

## East Oregonian

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published every afternoon (except Sunday) at Pendleton, Oregon, by the EAST OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**  
Daily, one year, by mail, \$3.00  
Daily, six months, by mail, 2.00  
Daily, three months, by mail, 1.25  
Daily, one month, by mail, .50  
Weekly, one year, by mail, 1.50  
Weekly, six months, by mail, .75  
Weekly, four months, by mail, .50  
Semi-weekly, one year, by mail, 1.50  
Semi-weekly, six months, by mail, .75  
Semi-weekly, four months, by mail, .50

Member Scripps-McRae News Association.

The East Oregonian is on sale at B. B. Rich's News Stands, at Hotel Portland and Hotel Perkins, Portland, Oregon.

San Francisco Bureau, 408 Fourth street, Chicago Bureau, 909 Security building, Washington, D. C. Bureau, 501 Fourteenth street, N. W.

Telephone.....Main 1.

Entered at Pendleton Postoffice as second class mail.

**NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.**  
Copy for advertising matter to appear in the East Oregonian must be in by 4:45 p. m. of the preceding day; copy for Monday's paper must be in by 4:45 p. m. the preceding Saturday.



### THE CALL OF THE EARTH.

From counting-room and sweat-shop drear,  
From factory and toll,  
I call you out to life most dear—  
Out to the perfumed soil!  
I call you out from slavery  
To where the song birds fly—  
I call you out—Come! go with me  
To Freedom's earth and sky!  
—Will Hendrickson in Overland Monthly.

Umatilla county woolgrowers will faithfully observe the wool sales days fixed by the Woolgrowers' association this year, as usual. The higher prices resulting from these sales days are a perpetual argument in favor of the continuation of the sales. The buyers must bid for what he gets and every man having wool for sale stands an equal chance of securing its actual market price. Within the past three years these salesdays have saved to Umatilla county woolgrowers in advanced prices for their product, fully enough money to pay the taxes on all the sheep in the county.

It is in rather bad taste for the little mealy republican papers which were bought up like cattle four years ago, to be opposing a life-long republican who would represent their section of the state in the United States senate. These little sheets now have an opportunity to show that they are truly republican in principle and not for revenue only, by supporting for the United States senate an eastern Oregon man who has spent his life—not three or four years—but a lifetime, in defending and advancing republican principles of government.

The contest between Portland and Seattle is healthy and interesting. The two great cities are both making splendid advancement and are adding population, commercial advantages and wealth at an alarming rate. Because of its location, near the mouth of the Columbia river, the great highway of the west, Portland has a perpetual advantage over Seattle. It is down hill all the way to Portland from all her tributary territory, and freight follows the down-hill route, always. With the establishment of packing houses, woolen mills, dry docks and shipyards at Portland, she leaps into the rank of an American commercial metropolis and no possible turn of fortune can wrest from her the title of Queen City of the Pacific coast.

Building has been completely suspended in several places in the northwest by the extremely high prices of lumber, fixed by the lumber trust of the Pacific coast. The big mill companies under the protection of the tariff law, which prohibits the importation of Canadian lumber, have advanced the price of lumber and building material to such a degree that people cannot afford to build. It is cheaper to pay rent. This work of the monopoly will do incalculable harm to the country by retarding improvements. The tariff of \$1 per 1000 should be removed from Canadian lumber in order to permit the introduction of building material at reasonable prices. This is one direct and emphatic lesson of the tariff curse of the United States. Monopolies are

enriched and consumers are oppressed by its iniquitous workings.

Washington has one United States senator from each side of the great state, in order to balance the representation. Oregon should pattern after her thrifty sister on the north. Senator Fulton represents western Oregon and is peculiarly fitted to defend and advance the interests of that part of the state. Judge Lowell of Pendleton would represent the great eastern and central Oregon districts, as Senator Ankeny of Walla Walla represents the great eastern Washington section. The election of Judge Lowell would balance the representation of Oregon as the division of the offices balances the state of Washington. Portland has claimed these high offices until it has become a fixed habit, a second nature for her to expect them. The year 1906 should mark the beginning of the period in Oregon politics when eastern Oregon came into her rights by electing a United States senator and henceforth this portion of the state should ever be represented in that body. Judge Lowell would be to eastern Oregon what Senator Ankeny is to eastern Washington—a truly representative citizen, awake to the needs and peculiar conditions of his state.

### A PLEA FOR THE PAGAN.

If Galski, the famous soprano who is coming to Walla Walla on March 22, will sing "Old Black Joe," "Ben Bolt," "Swanee River," "Her Bright Smile Haunts Me Still," "Silver Threads Among the Gold" and other barbarian ballads within the reach of the common man, the entire East Oregonian force and two or three hundred other Pendleton pagans will attend the performance.

But "Il Trovatore," "Mignon," "Carmen" and other of the grand operas have no attraction for the medium man or woman, and precious little real attraction for any portion of the people who rave over them.

Many people demand this sort of music because it is said to be "high class." There is little melody, little sentiment, little fascination in the operas. There is so-called art in them, it is true, but it is a sort of art that is not sympathetic or infatuating. It is coldly mechanical and appeals only to those who appreciate its difficulties and intricacies.

The later musical productions, the later novels, the later dramas are extreme in their interpretations. They are unnatural, unreal and have all their tones pitched in a shrill, high key that is beyond the appreciation of the common, virile, rugged mass of mankind.

The great singers have sublime voices. Nature has given them gifts beyond all value, but the great throbbing, hungering world enjoys these great gifts but slightly, owing to the inartistic and unsympathetic tendency of art.

### COMING EVENTS.

April 5, 6—Inland Empire Teachers' convention, Spokane.

April 20—Primary nominating election, state of Oregon.

May 31, June 2—Umatilla Pioneers' reunion, Weston.

May 24-27—The Dilles and Columbia river Epworth League convention, Walla Walla.

June 20-24—Northwest Sportsmen's tournament, Walla Walla.

**Dates of Wool Sales.**

The following wool sale dates for Oregon have been fixed by the Oregon Woolgrowers' association:

Pendleton—May 22, 23, 29 and 30.

Heppner—May 24, 25; June 7, 8, 21 and 22.

Condon—May 31 and June 1, 27 and 28.

Shaniko—June 5, 6, 19 and 20, and July 10 and 11.

Baker City—June 25, 26; July 12 and 13.

Elgin—July 13.

**Stoker in First Locomotive.**

Letchworth Cox, who was a stoker on the first locomotive that ever got up steam in America, celebrated his 91st birthday at his home in Jamesburg, N. J., on Christmas day. Mr. Cox was the son of Joseph and Hannah Cox and was born in Chester county, Pa., in 1814. He is still in possession of all his faculties.

On March 16 there were 12 babies born in Reardon, Wash.—all singles.

### IT'S RIGHT HERE

that the superiority of our blank books, stationery and office essentials makes itself manifest, as they will to every practical bookkeeper. The quality of our goods is of the highest, and as they cost no more than inferior kinds, you certainly can see why it will pay you to patronize us.

**Frazier's Book Store**



### TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS COSE LARGE SUMS.

Enormous sums of money are frequently expended by various governments to rectify errors, often apparently trivial, in government printing. The United States some years ago, destroyed 4,000,000 telegraph forms owing to the misspelling of a single word. In 1882 several hundred thousand greenbacks were cancelled before issue owing to the same cause. An employee was convicted for attempting to steal some of these worthless notes, with the intention of selling them to collectors.

The Austrian government is so intolerant of mistakes that it cancels documents, not only on the ground of serious mistake or misspelling, but even as the result of a misspelled letter. The use of a small, instead of a capital "B" in the word "Brief" led a short time ago to the destruction of 25,000 forms issued to the various post offices.

In 1850 an Austrian designer of bank notes signed his name in tiny letters at the foot of a drawing. The engraver copied the name, and, before the mistake was discovered, 10,000 notes were printed, all of which had to be burned.

A symbolical figure on another Austrian note was maliciously given a beard which could be seen if the note was held at a certain angle in the light.

Before the union of Italy, more than one attempt was secretly made to turn official papers and notes to propagandist uses. A customs house regulation form was so spaced by the compositor that the initial words in every line, if read consecutively, were a declaration against the papal claim to govern Rome.

In another case the spacing of words in certain bank notes were so arranged that by drawing a pencil line in a particular way, a rude outline of the arms of Savoy resulted. These notes, of course, never saw the light, the device being too obvious to escape detection.

In 1901 a Spanish engraver was heard boasting that he had "signed his name" on every one of 10,000 bank notes just about to be issued. When called up and asked for an explanation he declared that he had been joking. But an examination of the notes showed that certain letters in one line were raised a microscopic distance above those next to them. These raised letters spelled the employee's name. One hundred and fifty pounds was the price paid by the authorities for their engraver's joke.

The Kaiser's persistent interference in all matters of art has cost the Fatherland heavy losses in cancelled printed matter. One of his first acts as sovereign was to show his subordinates how the imperial arms should be printed. After many thousand forms and documents had been impressed with these arms an antiquarian of high authority proved to his majesty that the new design was not only wrong, but also humiliating to himself. Fifteen hundred pounds worth of paper were promptly reduced to ashes.

In another case the Kaiser "sub-edited" the German money order form in such a way that the public could not make head or tail of this. Finally the new form had to be called in and thousands of unissued copies destroyed.

Fifteen thousand pounds worth of the eleven shilling postal orders had to be destroyed by the general post-office some time ago owing to the poundage stamped on the face having been 1d. instead of 1-1-2d., as it should have been. The estimated loss to the country was £100.

England seldom has to put up with such losses, but foreign governments are less lucky. Both on the Continent and in America carelessness or wantonness in misprinting money orders, telegraph forms and bank notes have led to serious loss and curious complications.

France has been a bad sufferer. In 1898 more than twenty thousand hundred francs credit notes were printed with a word badly misspelled, the error not being noticed until some of the notes had been issued to banks.

A couple of years later an engraver, under notice of dismissal, contrived to number a series inaccurately, with the result that the notes had to be cancelled.

During the Crimean war, a foreign firm of engravers, settled in Russia, printed half a million credit notes with the imperial arms reversed. The government, of course, refused to accept the notes and the engravers had to put up with a loss of £5000.

### EIGHTY-FIVE YEARS YOUNG.

It isn't much of a trick to live to be 85 years old. But to be vigorous and virile and a United States senator at 85 is an accomplishment. Few men have done that. Edmund Winston Pettus of Alabama, is one. More at 85 he has notified his constituents that he is a candidate for re-election and expects to begin his third term, deborantly, in his 89th year.

Numerous people attain distinction by great age. It is an easy way. All that is necessary is not to die. A centenarian, however humble, always gets a paragraph in the newspapers when he lets go his tenacious hold on life. Still, the list of men over 80 in active and great affairs is not so long that it burdens one's mind, and that is why the deep-chested, dome-headed Pettus is notable. If he were merely an old man it would be one thing, but he is more than that. He is a wise old man, an alert old man, a good counselor, a valuable senator, and a delightful companion for any man of age.

There is an ever-living story about every man worth while. Sometimes there are several, but there is always one.

The Pettus story is this: When ex-Senator Pugh was a candidate for re-election to the senate in 1896 he went to Alabama and held court as the boss. He thought he was in control. Pettus, then, as for many years, prac-

# Really Good Things to Eat

Are made with Royal Baking Powder—bread, biscuit, cake, rolls, muffins, crusts, and all the various pastries requiring a leavening or raising agent.

Risen with Royal Baking Powder, all these foods are superlatively light, sweet, tender, delicious and wholesome.

Royal Baking Powder is the greatest of time and labor savers to the pastry cook. Besides, it economizes flour, butter and eggs, and, best of all, makes the food more digestible and healthful.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ticing law in Selma, approached Pugh and asked for his indorsement for a judgeship.

"Pshaw!" said Pugh arrogantly, you are entirely too old to be a judge."

Pettus looked at Pugh for a minute. "Well, by gum," he said, "I'm not too old to be a senator."

He wasn't. He went into the canvass and whipped Pugh, and he has been a senator ever since.—Saturday Evening Post.

So long as we love, we serve. So long as we are loved by others I would almost say we are indispensable; and no man is useless while he has a friend.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

At Tangent, five miles south of Albany, William Covington, a brakeman, fell under a switching train. Both arms were crushed off and his left leg crushed at the thigh. He died in hospital at Albany.

## IT PAYS



to buy MENNEN'S BORATED TALCUM because of its perfection and purity. But it does not pay to *use* MENNEN'S POWDER nearly as well, as it pays to sell an imperfect and impure substitute which, costing about half the cost of MENNEN'S, yields the dealer double profit. The "just as good" with which some dealers try to palm off a substitute is true any way. If it's only "just as good" for the dealer why push the sale. If it's only "just as good" for the buyer why risk an unknown preparation for MENNEN'S. There's nothing just as good as MENNEN'S BORATED POWDER, and the dealer who says there is, risks his customer's skin and safety to make an extra profit on a sale. Have you tried MENNEN'S VIOLET BORATED TALCUM TOILET POWDER? Ladies partial to violet perfume will find Mennen's Violet Powder fragrant with the odor of fresh plucked Parma Violets. For sale everywhere for 15 cents, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price by GERHARD MENNEN CO., Newark, N. J.



## Frazer Theatre, Wed., March 21

ONE NIGHT ONLY

SWEELY, SHIPMAN & CO., PRESENT

ALBERTA GALLATIN

America's Most Gifted Actress

—IN—

The Latest London and New York Society Comedy Success—

"COUSIN KATE"

—BY—

HUBERT HENRY DAVIES

281 Nights Gaiety Theatre, London. 276 Nights New Hudson Theatre New York.

ELABORATELY STAGED + BEAUTIFULLY COSTUMED.

PRICES:—\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c. Seats on sale Tuesday. Free List Entirely Suspended.



### WELL, HOW DO YOU LIKE THIS?

asked by the young man popular with his sister's and other fellows' sister, regarding his wash waistcoat and linen will begot the answer: "Why, they're all new, aren't they?" Nothing of the sort—we just got through laundering them so well that they might be thought brand new. It's a way we have, and the day doesn't cost too much toll.

We give green trading stamps if you call at the laundry and pay your bill on or before the 30th of the month.

**ROBINSON'S DOMESTIC LAUNDRY**

**Lap Robes and Horse Blankets at Cost**

In order to dispose of our stock of Horse Blankets and Lap Robes at once, we are offering same at cost. Call at once as stock won't last long at these prices.

**CRAWFORD the Harness man**  
Next to Savings Bank.

**Empire Meat Market**  
Phone, Main 18

Wholesale and retail dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal and Fresh Fish.  
Try our "S-G" Hams, Bacon and Lard.

**Schwarz & Greulich**  
607 Main St.

## St. Anthony's Hospital



Private rooms, elegantly furnished. Finely equipped operating room. Also maternity department.

Every convenience necessary for the care of the sick.

Telephone Main 1651.  
PENDLETON, OREGON.

## New Industry

We manufacture fancy party gowns, kimonas, slip, fancy and medium underwear, house gowns and ladies' light underwear and gentlemen's dress and negligee shirts to order.

Importers of silk.  
Prices reasonable.  
Give us a call.

## Low Sam

209 Court street.  
Next to Clarke's Hardware Store.



### UNRESTRAINED PLEASURE.

can be enjoyed when driving in one of Neagle's new style fancy traps, spider phaetons, runabout wagons, surreys, buckboards or pony carts for children's use. They have all the leading handsome designs for city or country use at moderate prices. We are proud of their elegant stock this season and are pleased to show them to you.

We are headquarters for the Wisconsin Wagons, that have iron-clad hubs. No checking or breaking loose of boxes. Our stock of Hacks and Wagons is the largest in eastern Oregon. We sell Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engines and Pumps, and Irrigating Plants. All goods warranted. See

## Neagle Bros.

the Blacksmiths  
Get Prices Before Buying.



Give ear unto wise counsel. Coal that is one-third dirt, weighs a great deal more to the scuttle and lasts much shorter time than the good, clean Coal we sell. If you want the best, our Coal is the kind for you.

## Henry Kopitke

DUTCH HENRY.

Office, Pendleton Ice & Cold Storage Company. Phone Main 178.



### REST ASSURED

that you could not get good Electrical Supplies anywhere at prices below our present quotations. We take contracts for wiring, carry an extensive stock of all

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES, and can guarantee fine work and first-class goods at rock bottom prices.

**J. L. VAUGHAN**  
ELECTRICIAN.

122 W. Court St. Phone Main 182.