



All Ready For Baby,

The young mother thinks, when she has completed the baby garments that are to clothe the little form. But she is not all ready for baby's coming, unless she has done something more for the baby than merely to prepare his clothes. Many a young mother who goes through hours of pain and suffering wonders why it was not possible to prepare in some way for the baby's advent, and to avoid the agony that seemed almost unendurable.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the one medicine for women which prepares them perfectly, both for the burdens and pleasures of maternity. It prevents the morning sickness from which so many women suffer. It strengthens the whole body, so that there is no nervousness nor anxiety. It promotes a healthy appetite and causes refreshing sleep. It gives the mother strength for her trial and makes the baby's advent practically painless. Healthy mothers have healthy children, and it is the general testimony of those who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a preparative for motherhood, that the children were healthier and happier than those born after months of mental misery and physical anguish on the part of the prospective mother.

Sick and ailing women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter absolutely without fee or charge. As chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. R. V. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has in the past thirty years and over treated and cured more than half a million sick and suffering women. The testimonials of these cured women are on record. A large number of them were cured when doctors had pronounced a cure impossible and after enduring years of useless suffering.

Let our sick women hesitate to take advantage of Dr. Pierce's offer, but write at once and so secure the professional counsel of a specialist in the diseases of women, entirely free. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Hoped for Death.

"For the sake of poor suffering women, I feel it my duty to inform you of the great benefit your medicine has given me," writes Mrs. Callie Kowles, of Watts, Fredrick Co., N. C. "I was in a most miserable condition when I wrote to you. I had uterine disease so bad I could scarcely walk and suffered such dreadful misery I hoped to be relieved by death. You wrote to me to take your 'Favorite Prescription' and I have taken eleven bottles of it, and two of your 'Pleasant Pellets.' I am entirely well and feel like a new woman. I feel thankful to God and to Dr. Pierce for the blessings I now enjoy. I have a fine big boy, two months old and never get along as well in my life. I can't praise your medicines enough."

Very Thankful.

"I will be very glad to say a few words for Dr. Pierce's 'Favorite Prescription' writes Mrs. F. S. Douglas, of Masonville, Broome Co., Quebec. "During the first four months when I looked forward to becoming a mother I suffered very much from nausea and vomiting and I felt so terrible sick I could scarcely eat or drink anything. I hated all kinds of food. At this time I wrote to Dr. Pierce and he told me to get his 'Favorite Prescription' and a bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I got a bottle of each and when I had taken them a few days, I felt much better, and when I had taken hardly three parts of each bottle I felt I could eat as well as any one, and could do my work without any trouble. (I could not do any thing before). I feel very thankful to Dr. Pierce for his medicine and I tell all who tell me they are sick to get these medicines or write to Dr. Pierce."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for book in paper cover, or 31 stamps in cloth binding.

WORMS

"I had for years suffered from what medical men called 'Lymphitis of the Stomach.' In August I purchased a box of Cascarets and was surprised to find that 'I had' 'em'—yes, a big pile of squirming mass left me. Judge our doctor's surprise when I showed him thirty feet, and in another day he remained about the same length of a snake-worm that had been sapling my vitality for years. I have enjoyed the best of health ever since. I trust this testimonial will appeal to other sufferers."

Chas. Blackstock, 1215 Hivinity Place, West Philadelphia, Pa.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sickens, Weakens or Grips, No. 10, No. 10, Never Ad in Bulk. The genuine label stamped, G. U. C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

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PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL DEMOCRACY

Following is the democratic platform adopted at St. Louis:

The democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, declares its devotion to the essential principles of the democratic faith which brings us together in party communion.

Under them, local self-government and national unity and prosperity were alike established. They upheld our independence, the structure of our free republic, and every democratic extension from Louisiana to California and Texas to Oregon, which preserved faithfully in all the states the tie between taxation and representation. They yet inspire the masses of our people, guarding jealously their rights and liberties, and cherishing their fraternity, peace and orderly development. They remind us of our duties and responsibilities as citizens and impress upon us, particularly at this time, the necessity of reform.

First—The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day is the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, of the conscience and of speech—equality of the law of all citizens; right of trial by jury; freedom of the person defended by the writ of habeas corpus; liberty of personal contract untrammelled by sumptuary laws; supremacy of the civil over the military authority; a well-disciplined militia; the separation of church and state; economy in expenditures, low taxes, that labor may be lightly burdened; prompt and sacred fulfillment of public and private obligations; fidelity to treaties, peace and friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none; absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, the vital principles of republics—these are the doctrine which democracy has established as proverbs of the nation, and they should be constantly enforced.

Capital and Labor.

We favor the enactment and administration of laws giving labor and capital impartially their just rights. Capital and labor ought not to be enemies. Each is necessary to the other. Each has its rights, but the rights of labor are certainly no less "vested," no less "sacred" and no less "unalienable" than the rights of capital.

Colorado Strike.

Constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right of labor, acquire any enjoy property, or reside where interest or inclination may determine. Any denial thereof by individuals or organizations of government should be summarily rebuked and punished.

We deny the right of any executive to disregard or suspend any constitutional privilege or limitation. Obedience to the laws and respect for their requirements are alike the supreme duty of the citizen and the official.

The military should be used only to support and maintain the law. We unqualifiedly condemn its employment for the summary banishment of citizens without trial, or for the control of election.

We approve the measure which passed the United States senate in 1896, but which a republican congress has ever since refused to enact, relating to contempt in federal courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt.

Waterway Improvements.

We favor liberal appropriations for the care and improvement of the waterways of the country. When any waterway like the Mississippi river is of sufficient importance to demand special aid of the government, such aid should be extended with a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

We approve the republican policy of starving home development in order to feed the greed for conquest, and the appetite for national "prestige" and display of strength.

Economical Administration.

First—Large reductions can easily be made in the annual expenditures of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service, and we shall insist upon the strictest economy and frugality compatible with vigorous and effective civil, military and naval administration for the people.

Second—We favor honesty in the public service, the enforcement of honesty in the public service, and to that end a thorough executive investigation of those departments of the government already known to teem with corruption, as well as other departments suspected of harboring corruption, and the punishment of ascertained corruptionists without fear or favor or regard to persons. The persistent and deliberate refusal of both the senate and house of representatives to permit such investigation to be made demonstrates that only by a change in the executive and in the legislative department can complete exposure, punishment and conviction be obtained.

We condemn the action of the republican party in congress in refusing to prohibit the executive department from entering into contracts with convicted trusts or unlawful combinations in restraint of interstate trade.

We have one of the best methods of procuring economy and honesty in the public service, and that is to have public officials, from the lowest to the highest, return as nearly as possible to Jeffersonian simplicity of living.

Usurpation of Power.

We favor the nomination and election of a president imbued with the principles of the constitution, who will set his face sternly against executive usurpation of legislative and executive functions, whether that usurpation be veiled under the guise of executive construction of existing laws, or whether it takes refuge in the tyrant's plans of necessity of superior wisdom.

Against Imperialism.

We favor the preservation, so far as we can, of an open door for the world's commerce in the Orient, without an unnecessary entanglement in Oriental and European affairs, and without arbitrary, unlimited, irresponsible and absolute government anywhere within our jurisdiction. We oppose, fervently, as did George Washington himself, an indefinite, irresponsible, discretionary and vague absolutism and a policy of colonial exploitation, no matter where or by whom exercised. We believe with Thomas Jefferson and John Adams that no government has a right to make one set of laws for those "at home" and another set and a different set of laws, absolute in their character, for those "in the colonies."

All men under the American flag are entitled to the protection of the institutions whose emblem the flag is. If they are inherently unfit to be members of the American body politic—wherever there may exist a people incapable of being governed upon American laws under the American constitution—the territory or people ought not to be a part of the American domain. We insist that we ought to do for the Filipinos what we have done already for the Cubans, and it is our duty to make that promise now and, upon suitable guarantees of protection to citizens of our own and other countries resident there at the time of our withdrawal, set the Filipino people upon their feet, free and independent to work out their own destiny.

The endeavor of the secretary of war, by pledging the government's indorsement for "promoters" in the Philippine islands to make the United States a partner in speculative legislation of the archipelago, which was only temporarily held up by the opposition of the democratic senators in the last session, will, if successful, lead to entanglements from which it will be difficult to escape.

Reduction of Tariff.

The democratic party has been, and will continue to be the consistent opponent of that class of tariff legislation by which certain interests have been permitted, through congressional favor, to draw a heavy tribute from the American people. The monstrous perversion of those equal opportunities which our political institutions were established to secure, has caused what may once have been infant industries to become the greatest combinations of capital that the world has ever known. These especially favorites of the government have,

through trust methods, been converted into monopolies, thus bringing to an end domestic competition, which was the only alleged check upon the extravagant profits made possible by the protective system. These industrial combinations by the financial assistance they can give, now control the policy of the republican party.

We denounce protection as a robbery of the many to enrich the few, and we favor a tariff limited to the necessities of the government economically administered, and so levied as not to discriminate against any industry, class or section, to the end that the burdens of taxation shall be distributed as equally as possible.

We favor a revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses and for the common weal, and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and its discriminations, keeping in view the ultimate ends of "equality of burdens" and "equality of opportunities," and the executive purpose of raising a revenue by taxation, to-wit, the support of the federal government in all its integrity and virility, but in simplicity.

We recognize that the gigantic trusts and combinations designed to enable capital to secure more than its just share of the joint products of capital and labor which have been fostered and promoted under republican rule, are a menace to beneficial competition, and an obstacle to permanent business prosperity.

A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. Individual equality of opportunity and free competition are essential to a healthy and permanent commercial prosperity; and anyocratic measure, broad and comprising to destroy these by controlling production, restricting competition or fixing prices, should be prohibited and punished by law.

We especially denounce rebates and discrimination by the transportation companies, as the most potent agency in promoting and strengthening these unlawful conspiracies against trade. We demand an enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission, to the end that the traveling public and shippers of this country may have prompt and adequate relief for the abuses to which they are subjected in the matter of transportation.

We demand a specific enforcement of existing civil and criminal statutes against all such trusts, combinations and monopolies, and we demand the enactment of such further legislation as may be necessary effectually to suppress them.

Any trust or unlawful combination engaged in interstate commerce, which is monopolizing any branch of business or production, should not be permitted to transact business outside of the state of its origin. Whenever it shall be established in any court of competent jurisdiction that such monopolization exists, prohibition should be enforced through comprehensive laws to be enacted on the subject.

We congratulate our western citizens upon the passage of the law known as the Newlands Irrigation act for the irrigation and reclamation of the arid lands of the west, a measure framed by a democrat, passed in the senate by a non-partisan vote, and passed in the house against the opposition of almost all of the republican leaders by a vote, the majority of which was democratic.

We call attention to this great demerit. We also favor the immediate as it is, working automatically throughout all time, without further action of congress, until the reclamation of all lands in the arid West capable of reclamation is accomplished, reserving the lands reclaimed for homesteaders in small tracts, and rigidly guarding against land monopoly, as an evidence of the policy of domestic development contemplated by the democratic party, should it be placed in power.

The democracy, when entrusted with power, will construct the Panama canal speedily, honestly and economically, thereby giving to our people what democrats have always contended for—a great inter-oceanic ca-

nal furnishing shorter and cheaper lines of transportation, and broader and less trammelled trade regulations with the other peoples of the world.

To Protect Citizens.

We pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and lawful protection of our citizens at home and abroad, and to use all proper measures to secure for them, whether native born or naturalized, and without distinction of race or creed, the equal protection of laws and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under the covenants of our treaties of friendship and commerce; and, if under existing treaties, the right of travel and sojourn is denied to American citizens, or recognition is withheld from American passports by any countries on the ground of race or creed, we favor the beginning of negotiations with the governments of such countries to secure, by treaty, the removal of these unjust discriminations.

We demand that all over the world a duly authenticated passport issued by the government of the United States to an American citizen shall be proof of the fact that he is an American citizen, and shall entitle him to the treatment due him as such.

Senators by Vote.

We favor the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people.

Statehood for Territories.

We favor the admission of the territories of Oklahoma and the Indian territory. We also favor the immediate admission of Arizona and New Mexico as separate states, and a territorial government for Alaska and Porto Rico.

We hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any territory, as well as with the District of Alaska, should be bona fide residents at the time of their appointment for the territory or district in which the duties are to be performed.

Denounce Ship Subsidy.

We denounce the ship subsidy bill recently passed by the United States senate as an iniquitous appropriation of public funds for private purposes, and as a wasteful, illogical and useless attempt to overcome by subsidy any obstructions raised by the republican legislation to the growth and development of American commerce on the sea. We favor the upbuilding of a merchant marine without new or additional burdens upon the people, and without bounties from the public treasury.

We demand the extermination of polygamy within the jurisdiction of the United States, and the complete separation of church and state in political affairs.

Favor Reciprocity.

We favor liberal trade arrangements with Canada, and with peoples of other countries, where they can be entered into with benefit to American agricultural, manufacturing, mining and commerce.

Maintain Monroe Doctrine.

We favor the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in its full entirety.

Reduce Army and Navy.

We favor the reduction of the army and navy expenditures to the point historically demonstrated to be safe and sufficient.

Civil Service Upheld.

The democratic party stands committed to the principles of civil service reform, and we demand their honest, just and impartial enforcement. We denounce the republican party for its continuous encroachment upon the spirit and operation of civil service rules, whereby it has arbitrarily dispensed with examinations for office in the interests of favorites, and employed all manner of devices to overreach and set aside the principles upon which the civil service was established.

Pensions to be Liberal.

The democracy would secure to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents generous pensions, not by an arbitrary executive order, but by legislation which a grateful people stand ready to enact. Our soldiers and sailors who defend with their lives the constitution and laws have a sacred interest in their just administration. They must, therefore, share with us the humiliation with which we have witnessed the exultation of court favorites, without distinguished service, over the sacred heroes of many battles, or aggrandized by executive appropriations out of the treasury of a prostrate people, in violation of the act of congress, which fixes the compensation and allowances of the military officers.

Race Question.

The race question brought countless woes to our country. Calm wisdom of the American people should see to it that it brings no more. To revive the dead and hateful race and sectional animosities in any part of our country means confusion, distraction of business and the reopening of wounds now happily healed. North, South, East and West have recently stood together in line of battle from the walls of Pekin to the hills of Santiago, and, as sharers of a common glory and a common destiny, we should share fraternally the common burden.

We therefore deprecate and condemn the bourbonlike selfish and narrow spirit of the recent republican convention at Chicago which sought to kindle anew a racial and factional strife, and we appeal to the sober, common sense and patriotic spirit of the American people.

Republican Administration.

The existing republican administration has been spasmodic, spectacular and arbitrary. It has made itself a satire upon the congress, the courts and upon the settled practices and usages of national and international law. It summoned the congress into hasty and futile extra session and virtually adjourned it, leaving behind its flight from Washington uncalled calendars and unaccomplished tasks.

It made war, which is the sole power of congress, without its authority, thereby usurping its fundamental

prerogatives. It violated a treaty of the United States, as well as ages and constitutional law, done so under pretense of a great public policy, which have been more easily and fully, constitutionally and effectively, than any other measure.

If forced strained and constructions upon statutes siting judicial interpretation, it withdrew from congress its ordinary duty of investigation, have heretofore made the terror of evildoers. It boasted of a few samples while it threw a broad cover the bureau which had chosen field of operative kept in power the stern-criminals whose administration had been committed.

It ordered assault upon a polis, but, paralyzed by victory, it flung out the flag and declared it would "amuck," leaving its future clouded by its vacillations.

Conducting the campaign declaration of our principles, we invoke for our support, not only of our and time-honored organizations, also the active assistance of fellow citizens, who, through differences upon questions in issue, desire the perpetuation of our constitutional government, framed and established by the of the republic.

It does not take long after met the average old back cover the reason why he is

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths

There is a disease prevalent in our country most dangerous because it kills five times as many deaths as any other disease, and it is the cause of many sudden deaths. It is the disease of the kidneys, and it is the cause of many sudden deaths. It is the disease of the kidneys, and it is the cause of many sudden deaths.

Bladder troubles almost always from a derangement of the kidneys, and a cure is obtained quickest by a treatment of the kidneys. If you are suffering with bladder troubles, you are suffering with kidney troubles. If you are suffering with kidney troubles, you are suffering with bladder troubles.

It stands the highest for its cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may sample bottle of this wonderful remedy and a book that tells all about both sent free by mail. Address, Swam-Root Co., Binghamton, N. Y., writing mention reading this paper in your letter.

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