

Read the advertisements in the East Oregonian. They come from the most enterprising citizens.

WEATHER FORECAST Fair tonight and Friday.

CORBIN WARNS AS TO CHINESE

Chinese Government Does Nothing to Protect Foreign Lives and Property.

AMERICAN TROOPS MUST BE KEPT IN THE ORIENT.

Irresponsible and Lawless River Pirates Commit the Depredations, But Precautions Must Ever Be Taken Against That Class—Anticipates Nothing in the Nature of Organized Warfare—Boycott Practically at an End—No Likelihood Whatever That Japan Will Ever Possess the Philippines—Ladronism is Destroyed.

San Francisco, March 8.—The steamer Korea arrived this morning from the orient. She brought General Corbin, returning from duty in the Philippines. In an interview General Corbin said:

"If we are to have American missionaries in China we must have troops to protect them. Recent rioting, as I understand it, has been committed by river pirates, and although trouble is bound to come in the orient, I anticipate nothing of a warlike nature. There is absolutely no foundation for sensational reports of war in China, and the boycott of American goods is rapidly adjusting itself and is now practically stopped."

"The general has been in fine health since being relieved by General Leonard Wood, and is en route to the east to succeed General Bates as chief of staff.

"It was at my request that troops have been hurried to the Philippines, anticipating trouble with China. It is better to be prepared for all emergencies, and this country is taking no chances. All the great powers have troops in the celestial kingdom, and there is no reason why the United States should not. These troops are there to prevent trouble, not foment it.

"There is absolutely no foundation to the statement that Japan is in a fair way toward becoming owner of the Philippines. The United States will turn the Philippines over to Japan when England turns Hongkong over to the Chinese.

"The government of China is making no effort to protect the lives and property of foreigners, notwithstanding the general distrust of the people against missionaries. The feeling is as intense against the Germans and English as against the Americans."

Regarding conditions in the Philippines, General Corbin stated that it has never been better. He said: "I have broken up entirely and destroyed the organized bodies of ladrones. Only one leader, Montaino, of the ladrones, remains, and he is seeking escape by way of the hills."

"HAPPY HOOLIGAN" SHOT.

Killed While Trying to Hold Up a Dayville Saloon.

Canyon City, Ore., March 8.—James Montain, a Swiss tramp shepherd, was shot dead at Dayville last night while trying to hold up Bud Greenwell's saloon. The latter was shot in the hand, three fingers being pierced by a bullet.

Montain, otherwise known as "Happy Hooligan," and two others left the saloon at 9 o'clock and Greenwell locked the back door, extracted the contents of the till and turned to face a revolver leveled by the shepherd. "I want that money," cried Montain. "I need the money and must have it."

Greenwell grasped the gun, which was then discharged. He reached under the bar and secured his own gun. Montain then started to climb over the bar, fingering the trigger of his pistol.

The saloon man quickly fired five shots at Montain. The last bullet entered the would-be robber's mouth, passed through his head and broke his neck.

Justice J. E. Snow held an inquest today on instructions from J. H. Fell, coroner. The verdict was justifiable killing while resisting robbery.

TRANS-ISTHMIAN RAILROAD.

English Venture to Rival Panama Railroad.

Mobile, Ala., March 8.—Arthur Saltmarsh, an English railroad engineer, reports work on the line from El Rancho to Guatemala city, to connect with the Guatemala Northern and then complete the connection from the Atlantic to Pacific, is being finished rapidly.

Emperor Not Seriously Ill.

London, March 8.—A Pekin dispatch announces that the illness of the emperor of China is declared not serious, but all viceroys have been ordered by telegraph to send their best physicians.

GOLD ON WALLA WALLA.

Prospector Brings Rich Specimens From Blue Mountains.

Walla Walla, March 8.—Golconda's richest diamond field will look like 30 cents compared to the region in the vicinity of the head of the Walla Walla river if there is a mineral-bearing ledge there carrying ore of as high a grade as the specimens brought to town yesterday.

A man giving his name as Jack Gordon was in possession of a small sack filled with specimens of rock, which he says came from the Blue Mountains, near the head of the Walla Walla river. The specimens were about equally divided—half being a white quartz, filled with gold, and no glass was needed to see the yellow metal with the naked eye.

He seemed to be very enthusiastic over the specimens and says that while they are "float" he does not have any doubt but that the ledge is close to where he picked up his samples. He thinks they came from a blind lead. He says the lead may have been exposed at one time, but the erosion of the elements have crumbled it up, and that it may be very near the surface.

He further states that he has known of gold having been found there for over 20 years, and it has been his intention to go up there, but he had never done so until recently.

PIONEER PHYSICIAN DEAD.

Dr. Taylor N. Snow, Aged 71 Years, Passed Away at Baker City.

Baker City, March 8.—Dr. Taylor N. Snow died last night, aged 71 years. The deceased was one of the most prominent pioneer physicians in eastern Oregon, and had been county coroner for the past 15 years. He was physician for the O. R. & N. for 20 years, and for the Sumpter Valley railway since it was built. He was a member of the Odd Fellows for 30 years, a charter member of the A. O. U. W. lodge here, and a charter member and first presiding officer of the local camp of the Woodmen of the World.

He leaves one son, Deputy Sheriff Jesse Snow. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

ICE CRUSHES A VILLAGE.

Twenty-One Killed in Norwegian Village.

Trondhjem, March 8.—An avalanche of ice on the Tofoten islands buried many fishermen's homes. Twenty-one bodies have been extricated. Thirty-nine persons were injured.

HABEAS CORPUS HEARD FRIDAY

ATTORNEYS FOR ACCUSED MINERS FILE ARGUMENTS.

They Place Their Dependence in the Constitutions of Idaho and United States—Joint Indictments Returned Against Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone—Orchard Indicted Separately Further Evidence Necessary to Secure Indictment of Adams and St. John.

Boise, March 8.—The attorneys for Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, filed a very lengthy answer to the return of Warden Whitney in the habeas corpus case in the supreme court this morning. They reiterated all the contentions contained in the original application for the writs, and claim the men were kidnapped in Colorado and secretly conveyed to Idaho as a result of a conspiracy on the part of the governor and prosecuting officers of Idaho, with the agents of the mine owners, and the governor of Colorado.

The men have been denied all the rights guaranteed by the constitution of the United States, and the arrest was in derogation of the fourth, fifth and 14th amendments, and also violates three sections of the Idaho constitution.

The case will be argued tomorrow. Joint indictments were returned against Moyer, Haywood, Pettibone, but Orchard was separately indicted for murder. It is reported no indictment will be found against Adams and St. John until further evidence is given before the grand jury.

Moyer, Haywood, Pettibone and Orchard will be taken to Caldwell on the train leaving at 1 p. m.

Been Eating Human Flesh.

Buenos Ayres, March 8.—A Portuguese meat dealer, Jose Modry, has been arrested charged with murdering men and women and selling their flesh as pork. The police found the remains of 14 persons in the shop. When the people learned they had been eating human flesh, they wanted to storm the jail.

COAL MINERS WILL GO OUT A

Cleveland, March 8.—T. E. Young, the Ohio bituminous operator, closely allied with Frank L. Robbins, chairman of the national conference of operators today said: "The coal mines of this country will close April 1, and thus inaugurate the most widespread strike in history. When the Indianapolis conference meets the central states will vote unanimously to reject the miners' demands. A fight to a finish is bound to result, and the operators will win."

The Ohio operators met today. The Illinois and Indiana operators have already decided to reject the miners' demands.

JUDGE STEPHEN A. LOWELL FOR UNITED STATES SENATE

Pendleton Attorney and Former Judge Will Become a Candidate for the Senate at Primary Nominations

Formally Announced His Candidacy Last Evening—Declaration of Principles Is Limited to 100 Words But Includes a Remarkably Wide and Progressive Public Policy—Is a Native of Maine, a Polished Public Orator, Friend of the People and Extremely Democratic.

Judge Stephen A. Lowell, former judge of this judicial district, and one of the most prominent attorneys and leading orators of the state, last evening announced his intention of becoming a candidate for the office of United States senator from Oregon at the primary nominating election to be held on April 29.

For the past month Judge Lowell has been wavering between his own decision not to become a candidate, and the pleas of his friends to enter the race and finally consented to accept the nomination if tendered to him by the people and so will make an active canvass throughout the state.

The other candidates for this place are H. M. Calk and Jonathan Bourne, republicans, and John M. Gearin, democrat, all of Portland. The demand for an eastern Oregon man for the United States senate was never so strong through Oregon as today and Judge Lowell has received urgent letters and telegrams from prominent men in all parts of the state asking him to become a candidate for the position. Under the pressure of this widespread public demand, Judge Lowell has decided to enter the race, although he had practically decided not to stand for the nomination.

Judge Lowell is a popular favorite all over the state of Oregon, for his determined stand in favor of all forms of political decency and straightforwardness, for his high ideals of manhood and character and for his fearless advocacy of the right at all times and under all circumstances.

Declaration of Principles. In his declaration of principles, which he will file with his petition, he has embodied a most remarkable public policy, in which every thinking citizen can heartily agree. While he confines his declaration within the 100-word limit prescribed by the primary nominating law, yet it covers a wide range of subjects vital to the west, and is as follows:

If I am nominated and elected I will during my term of office, support with full recognition of legal rights such measures as will end corporate domination in politics and legislation, insure such publicity and regulation of corporations as public good may require, restore government to the plain people and enthrono political decency, maintain Chinese exclusion, sound currency and a stable standard, the principle of protection to American industries with colonial free trade, assure early isthmian canal completion, irrigation, comprehensive river and harbor improvements, federal control of interstate insurance, popular election of senators, parcels post, prompt and impartial law enforcement, land laws which will minimize fraud and avert the menace of ultimate landlordism.

Biographical Sketch. Judge Stephen A. Lowell is a native of the state of Maine, having been born in the town of West Minot, Androscoggin county, on January 1, 1839, and is of equal age with the state of his birth, Maine having been admitted to the Union in that year.

He graduated from Bates university, at Lewiston, Maine, in the class of 1862 and immediately took up the study of the law, which profession he has followed exclusively since. He was admitted to practice in the United States courts before coming west, and enjoyed a wide practice in his home town, Auburn, Me.

He was married in 1864 and in 1891 came to Pendleton, where he has since resided. In 1893 he formed a law partnership with T. G. Halley, now on the supreme bench of Oregon, and in October, 1895, was appointed to fill the unexpired term of Judge James A. Fee, of this judicial district, who resigned at that time. Judge Lowell occupied the bench from

October, 1895, until July, 1896, under the appointment and at the June elections in 1896, was elected to the position, which he then held by appointment, and served one term of two years.

After retiring from the bench he again engaged in the practice of his profession in Pendleton, and three years ago formed a law partnership with T. G. Halley, which was dissolved when Mr. Halley accepted the appointment to the supreme bench tendered several months ago by Governor Chamberlain.

Judge Lowell has been a lifelong republican and his forefathers were of the same political faith. He is a member of the Congregational church, is greatly interested in education, is a polished and eloquent orator, an able lawyer, a student of law and government, an advocate of clean politics at all times, a friend of the masses, a democratic, approachable man and is deeply interested in the great subjects of irrigation, reclamation, river transportation, internal development, and the upbuilding of the state of Oregon on a fraternal commercial and industrial basis, which will insure the greatest development to every section of the state and bring to each section its just recognition by the state and national government.

Lowell Is Popular. A. D. Stillman, former chairman of the democratic county central committee of Umatilla county, candidate for the office of circuit judge of this district, and one of the leading attorneys of eastern Oregon, in speaking of the candidacy of Judge Lowell, said to the East Oregonian today:

"I believe that the candidacy of Judge Lowell for the United States senate is well timed. I do not see any really formidable rival to his aspirations at this time in any other republican candidate who has been mentioned for the United States senate, and I believe that if Judge Lowell will make such a campaign as he is able to make, there is no doubt of his selection as the regular republican nominee at the primary nominating election, and that his name will be on the official ballot as the regular republican nominee."

"So long as the election of United States senator was in the hands of a moneyed organization, having its head in Portland, I do not believe that Judge Lowell had any chance to be elected to the United States senate. At this time, however, when the voice of the entire people of the state may be heard, and they will be able to choose the United States senator, I do not believe that they will lose the opportunity to select as their candidate for the United States senate a real man of the people, and they have this opportunity in the candidacy of Judge Lowell."

O. R. & N. CARRIES FREE.

No Charges for Transporting Flour and Wheat for Suffering Japs.

Walla Walla, March 8.—General Agent Robert Burns, of the O. R. & N., is in receipt of a letter from General Freight Agent Miller announcing that the company will carry free of cost to Portland or San Francisco flour and wheat up to 1000 tons contributed here toward relieving the suffering people in Japan.

REPAIRING THE DOCK DEWEY.

Will Sail From Canary Islands About March 12.

Washington, March 8.—Secretary Bonaparte has been notified by Commander Hosley commanding the fleet consorting the dock Dewey, who says the repairs on the dock at Las Palmas, Canary island, will be completed and the craft will probably sail about March 12. The Tacoma, which took the machinery to Hosley, has rejoined

ed Sigbee's fleet in the Mediterranean. Sigbee's fleet will divide at Alexandria, part going to the Philippines, the remainder coming home.

DISCUSSED CO-OPERATION.

No Agreement Was Made to Put it Into Effect.

Chicago, March 8.—Assistant Statistician Robertson continued his testimony in the packers' case this morning, telling of his part in the investigation. He said he discussed with Garfield the possible co-operation between the bureau of corporations and department of justice but did not say it was followed by any action.

RIOT ON AN OCEAN LINER.

Fourth Officer Saves One Life by Taking Another.

New York, March 8.—A riot in the forecastle of American-Hawaiian liner Massachusetts took place today. Twenty seamen participated. It ended in the killing of James Slocum by Fourth Officer Elmer H. Kerwin. Kerwin saved the life of a brother officer whom Slocum was beating.

INSURANCE MEN INDICTED.

Mutual Officers Charged With Forgery and Grand Larceny.

New York, March 8.—The grand jury this afternoon indicted the following officers of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company: Frederick Burnham, president; George Burnham, Jr., and George D. Eldridge, vice-presidents, charging forgery and grand larceny.

GETTING TOGETHER.

Germany and France Agree as to the Moroccan Bank.

London, March 8.—A dispatch from Algiers says the conference has agreed on a solution of the Moroccan bank problem, which has been one of the main obstacles.

Promoters Responsible.

San Francisco, March 8.—The jury at the coroner's inquest returned a verdict holding, in general terms, the promoters of the Tenny-Neil Fight with being responsible for the death of the former as a result of the fight with Neil.

Legislature Wants Information.

Albany, March 8.—The legislature today demanded of the attorney general to inform it as to the possibility of recounting the ballots cast in the recent mayoralty election in New York.

3,000 PAGES OF EVIDENCE

TULE LIFE PRESERVERS ARE NOT DEPENDABLE.

Not Many Details of the Examining Board's Report Are Revealed—All the Numerous Tests Made of Life Preservers Demonstrate That the Type With Which the Valencia Was Equipped Was of the Least Benefit. Being Erratic in Operation and Not as Reliable as Solid Cork.

San Francisco, March 8.—Herbert Knox Smith, a deputy commissioner of the bureau of corporations at Washington, who has been assisting in the federal investigation of the Valencia wreck, is here, but is unwilling to discuss the findings of the board.

"In fact," he said, "we have come to no definite conclusions as to where the blame lies, having had no opportunity to examine thoroughly the evidence we took. We examined more than 50 persons, and took 3000 pages of testimony, most of which has been filed until we can get at it systematically. The decisions of the board will probably be known within four or five weeks, but not sooner.

"The only thing I can say in regard to the tule life preservers is that we have found them entirely satisfactory in some cases and very defective in others. Most of the tests made in Seattle were favorable to the tule preservers, which we took from the steamers at random; but while one of them supported a dead weight of 20 pounds for 97 hours, another sank in the short space of four hours.

"They are not dependable. Solid cork slabs should be used exclusively, as they are never in doubt."

Charged With Embezzlement.

St. Paul, March 8.—Charles O. Werner, son of the president of the Swedish-American, was arrested at noon charged with the embezzlement of \$11,000 from the Minnesota Grain company, a Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce firm. His father faintly when told of the charge, but refused to aid his son.

RECOMMEND BITULITHIC

Report Also Favors Having the Work Done by the Warren Construction Company.

COST ESTIMATED AT \$405 PER 50-FOOT FRONTAGE.

The Cost to the City for the Street Intersections Was Placed at \$14,185—Report Detailed the Investigation Trip to Portland, While One Councilman Had Made Observations in Tacoma and Walla Walla—Mayor Fee Calls Attention to the City's Limit of Indebtedness—Money Now in Treasury Must Be Used for Other Stated Purposes.

At the council meeting last night the street committee made its report upon the subject of paving, and recommended that Main and Court streets be improved with bitulithic pavement, the work to be done by the Warren Construction company. The cost of the same to the property owners was estimated at \$405 per 50 foot frontage, and the cost to the city for the street intersections was placed at \$14,185.

The committee's report was in writing, and told in detail of their investigations while in Portland. Also, Councilman McCormmach made a personal report of his observations in Tacoma and Walla Walla, in which places he visited after having left his fellow committeemen in Portland. According to Mr. McCormmach he found bitulithic to be by far the most satisfactory material, and said it had been recommended by the city officials of both Tacoma and Walla Walla.

After the written report had been read it was adopted by the council, and after some time had intervened Councilman Hinkle asked what the next step would be towards having the paving done.

In reply Mayor Fee said the next move would be to investigate the financial condition of the city and ascertain where the money for paving would come from. He called attention to the fact that the limit of indebtedness is \$10,000, and that an expenditure of \$14,185 by the city would be necessary should the work be done.

"How much is there in the treasury now?" asked Councilman Renn. The treasurer's report was then consulted, and the amount found to be \$4693.65. However, it was explained that this amount would be entirely used in paying for the road roller, new fire hose and other things recently purchased.

Continuing, the mayor said if the council went beyond the limit of indebtedness trouble would ensue, and that the councilmen, the city attorney and himself would be made personally liable for any amount over the \$10,000. This risk he declared he was unwilling to take, saying that while the mud was bad he preferred it under the circumstances.

After a little further discussion the subject was then dropped. However, after the meeting had adjourned a conference occurred between the Warren company's engineers present and members of the council, at which it was decided to make further efforts before abandoning the idea of paving.

Routine Business. Last night being the first meeting of the month bills for February were read and paid. They amounted to about \$500.

The bond of Marshal Gardane, which is for \$2000, and signed by John Gardane and F. S. Curl, was accepted by the council.

A petition from the executive committee of the proposed county development league asking the council to bear the expense of \$125 guaranteed by Pendleton toward the advertising fund, was referred to the finance committee, with instructions to report next week.

Bids on Steel Bell Tower. Bids for a steel bell tower to replace the old one now in use on Cottonwood street, were opened and referred to the fire committee. Four bids were presented as follows: D. L. Butler & Co., \$150; Taylor Hardware Co., \$128; Pendleton Iron Works, \$107, and Goodman-Thompson Co., \$95.

The monthly reports of the recorder and treasurer were read and placed on file.

Want a Report About Consulates.

Washington, March 8.—The house adopted a resolution asking for a report on the investigation recently made into American consulates, particularly at Shanghai and other Chinese ports.

Convicts Found Guilty.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 8.—Convicts Vaughn, Ryan and Raymond were found guilty this morning of murder in the first degree, for killing Captain Clay, a guard, during the penitentiary mutiny last year.