



TO ADVERTISERS. Don't sit down in the meadow and wait for the cow to back up and be milked—go after the cow.

TAFT SOUNDS KEYNOTE OF CAMPAIGN IN LENGTHY SPEECH

Republican Candidate is Formally Notified of Nomination at Home of "Brother Charley."

Slashes Democratic Platform Right and Left and Shows Alleged Differences Between Two Great Parties—Wades Fearlessly into Discussion of Difference Between Labor and Capital and Discusses Propositions to Establish Postal Savings Banks and Insure Deposits—Declares Workingmen Have a Right to Form Unions and to Strike, but Do Not Have a Right to Destroy Property, to Intimidate Other Workmen or to Boycott Directly or Indirectly.

Cincinnati, July 28.—Taft was officially notified of his nomination as the republican candidate for president by Senator William Warner, of Missouri, on the lawn of the residence of Charles P. Taft, his brother, this afternoon. The formal notification and acceptance formed the climax to the greatest day of celebration Cincinnati ever saw.

Since early this morning daylight fireworks have been exploded and the city is simply covered with bunting and decorations of all kinds. It is a celebration without regard for party as far as a big majority of the residents are concerned.

Cannons booming from the hill tops about the city marked the opening program at 7 o'clock. Crowds made their way to the Taft residence where a singing and prayer service were held and flag ceremonies were carried out.

A flag which was made of material sent by the republicans of the Philippines, was run up amid thunderous applause, as Taft stood with uncovered head, saluting the Stars and Stripes.

At 10:30 the notification committee headed by Warner, left the hotel and were escorted through miles of decorated streets to the residence, where the senator began to make his speech.

The address was brief, and then Taft, in accepting, began his speech, which is the keynote of the campaign.

William H. Taft spoke as follows: "Senator Warner, and gentlemen of the committee: I am deeply sensible of the honor which the republican national convention conferred upon me in the nomination which you formally tender.

"I accept it with the full appreciation of the responsibility it imposes. Gentlemen, the strength of the republican cause in the campaign at hand is, in fact, that we represent policies essential to the reform of known abuses, to the continuance of liberty and to prosperity and that we are determined to maintain them and carry them on. For more than 10 years this country has passed through an epoch of material development far beyond any that has ever occurred in the world before.

"In its course certain evils have crept in. Some prominent influential members of the community, spurred by financial success and in a hurry for greater wealth, became unmindful of the common rule of business honesty and fidelity and the limitations imposed by law upon their actions. This became known. Revelations of breaches of trust, disclosures as to rebates and discriminations by railroads, accumulating evidence, the violation of the anti-trust laws by a number of corporations, the over-issuance of stocks and bonds on interstate railroads for unlawful enrichment of directors and for the purpose of concentrating the controls of railroads in one management, all quickened the conscience of the people and brought on a moral awakening among them that boded well for the future of the country."

Labor Question. In discussing the labor question, Taft said:

"The interests of the employer and the employe never differ except when it comes to a division of the joint profit of labor and capital into dividends and wages. To give employes the proper position in such a controversy, to enable them to maintain themselves against their employers having great capital, they may well unite, because in union there is strength and without it each individual laborer and employe would be helpless.

"The promotion of industrial peace through the instrumentality of a trade agreement is often one of the results of such a union when it is intelligently conducted. There is a large body of laborers, however, skilled and unskilled, who do not organize into unions. Their right before the law is exactly the same as those of union men and are to be protected with the same care and watchfulness.

A Right to Strike. "In order to induce the employe into compliance with a request for

changed terms of employment, workmen have a right to strike in a body. They have the right to use such persuasion as they may, provided it does not reach the point of duress, to lead reluctant co-laborers to join them in the union against the employer and have the right if they chose, to accumulate funds to support those engaged in a strike, to delegate the officers the power to direct the action of the union and withdraw themselves and their associates from dealing with or giving custom to those with whom they are in controversy.

"What they have not the right to do is to injure the employer's property, to injure the employer's business by the use of threats or methods of physical duress against those who would work for him or deal with him, or by carrying on what is sometimes known as a secondary boycott against customers or those with whom he deals in business. All those who sympathize with them may unite to aid them in their struggle, but they may not through the instrumentality of threatened or actual boycott compel third persons against their will, and having no interest in the controversy, to come to their assistance. Threatened unlawful injuries to business like those described above can only be adequately remedied by injunction to prevent them.

Injunctions. "It has been claimed that injunctions do not issue to protect anything but property rights and that business is not property rights, but such a proposition is wholly inconsistent with all the decisions of the courts. It is the fundamental rule of jurisprudence that no man shall be affected by a judicial proceeding without notice and hearing.

"This rule, however, sometimes has exception in the issuing of temporary restraining orders commanding the defendant in effect to maintain status quo until a hearing. Such a process should issue only in rare cases where the threatened change in status quo would inflict irreparable injury if the time were taken to give notice and hold a summary hearing. In some state courts and in fewer federal courts the practice of issuing temporary restraining orders without notice merely to preserve status quo on the theory that it won't hurt anybody, has been too common. This has made the laboring man feel the injustice done in the issuance of a writ without notice. I conceive that in the treatment of this question it is the duty of citizen and legislator to view the subject from the standpoint of the man who believes himself to be unjustly treated as well as from that of the community at large.

"I have suggested the remedy of returning in such cases to the original practice under the old statute of the United States and the rules in equity adopted by the supreme court, which did not permit the issuing of an injunction without notice. In this respect the republican convention adopted another remedy that, without going so far, promises to be efficacious in securing the proper consideration in such cases by courts by formulating into a legislative act the best present practice. With respect to notice, the democratic platform contains no recommendation. Its only intelligible declaration in regard to injunction suits is the reiteration of the plank in the platforms of 1896 and 1904 providing that in prosecutions for contempt in federal courts where violation of the order constituting contempt is outside the presence of the courts there shall be a jury trial. The extended operation of such a provision to weaken the power of the courts in the enforcement of lawful orders can hardly be overstated.

"The administration of justice lies in the foundation of the government. The maintenance of the authority of the courts is essential unless we are prepared to embrace anarchy. Never in the history of the country has there been such an insidious attack upon the judicial system as the proposal to interject jury trial between all orders of the courts made after a full hearing and the enforcement of such orders.

National Savings Bank. "The republican platform recom-

300 CHINESE ARE DROWNED.
Canton, China, July 28.—Three hundred Chinamen were drowned by the sinking of the passenger steamer Yong King, which foundered yesterday in a great typhoon which swept the Chinese coast. It is not believed any Americans or Europeans lost their lives.

mends the adoption of a postal savings bank system in which, of course, the government would become responsible to the depositors, for the payment of principal and interest. The democratic platform recommends a tax on national banks and such state banks as may come in the nature of enforced insurances to raise the guaranty fund to pay depositors of any bank which fails. How state banks can be included in such a scheme under the constitution is left in the twilight zone of states' rights and federalism so frequently dimming the meaning and purpose of the platform. The proposition is to tax the honest and prudent banker to make up for the dishonest and imprudence of others. If the proposal were adopted exactly as the democratic platform suggests it would bring the whole banking system of the country down in ruins and this proposal is itself an excellent illustration of the fitness for national control of the party which will commit itself to a scheme of this nature, without the slightest sense of responsibility for the practical operation of the law proposed.

"In the matter in putting a limit upon Asiatic immigration referred to in the democratic platform it is sufficient to say that the present republican administration shows itself able to minimize the evils suggested and the subsequent republican administration can be counted upon to continue the same policy. Another plank in the democratic platform refers to the failure of the republican convention to express an opinion in favor of the publicity of contributions received and expenditures made in elections.

"Here again we contrast our opponents' promises with our own acts. Great improvement has taken place under republican auspices in respect to the collection and expenditure of money for this purpose. If elected I shall urge upon congress that a law be passed requiring the filing in a federal office of a statement of contributions received by committees and candidates in elections. In my judgment

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TAFT WAS HELD A PRISONER

HAD TO BE SAVED FROM TELEPHONE BOOTH.

Squeezed in, But No Amount of Squirming Would Liberate Him—Wriggled and Perspired in Vain—Shouts for Help and Carpenter With Saw Serves as Liberator.

New Haven, Conn., July 28.—Held a prisoner in a telephone booth until saved out by a carpenter, was the experience of Taft recently, according to a letter written by George Bush, superintendent of the telephone company, Hot Springs, to friends in this city.

Bush says the candidate squeezed himself into the entrance to the booth, but when he tried to emerge he couldn't get out. He squirmed, wriggled and perspired for a few minutes alone, and finally shouted for help.

"People in the telephone pay station ran to his assistance and they immediately saw that a saw would have to be used. A carpenter was called and sawed the candidate free. Bush says a bigger booth will be built.

NEGRO BOY IS BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Greenville, Texas, July 28.—Ten Smith, a negro boy, was mobbed and burned to death in the center of the public square here today amid scenes of wildest excitement. The police were unable to cope with the situation. The mob was not satisfied until little was left of the boy's body.

Smith last night assaulted Miss Viola Delaney at the point of a gun. After her attack on the lonely road she took the story at home and a mob was quickly organized and started in pursuit of Smith. Officers found him first and placed him in jail.

The police were taking him to the Delaney home today when the mob took him away, took him to the public square, built a fire and then bound the lad.

The girl's condition is serious. Excitement among the colored population is serious and a race war is feared. The whites openly advocate driving the negroes from the city.

SULTAN ABDUL HAMID ABDICATES

No Longer Absolute Ruler of Turkey—Depends on the People for Power.

BANISHES HIS POWER WITH OWN DECLARATION.

Remarkable Climax to Series of Revolutionary Changes in Turkish Government—Entire Social Existence of Imperial Family—"Sick Man of Europe" Relieves Himself From Self Imposed Prison Existence of 31 Years—No More Polygamy for Princesses.

Constantinople, Turkey, July 28.—As a climax to the most remarkable series of revolutionary changes in the history of Turkey which have taken place in the past two weeks, Sultan Abdul Hamid II issued an imperial irade today changing the entire social existence of the imperial family in conformity with the reforms recently granted to his subjects.

Henceforth Hamid is no longer a despotic ruler of absolutism, but a constitutional monarch by his own declaration, and will live the life of a democratic monarch, depending on the good will of the people for power.

The irade declared officially that Abdul, who has been a self-imposed prisoner in the imperial palace for 31 years, will appear on the streets like any other citizen. It also declared that the princesses of the imperial family must henceforth observe monogamy.

The sultan is now said to be the happiest man in Turkey, as he is the most popular man in Turkey.

RAILROAD KINGS WEAR TINSEL CROWNS.

So Says George Gould, Who Is Reported to Have Abdicated.

New York, July 28.—"There are no more diamonds left in any railroad man's crown. The crown is not even gold; it is tinsel. Any one who wants to can come in and lift it if he has a chance." This was the statement made today by George Gould, the railway magnate, upon his return from Europe with his wife and children.

The reports that Gould had capitulated to Harriman and surrendered control of all his lines to him spread over Wall street, and everybody was anxious to hear what Gould had to say. His reply to the questions was his reference to the tinsel crowns.

Gould refused to say whether Harriman will become director of the Gould lines, but said that he was glad to have him. He said the Western Pacific situation had brought about for a time a discontinuance of his business relations with Harriman. He said he and Harriman were good friends.

LIPTON ENTERTAINS AMERICAN ATHLETES.

Great Yachtman Enlarges the Spot He Holds in Hearts of Americans.

London, July 28.—American athletes who participated in the Olympic games are the guests of Sir Thomas Lipton today aboard his yacht Erin. The Americans arrived in Southampton at noon.

Lipton presided at luncheon in their honor. Later on the yacht Lipton praised the sportsmanlike conduct of the Americans and criticized the Britishers, charging they were not game losers.

The Erin took the visitors on a cruise around the Isle of Wight. At the conclusion the Americans gave three cheers and a tiger for the Irish yachtman.

"Most Upright Judge."

Pittsfield, Mass., July 28.—Indignation was expressed by Judge Grosscup while discussing the story that E. Parmlee Prentice, son-in-law of Rockefeller, had invited him and Bonaparte to dinner at the Prentice home here. Grosscup is the judge who read the decision in the Standard Oil case. He denied he received the invitation.

30,000 Given Work in English Mills.

London, July 28.—It is estimated that over 30,000 were given employment today when a large number of factories opened in conformity with the new British patent law, effective today. The law makes it compulsory for a device patented in Great Britain to be manufactured there.

Bill Passes Up Willie.

Fairview, Lincoln, July 28.—Bryan today declined to discuss Hearst's attack on him and democracy at the opening of the Independence league's convention in Chicago.

SOLDIER KILLS SELF TO WIN WAGER.

New York, July 28.—Carrying out his oft repeated prediction that he would die in July, Walter Farmer, post quarter-master sergeant at Fort Slocum, shot himself at home today and died instantly. He was serving his third enlistment and had an excellent record. He made a wager a short time ago that he would die this month.

DRAIN EXPERIMENT FARM.

Regents of Agricultural College Decide on Action.

La Grande, July 28.—At a meeting of the committee of the board of regents of the Oregon Agricultural college, which met at the experiment station at Union yesterday, it was decided to drain and tile 100 acres of the swamp land belonging to the farm. The original estimate was placed at \$3,500, but since this estimate was made concessions in freight rates have been secured from the O. R. & N. which will reduce it to about \$3,000.

This will be the first large field to be scientifically tiled in Union county, and the foothill farmers will watch the results with interest.

Those present were Regents J. K. Weatherford, Captain J. T. Apperson, Walter M. Pierce and A. T. Burton, master of the state grange, whose office makes him a regent.

KILLED IN WRECK.

Rear End Collision of Passenger Trains on Canadian Pacific.

Vancouver, B. C., July 28.—J. McCormick, a tourist from Belfast, was instantly killed and seven were seriously injured in a rear end collision between Canadian passenger trains near Fort Williams. One passenger train struck the rear end of the other, completely wrecking it, and tearing up 20 yards of track and ties.

McCormick was evidently standing on the rear platform of the car struck. The accident occurred Monday, but the news just reached Vancouver today.

BURIED WITH HORSE.

Rich Farmer Wanted to Go to Hell by Direct Route.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 28.—The body of Warren W. Phillips, a rich farmer, lies in a grave with the horse, "Phil Sheridan," which died nine years ago. Preparations were made to bury Phillips in a fashionable cemetery, but when the will was read it was found he had provided that he be interred with his dead horse.

For years Phillips hated society and just before his death he told the executor of his will that the old horse was his best friend. At the same time he said, "I would rather go to hell direct than be buried in a cemetery."

COMMISSION IS TO INVESTIGATE

WILL SEE IF DECREASED RATES ARE JUSTIFIED.

Interstate Commerce Men Will Take the Initiative—Will Not Wait for Complaints—Prepare to Make Reduction Order Without Delay When Complaints Come.

Washington, July 28.—An announcement has just been made by the interstate commerce commission that it may at once start an investigation on its own motion for the purpose of learning whether an advance in freight rates is justified.

The statement issued by the commission says: "The commission has no authority to suspend the proposed advance in rates. It can order a reduction only after an investigation and hearing after such rates have become effective."

It is understood that if the tariffs filed with the commission show an increase, the commission, without waiting for the filing of formal complaints, will institute the investigation. This would enable it to handle promptly any complaint filed against the advanced rates.

HUNTINGTON BARTENDER IS MURDERED

Baker City, Ore., July 28.—Special to East Oregonian—Chris Jaspersen, a bartender in the Club saloon at Huntington, was shot and instantly killed by D. R. Trapp, another bartender, at that place about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Trapp was arrested and is now lodged in the county jail in this city.

WHEAT MARKET OPENS HIGH

Prices Are Higher Than Ever Before at This Stage of Harvest.

BLUESTEM REACHES HIGH WATER MARK OF 67 CENTS.

Many Crops Already Sold—Reservation Farmers Are First to Dispose of Grain—Smut Is More General Than Ever Before in the History of the County—Entire Northwest Suffering from Black Fungus—Smutty Grain Bring from 3 to 15 Cents Less.

With the opening price higher than ever before in the history of the county, this year's wheat crop is now being sold, and if the yield has been less than normal the price at least is highly satisfactory to the farmers. The opening price is 73 cents.

For several days past the wheat market has been active, although selling has not yet become general. Most of the wheat now sold changed hands Saturday, and nearly all of it was from the reservation. The largest sale that has so far occurred was that of L. L. Mann's yield, 35,000 bushels, to the Kerr-Gifford company. Aside from the Mann wheat, Frank Rogers, manager for the K-G. company, also yield.

Other reservation farmers to sell early were Messrs. Williamson and what is also rumored to have been sold. These yields were bought by the Balfour-Guthrie company. The Byers mill has also bought some wheat.

The wheat market this year opened at 73 cents for club, and immediately advanced to 73 cents. Buyers say they can not remember of a higher opening price. Blue stem is selling at from 76 to 77 cents.

The percentage of smutty wheat this year is larger than usual, and reports received show that this county as well as practically the entire Northwest is more or less damaged by smut this year. Wheat that is classed as smutty sells at from 3 to 15 cents per bushel, lower than No. 1.

HEARST IS IT.

In Complete Control of His Party Convention.

Chicago, July 28.—Hearst today made it plain that no opportunity would be given those men who are working to bring about the endorsement of Bryan by the Independence convention. It is expected the convention will adopt a rule by which all resolutions will be referred to a committee without being read. This will make it impossible to get the Bryan resolution before the convention as the Hearst supporters are in complete control.

Delegates to the national convention of the Independence league spent the morning sightseeing preparatory to the resumption of the sessions at 2 o'clock this afternoon when a report of the resolutions committee will be made by Chairman Howard S. Taylor.

Missing Girl in Jail.

Los Angeles, July 28.—Relatives of Anna Kassube, aged 18, a nurse who came here from Spokane, were today notified that the girl, who was the object of search for a month, is in the county jail here, serving a 25-days' sentence for larceny, charged with stealing a small quantity of clothing from a department store.

Child Drowns.

Charles, the 7-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Morte of Warrenton, Ore., was drowned in the Skipanon creek Thursday evening by falling overboard while playing along the bank. The body was recovered about three hours later.

Watch for Drowned Farmer's Body.

A close watch is kept for Henry Ross, farmer, who with his team was drowned near Bray's ferry on the Columbia river. The team, still hitched to the wagon, came to the surface Thursday near Orondo rapids.

several months, and the shooting is said to have followed a quarrel over a woman of whom they were both enamored. It is supposed that self-defense will be the defense of the murderer. But one shot was fired from the revolver in the hands of Trapp, the bullet piercing the temple and killing the man instantly.