## ...AN EXTRA SPECIAL OF ODDS AND ENDS...

THE RELIABLE STORE **Alexander's** THE RELIABLE STORE

FOR ONE WEEK WE WILL SELL ALL ODDS AND ENDS IN OUR STORE AT SUCH LOW PRICES THAT WILL MAKE THEM MOVE AT ONCE. THE COST OF THEM WILL NOT BE TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION—THEY MUST ALL GO AT SOME PRICE AND WE HAVE TAKEN DRASTIC MEASURES TO MAKE THEM GO.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 750 yards Dress Trimming, values up to $1.50, all week | 10c | Brown Dress Linen, 32-inch, regular 25c | 19c |
| 500 yards Wash Fabrics in Fancy Lawns, Batiste, etc., value up to 25c, all week | 9c | All shades Dress Linens, regular 25c | 19c |
| 500 yards Plain and Fancy Lawns, Lace, Stripe Organdies, etc.; values up to 40c | 19c | Oxford Dress Linens, all shades, the 40c kind | 29c |
| Corded Wash Silks in Cream and Colored; regular 50c kind | 39c | Jap Crepe, light blue and pink, always sold at 20c | 12 1-2c |
| Fancy Voiles in a number of patterns, regular 20c | 11 1-2c | All colors in Cotton Covrt, regular 15c | 11 1-2c |
| | | Short Kimonas, made of figured Lawn, the $1.25 kind; all week | 75c |

**Refrigerators**

At prices that mean a big saving to to you. We save you money on a refrigerator that cuts down your ice bill

Refrigerators with 50-pound ice capacity, for .....$10.00
Refrigerators with 65-pound ice capacity for .....$12.50
Refrigerators with 85-pound capacity for .....$15.00
Gasoline and Oil Stoves at big Reductions.

**V. STROBLE**

210 EAST COURT STREET -:- -:- -:- 'PHONE BLACK 1171.

**BYERS' BEST FLOUR**

Is made from the choicest wheat that grows. Good bread is assured when Byers' Best Flour is used. Bran, shorts, steam rolled barley always on hand.

**PENDLETON ROLLER MILLS**

W. S. BYERS, Proprietor.

**ELECTRIC POWER**

IS THE CHEAPEST, MOST CONVENIENT, MOST SATISFACTORY POWER KNOWN FOR ALL PURPOSES. IT IS READY FOR TO START THE WHEELS ROLLING AS SOON AS YOU THROW THE SWITCH, AND CAN BE SHUT OFF IN A MOMENT'S NOTICE.

NO FIRES TO BUILD, NO WATER TO CONSUME, NO ASHES TO EMPTY OUT—WE DO ALL THA TFOR YOU, AND SAVE YOU MONEY BESIDES.

**Prepare for Hot Weather**

FAN MOTORS WILL BE RUN AT THE FOLLOWING FLAT RATE.

12-INCH FANS .....$1.50 PER MONTH
16-INCH FANS .....$3.00 PER MONTH

SEE US ABOUT RATES FOR POWER.

**Northwestern Gas & Electric Company**

F. W. VINCENT, MANAGER.


### LACE BARK TREES ARE FEW.

**But Half a Dozen of This Species Now Exist—Reason for so Naming.**

There are in all about half a dozen lace bark trees in the world, so called because the inner bark yields a natural lace in a ready made sheet form, which can be made up on serviceable articles of apparel.

Only four of these curious species of trees the of much practical value. Tourists who have stopped at Hawaii or Samoa may recall the lace bark clothing of the natives—clothing of a neat brown color when new, of remarkable strength and of a fragrant odor, like freshly cured tobacco leaves. The native tapa cloth, as it is called, is made from the bark of the brusonetia papirifera, but it is not usually included among the real lace bark trees.

In its natural state the real lace bark is a delicate cream white tint. It is probably a kind of fibrous pith. When the outer bark is removed it can be unfolded and unwound in one seamless piece, having a surface of a little more than a square yard. Washing and sun bleaching give it a dazzling white appearance. The fabric is fairly light. It is used in the West Indies for mantillas, cravats, collars, cuffs, window curtains—in a word, for every purpose that ordinary lace is used. In making up shawls, veils and the like, it is customary to piece two sheets of lace together. Delicate and apparently weak as it is in single mesh, a bit of lace bark, if rolled into a thin string, will all but resist human strength to break it.

Despite its practical use, there is no essential demand for lace bark. It has been used by the natives for hundreds of years, and yet it is comparatively little known to this day. A few specimens of lace bark articles exist in different countries of Europe. These were made hundreds of years ago, yet, though their age is considerable, they are said to be in a good state of preservation.

**The Diamond Cure.**

The latest news from Paris is, that they have discovered a diamond cure for consumption. If you fear consumption or pneumonia, it will, however, be best for you to take the great remedy mentioned by W. T. McGee of Vanleer, Tenn. "I had a cough for [illegible] years. Nothing helped me until I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which gave instant relief, and effected a permanent cure." Unequalled quick cure for throat and lung troubles. At Tallman & Co.'s drug store; price 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed. Trial bottle free.

**Teachers Talk Shop.**

Asbury Park, N. J., July 6.—The National Educational asociation in annual session today had another busy day of it. All of the sectional conferences were well attended. No general session was held, but the departmental meetings listened to scores of interesting papers and discussions covering wide fields of educational work. The opening meeting tonight will be addressed by William Barclay Parsons, the famous New York engineer; Frank A. Vanderlip, vice president of the National City Bank of New York, and Lorenzo D. Harvey, superintendent of the school of Menominee, Wis.

**Lehman Springs.**

Lehman Springs, the beautiful, cool and healthful summer resort, is now open under the personal management of James Lehman, the proprietor. It is an ideal place to spend the warm summer months. The rates are reasonable, $1 per day for room and board at the hotel. Thirty modern cottages for rent at from $1 to $3 per week.

**Forced to Starve.**

B. F. Leek of Concord, Ky., says: "For 20 years I suffered agonies, with a sore on my upper lip, so painful sometimes, that I could not eat. After vainly trying everything else, I cured it with Bucklen's Arnica Salve." It's great for burns, cuts and wounds. At Tallman & Co.'s drug store. Only 25c.

**Lehman Springs Stage.**

The Lehman Springs stage will start Saturday, June 30, and will run till October 1, and carry passengers and the mail. It starts from Lindsay's stable, on Cottonwood street.

**Smoke Good Cigars**

A full line of the ex[illegible] cigars made by the Pendleton [illegible]tory, 13 different brands a[illegible] the Mode[illegible] Bakery, on Cou[illegible]

# HONOR PAUL JONES

REPRESENTATIVES OF TWO NATIONS ENGAGED.

**American Naval Escort of Over Five Hundred Act as a Guard of Honor for the Body From the American Embassy to the Ship Which Will Convey it to America—Many French People Attend the Ceremonies and French Troops Act as an Escort of Honor.**

Paris, July 6.—Another link in the chain of friendship binding together the great republics of the new and old worlds, was forged today when official France united with representatives of the United States in paying respect to the memory of the great American admiral, Paul Jones. The program of ceremonies accompanying the transfer of the Admiral's remains to the custody of the American naval authorities for conveyance to the United States occupied the greater part of the day and attracted unlimited attention in the French capital.

An American naval escort of more than 500 officers and men from the American squadron at Cherbourg arrived in Paris by special train at an early hour this morning. The visitors were met at the Invalides railroad station by a detachment of French troops, who acted as escort to the barracks of the Military School, which the government placed at the disposal of the United States sailors and marines. At 3:30 this afternoon Admiral Sigsbee, his staff and the entire naval contingent proceeded to the American church, on the Avenue de l'Alma, where the ceremonies of the delivery of Admiral Paul Jones' body to the representatives of the American government took place. The church was thronged with distinguished French naval and civil officers, several of the cabinet and representatives of various patriotic societies.

The body lay in state in the chancel of the church, the casket being covered with the national flags of the United States and France and a number of handsome floral emblems. General Horace Porter, former ambassador to France, as custodian of the body, the recovery of which was due largely to his efforts, made a brief address previous to turning over the body to Francis B. Loomis, the special representative of the United States government. He later in turn commissioned Rear Admiral Sigsbee, commander of the American escorting squadron, to transport the body to the United States.

A salute was fired as eight American marines shouldered the coffin and carried it to an artillery caison, on which it was publicly conveyed to the Esplande of the Invalides. The route of the procession was through the Champ Elysees and across the Alexander bridge, halting before the tomb of Napoleon. Houses all along the route displayed the American colors and the sidewalks were thronged with sightseers who stood with bared heads as the procession passed.

Arriving before the tomb of Napoleon the coffin was deposited on a high catafalque, surrounded by flags and flowers, and an entire division of French troops passed in review before the body. After rendering military honors to the dead the body was placed on an open railway car, guarded by a French and American escort. Ten o'clock tonight is the hour fixed for the departure of the funeral car for Cherbourg. Arriving there, the body will be transferred to the flagship Brooklyn with appropriate ceremonies.

### CHINESE FOR MEXICO.

**Coolie Laborers Needed on Hemp Plantations in State of Yucatan.**

American Consul George E. Anderson, of Among, China, sends the following account of a movement of Chinese coolies to Southern Mexico:

The owners of certain plantations in Mexico, especially in Yucatan, seem to be making an effort to secure Chinese labor for their establishments. Coming after the experience the Chinese laborer had in this line about a year ago, the present offer to work has caused considerable excitement among some classes. According to an advertisement in a native paper, the Japanese now have charge of the work of enlisting men in this proposed agricultural army. The advertisement, as translated, says, among other things:

"About a year ago a certain agricultural concern in Mexico sent a special agent to Fuchau for the purpose of securing Chinese laborers, such laborers to take their families with them if necessary. They were to be shipped to Mexico to work on hemp plantations, but to do no other work. This enterprise had the consent of the governor of Yucatan, Mexico, but owing to the ignorance of Chinese law on the part of the agent, he undertook to issue an official proclamation himself, and consequently his mission was brought to a sudden end by the order of the Mexican consul. The agriculturists of Mexico need labor just as bad as a year ago, and have applied to the Cho Kiu Kan, emigration agents of Japan, for assistance. * * * Everything set forth in this notice is entitled to confidence. Incidentally it may be added that the treaty concluded between China and Mexico provides for the free emigration of citizens of either country and for the mutual protection of such emigrants. Emigrants take no risk whatever. It is understood that the foreign office in Fuahau has issued a proclamation on the subject, publishing all treaties and regulations relating thereto."

The response to this proposition does not seem to have been as general from any part of this province as was hoped, but it is probable that it will be general enough to make up a fair-sized shipment of coolies to Mexican territory. But there is no "boom" in emigration to Mexico. In view of the fact that not less than 2,500,000 people from the Amoy district are abroad in such enterprises, this fact is somewhat notable.

The number of Chinese emigrants leaving Amoy this spring seems to be about the same as usual. Something like 75,000 will go to Singapore and the Straits Settlements and between 5000 and 6000 to the Philippines. Ten thousand will probably go to Hong Kong, Saigon and other ports. The money sent home by these emigrants is by far the largest financial resources of the people of this district.

### JOE JEFFERSON'S CHARITY.

**Famous Actor Made Fortunes, But Gave Them Away**

"There need be no surprise at the comparatively small estate left by Joseph Jefferson," said A. L. Erlanger, to the New York World. "To be sure the immense earnings from his many seasons in 'Rip Van Winkle,' and his keen sense of business led the public to believe that there would be millions of dollars left when the great old man of the American stage died; but to those who knew of the charitable side of his personality, and the free hand with which he gave money away to members of the profession who needed it there should be no surprise that this is not the case.

"I was associated with Mr. Jefferson for many years, and knew, probably more about his charities than any one else. In fact, I distributed thousands of dollars every year for him, without being asked to account for it in any way. At the least call for aid Mr. Jefferson would say, 'Look up this fellow—I used to know him—and if he needs the money let him have it; only, he's kind of proud, so don't let him think it's charity.'

"If I wanted I could tell you the names of a dozen or more actors, some of them now living, who received regular weekly amounts from Mr. Jefferson, ranging from $25 up to $100. The late C. W. Couldock I used to pay $100 every week, and it was Mr. Jefferson's orders that Couldock should never want for anything.

"Couldock was a peculiar old man, honest and candid, and a little thing like $100 a week did not prevent his saying what he thought of Mr. Jefferson. Once Jefferson bought an apartment house up in Harlem, a fine, new building, then very fashionable and well appointed.

"'Couldock needs a good place to live,' he said to me. 'Furnish a nice apartment in the house for him and tell him to occupy it, rent free, with my compliments, just as long as he wants to.'

"I sent for Culdock and gave him the glad tidings. His gratitude was something surprising. He stormed, fumed and swore, and finally blurted out, in his most approved 'You are no longer a chee-lid of mine' tone:

"'What? Live in a tenement on that old miser's bounty? No, sir. No, sir. Never—r—r—r—r—r!'

"He stalked out of my office pounding the floor with his cane, and I never dared mention the subject to him again."

### THE ELECTRIC CRADLE.

(An electrical power company makes a special feature of supplying small quantities of power to workingmen's cottages. The same motor that rocks the credle runs the sewing machine.)

The hand that rocked the cradle
Now turns a little switch,
And swing-swing goes the baby
To a regulated pitch,
While the Singer keeps a-buzzing
With its busy little stitch,
And mother sings as baby swings;
Hush-a-by, baby, in the whizz-cot,
When the switch turns the cradle will rock;
When the fuse busts it's baby's last call—
Up will go baby, and motor, and all.

The current rocks the baby,
And cools him with a fan,
And shoots him through the Subway
When the baby grows a man;
The motor ousts the mother
Upon the modern plan,
So mother sings as baby swings:
Hush-a-by, baby, in the whizz-cot,
When the switch turns the cradle will rock;
When the fuse busts it's baby's last call—
Up will go baby, and motor, and all.

The mother-care is wasted,
What does the work is juice.
The current rears the baby,
And love has no excuse,
For in this age electric
A thing must be of use.
So mother sings as baby swings:
Hush-a-by, baby, in the whizz-cot,
When the switch turns the cradle will rock;
When the fuse busts it's baby's last call—
Up will go baby, and motor, and all.
—Wex Jones in San Francisco Examiner.

**Working a 13-Inch Gun.**

To test a 13-inch gun loaded and fired is a sight not to be forgotten. The projectile is 13 inches in diameter, about three feet in length, and weighs 1100 pounds, says Leslie's Weekly. The powder charge for target practice is 250 pounds. The cost for each shot is about $250. When all is ready on the range, the signal siren sounds, there is a blinding flash, a roar like thunder, and a jarring shock; then you hear the whining screech of the shell for all the world like a fast express rounding a sharp curve. The projectile is visible almost from the time it leaves the gun; you see it rip through the target and strike the water beyond, throwing up a column of liquid many feet high. The shell skips, much like the flat stone "skippers" of boyhood, and again a column of water shoots up two miles or farther out to be repeated time and again. The shell in its flight can be watched without the aid of a glass for eight miles or more in clear weather.

The Burmese mile, which is equal to two English miles, is described by a word meaning "to sit," being the distance that a man walks before he considers it necesary to sit down.

# ENDEAVORERS MEET

HOST OF CHRISTIAN WORKERS IN DENVER.

**Opening Service Conducted by Prof. King of Oberlin College—Reception Will Be Given to the Many Delegates From Foreign Countries, Representing the Most Distant Parts of the Globe—The Negro Race Has Representatives.**

Baltimore, Md., July 6.—Again the Christian Endeavor host began the day with a quiet hour service of praise and prayer. The service, which was attended by hundreds, was led by President King of Oberlin college. The hour from 9 to 10 was devoted to a school of methods. Under the direction of expert leaders the convention discussed methods of junior and intermediate Christian Endeavor work, foreign missions, home missions, personal work and Bible study.

Later in the morning the juniors had their innings. They assembled by thousands in the Fifth regiment armory and listened to a general discussion of the topic, "The Boys and Girls for Christ and the Church." The speakers included William Shaw of Boston, Miss Kate H. Haus of Missouri, Rev. C. H. Hubbell of Ohio, and Rev. Albert Swift of London. A second junior and intermediate rally was held late this afternoon.

One of the most interesting sessions of the entire convention is that arranged for this evening. Leaders of the Christian Endeavor movement representing many races and many countries will assemble in the armory to exchange greetings and speak of the progress of the movement in their respective spheres. Rev. Albert Swift will tell of the work in England and the Rev. J. D. Lamont will speak for Ireland. India will have several representatives present, as will also Bulgaria, China, Africa, Japan, Jamaica and Canada. Mr. Stephen Jones will speak for the American Indian and Bishops Alexander Walters and B. W. Arnett for the negro race in America.

**Tunneling at $150 Per Foot.**

Faris and Kesl have sub-contracted the tunnel work on the Black canyon canal to George Barr of Sweet and Mr. Ryberg of Boise. One tunnel will be 1100 feet long and another 300 feet through solid rock, the work to commence at once. Several other contracts were taken for dirt work on the bench. The total amount of contracts in the aggregate amount to about $210,000.—Boise Capital News.

When a man makes one mistake he usually follows it up with three or four before he recovers his balance.


**Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney and Bladder Trouble.**

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh, or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling all about Swamp-Root, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N.Y., be sure and mention this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Home of Swamp-Root.

SO DECEPTIVE.

**Many Pendleton People Fail to Realize the Seriousness.**

Bac[illegible]e is no deception. It [illegible]mes and goes—[illegible] you guessing.

Leav[illegible] the cause—then [illegible] it.

Nin[illegible]mes out of ten it [illegible]s from the kidneys.

Th[illegible] why Doan's Ki[illegible] Pills cure it.

Cu[illegible] every kidney ill [illegible] backache to diabetes.

He[illegible] a Pendleton ca[illegible]ove it.

H. [illegible] Thompson, retire[illegible] lives on Stonewall Jackson [illegible] says: "My kidneys troubled me [illegible] spells for [illegible]ears and at such [illegible] with a steady dull aching acro[illegible] my back. I us[illegible]ge quantities [illegible]arious kinds of medicines said [illegible] good for it, but they never [illegible]d me enou[illegible] that I could n[illegible] Finally [illegible] a box of Do[illegible] Kidney Pills [illegible]he Brock & M[illegible]s Co. drug [illegible], and I found [illegible] to be just [illegible] needed. Th[illegible] right to t[illegible]t and not only [illegible]d my back [illegible] but cured it [illegible]ently. I w[illegible]ly too pleased to [illegible]thers ab[illegible] merits of this re[illegible]."

[illegible] by all dealers [illegible]e 50 c[illegible]ter-Milburn Co. [illegible]ffalo, N[illegible] agents for [illegible]nited Sta[illegible]

[illegible] the name—D[illegible] and take no other.