

A flash of information to the people of Pendleton is advertising in the E. O.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair tonight and Saturday.

NEW YORK LIFE FOR ROOSEVELT

Great Company Contributed Nearly \$49,000 to Secure Republican Success.

CHECK WAS CASHIED BY REPUBLICAN TREASURER.

Official Who Has Worked for the Company 26 Years Testifies to This Remarkable Effect—The Company Contributed to the Republican Campaign Funds in 1896 and 1900, Considering the Country Jeopardized by Democratic Success—The New York Life Made \$898,541 in Ten Years on Joint Accounts—Story of a Great Monopoly in Politics.

New York, Sept. 15.—George W. Perkins, of the New York Life Insurance company, was the star witness in the insurance investigation today. He was preceded by several who testified as to transactions by the company or by themselves as individuals.

Perkins' testimony mostly concerned himself. He spoke boldly and without reticence. He detailed the part he played in the development of the company since he began as office boy in 1872. By close questioning Hughes was able to learn something of the relation between the company and Morgan's firm.

He said that on the records a New York check for \$48,762.50 was dated December 14, 1904, which appeared drawn to a blank order, was in reality payable to the Morgan company, and was cashed by Cornelius N. Ellis, it being the company's contribution to the republican campaign fund.

Perkins also said the company made gifts in 1896 and in 1900 for the same object, considering the election of a democratic president jeopardized the country.

Randolph produced a statement showing the New York Life made \$898,541 in ten years on joint accounts.

HAS FAILED TO COMPLY.

Reclamation Company Seeks to Compel State Engineer Lewis to Issue Patents.

Salem, Sept. 15.—State Engineer J. H. Lewis and President J. O. Johnston of the Deschutes Irrigation & Power company, are in a dispute over the interpretation of the national and state laws in regard to reclaiming land under the Carey act. President Johnston is seeking to have the work done by his company, for the reclamation of about 80,000 acres of land near Bend, approved by the state land board and Engineer Lewis, so that patents will issue from the government for the land.

Mr. Johnston has submitted maps and plans of the canals and ditches constructed by his company, covering the land in question, and asks that they be approved and the necessary certificates issue.

The point of difference is that Mr. Lewis cannot see his way clear to issue a certificate covering any tract of land to which the water has not actually been conveyed. Strictly speaking, each tract of land, as the engineer understands the law, means each 160 acres, the amount of land a settler may take up. In this instance he says he is willing to waive that construction and accept the conveyance of water to the highest point on each section of land. He says, also, that he is willing to take as evidence "that water has actually been conveyed to each tract" the fact that a ditch was constructed to the land even though no water has flowed through it.

Mr. Johnston contends that a canal of sufficient capacity to carry water for the total number of acres to be segregated, constructed to and through the land along the course from which laterals could be constructed to all parts of the land, is all that should be required of the company.

Mr. Lewis argues that as the reclamation charge of \$50 per acre and the perpetual annual maintenance charge of \$1 per acre becomes a lien on the land, as soon as the government patent issues to the state, and the company is entitled to 6 per cent interest on the reclamation charge, no land should be included in the patent other than those sections to which water is actually supplied.

Mr. Lewis says he finds some land included in the application of the company that is 10 miles from the main canal or nearest lateral.

As some of the laterals will be ex-

***** "Good Bye, Boys." *****

Walla Walla, Sept. 15.—Frank Pasquale was executed in the penitentiary this morning for the murder of Charles Gray at Tacoma in 1904. He made a full confession last night and died game. As he stepped to the drop, he waved his hands and shouted, "Good bye, boys."

pendive to construct, the engineer takes the ground that they should be built now.

EXCESSIVE RAINFALL.

Western Missouri and Eastern Kansas Are Flooded.

Kansas City, Sept. 15.—An unusually heavy rain storm, amounting almost to a cloudburst, accompanied by a high wind in western Missouri and eastern Kansas early today, caused serious damage to property and a loss of at least four lives. An average of four inches of water fell. At Maxson, Kansas, a woman and three children, names unknown, were drowned in the destruction of a railroad camp.

AFTER THE SEATTLE MACQUES.

Verdict for \$7000 Against Frank Chaput Perce.

Seattle, Sept. 15.—Marguerite Goppie, brought from France when 16 years old by Frank Chaput Perce, and kept in a bagnio 29 months, was awarded a verdict for \$7000, the full amount she had given him during that time. Chaput Perce is very wealthy and is said to have made a fortune in the same business. Other suits are likely to follow. The case is unique in the local courts.

PROSECUTION CLOSES.

Williamson Was in Prineville When Illegal Filings Were Made.

Portland, Sept. 15.—The prosecution today concluded the evidence in the Williamson case. J. M. Keeney and T. B. Poindexter testified Williamson was in Prineville at the time the alleged fraudulent filing was made. Paul Frank, a shepherd, testified the lands sought to be acquired by the defendants were for the purpose of grazing sheep and not to protect the range for warring cattle men.

OFF FOR THE ARCTICS.

Stampede to the Far North Is on From Dawson.

Vancouver, Sept. 15.—Union miners are enthusiastic to join the stampede to the north pole from Dawson, believing the source of the great northern gold fields is somewhere in the sub-arctic regions, and will prospect the arctic islands.

Komura Had a Good Night.

New York, Sept. 15.—Baron Komura passed a good night. The physicians say a definite diagnosis is as yet impossible. Nothing alarming has developed.

MURDER ON DES CHUTES RIVER

CHARLES UNDERWOOD KILLS DICK BENNETT.

Apparently the Aggressor Who Lacked Sufficient Provocation Got What He Was Looking For—A Trivial Quarrel Between Mrs. Darnell and Charles Underwood Led to Darnell Undertaking to Assert Himself as Arbitrator and Dictator, and He Was Killed While Attempting to Run the Underwoods Out.

The Dalles, Sept. 15.—Sheriff Sexton has just returned from Dufur Springs on the Deschutes river, where he went to arrest Charles Underwood, who killed Dick Bennett, whose real name was Richard Bennett Darnell. Underwood, his half brother, Maurice Woodward, and Darnell had the Dufur Springs ranch leased in partnership. On Monday evening Mrs. Darnell went to the rented place to gather fruit, when she and Underwood engaged in a quarrel. Mrs. Darnell returned to her home across the river and that night told her husband of the trouble she had with Underwood.

This so enraged Darnell that he summoned his hired man, E. A. Simmons, and crossed the river to the place occupied by Underwood and Woodward, and routed them out of bed about 11 o'clock at night, declaring that he would kill both of them unless they accompanied him home and apologized to Mrs. Darnell.

At the point of his revolver he forced them out of the house. Woodward ran away and Darnell fired a shot at him without effect.

Underwood accompanied Darnell to his home, made due apology for what he had said and was permitted to go, though with the statement from Darnell that he would be killed unless he left the country.

On returning home Underwood borrowed a Winchester rifle from a neighbor and took it with him when he and Woodward went to work next morning. About 8 o'clock the young men saw Darnell and Simmons approaching. Darnell with a drawn revolver in his hand.

After the shooting Underwood went to Tygh Valley and surrendered himself to Justice of the Peace Harper, who held him until the arrival of Sheriff Sexton.

Underwood is 26 years of age, unmarried and has heretofore borne a good reputation. Darnell is 45 and leaves a wife and several children. He was known to his neighbors as a quarrelsome and desperate man.

PROGRESS OF THE BOODLERS' TRIAL.

Sacramento, Sept. 15.—Ex-Senator Bunkers, on the stand in the Emmons bribery trial, this morning declared that nearly all his testimony in the other trial for boodling, was false. Bunkers was goaded by Grove Johnson, Emmons' counsel, into a broadside confession of perjury. Johnson questioned Bunkers as to his two terms of service in the navy. The district attorney objected to the line of examination and was sustained. The district attorney and Johnson had a verbal mix-up on the line of examination, and the judge came to the rescue of Bunkers, who was floundering helplessly under the examination.

Senator Emmons is perfectly composed. He rarely speaks to his lawyer. Senator Wright is attending as a spectator. He listens closely, but his countenance was unchanged during the grilling of Bunkers. The latter occasionally glares at his former companions, while blurring out his testimony, but Wright and Emmons act as if they never had seen the witness before. His cross-examination is likely to continue all day.

Either Jordan, who turned state's evidence before the grand jury, or Lee Negor, who acted as agent in changing the marked money, will be the next witness.

CONGREGATIONALISTS MAY REFUSE TO DRAW ANY LINE

Show a Friendly Disposition to Any Kind of Money That May Be Diverted Toward the Church Treasury.

Gladden Stabberly Refused to Back Down, and Forced a Hopeless Fight Against "Tainted Money"—A Resolution Refusing to Discriminate Against Any Kind of Funds Will Undoubtedly Pass in the Stead of Gladden's Declaration—It Declares That Investigation of the Origin of Money Donated to Church Funds Is Neither Justifiable Nor Practicable—Gladden Utterly Refuses to Compromise With the Situation.

Seattle, Sept. 15.—The board of missions at today's session listened to the report of the financial secretary, Lewis A. Croset, of Boston; the report of the home department secretary, C. H. Patton, and the prudential committee, and an address by the missionaries on young peoples' work.

It is thought no statement can be obtained from Gladden as to what he will do about fighting "tainted money" in convention, but it is known he has determined to force the prudential committee on record. This morning's canvass shows that Gladden stands almost alone in his stand against Rockefeller. To a friend, Gladden stated: "I'm not the first man that ever stood alone for a principle. I would not be a loyal servant of my Master if I yielded now, even in the face of united opposition."

Great pressure is being brought to bear upon Gladden, and it is believed the discussion of "tainted money" will be smothered in the prudential committee without allowing a vote on the matter.

This afternoon's election of new corporate members is the most important business. President Capon, of the board, will deliver the annual

MAYOR OF BOSTON DEAD.

Died by Hemorrhages From the Bowels, at Hot Springs.

Boston, Sept. 15.—Patrick A. Collins, mayor of Boston, died at Hot Springs, Va., today. The news of the mayor's death was wholly unexpected. His law partner received a letter from Collins this morning mailed Wednesday, saying he had a slight stomach trouble, but was enjoying his vacation. Later dispatches say the mayor died by hemorrhages of the bowels.

SHONTS EXPLAINS.

Readers Special Report on Granting of \$50,000,000 Commissary Contract to Huggins & Dumas.

New York, Sept. 15.—The president yesterday received from Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Panama canal commission, a special report of an investigation into charges of irregularities in the granting of the \$50,000,000 commissary concession made by Huggins & Dumas of New York, according to a dispatch from Oyster Bay. The report, which was offered

TEN TEACHING CONTRACTS ARE ON FILE

All over the county schools are now commencing and on next Monday many of the country districts will begin, though some have already been in session for a week. According to Superintendent Welles teachers have now been secured for all of the schools, and many of the contracts have already been filed with the superintendent. These show that higher salaries are being paid this year than last, or at any time in the past. Practically all the schools are paying from \$50 to \$60 per month for teachers, either male or female. Of those recently registered with the superintendent but two have fallen below \$50, and they have been exceptional cases, in which the teachers are mere girls, teaching their first schools. The following contracts have recent-

MINE IS EXHAUSTED.

The Unga, a Great Alaskan Property, is Closed Down.

Seattle, Sept. 15.—The Unga mine, one of the oldest and richest in western Alaska, out of which more than \$4,000,000 dividends have been paid and at which \$300,000 worth of valuable machinery has been erected, will be permanently closed down within a few weeks, having played out. G. H. King, of San Jose, Cal., known as "King of Crooklet Creek," has gone north to close up the affairs of the mine.

CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET.

Quotations From the Greatest Wheat Market in the United States.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Wheat closed at 83 3/4; corn at 54, and oats at 28 1/8.

WILL BE WHIPPED.

Postmaster Cecil, Who Was Convicted of Wife-Beating.

Baker City, Sept. 15.—Robert Cecil, postmaster and prominent politician at Tipton, Ore., who pleaded guilty to wife-beating, was sentenced and will be publicly whipped by 10 lashes across the bare back tomorrow.

Working at Wallula.

Walla Walla, Wash., Sept. 15.—A large force of men is camped on the Columbia river opposite Wallula, and this morning they took up the work of grading for a railroad down the north bank of the stream. The outfit includes a large number of horses and grading tools, but it is impossible to ascertain under whose direction the work is being done. It is believed that it is part of Porter Brothers' outfit, which has also sent a force of men and tools to Vancouver to begin work at that end. It is presumed that work is being done for the Northern Pacific.

Big Supply Ship Commissioned.

Boston, Sept. 15.—The big supply ship Glacier, of the United States navy, was placed in commission today at the Charleston navy yard. Commander W. F. Fullam, U. S. N., is the ship's new commanding officer.

Daily Tourist Cars.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—A daily tourist car service between this city and Los Angeles was inaugurated today by way of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Union Pacific and the new San Pedro line.

Lightning Killed Four.

Indianola, Ia., Sept. 15.—Lightning this morning hit a tent at the county fair, killed four and injured a score, some may die.

RUNNING FROM YELLOW FEVER

TWO HUNDRED ARRIVE IN CINCINNATI FROM SOUTH.

Five Suspicious Cases in the Party, of Whom Three Are Pronounced Yellow Fever Beyond a Doubt—New Orleans Is All Ready to Celebrate Her "Diamond Jubilee"—The People Will Have a Round of Fun, the Proceeds to Go Toward Defraying the Expenses of the Anti-Fever Campaign.

Cincinnati, Sept. 15.—A special train arrived this morning with 200 yellow fever refugees. According to Representative Joseph Ransdell, of Lake Providence, La., who conducted the party, there was no fever when they left, but apparently three cases have developed. The health officers of this city believe there are five cases, three of which are undoubtedly yellow fever.

New Orleans Will Celebrate.

New Orleans, Sept. 15.—Despite the ravages of yellow fever, people in this city are planning to attend the "Diamond Jubilee" tomorrow, a free-for-all frolic to raise funds to conduct the health campaign. There will be baseball games; contest between ugly men, the ugliest to get a piano, and many other unique contests, while the patients for whom the funds are collected by meritment suffer and die.

Will Fight to Prevent Spread.

Columbus, O., Sept. 15.—Governor Herrick has ordered Secretary Probst of the state board of health to hurry to Cincinnati to co-operate with local officials in capturing the refugees and preventing the spread of the disease.

Attachment Suit.

Attachment proceedings were commenced today by R. Alexander through Attorney J. H. Lawrey to collect the sum of \$76.10 from A. L. Clay, which amount is said to be due for merchandise.

Brief Completed.

The brief in the appeal of Grover Martin has been completed and copies have been sent to the members of the supreme court and the attorneys interested in the case.

Sedro-Wooley, Wash., is to have a new national bank, with a capacity of \$25,000.

DEFENDANTS TO OPPOSE SURVEY

Say There is no Law for Making the State a Party to the "Elam Water Suit."

JURISDICTION OF STATE. ENGINEER IS QUESTIONED.

His Operations Under the Order of the Circuit Court Would Cost the Parties to the Suit Several Thousand Dollars, Hence the Contentions That the State Cannot Become a Party Unless the Government Asserts Certain Prerogatives Under the Reclamation Act—The State Engineer Is Now in the Field at Instigation of the Plaintiffs in the Suit.

The defendants in the big Elam water suit brought in the north end of the county do not want to pay for the hydrographic survey which has been ordered of the land involved, and this afternoon motions were filed here asking Judge Ellis to vacate his recent order making the state a party to the suit and requiring the state engineer to enter upon the survey.

The motions were filed by Halley & Lowell and Stillman & Pierce as attorneys for a large number of the defendants in the suit, and they hold that the state is not properly a party to the suit, under the law of 1905. According to the contention of the defendant attorneys the state can be made a party to such a suit only when the government wishes to come into the field for the purpose of doing reclamation work, and the recent order of Judge Ellis is held to be ultra vires.

The order for the state engineer to make a hydrographic survey of the land involved in the suit was given by Judge Ellis a month or two ago at the request of Will F. King, attorney for the plaintiff. Since that time State Engineer J. H. Lewis has placed a force of engineers in the field and commenced on the work of making the survey.

From indications, the task of making the survey is to be a long and expensive one, it being estimated that it will require about three years time and an expense of from \$5000 to \$15,000 to complete the work. Under the law this expense is required to be borne by the parties in the suit, and it is because of that fact that the defendants are seeking to have the order vacated. According to their attorneys, there would be no objection on their part to the survey provided the expense of the same was borne by the plaintiffs. However, it is not presumed such would be acceptable to those on that side of the case.

The movement to bring the state engineer into the field for the purpose of making a hydrographic survey was instigated by the plaintiffs in the suit, and the sum of \$1500 is said to have been deposited by them to the credit of the state engineer for the purpose of paying the preliminary expense of the work. However, the order requiring the survey was given ex parte, and it is believed by the defendants that the same will be vacated.

Bennington Court-Martial Sits.

San Francisco, Sept. 15.—The court-martial to try Commander Lucien Young and Ensign Charles T. Wade, of the navy, on charges growing out of the fatal explosion on the gunboat Bennington at San Diego in July, assembled today at the Mare Island navy yard. The charge against both officers is neglect of duty. The court-martial consists of Rear Admiral Henry Glass, Captains Charles P. Perkins, William R. Day, John E. Roller (retired), Frank E. Holmes (retired), Commanders Lewis C. Hellner, James H. Bull, Edward V. Underwood, William Winder, Stacey Potts, Robert M. Doyle, Henry C. Gearing and A. W. Dodd, with Captain Ernest E. West, United States marine corps, acting as judge-advocate.

Charleston in Commission.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 15.—With little ceremony, the armored cruiser Charleston, one of the newest and speediest of Uncle Sam's fighting craft, today formally became the property of the United States government. The Charleston was constructed at Newport News and had its trial trip this summer off the New England coast. It attained at that time a speed surpassing the requirements of the contract.

Town Was Destroyed.

London, Sept. 15.—A Rome dispatch says the village of Monteto Rosso, with 3000 inhabitants, was destroyed by an earthquake. It is believed there have been many casualties. The water supply has been fouled over a wide stretch of country by the earthquake, and the suffering is intense.