



COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER. AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER. Published Daily, Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Pendleton, Oregon, by the EAST OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Daily, one year, by mail, \$5.00; Daily, six months, by mail, 2.50; Daily, three months, by mail, 1.25; Daily, one month, by mail, .50; Daily, one year, by carrier, 7.50; Daily, six months, by carrier, 3.75; Daily, three months, by carrier, 1.88; Daily, one month, by carrier, .95; Weekly, one year, by mail, 1.75; Weekly, six months, by mail, .88; Weekly, four months, by mail, .60; Semi-Weekly, one year, by mail, 1.50; Semi-Weekly, six months, by mail, .75; Semi-Weekly, four months, by mail, .50.

The Daily East Oregonian is kept on sale at the Oregon News Co., 147 6th street, Portland, Oregon. Chicago Bureau, 909 Security Building, Washington, D. C. Bureau, 501 Fourteenth street, N. W.

Member United Press Association.

Telephone Main 1

Entered at the postoffice at Pendleton, Oregon, as second-class mail matter.



We scatter seeds with careless hand And dream we ne'er shall see them more, but for a thousand years Their fruit appears In weeds that mar the land Or healthful store. The deeds we do, the words we say, Into still air they seem to float. We count them ever past, But they shall last— In the dread judgment they And we shall meet. I charge thee by the years gone by, For the love's sake of brethren dear, Keep thou the one true way. In work and play, Lest in that world their cry Of woe thou hear. —John Keble.

PENDLETON, "WET" AND "DRY."

Pendleton has always been a good "wet" town and as the saloons and liquor business produced none of her wealth nor the wealth of Umatilla county, she will be even a better "dry" town.

It is a fallacy to believe that saloons make a town, or add anything to the natural resources of a town or community. People might as well meet the facts bravely and dispose of them at once. The liquor traffic never added one cent to the resources of any town or community in the world. It simply handles and accumulates the money which others produce.

So Pendleton will go ahead just the same. She will be the banking, trading and commercial center of the same rich territory, she will build her city hall and federal building, improve her streets and water system, add to her school facilities and become the school center of eastern Oregon in every sense of the word.

The same Pendleton spirit is here, the same intelligent business men are at the helm, the same rich country surrounds the town, the same prospects are ahead of Pendleton that have always been anticipated and there are even more reasons to boost and build up Pendleton now than ever before, because we can truly say to homeseekers that the moral conditions of the town and county are beyond question.

The pessimists say that we cannot run the city government and meet the expenses without the saloons. This is a direct insult to the intelligent citizens who are directing the city's affairs. They can run a city without vice and can meet the legitimate expenses without levying on immorality.

The change in the policy of the county and city has come to stay and conditions will quickly adjust themselves. The East Oregonian has too much faith in the stability of Pendleton and of Umatilla county to believe the pessimistic complaints that are being made and that will be made about prohibition. It believes that the actual resources of this county are too great and too varied to be effected in any way by the abolition of a non-producing, expensive and crime-breeding business.

Umatilla county is just entering her best era. New land is coming under cultivation, new homes are being founded, new settlers are coming and new sections of the county are being developed rapidly. All of this means wealth, prosperity, trade and traffic for Pendleton and it is up to this city to build good roads into these new sections to make it easy for people to come to the city and easy to traverse the county.

Within an incredibly short time the city will forget that it ever had a saloon, forget that it ever depended upon the saloon income to maintain the city government and Pendleton "dry" will so far excel Pendleton "wet" that no thoughtful citizen will desire to change back to the old policy.

Let us prove to the world that Pendleton is a town, independent of any of the vices which have clung to it. The closing of gambling did not kill the town. The closing of saloons will not kill it, but will make it better in spite of the pessimistic complaints now heard.

THE RESULT IN OREGON.

The result of the election in Oregon is being watched with keen interest in other states, and it seems that the supreme test of popular government has come. In the state of Washington the people are following closely the working of the popular measures in this state and it is probable that within two years Washington will have adopted the progressive laws now in force in Oregon.

As an illustration of the sentiment elsewhere on the result of the election in this state, the following from the Walla Walla Statesman is taken:

Yesterday's election in Oregon means more than that a life-long democrat is to occupy one of that state's seats in the United States senate. It means more than the personal triumph of Governor George E. Chamberlain.

Yesterday's election in Oregon means that the people of our neighboring state have cast party fealty to the winds and that the day of the machine is over. On no other grounds can be explained the mandate of the people that a strongly republican legislature, chosen at yesterday's election, shall send a democrat to sit in the nation's highest council.

George Chamberlain, however, isn't a senator yet, and if he ever takes the oath of office before the vice-president of the United States, it will signalize a greater triumph for the moral idea in politics than was scored by the popular governor in yesterday's election.

Although the majority of the republicans elected to the legislature have pledged themselves to vote for the senatorial candidate receiving the greatest number of votes at yesterday's popular election, this vote will not be taken until the legislature convenes, and if the majority of the members of the legislature decide to violate their pledges and to vote for Mr. Cake or even for the discredited Mr. Fulton, the election of either of these gentlemen will be valid from a purely legal point of view.

It is all very well to assume that, in view of the pledges taken by the legislators, such a course of action would be beyond contemplation. Those who know anything about practical politics know that there will be plenty of temptation for the legislator to violate his pledge to the voters.

It matters not whether Mr. Cake, true to his promise to abide by the results of the election, declines to permit his name to go before the legislature. If he does, some other republican will be found who will be willing to take a tainted toga, and will resort to every known expedient to secure it.

The influence of national politics will be strongly felt in the state house at Salem, and it would not be surprising were the full power of the republican national organization concentrated in Oregon to overthrow the will of the people as expressed at the polls yesterday.

Were they left to the dictates of their own conscience, it would not be at all unusual for the republican legislators to follow the cue of their constituents and place manhood above party; but, in spite of the influences which will surround them, those Oregon legislators can take home to their constituents an unbroken pledge, they will be entitled to the everlasting gratitude of every patriot in the nation.

Oregon faces the supreme test in popular government. The next legislature will be close or, statement No. 1, but the East Oregonian has sufficient faith in the integrity of the men who have taken this pledge to believe that although but one vote would be needed to keep Oregon in the republican rank, that one vote could not be secured by the broken pledge of a statement No. 1 member. If Governor Chamberlain has secured the popular vote he should be elected United States senator on the first ballot. While the East Oregonian has made a hard fight for Mr. Cake and has made votes for him, yet it cheerfully consents to the will of the people and shall urge the election of Governor Chamberlain by the legislature if he has received the popular vote.

Pendleton will perhaps have the biggest and most enthusiastic Fourth of July celebration this year ever witnessed in the city. There is cause for celebration. Pendleton is just at the gateway of her most prosperous and enlightened era. Let us make it a hummer.

INDIAN LEGEND OF THE "LAND OF WA WA."

The following northwest Indian legend of the "Land of Wa Wa," is from the Seattle magazine, the Westerner: The early settlers of eastern Idaho had much trouble in fighting the mosquitoes. The insects were so numerous that workers in the fields were compelled to wear gloves to protect their hands from being bitten by the pests.

Mormon pioneers wore veils over their faces when milking the cows because of the great swarms of mosquitoes that came from the meadows after sunset. For many years after the first homes were erected the people had to fight for comfort everywhere they tried to locate:

They built huge fires and covered the burning brush with green plants to make a smoke that would drive the insects away. The houses were screened with wire and cloth to keep mosquitoes from getting inside and disturbing the rest of the people.

The Indians designated the country as the land of the Wa-Wa and related this legend.

Many years ago there lived a great god named Wa-wa. He was larger than the ordinary man and had a sharp beak four feet long. When any of the neighbors crossed his path this big, lazy creature would stick his beak into them and emit a poison which soon caused them to die.

He lived in a big stone house and had the place fortified with high canyon walls. Being rich, he had numerous servants that were kept in bondage. Every living thing feared the god Wa-wa which was the Indian word for mosquito. Meetings were held and plans made to rid the country of this dangerous foe. But all efforts were of no avail. He succeeded in overpowering all his enemies and driving them from his chosen land.

Coyote was a shrewd little fellow who feared nothing. He lived by his wits and gained through the day much flattery. He had two sisters who were wiser than himself. When he was in need of advice the sisters were consulted. They opened communication with the spirits and received proper counsel. They told Coyote to take his stone ax and go to the house of Wa-wa. The ax was concealed. Coyote carried five little sticks.

When he neared the house of Wa-wa he lighted the sticks and caused a powerful smoke to fill the place. Then Wa-wa dropped upon the floor. Coyote would not kill him, but with the ax he split open his head and caused thousands of little Wa-was to come forth. The power to send out poison was taken away and Wa-wa was ever after only a small insect, now numbered by millions and known as the mosquito of Snake river valley.

SCHOOLS BOOST A TOWN.

The little city of Lebanon, Linn county, wears the proud distinction of state championship in high school debate, says the Salem Journal. The young ladies who won out are Annie McCormick, Elsie Dillard and Pearl Aldrich; against Birdie Wise, Carl Thos and Jennie Jeffers of Astoria.

Sometimes such decisions are arrived at in a more or less haphazard manner, owing to the systems of marking. But the significance of a small city like Lebanon winning out over all the high schools of the state is very important.

Lebanon has impressed the writer for some years as having made a great feature of public school enthusiasm.

This is due to the personal enthusiasm of a few men in the community like Senator Miller and Postmaster Brown and men on the public school board.

It is a great advertisement for Lebanon. The city is more noted for its high school than almost any other feature.

It is a good thing for a town to become noted for its public schools and educational advantages.

FIRE LOSSES A DISGRACE.

One conflagration destroying \$4,000,000 or \$5,000,000 worth of property makes a great display in the newspapers, and yet fire losses were not quite \$4,000,000 a week, the year round, but for the past five years the average loss has been \$5,000,000 every week, a total for five years of \$1,500,000,000. That owners of property were partially indemnified by insurance does not affect the fact that the country as a whole suffers this enormous and preventable waste.

Most of our building is a gamble between the owner and the insurance company. The enormous fire losses amount to a national disgrace, for other countries do not experience any such waste.—Exchange.

COLORS BROTHER TIRED.

"Several years ago," said Representative Talbert of South Carolina. "I attended a colored church down in my state where a revival meeting was going on. The preacher was a big fat negro, who seemed to be wound up for an all-night discourse. His subject was the Prophets. He rambled on for an hour or more about the 'Major Prophets,' and then he turned his attention to the minor Prophets. 'My breddern,' he said, with a wide sweep of his right arm, 'we now come to Hosea. Let us consider him. Whar shall we put Hosea?' 'Hosea can have my seat,' said an aged colored man, rising. 'I am so d—tired I'm going home!' 'The meeting broke up in confusion.'—Washington Post.

Little Bear, chief of the vagabond tribe of Cree Indians, is anxious to enlist his 300 braves in a war with Japan. He seems surprised and disappointed when told there was little chance of conflict between the two nations.

RICH RED BLOOD NATURE'S SAFE-GUARD AGAINST DISEASE

Pure, rich blood and a free circulation is the surest protection against the diseases and disorders which are constantly attacking our physical systems. The healthy circulation of the blood prevents the entrance of disease germs, and filters out of the system everything that is not necessary or beneficial to the growth and development of the body; all life's forces are kept up by it, and every organ, nerve, tissue and bone is dependent on the blood for its nourishment and strength.

Healthy blood is filled with millions of little red corpuscles. These minute particles furnish its rich, red color, and are the carriers of nutriment and health to the different parts of the body; in other words the very life and vitalizing essence of the circulation. The destruction of these corpuscles by disease germs weakens and pollutes the blood, and anaemia, with its attendant evils of pale, chalky complexions, weak, run-down systems and malarial conditions, or perhaps some more definitely marked disorder, is the result.

Frequently the blood becomes infected with acrid, fiery humors, and Eczema, Acne, Tetter, or some other skin disease or affection makes its appearance, and is kept up with its itching and disfiguring symptoms. An excess of uric acid in the circulation causes a fermentation of the blood, and Rheumatism, with its pains and aches, is established in the system, there to remain, unless the poison is driven from the blood.

Old Sores and Ulcers are likewise dependent on bad blood. These places are kept open, and in a state of irritation by the drainage of pollution which the blood is continually discharging into them. In fact there are few ailments which cannot be traced to impure or diseased blood, and our only safeguard is to keep the circulation in strong, healthy condition. In all blood troubles S. S. S. has proven itself a perfect remedy, and is universally recognized as the greatest of all blood purifiers. It goes down into the circulation, and removes all poisons, humors and taints, and makes this life-stream pure and health-sustaining. It purifies and strengthens weak, deteriorated blood, supplies it with the healthful properties it needs, and establishes the foundation for good health. As a tonic S. S. S. has no equal, and will be found especially adapted to weak, run-down systems. One of the greatest points in favor of S. S. S., is that it does not contain a particle of mineral, but is made entirely of the extracts and juices of harmless, healing, cleansing roots and herbs. Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, and all other blood troubles, are permanently cured by S. S. S., and so thorough is its work that no trace of the disease is left for future outbreaks. S. S. S. is for sale at all drug stores. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired will be sent free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, and all other blood troubles, are permanently cured by S. S. S., and so thorough is its work that no trace of the disease is left for future outbreaks. S. S. S. is for sale at all drug stores. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired will be sent free to all who write.

Byers' Best Flour

Is made from the choicest wheat that grows. Good bread is assured when BYERS' BEST FLOUR is used. Bran, Shorts, Steam Rolled Barley always on hand.

PENDLETON ROLLER MILLS

W. S. BYERS, Proprietor.

What Makes a Bank Strong?

In judging a bank, always remember that it is the personnel of the stockholders, directors and officers that are behind the institution which give confidence to the depositor that his funds are safe.

The Pendleton Savings Bank

Is essentially a "Home" Institution. Its stockholders are well known Umatilla county and Oregon citizens. Its constant growth is the result of careful and conservative management, with the most liberal treatment for all deserving enterprise.

Capital and Surplus \$250,000.00

Table with columns for STOCKHOLDERS and names: W. J. Furnish, R. T. Cox, Joseph Basler, E. Boettcher, L. Dusenberry, E. W. McComas, A. C. Koepfen, J. N. Teal, Frank S. Curl, T. J. Morris, Herbert Boylen, A. Devlin, J. W. Maloney, A. E. Lambert, J. H. Raley, R. Alexander, T. G. Montgomery, Estate of D. P. Thompson, Montie B. Gwinn, F. W. Vincent, E. L. Smith, C. E. Roosevelt, R. N. Stanfield, Clementine F. Lewis, Marion Jack, Al Page.

FOR SALE

1280 acres, 1-2 in crop \$32,000.00; 240 acres \$3,500.00; 160 acres \$4,500.00; City Property For Sale.

FRANK B. CLOPTON & CO.

112 E. Court St., Pendleton, Ore.

Garden Hose and Refrigerators

Are something that everybody needs now that dry and warm weather is coming on and it behooves everybody to get the best for their money. If that's what you're looking for, call around and examine my line of refrigerators and garden hose.

V. STROBLE

Phone Black 3171 210 E. Court Street

Hotel St. George

GEORGE DARVEAU, Proprietor.



European plan. Everything first-class. All modern conveniences. Steam heat throughout. Rooms en suite with bath. Large, new sample room. The Hotel St. George is pronounced one of the most up-to-date hotels of the northwest. Telephone and fire alarm connections to office, and hot and cold running water in all rooms. FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT IN CONNECTION WITH HOTEL.

ROOMS: \$1.00 and \$1.50

Block and a Half from Depot. See the big electric sign.

The Hotel Pendleton

W. A. BROWN, Proprietor.



Telephone and fire alarm connections with all rooms. Headquarters for Travelling Men. Commodious Sample Rooms. Free 'Bus. Special rates by the week or month. Excellent Cuisine. Prompt dining room service. Bar and Billiard Room in Connection. Only Three Blocks from Depots.

Golden Rule Hotel

Corner Court and Johnson Streets, Pendleton, Oregon.

J. POPEJOY, Proprietor



Heated by Steam Lighted by Electricity

Courteous treatment; reasonable rates

Free 'bus meets all trains.

Fine restaurant in connection.

Special attention given country trade.

An ideal family hotel—No bar in Connection.

GROUND BONE

FOR CHICKENS.

3c pound

Also fine fresh meats delivered promptly at reasonable prices.

EMPIRE MEAT CO.

'Phone Main 18.

Balanced Rations

For Incubator Chicks

Lice Killers and

Conditioners

For Poultry and Stock

at

COLESWORTHY'S

Feed Store 127--129 E. Alta

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right