

Showers tonight or tomorrow; colder tonight.



After you have read the ads in today's East Oregonian, you are ready to go shopping.

BIG INCREASE IN ATTENDANCE

Fair Draws Forty Per Cent More People Than Display Made Last Year.

GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN
WILL BE HERE TOMORROW

Big Attendance Continues to Make Exposition Huge Success — Elks' Parade This Evening — Political Day Was Big Attraction — School Children Profit by Holiday Tomorrow — Big Parade of Young Folks.

Notwithstanding the wind and rain this is to be easily the biggest day of fair week thus far. Early this morning the people began pouring into the city from all directions and both the Northern Pacific and O. R. & N. trains brought in capacity crowds.

It was announced by the fair management last evening that up to that time the average daily attendance was 25 per cent greater than for the corresponding days of last year, making it certain that the big fair is to be a success from a financial and attendance standpoint, as well as from every other. The large attendance is particularly gratifying to the management which feels repaid for enlarging the big pavilion, which, owing to the fact that there is nearly three times as much standing space as formerly, has not been crowded as in past years.

Big Parade Tonight.
The feature of today's fair will be the big illuminated automobile parade tonight. This will form a part of the Elks' celebration and promises to be one of the most beautiful sights ever witnessed in the city. Sam Thompson has had this feature in charge and he has been working day and night to make it a success. Nothing has been left undone and it is sure to be a success regardless of the weather, which, however, will probably be favorable.

Tomorrow the school children of the city will reign supreme at the fair and the parades by the different schools will be a sight long to be remembered. Some special features have been worked up in this connection different from anything ever attempted in the past. Teachers and pupils have entered into the matter with enthusiasm and many hundreds of people will line the sidewalks tomorrow afternoon as they pass down the streets and through the gates of the pavilion. Everything will be free to the school children tomorrow.

Political Debates.
Yesterday was political day and the program in the afternoon consisted principally of addresses by representatives of the different parties. Captain Sam White of Baker City, looked after the interests of the democrats in a manner highly satisfactory to the adherents of that faith. Geo. H. Rogers, the scrappy little mayor of Salem, represented the republicans, while Mayor W. P. Elmore of Brownsville, candidate for presidential elector on the prohibition ticket, spoke in behalf of the candidacy of Eugene Chaffin. Prof. Kirkpatrick, author of some works on economics, spoke for the socialists. The crowds were the largest that have listened to any of the afternoon programs and each speaker was loudly cheered at the close of his remarks.

Oregon Day Program.
Owing to the inability of a number

ber of the state officers to keep their engagements and be here for this afternoon, the only regular speakers were Attorney General A. M. Crawford and Congressman W. R. Ellis. The vacancies caused by the failure of State Printer Willis Duniway and Governor Chamberlain to be present, were filled by music and by the chairman of the day, ex-Governor T. T. Geer.

Tomorrow's Program.
The following program has been arranged for tomorrow:

Friday—Public School Day, Afternoon.
2:00 o'clock, band will play the three national airs, Yankee Doodle, America and Star Spangled Banner. Cornet solo—DeCaprio's artist. Addresses: Gov. Geo. E. Chamberlain. Quartette—College Song. W. J. Kerr, Ph. D., president State agricultural college. Quartette—School Song. R. F. Robinson, A. M., supt, Multnomah schools. Quartette—College Song. Col. Ernest Hofer, president State Normal School board. Band selections for the children.

**IMMIGRATION OFFICIALS
SUMMARILY DISMISSED**

San Diego, Oct. 1.—Wholesale removals from office among the officials of the immigration service along the Pacific coast are expected to follow the discharge by telegram from Washington today of the entire force of the local bureau. The man removed was Chief Emil Engelcke, inspectors John Canfield and Barney Manning and Interpreter Lee, a Chinaman. Engelcke says he does not know the cause of his dismissal unless this is a result of the report of Professor Jenks of Stanford who is secretly investigating the service. The telegram orders the men to quit at the end of today's work.

ASKS QUESTIONS OF ROOSEVELT

COLORADO MAN WRITES
FOR MORE INFORMATION.

Wants to Know What Administration Has Done Regarding the Southern Pacific-Santa Fe Pooling Agreement in Which Paul Morton Was Interested—Accuses Republicans of Knowing and Ignoring Pool.

Los Angeles, Oct. 1.—Democrats are awaiting Roosevelt's reply to a letter sent him by Adam Dixon Warner, "Silver Dick," in which he alleges that the present administration and the one preceding it, knew of the "pooling agreement" which existed between the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific in violation of the anti-trust law. The letter scores the administration for exchanging valuable timber land in Oregon and California for property which the writer says is worthless. The letter says, "You have been president for seven years; your predecessor was indicted into office nine months after the signing of the contracts; that there always has been a 'pooling agreement' in violation of law has been publicly known by your administration; Paul Morton, who signed the contract for the Santa Fe, was placed in your cabinet by you. You say in your letter to Bryan that your administration has destroyed a number of trusts. Will you explain to the people what action was taken to destroy this pooling agreement, one of the most vicious trusts in America?"

RAILROADS WILL CONTINUE FIGHT

Southern Pacific Calls Lumber Rate From Willamette Confiscatory.

ATTORNEYS AMEND
ORIGINAL COMPLAINTS.

Represent That Interstate Railroad Commission Has Transgressed the Boundaries of the Hepburn Act in Forcing Rates to Meet Water Competition — New Transcontinental Rates Arrive.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—The Southern Pacific will allege that the rates of the railroad commission in the Oregon lumber charge case are simply confiscatory, according to an amended bill of complaint in that case filed in the United States circuit court today.

The attorneys for the Southern Pacific and O. R. & N. who are acting in conjunction charge in their bill that the interstate commission has misconceived the Hepburn law in assuming power to compel the railroads to meet competition of water transportation.

The amended bill is more explicit than the original petition for injunction asked by the railroad which hopes to reopen the question on the matter of the alleged unreasonableness of the rate. The bill contends that the commission put a rate on lumber from the Willamette valley to San Francisco which amounts practically to confiscation. It alleges that it can be shown that lumbermen in the affected area will be deprived of profits amounting to two million dollars from the lumber business through which the railroad company is getting \$60,000 for the shipments. It says that the railroad is entitled to a court of review for the acts of the commission and that unless such an examination is maintained the company will be deprived of an inquiry into the reasonableness of the rates. The attorneys take the attitude that yesterday's decision simply compelled them to file a more explicit complaint in the matter.

New Tariff From East.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—The new tariff on goods from the Orient for through shipment from New York, which is to go into effect in November, arrived today and is being figured out upon the schedule of the interstate commerce commission dictating the rates of transcontinental railroads for such hauls. Heretofore the railroads and steamship companies have split on the rates to suit themselves.

**POLITICIAN OBJECTS TO
NEWSPAPER ARTICLE.**

Moscow, Idaho, Oct. 1.—Because he took exception to an article printed about him by his victim, State Senator Warren Truitt attacked Pete Orutt, the editor of a Troy newspaper, with an iron bar. The newspaper man was badly cut about the face and scalp, but is not seriously injured.

**CHINESE EMPEROR IS
INSANE SAY ATTENDANTS.**

Peking, Oct. 1.—The peculiar mental derangement from which the Chinese emperor is suffering is puzzling attendants of the royal palace. "Today they are in consultation with the most eminent physicians of China who were called by the empress dowager. The emperor is said to be suffering from a violent form of insanity."

**PHONE CONSOLIDATION
WILL IMPROVE SERVICE**

At an important telephone conference held here today an agreement was made whereby the local phone system and the Birch creek mutual shall be connected. As a result of the same the local system will now be connected with every phone line in the county.

The working agreement was arrived at this forenoon at a meeting attended by M. F. Marston, local manager for the Pacific States company, Special Agent Gregory of that company, Mr. McGinty, new owner of the Hilton line, and others interested in the rural lines. According to Mr. McGinty, he will practically rebuild the line between here and Pilot Rock and will provide a much improved service at once.

HASKELL TAKES TO WAR PATH

Oklahoma Governor Issues Letter Denouncing Roosevelt and Asking Explanations.

SAYS THAT PRESIDENT
WOULD PACK THE JURY.

Wants to Know Why Paul Morton Was Granted Immunity—Repeats Charges in Connection With Oil Franchise — Challenges President for Permission to Print His Letter on Liqueur Shipments—Why Was Cortelyou Retained?

Guthrie, Okla., Oct. 1.—Governor Haskell last night in an open letter to President Roosevelt attacked the president both personally and as to policy, declaring that Roosevelt would not hesitate to fix a court or pack a jury. Haskell's letter is a bitter attack upon the president rivaling in its sensationalism and the character of the charges that of Mr. Roosevelt himself to which it is a reply.

Haskell charges that he is defendant in certain suits as to government town lots brought at the instigation of the president, and declares that the purpose of republicanism about 20,000 Indian voters was the sole purpose of the president in the alleged action.

He then challenges the president to allow him to publish a letter which he declares Roosevelt wrote him last spring regarding liquor shipments into Oklahoma.

Upon this point Governor Haskell says:

Plugs Another Challenge.
"Morally I challenge me, Mr. Roosevelt, do not undertake to make a comparison between you and me. I do not get drunk on any occasion and never did in my life, but still have a better right of last water, while I shall be glad to publish with your permission, advocating your idea of interstate commerce of whiskey into prohibition territory. It was your answer to my appeal for assistance and would freeze the heart of any honest public official seeking to administer the laws of his state as the people by their votes had made the law."

He then discusses the president's attitude upon the policies enunciated in the state constitution of Oklahoma, saying:

"Your threat to turn down our constitution because it contained a provision for jury trials in contempt cases, is only one of the many things that you criticized and I thank God to this day that I had the courage to challenge you at that time to turn down our constitution on that ground if you dared to do so. You said that your opinion of our constitution would not look well in print. Mr. Harriman and J. P. Morgan said the same thing, but Samuel Gompers said the constitution of Oklahoma was the best ever written. I expected you to agree with Mr. Morgan and Mr. Harriman and of course was not surprised."

Roosevelt and the Oil.
The governor reiterates his accusation that Roosevelt was responsible for the granting of the franchise to the Prairie State Oil company, saying:

"I say that you did it at the solicitation of Senator Depew and others and that within a few days thereafter, chiefly by subscriptions of Standard Oil men, according to Mr. Harriman, the sum of \$250,000 in cash was added to your campaign fund."

"Mr. Roosevelt, let us not leave this Standard Oil company question without inviting from you information that we really need. You made a ruling that 4800 acres of land was the limit that any person or corporation directly or indirectly could obtain under lease for all purposes in the Indian territory and renewed the lease on 650,000 acres of Osage land to the Indian territory illuminating oil company and you know that the agent of the Standard Oil company owned a majority of the stock. Why did you give them a monopoly in Osage nation oil lands?"

"Why Did You Do This?"

"You criticize my directing the dismissal of the suit against the Prairie Oil & Gas company, which could not have been successfully maintained by the state. Tell me, please, what your reason was for directing the dismissal of that suit against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, being prosecuted by Judson, Harmon & Judson, special counsel, when the facts disclosed that a member of your cabinet (Paul Morton) was being uncovered as the prime offender? Answer this, will you?"

Why Was Cortelyou Retained?
"Mr. Roosevelt, you cry out for purity. You say you did not, four years ago, know where the corporation fund was coming from to secure

DANISH SCANDAL GROWS TO GREATER PROPORTIONS

Copenhagen, Oct. 1.—Having fixed the amount of actual thefts at from nine to ten million dollars, the Danish government is attempting today to determine to what extent the defaulting former minister of justice, Alberti, profited by the sale of titles and decorations, in which he is said to have done a wholesale business for 14 years. The inquiry promises to embarrass scores of prominent men whose elevation to the aristocracy Alberti is said to have secured on the payment of heavy sums, which he lost in unlucky speculations. Failures growing out of his operations are of daily occurrence. Of Alberti's thefts five million are from large banks and syndicates, the balance being from private individuals and commercial houses.

your election until the testimony of two years ago disclosed the bargains and sales between Mr. Cortelyou and the corrupt interests of Wall street. You have known that fact for two years and Mr. Cortelyou is still a member of your cabinet.

"Now, Mr. Roosevelt, while you are reflecting on these questions, will you justify yourself in giving faith or credence to any statement that has come to you from your political associate, Mr. Hearst, whom two years ago you branded as the man chiefly responsible for the assassination of our late president?"

"Remember, Mr. President, if at your next cabinet meeting you decide to try me under any of your present, past or future charges, before your cabinet, sitting as a jury to try an honest man, that I challenge Mr. Cortelyou for cause."

"R-REVENGE" DEMANDS HEARST

WANTS TEDDY'S SCALP
IF OPPORTUNITY OFFERS

New York Editor at Denver Says That President Has Something Coming When He Leaves White House—Denies That They Are Working Together—Says He Is Not Trying to Elect Taft.

Denver, Oct. 1.—William R. Hearst presents the charge that he is the political bedfellow of President Roosevelt. In a speech here last evening in which the editor read more letters of Archibald Forsaker, Mr. Hearst paid his respects to President Roosevelt and Mr. Bryan and compared the action of the president in repudiating Senator Forsaker with that of Mr. Bryan, who, he said was willing to take the responsibility of Governor Haskell's connection with the democratic national committee. "Well, let him take the responsibility," he continued.

Resuming his comments on President Roosevelt, Mr. Hearst said it was not true that he and the president "have altered our opinions of each other and are working now hand in hand," as the democrats charge. "I dislike Mr. Roosevelt personally and have every reason to dislike him. When I was running for governor of New York, Mr. Roosevelt sent his present mouthpiece, Tweed's ex-defender, into New York to say what was false about me and what Mr. Roosevelt knew to be false. If ever I have an opportunity to even things up with Mr. Roosevelt after he has ceased to be president, I shall do so with satisfaction. But while Mr. Roosevelt is president of the United States my attitude toward him is that of any loyal citizen of the United States."

Mr. Hearst denied that he was trying to elect Mr. Taft, a statement he credited to Mr. Bryan.

Bryan Celebrates Anniversary.

Lincoln, Oct. 1.—William J. Bryan is at his country home today quietly observing the 24th anniversary of his wedding. All callers were denied admission. Monday Bryan starts on a tour of Illinois, Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska.

HALF A MILLION THREATEN TO STRIKE

London, Oct. 1.—Half a million people will be added to the ranks of England's already great army of unemployed by a railroad strike which now threatens to tie up all transportation on this island. The unions have just held a referendum election at which it was determined that a strike should be declared if other means failed to gain the demands for betterment of the em-

MANY INDICTED FOR GAMBLING

Grand Jurors Raise Much Havoc With Pilot Rock People.

CASES DISCLOSED BY
VAN WINKLE BOY

Attorneys for Illicit Liquor Sellers File Demurrers to Indictments and Court Takes Objections Under Consideration—Freewater "Blind Pig" Man in Jail—Ireland Found Guilty.

Demurrers Overruled.

At 2:30 this afternoon Circuit Judge Bean overruled the demurrers filed by the attorneys for the ex-saloonmen.

By returning a dozen or more indictments for gambling yesterday afternoon the grand jury afforded a diversion from liquor cases that have occupied most of their time in the past.

Pilot Rock people are the victims in the gambling cases and the indictments grew out of the case of young Van Winkle, who was paroled this morning after having entered a plea of guilty to a charge pending against him.

Owing to the fact that arrests have not yet been made in all the gambling cases the names of all the indicted parties have not been given out. Among those already served are Geo. Mansfield, formerly of this city, Louis Bradburn, M. D. Orange and John Doe.

Mr. Doe appeared in court last evening and pleaded guilty to two cases charged against him. He was fined \$100 by Judge Bean.

Another liquor selling case developed this morning when A. B. Townsend of Freewater was arraigned upon a charge of breaking the law at that place. He is a shooting gallery proprietor in the little town and was indicted under the name of William Townsend. This morning he was given until tomorrow to plead.

Townsend is now occupying a place in the county jail in the absence of bail money.

Demur to Complaints.

Today the attorneys for the indicted ex-saloonmen took the first step in the legal fight they are to make by filing demurrers to all the indictments.

Several demurrers were filed at 9 o'clock this morning and this afternoon the remainder were submitted to the court.

The attorneys for the defendants showed a desire to avoid arguing the demurrers, but submitted a number of authorities upon the subject. At 2 o'clock Judge Bean adjourned court to consider the authorities.

In the proceedings now on in court Judge James A. Fee represents M. H. Gillette, C. Stone, John Schmidt, Joseph Morrison and Mel Norman, Messrs. Lowell & Winter and J. F. Shelton appear for H. B. Gillette, Frank Niece and McNab of Echo.

Guy and Dee Matlock, Tom Moffatt, and Joseph Sullivan are represented by Raley, Richards & Raley. J. T. Hinkle appears for Bogart & Keegan and for Noble. Will M. Peterson is attorney for Tom Murrell, Ben Morton and Sam Starr of Helix.

Ireland Found Guilty.

After being out but a short time last evening the jury in the case of James Ireland returned a verdict of guilty. He was charged with stealing a team from an Athens stable and was prosecuted by Charles J. Ferguson while Dan P. Smythe represented the defense. Ireland will be sentenced Saturday.

Three not true bills were brought in yesterday afternoon. These were in the case of E. W. Jewett of Echo, charged with stealing fence stakes; William Mullin, charged with larceny.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Klek of the Hudson Bay country, are here today visiting the fair.

PENDLETON HAS NO TENDERLOIN FOR FIRST TIME IN GENERATION

What has always been considered the impossible has practically happened. Pendleton's tenderloin district has all but been wiped out. The drastic order of Mayor Murphy, issued one week ago this morning, has had a better and more far-reaching effect than the mayor or any of the councilmen dreamed that it would have when made.

The order was to the effect that all women occupying the row of one-story shacks on Cottonwood street between Alta and Webb streets, and those occupying the ground floors of the two-story buildings should be required to move out. Also that the lattice work in front of these buildings should be torn out and that the rooms on the ground floors of the two-story buildings must be torn out so they could no longer be used for bawdy house purposes.

While it was hoped that this order would have the effect of causing some of the denizens of this part of town to seek locations elsewhere it was supposed that the most of them

would find accommodations on the second floors of the two-story buildings in that neighborhood. Such does not seem to have been the case, however, for large numbers of them have been seen to leave the city on recent trains and it was announced by Chief of Police Gurdane this afternoon that all but four of them had left town altogether.

Since this is a more satisfactory solution of the problem than even the most ardent leaders of the movement against this class of people had hoped for and it is now believed that the agitation will be dropped.

The results of the mayor's orders are considered the more remarkable since it has always been argued that it would be impossible to rid the city of this class of people, it being merely possible to scatter them. It is generally admitted, however, that the voting of the county dry and the eliminating of the saloons with the enforcement of the prohibition law has had a great influence in causing the general exodus.