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WEATHER FORECAST

Fair and warmer tonight; Thursday partly cloudy.

ANTI-GRAFT GENERALLY WON IS PRACTICALLY UNANIMOUS

HEARST CLAIMS TAMMANY PERPETRATED BIG FRAUDS

Jerome's Election as District Attorney is Unquestioned--All But One of the Insurance Committee Re-elected.

Both Parties Claim Ohio, With the Probabilities That Pattison, Democrat, Carried the State--Tom Johnson Re-Elected Mayor of Cleveland by a Heavy Majority--Schmitz Chosen Mayor of San Francisco for a Third Term--The Anti-Negro Movement in Maryland Was Turned Down--The Anti-Mormon Element Successful at Salt Lake--Republicans Carry Massachusetts and Chicago.

New York, Nov. 8.--There is no doubt this morning of Jerome's election. His plurality will probably be over 10,000.

Jerome Will Help Hearst.

Jerome is likely to aid Hearst in the coming prosecutions. Hearst men have talked with Jerome. Hearst's manager was asked as to the possibilities of a Jerome co-operation. He said: "I don't know that the co-operation of the district attorney is asked. I understand that merely his advice as an official is asked. Our representatives have reached an understanding with Jerome. He assured us he would assist in punishing all violation of election laws and illegal voting. We counted Hearst has been honestly elected. After we get a little sleep we will take the matter up."

Jerome, tired and hoarse, but pleased with the result, did not leave his house until 1:30 this afternoon. He said: "I shall immediately start an investigation into the frauds perpetrated by Tammany Hall. If the facts warrant, I shall begin immediate prosecution against the guilty."

A revised count on district attorney gives Jerome 119,638; Osborn, of Tammany, 108,188; Sherman, municipal ownership, 74,492; Flammer, republican, 13,348.

McClellan Claims Election.

Latest returns this morning show McClellan to be re-elected by a little over 3000. Returns from 26 districts are missing. Hearst will contest, declaring a recount will show him elected.

District Attorney Jerome has taken charge of the returns in the sixth and eighteenth assembly districts, where it is charged the returns were "doctored." He ordered all returns locked up, saying he is determined to have a fair count, regardless of who suffers.

Committee Re-Elected.

New York, Nov. 8.--The legislative insurance investigating committee resumed session this morning. All members of the committee are present except John McKeown, democrat, who was defeated for re-election yesterday. Assemblyman Rodgers, Coxo, Temple and Prentice, all committeemen, were re-elected. Emory McClintock, actuary for the Mutual was again on the stand for further examination.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATIC.

Philadelphia Re-elects Weaver on the Anti-Graft Issue.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.--The reform movement, backed by Weaver, carried 28 out of 42 wards in this city.

The political revolution in this city yesterday is the greatest in the state in generations. It is the first time in years that every office for which any contest was made was lost to the regular republicans and the first time in a quarter of a century that the republicans lost control of the state treasury.

William H. Berry's plurality is at least 100,000, and probably more. The reform organization carried the city by 43,333. The regular republicans carried only 14 of 42 wards and have lost even Penrose's ward.

SOCIALISTS POLL LARGE VOTE.

Republicans Generally Sweep Chicago But by Reduced Majorities.

Chicago, Nov. 7.--The republicans made a clean sweep of the election in Chicago and Cook county today, electing all their candidates with the exception of one man. The sole democrat to reach the promised land was Webb, candidate for trustee of the sanitary district. The race between Webb and the low man on the republican ticket was very close, at midnight Baker, his opponent, was conceded to have a fighting chance.

In the fifteenth congressional district, in the election to fill the vacan-

cy caused by the death of the late B. F. Marsh, James McKinney, a republican, was elected by 4500 majority over Howard Patton. About half the usual vote was cast.

The socialists have polled a large vote in this city election. Nearly 20,000 votes were cast for Seymour, Stedman, Thomas J. Morgan and other judiciary candidates. This is considered remarkable on account of the general apathy. A much larger percentage of the usual vote than either democratic or republican, was tickets brought out. Wenter, the defeated democrat for president of the sanitary board, attributed much of his failure to the socialist vote.

SCHMITZ RE-ELECTED MAYOR.

Fusion Against Labor Unions Falls in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Nov. 7.--For the third consecutive time Eugene E. Schmitz, the union labor candidate, was re-elected mayor today by a majority of 11,504 over John S. Partridge, joint nominee of the republican and democratic parties. In addition to mayor, the union labor party probably elected the entire municipal ticket with about the same majorities. Voting machines were used for the first time. But very little scratching was done.

HENEY BEFORE GRAND JURY.

There is Trouble Ahead for One of San Francisco's Bosses.

San Francisco, Nov. 8.--Francis J. Heney, prosecutor of the Oregon land frauds, appeared before the grand jury this morning and it is said presented sufficient evidence of the corruption of Abe Ruef, the union labor boss, to warrant further investigation. At the close of the session the only statement authorized by the grand jury was that Heney's testimony had been taken and a resolution passed to take the matter under consideration. Heney caused a furor in political circles in this city on the eve of election by stating he had evidence to send Ruef to the penitentiary.

BOTH PARTIES CLAIM OHIO.

Tom Johnson Elected, and Pattison Probably So.

Columbus, Nov. 8.--Leaders of both parties still claim the state. Figures from 75 counties favor Pattison. Reports are coming in slowly.

Later--Pattison's election seems assured by 40,000.

Tom Johnson Re-Elected.

Cleveland, Nov. 8.--Tom L. Johnson is re-elected mayor of Cleveland by 12,000 plurality. Pattison carried the county by 11,500.

Pattison Is Conceded.

Columbus, O., Nov. 8.--Pattison's election is conceded. Chairman Bamber claims 36,000 plurality for governor, and the entire ticket, although exact figures may not be known today. Cox at Cincinnati, has issued a statement saying he will retire from active politics and declares he will continue to vote the republican ticket, but leave the work and management to others.

Republican Chairman Dick issued a statement this afternoon conceding Pattison's election by 25,000.

Virginia Vote Light.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 7.--Claude H. Swanson, a democrat, was today elected governor of Virginia by about 20,000 plurality over Judge L. L. Lewis, a republican. The vote was exceedingly light. The republicans gained a few members of the legislature.

Guild Elected Governor.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 7.--Lieutenant Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., republican, was elected governor today by a plurality of 25,435 over Charles W. Bart-

(Continued on page 5.)

ALLEGED RAILROAD DISCRIMINATION.

Colfax, Wash., Nov. 8.--Today, the state railroad commission is in Colfax to investigate the charges that the O. R. & N. company and the Northern Pacific Railroad company refuse to make a joint rate on coal from Roslyn, and neighboring points, to points in eastern Washington on the Oregon road. Subpoenas have been served on many citizens of Colfax, Pullman, Garfield and other points, who are desired as witnesses. While the meeting is for the announced purpose of investigating the joint rate problem, it is also announced that other complaints will be investigated at that time, and shippers having complaints to make are invited to come before the commissioners.

The original complaint, which resulted in this meeting was made by Codd & MacKenzie, proprietors of the Colfax Electric Light company, and also dealers in wood and coal. The complainants alleged they had been purchasing Roslyn coal at a certain price up to a certain period, when the coal mining company announced that the joint rate on coal then existing between the two roads had been canceled and it could no longer supply coal to points on the O. R. & N. company's line.

The complainants tried to secure the re-establishment of the joint rate, but failed and have since been compelled to use coal from Rock Springs, Wyo., and hauled a distance of 1200 miles, for which it is compelled to pay much higher price than the Roslyn coal sells for at neighboring points. The complaint charges that this discrimination has cost the complainants an average of \$5000 per year since the joint rate was abolished. It asks that the commission order the joint rate formerly existing re-established and maintained.

ALASKA WOULD BE A TERRITORY

DELEGATES CHOSEN TO SEATTLE NOVEMBER 15.

Gold Creek, in the Silver Bow Basin, Has Jumped Its Banks and Is Doing Great Damage--A Railroad Into the Havemeyer Copper District Is Announced as a Certainty--Federal Grand Jury Convenes at Skagway, With Superintendent of the Treadwell Mines as Foreman--Large Delegations Chosen to Seattle.

Juneau, Nov. 8.--Delegates to the Alaskan convention which convenes at Seattle November 15, have been selected in nearly every town and camp in Alaska, and are instructed for a territorial government.

The federal grand jury convenes at Skagway, with Robert Kinzie, superintendent of the Treadwell mines, as foreman.

Gold creek, in Silver Bow basin, has jumped its banks and destroyed a part of the \$20,000 flume of the Jupa company. Freighting to Big Quartz mines will be impossible for several days.

Mining Expert Frank Hammond, returned from Valdes says a railroad to tap the Havemeyer copper properties is a sure go.

ARIZONA APPOINTMENTS.

Nave as Associate Justice and Alexander as District Attorney.

Washington, Nov. 8.--The president today appointed Frederick S. Nave, present United States district attorney of Arizona, as associate justice of the territorial supreme court, to succeed Justice Tucker. Captain Joseph L. D. Alexander, of Phoenix, is appointed to succeed Nave as district attorney.

PERSECUTING THE JEWS.

Blood and Fire Spread Through Bessarabia.

Vienna, Nov. 8.--Massacres of Jews in the province of Bessarabia are spreading rapidly. It is reported that 1500 Jews were burned to death in the town of Calarusch. A Slavonic leader named Balabanoff headed off a mob which started fires in four parts of town at once.

The military is attempting to preserve order, but incensement continues. Sixty-six revolutionists were shot yesterday. Hundreds of Jewish families are seeking refuge in Roumania.

Typhoon in Japan.

Tokyo, Nov. 8.--A typhoon has devastated the province of Oshima, and adjacent islands. Thousands of buildings were destroyed. It is reported a steamer was wrecked.

At Walla Walla Eng Chung, a Chinaman, was fined \$50 for shooting a quail, and Mike Kohl, Arthur Issit and T. K. Issit, were each fined \$10 for hunting ducks without a license.

WILL MOORE A CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR

The political situation in the city has been given an added interest by the circulation of a petition for Will Moore, for the office of mayor, in opposition to Judge James A. Fee, who so far has been the only candidate for the place.

WHY THE BAY CITY IS SO CORRUPT

PROPERTY HOLDERS ARE LARGELY NON-RESIDENTS.

Business and Professional Men Who Own the Property Nearly All Live in Suburbs and Cannot Vote at Elections in San Francisco--Corrupt Bosses Rule the Vote and Debauch the City Government Beyond All Limits of Decency--Schmitz Not Objectable Personally, But Is a Tool.

"The reason that San Francisco cannot elect a solid business man for mayor is because a majority of such men, and people who are interested in good government, live outside of that city in Oakland, Alameda or Berkeley, and have no vote in the city," said H. T. Booth, agent for the Pacific Mutual Life Insurance company, who is in the city today and who is familiar with every detail of politics in the Bay City.

"The labor unions and great mass of the people who are ruled by politicians live in the city and do the bidding of the bosses and therefore elect the choice of the bosses."

"Schmitz is not such a bad fellow, personally, but he has no great ability as an executive officer, and is therefore ruled by Ruef, his boss, who is corrupt beyond comparison or expression."

"The situation in San Francisco is unlike that of any other city in the country, from this standpoint. Nearly every prominent business and professional man in the city resides outside of the city limits and can take no part in election, and yet they own the principal property in the city and pay the taxes and corruption bills created by the infamous bosses who control the vote."

"The election yesterday in San Francisco emphasizes the fact more clearly than ever, that the property holders and business men who conduct the vast enterprises of that city must become residents of the city and resume control or there is no guessing to what limits the politicians may go if left to their inclinations."

Will Moore a Candidate for Mayor

Judge Fee declared when he accepted the nomination that he would not make the race if there was opposition--that he did not wish the office, but would take it if he was the unanimous choice of the city. It is not known now what Judge Fee will do, but he has repeatedly said that he would not make a fight for the place.

Mr. Moore is well known and is an independent citizen who will enforce the laws if elected, and will be supported by a large percentage of the people.

SENTIMENT AGAINST THE PROPOSED GAS MONOPOLY

Fate of the Ordinance Depends Upon Three Councilmen Who Have Heretofore Been Supposed to Not Favor It.

Dr. Smith Favors Purchase Clause and Uniform Price for Gas--Other Business Men Hold Exactly Similar Views--Darveau, the Heaviest Consumer of Electricity in the City Wishes That Another Company Might Get the Franchise, so as to Provide a Chance for Competition--Nicholas Takes Practically the Same Stand--Robbins, Lowell, John McCourt and Brownfield All Hold Decided Opinions.

What will the city council do with the gas franchise ordinance tonight? Will they pass it as it is now framed, thus giving a monopoly to the Northwestern Gas & Electric Co., and placing the consumers of gas and electricity practically at the mercy of the company for 25 years without chance for redress? From all appearances it is the intention of the company to force the issue tonight, and if the needed five councilmen can be whipped into line, there is little doubt but that the measure will be passed.

Whether or not five members of the council will consent to "line up" remains to be seen. That they will, has been contended all the time by Dr. Vincent, and it is generally thought that there are four who are for the company, though this is not known to be a fact, for all of the members have not been asked for their views. Apparently the fight has been with Messrs. Murphy, Swearingen and Hinkle, all three of whom have been seemingly against the proposition in the past. All of these men were seen today, but declined to state how they would vote should the matter come to a test tonight.

Among business men, or at least among the more prominent ones, the sentiment is practically unanimous against the passage of the ordinance as it is now worded. This, despite the garbled and unfair statements that were circulated this morning in the interests of the company.

The following statements in addition to those published Friday show the true sentiment existing among business men, property owners and professional men of the city:

Favors Chance to Purchase.

Dr. C. J. Smith, one of the owners of the Smith-Crawford building, said: "I would like to see a gas plant established here, but it should be on the right kind of terms to the city. There should be a provision in the ordinance allowing of the purchase of the plant by the city after 15 years. By such a clause the company would still be able to bond their enterprise, which they might not be able to do if the time limit was made too short. Also, there should be a uniform rate on gas for both fuel and light. I see no reason for different rates on these unless it is to prevent competition with electricity. As the main advantage of a gas plant would be to furnish some competition in the matter of lighting, the real benefit would be lost if such rates as the company proposes were to be allowed."

Similar sentiments to the above are also held by James Crawford, Dr. Smith's partner in the Smith-Crawford building. According to Mr. Crawford the price of electricity is now too high here compared with what it is in other places, and to give an absolute franchise to the Northwestern Gas & Electric Co. would be throwing away the best weapon there is for securing cheaper rates. Before the franchise asked is granted by the council, he believes that changes should be made so as to leave the city some hold upon the matter by having the privileges of buying the plant should it wish to do so.

Favors Chance for Competition.

George Darveau, owner and manager of the Hotel St. George and probably the heaviest user of electricity in the city, was found to be emphatic in his opposition to the granting of the franchise on the terms asked. "I am in favor of the city owning the gas plant," said he, "but if we cannot have that at present I would rather see the gas plant owned by another company, so that everything would not be in the hands of one company. With the gas and electric plants both owned by the same people we would simply have to take our choice between the two kinds of lighting, and pay the price they asked. Consequently, I believe changes should be made in the franchise so as to give the city the right to take it over in the future if they wish to do so, and also to provide for a uniform rate for both heat and light."

Charles W. Brownfield, One of the Owners of the Matlock-Brownfield

building, and also of much other city property, said: "If the council does what is right, it will turn down the franchise unless the changes are made. To give it on the terms asked by the company would be to establish a monopoly here that would certainly be a bad thing for the city. I believe that there should be a provision in the franchise giving the city a five or ten year option on the plant, so that there would be some hold on the matter."

Also Favors Chance for Competition.

E. F. Nicholas, proprietor of the Great Eastern store, said that he would prefer to see another company own the gas plant so as to make some competition here. Consequently, he does not favor the passage of the franchise unless it is modified so as to give the city some control in the matter by having the privilege of purchasing the plant should they want to do so.

George Robbins, proprietor of the Owl Tea House, stated his position as follows: "It would seem to me that any monopoly is detrimental to the best interests of the city, and consequently I do not favor the passage of the gas franchise ordinance as it is now worded."

Judge S. A. Lowell declared that the tendency is now all towards municipal ownership, and that he believed the sentiment in favor of such would continue to grow. In his opinion there should be a provision in the gas franchise allowing of the purchase of the plant by the city, and there should also be some provision for the regulation of rates. As to the compensation given for the franchise, he believed the city entitled to a reasonable amount, for the time for giving away franchises is past."

Should Have Chance to Purchase.

Attorney John McCourt expressed his sentiments on the subject by the following: "There should be no objection from the company to the provision allowing the city to purchase the plant, for they would be fully reimbursed. While it does not now appear that the city wants the plant immediately, yet experience points out that it is necessary to put some such provisions in a franchise of this nature in order to protect the public. It may be that the company will not commit any injustice on the public, but it might, and for that reason it is necessary for the public to protect itself."

Regarding the regulation of rates it occurs to me that the rates given should be maximum rates subject to reductions, should conditions demand. Also, the rates should be uniform unless the applicants can show better evidence that they have so far given for a difference in the price for gas for fuel and light.

"The provision for paying a percentage of the gross receipts to the grantors of franchises has been found wholesome in other cities, and I believe is more desirable than the payment of any fixed sum. Also, it seems to me that a higher bond than \$10000 should be required of the company in order to insure the building of the plant within a year. They are being given a valuable franchise, and the possession of it for a year is of value to them even should they not build, for it would help them in financing their company, or in selling if they should do so. I believe that the amount of the old bond should be declared forfeited."

The above parties were seen at random this morning and last evening, and many more similar expressions from business and professional men could have been secured had there been time. Of all those seen by the writer there was not one who declined to state his opposition to the present franchise, and he did so because he did not wish to take any side. Of the business men seen, practically all had their opinions formed in the matter, and stated their convictions freely without suggestions as to what was wished from them.

Municipal Light Cheaper.

One of the leading and most con-

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