard Carpenter and Stanton Griffith, all of Medford; R. M. Swing, W. B. Swing, Dallas; G. W. Gilbert, Baker; W. G. Harding, Clatskanie; W. A. Orr, Charles Walters, E. Schmitz, J. E. French, F. Withycombe, Corvallis; E. G. Clopton, Hood River; E. R. Poteet, Klamath Falls; J. C. Naderman, Turner; W. B. Allen, Richland; Z. L. Chamberlain, Newburg; Chris Myhre, P. A. Peterson, Junction City; J. B. Spencer, Wellen.

The U. S. Government in its "Pure Food Law" does not "indorse" or "guarantee" any preparation, as some manufacturers in their advertisements would make it appear. In the case of medicines the law provides that certain drugs shall be mentioned on the labels, if they are ingredients of the preparations. Ely's Cream Balm, the well known family remedy for cold in the head, hay fever and nasal catarrh, doesn't contain a single injurious drug, so that the makers have simply to print the fact that it complies with all the requirements of the law.

## LOS ANGELES WANTS IRRIGATION CONGRESS

Los Angeles is an early contender for the 29th annual sessions of the National Irrigation congress in 1912.

George H. Hutton, judge of the superior court of Los Angeles county, Cal., says in a letter just received at executive headquarters of the congress in Chicago:

"Los Angeles is going to be in Chicago early and strong. We want the congress in 1912 and will go fully prepared to meet every requirement, and, I believe, from the tacit understanding that seemed to prevail last year that it will be almost conceded to us."

Los Angeles entertained the second congress in 1893, when J. S. Emery of Lawrence, Kan., was president. William E. Smythe of San Diego, Cal., father of the organization, was chairman of the executive committee, the secretary being Fred L. Allen of Los Angeles, Sacramento, Cal., was the convention city in 1907.

## WINTER IRRIGATION PROVING SUCCESSFUL

Milo B. Williams of the office of experiment stations of the United States department of agriculture, who has been making irrigation investigations in Florida, Georgia and Alabama, said while at headquarters of the National Irrigation congress here that crops are doing remarkably well in those states under winter irrigation. Continuing, he said: "Citrus fruit growers and truck farmers are keenly interested in supplemental irrigation in Florida and there is every indication that new systems will be installed during this and the coming year. Supplying rainfall by artificial means is doubly important to the citrus growers, and it has had a marked effect among the truck farmers. The government is deeply interested also in sub-irrigation in Georgia and Alabama and several plants are in operation."

# NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST

## Snow Spoils Joseph Skating.

Joseph, Ore.—Sunday's snow spoiled the skating on Lake Wallowa. For the first time in many seasons the lake froze and the freezing was followed by several windless days. The ice was but two inches thick and as clear as plate glass. Hundreds skated all over the lake, which seldom freezes from end to end, a stretch of about five miles.

## Goldendale Opposes Division.

White Salmon, Wash.—Goldendale held a mass meeting to consider the proposed division by which the west end of Klickitat county would be cut off from the county, depriving them of the highest assessable district in the county, and N. B. Brooks, E. C. Ward and Dr. Collins were appointed a committee to campaign against the bill.

## Oregon Farmer Finds Oil.

Dallas, Ore.—Entirely by accident and in a district where the presence of oil in any form had never even been suspected Cephas Nelson, a farmer living three and a half miles south of this place ran into oil while boring a well and in such quantities that the country around here is wild with excitement and landowners are now preparing to send down wells.

## Joseph in Publicity Campaign.

Joseph, Ore.—A meeting of the business men of the town will be held Tuesday night for the purpose of organizing. There has been a commercial club in Joseph, but a new body is to be formed. With the growing fame of the town as a summer resort and the fame of the district as a mining field the business men feel that the time for publicity has about arrived.

## Dog Brings Out Big Fish.

White Salmon, Wash.—The dog of a White Salmon rancher has violated the game laws by bringing out of one of the eddy pools of the river a beautiful rainbow trout 29 inches long and weighing nine pounds. The blast of a rock threw the fish up and the big spaniel was equal to the occasion by plunging into the stream and bringing in his game by the gills.

## New Town Near White Salmon.

White Salmon, Wash.—Hamilton's addition starts a new townsite at Underwood Flat, just across the White Salmon river. The new town will be about 400 feet higher than the railway, which is reached by the ranchers by going down a long, steep grade. Charles Spencer of the White Salmon Valley Bank, and L. A. McClintock, White Salmon hardware dealer, have purchased lots.

## Waves Wash Hotel Away.

Hoquiam, Wash.—The Moclips hotel, one of the largest beach resorts on the Pacific coast, was badly wrecked as the result of the terrific storm Sunday night. The big 20-foot seawall on Moclips beach was partly washed out and the waves, pounding against the hotel structure, carried nearly one-half of the building away. The rest may go on the next high tide.

## Aster Club at Ferndale.

Milton, Ore.—A meeting was held in the Ferndale neighborhood Sunday to organize an aster club. The meeting was held at the home of Mrs. E. J. Jensen. The object is for each member to raise the greatest and most perfect variety of native Salomon petals for prizes given by the Inter-County Sports at Athena in the fall. Following are the officers: President, Mrs. Otto Didion; vice president, Mrs. Charles Stewart, and secretary, Mrs. Elmer Chastain.

## Kill Deer on Pritchard Creek.

Wallace, Idaho.—Reliable information has reached here that there is indiscriminate slaughter of deer on Pritchard creek, a tributary of the north fork of the Coeur d'Alene river. The news, supported by affidavits, will likely go forward today to the state game warden and an inspector will be sent to check up the complaints. Citizens of the north fork county say that the law has not been strictly enforced in that section.

A Warning—to feel tired before exertion is not laziness—it's a sign that the system lacks vitality, and needs the tonic effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sufferers should not delay. Get rid of that tired feeling by beginning to take Hood's Sarsaparilla today.

## Snaps for the Public.

Owing to the fact that I intend leaving the city, I will sell the following property at a great sacrifice: Nice, modern eight room house, only eight blocks from Main street; 255 acre chicken ranch, 10 miles from Pendleton, and new modern cold storage plant, just completed. All my property to go at a bargain. Investigate today. Antone Nolte, Pendleton, Oregon.

More moving pictures shown than any other theatre in the city—the Pastime.

## WHY BE BALD.

When Parisian Sage is Guaranteed to Stop Falling Hair, or Money Back? Parisian Sage is the most delightful hair dressing in the world; it is pleasant invigorating and refreshing. It makes the hair soft, beautiful and luxuriant. Wherever Parisian Sage is known, it is the ladies' favorite hair dressing. If, after using one bottle you do not say it is the most delightful hair dressing you ever used, you can have your money back. The price is only 50 cents a large bottle at Tallman & Co. It is guaranteed to cure dandruff and falling hair, or money back. The girl with the auburn hair is on every bottle.

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### Pendleton People Have Found That This Is True.

A cold, a strain, a sudden wrench. A little cause may hurt the kidneys. Spells of backache often follow. Or some irregularity of the urine. A certain remedy for such attacks. A medicine that answers every call. Is Doan's Kidney Pills, a true specific.

Many Pendleton people rely on it. Here is Pendleton proof. Mrs. E. J. Meiners, 501 Lewis street, Pendleton, Oregon, says: "About two years ago a cold settled on my kidneys and caused backache and pains through my loins. I felt lame and sore and any movement such as stooping or lifting was accompanied by sharp twinges. While I was suffering in that way, Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention and I procured a box. They gave me relief at once and I had not used them long before my trouble was entirely removed. I know that this remedy is one of great merit and consequently I do not hesitate to recommend it." (Statement given October 10, 1905.)

Time Is the Test. Mrs. Meiners was interviewed on May 17, 1910, and she said: "I still hold Doan's Kidney Pills in high esteem and I am pleased to again say a good word for them. I have taken this preparation recently and it has done good work."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's— and take no other.

### Indian Talk Lore.

The booklet entitled "Weyekin Stories," by Rev. J. M. Cornelson, missionary, is on sale at the Frazier-Nelson company stores. Price 10c. Send your eastern friends one.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. FAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

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- New California Door, for housework \$1.50
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IF SHE WILL ONLY STAY TO FINISH THE WASHING.

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AN WONDER IF DESE WHITE FOLKS EBA STOPS TO THINK WHAT TERRIBLE HARD WORK DIS IS! MA PORE OUBACK AM DONE NEAR BREAK!

I'VE BROUGHT THIS MAN TO EXPLAIN TO YOU MANDY HOW EASY IT IS TO DO YOUR WASHING BY ELECTRICITY!

I'M HAVIN' TROUBLE NUFF NOW! YOU DONE LET MR. EDISON LOOK AFTER DAT ELECTRIC BUSINESS.

ALL YOU HAVE TO DO IS TO PUT A LITTLE WATER AND SOAP ON THE CLOTHES TOWEL A BUTTON AND THE MACHINE DOES THE REST.

LORE MAN! THE DIS WORLD COMIN TO ANTEND? DIS CERTAINLY AM A WONDERFUL THING!

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# CURE OF ECZEMA AND DANDRUFF

By One Box of Cuticura Ointment and One Cake of Cuticura Soap. Head Perfectly Clear.

"I am pleased to inform you that I have been cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Since I was a boy I have suffered with dandruff, not only from the itching but from its disagreeable appearance in a scaly form all over my head. I had to brush it off my clothes all day long. I used every kind of preparation supposed to cure dandruff, also soap and shampoo, but it seemed to me that, instead of improving with these remedies, the dandruff increased, even my hair began to fall out and the result was that two months ago eczema developed on my scalp. I suffered so from this that as a last resource I thought I would try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. They had the most gratifying results for I had used only one box of Cuticura Ointment and a single cake of Cuticura Soap when I was cured, the eczema and dandruff were gone and my head perfectly clear. I can assure you that so long as I live no other soap than Cuticura will be used by me and all those near to me. I will also add that I will always use Cuticura Ointment as a dressing for the hair. I feel that you should know of my cure and if you desire you may use this as a true testimonial which comes from a sufferer of thirty years' standing. I will be happy to tell any one of my experience in order to assist those who may be suffering from the same disease. J. Acovedo, General Commission Merchant, 59 Pearl St., New York, Apr. 21, 1910."

Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for ailments of the skin and scalp. A cake of Cuticura Soap (25c) and a box of Cuticura Ointment (50c) are often sufficient. Sold throughout the world. Foster Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 118 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

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