

There are a lot of people who will not read your want ads, but there are a lot of them who will.

East Oregonian

PENDLETON, UMATILLA COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1904.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Tonight partly cloudy; Sunday fair.

RS. BOTKIN IS A POOR WITNESS

Principal Dependence Seems to Be the Sympathies of the Jurymen.

WINNING DEPENDED UPON HER FOR MONEY.

Bought His Clothes and Paid for Board With Her Husband's Money—Claims She Was Hypocritical When She "Confessed" to the Woman Reporter—Made a General Denial of All Incriminating Charges, Including Intention of Suiciding.

San Francisco, April 2.—Mrs. Botkin took the stand in her own behalf this morning and made a complete confession. She was a poor witness, her attorney frequently being compelled to correct her and hold her back.

Throughout the questioning she looked appealingly at the jurors, and several times seemed on the verge of collapse. The jurors refused to look at her, all looking at any one thing but the witness.

At the beginning she said she became acquainted with Dunning through a flirtation in a park. After she met him, Dunning turned her for money to liquidate some of his debts. Most of his money to her were for financial aid.

She said Dunning was very poor. She bought him shoes and clothes, and she fed him with food, and gave him money secured from her husband. She did all this, she declared, out of kindness of heart.

She denied writing anonymous letters to Mrs. Dunning, or purchasing any of candy, or arsenic, or of any kind.

She declared that while being interviewed by Lizzie Livernash, the woman reporter, she became hysterical and may have said things that were incriminating, but had no recollection of them.

Dangerous admission. Mrs. Botkin admitted having asked a physician about the effect of arsenic, and the quantity necessary to kill. She said the matter came up when the physician had administered morphine to her.

She denied having contemplated killing anyone, or committing suicide. She said the woman who advised that one of the assigned letters sent her by Dunning from Salt Lake was destroyed. She and Dunning often talked about the authorship of the letters, and decided they were either written by Mrs. Seeley or Mrs. Abbott.

RAILROADS DENY PASSES.

Shippers Cannot Get Return Transportation. Portland, April 2.—The announcement of the refusal of the Western roads to issue passes to livestock shippers for the resumption of the livestock trade, has caused a great deal of disappointment among stockraisers and shippers of this section.

At further action, if any, which will be made public but it is probable will continue the fight.

B. Geina, a member of the committee to confer with the railroad, has received notice of the refusal.

TWENTY-ONE INDICTED.

Jury Rounds Up the Famous C. Guy Wakefield. Portland, April 2.—(Special to the Oregonian.)—The United States grand jury, which has been 15 days in session, this afternoon returned 21 indictments out of 27 cases examined in different states. Most are for land frauds.

The president of the Fraternity of Buyers' Association, who has all over America through

the Panama Laborers Strike. Panama, April 1.—One thousand dock laborers employed on the Panama railroad struck today for 30 cents an hour. The steamer Antec, Acca and Ecuador can not get their cargoes off. The strikers act by simple agreement, having no organization.

LEWISTON CREAMERY.

Farmers Are Anxious to Sell Butter Fat to Anybody.

Lewiston, April 2.—A. A. Hansen has returned from an extended trip through the reservation and upper country sections where he has been laboring among the farmers in the interest of a creamery for Lewiston. Mr. Hansen reports that the farmers are much interested in the creamery business and that more will milk cows for commercial purposes this season than ever before.

The plan first discussed for the project was the establishment of a large creamery at Lewiston by the Commercial Creamery Company, of Salem, Or., but after representatives of that company had visited the upper country it was not considered practical to install a plant until better transportation was afforded, or until more of the farmers were interested in the industry.

Mr. Hansen commenced his labors in the field several weeks ago and notwithstanding the decision of the Oregon company, has continued the effort and attended all the farmers' institutes held in the upper country. Mr. Hansen has encouraged the farmers to take up the creamery industry and arrangements have been made for the shipment of cream to the Hazelwood company at Spokane and the creamery plant at the experimental station at the University of Idaho.

The university plant has not yet been established for commercial purposes, but it is expected that such a plant will be installed within the next few weeks and cream from the farms of Northern Idaho will be received and manufactured on a similar basis as is followed by commercial creameries.

CARVING OUT TWO NEW STATES

MEASURE TO AUTHORIZE PHILIPPINE BOND ISSUE.

Government Proposes to Guarantee Earnings on Money Invested in Philippine Railroads—A Federal Building at Seattle to Cost Not More Than \$1,000,000.

Washington, April 2.—The house committee on territories today, by a party vote, authorized a favorable report of the republican proposition creating one state of the territories of Arizona and New Mexico, and one state of Oklahoma-Indian territory.

The house committee on insular affairs authorized a favorable report of the Cooper bill, which authorizes the Philippine commission to issue bonds for internal improvements, and to guarantee earnings on money invested in the archipelago.

Senator Foster of Washington, has offered an amendment to the sundry civil appropriations bill, increasing the limit of cost of public buildings at Seattle to \$1,000,000.

ULTIMATUM TO TAFFE.

Must Either Be Reasonable or Submit to Condemnation.

Portland, April 2.—Unless J. H. Taffe, of the Dalles, reduces the value placed upon his property, needed as part of the right of way for the Cello canal, condemnation proceedings will be begun. May 1 is the date set as a time limit by the state. This ultimatum was given Taffe at a meeting held in Portland this morning at which the governor, secretary of state, state treasurer and Taffe were present.

Murdered by Her Husband.

San Francisco, April 2.—Mrs. May Tobelman, shot last night by her husband, died at 8 this morning.

Horse Heaven is Hopeful.

The Horse Heaven residents are gloriously enthusiastic these days. L. Jaquot was down the first of the week and informs us that all the ranchers are looking forward to a bumper crop. In fact, it is expected that the yield of wheat this year will be greater than ever before. The soil is moistened to a depth of nearly five feet, the stand of winter wheat is excellent and looks better than ever before. The chances are that the railroad will be surprised at the tax that will be made on its carrying capacity, both by the Horse Heaven and Rattlesnake districts.—Ritzville Record.

Sumpter Socialists Organize.

Inspired by the faith that is within them and the principles which they hold should permeate political life, Sumpter's coteries of socialists met last evening and completed an organization for the coming campaign.—Sumpter Reporter.

All those directly concerned in the murder of King Alexander and Queen Draga in Serbia, have been deposed from office by King Peter, on account of the attitude of foreign governments, nearly all of whom had recalled their representatives.

PARKER CANNOT CARRY NEW YORK

Prospects That the State Will Not Instruct for Him at Hill's Dictation.

THAT IS THE PROMISE OF TAMMANY'S LEADER.

Tammany Does Not Believe That Parker is the Strongest Available Candidate—The Parker-Hill Cabal Has Only 150 Out of a Necessary 226 Delegates—Anti-Machinites Will Unceasingly Strive for an Uninstructed Delegation.

Atlantic City, N. J., April 1.—Chas. F. Murphy, the leader of Tammany, denies that David B. Hill has strength enough to organize the New York state convention at Albany. Mr. Murphy is not for Parker, and says so.

"Have overtures been made to you to agree to a resolution of confidence in Judge Parker?" he was asked. "I am not for instructions, and have said so repeatedly," was the reply. "Suppose the Hill men are strong enough to control the convention."

"That is not to be supposed." When asked if there was any truth in the report that he would not be for William Randolph Hearst, Mr. Murphy replied: "I am for the strongest man for the nominee."

Anti-Parker in Ascendancy.

Albany, N. Y., April 2.—Up-state democratic leaders who are working with Tammany and Chief Murphy for a free expression by the New York county delegations of their preference for the presidency, today, after an analysis of the returns from the county conventions, thus far held, conceded only 150 of the 450 delegates thus far elected, to Alton B. Parker under David B. Hill's management.

Revised figures for the conventions held yesterday and today in the various counties demonstrate that Hill and his iron-clad instruction forces are short many votes from the 226 necessary to control the state convention. Further, the anti-instruction forces expect within a week to add enough to the 216 claimed by them after the primaries, to send an uninstructed delegation to St. Louis.

SUSPECTS ARRESTED.

Accused of the Southern Pacific Express Robbery and Murder.

Redding, Cal., April 2.—Word is just received at the sheriff's office that two men suspected of complicity in the train robbery and the messenger's death, were arrested this morning at Keewick, and will be brought to Redding at 3 o'clock today. Detective Ahern and a posse of men have been watching them since yesterday morning. Another suspect is in Redding. The bandits doubled back after crossing Kerwick bridge, and turned their horses loose. The arrest is kept a secret for fear of a popular demonstration.

MORMON CONFERENCE.

Unprecedentedly Large Crowds Flocking into Salt Lake.

Salt Lake, April 2.—Not since the dedication of the temple have such big crowds of Mormons been in Salt Lake as are flocking here to attend the annual conference. The conference opens tomorrow with delegates from Mexico, Canada and nearly every state in the Union, arriving. In view of the Smoot agitation, interesting developments are expected in the next three days. Word from Washington comes that still another batch of subpoenas were mailed to Utah yesterday.

WOMAN DEFENDANT.

Accused of Land Frauds in the Northwest.

Chicago, April 2.—Mrs. William Watson, accused of defrauding the government and public by issuing deeds to homesteads on inaccessible mountain peaks in the West, was arrested here this morning by United States secret service men, and taken before Commissioner Humphrey for a hearing Monday. She will probably be taken back to Portland, where she is under indictment.

Thirty carloads of eggs from the West and South, and east-bound, are stalled in snow, and otherwise weather-bound on different lines. Shortage of eggs for Easter in New York and Philadelphia led to telegraphic inquiries disclosing the fact

JAPS GAINING MUCH HEADWAY

Their Especial Advantages Date From the Battle of Chong Ju.

RUSSIANS ARE FALLING BACK BEYOND THE YALU.

Superstition Among the Russian Soldiers—A Matter of Great Concern to the Authorities, and Weakness to Their Cause—Survivors of Naval Battle Are Decorated at Odessa—Vladivostok Will Be Free Port Till End of War.

Seoul, April 2.—A Reuter News Agency dispatch says the Japanese have allowed a bullock pack train en route from Ping Yang to Amser, from the American mining concession north of Anju river, to proceed after considerable delay. The act is supposed to indicate Japanese success at Chong Ju March 28, was so complete as to allow them to make considerable advance. Further, that the Russians are falling back beyond the Yalu.

Damaging Superstition.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—Siberian papers report a legend to the effect that the Japanese possess magnets which they use in time of battle to draw strength from their foes, has profoundly impressed the Russian troops. The military authorities, to counteract this, called the soldiers from the ranks and had them hold the magnets to see if they felt any weakness. The soldiers are not convinced, stating that Japanese magnets are different from those used to make the illustration for their benefit.

Ovation to Survivors.

Odessa, April 2.—The surviving members of crews of the Russian warships Variag and Korietz arrived today aboard the Russian steamer, Malaya and were greeted with tremendous enthusiasm. The commandant of the port pinned the St. George cross on each. When the crew reached the shore they were nearly overwhelmed by the populace. Those still suffering from wounds were carried through the streets, which were gaily bedecked with flags.

Vladivostok a Free Port.

Vladivostok, April 2.—In consequence of the complete closure of Port Arthur, the 12 customs officers have been withdrawn and Vladivostok will probably be a free port till the end of the war.

Situation at Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, April 2.—No changes in the situation. The weather is warmer and sick and wounded are recovering. The Japanese killed in the last attack were buried today in the Chinese cemetery, with military honors. It is hoped to raise the Japanese fire ships sunk in the harbor entrance.

Body Found.

San Francisco, April 2.—The body of Katie Beater was found this morning in Cypress Lawn cemetery reservoir. The girl has been missing since March 22.

Guy Wetmore Carry Dead.

New York, April 2.—Guy Wetmore Carryl, author and poet, and formerly editor of Munsey's, died of heart trouble today.

HAY PROSPECT.

Everything Now Points to an Unprecedented Crop.

Harry Rogers was in town Tuesday from Lower Butter creek, and Otis McCarty from the upper creek. Both were of the opinion that this country will have the biggest crop of hay ever known here. On lower Butter creek there will be about 250 acres of new alfalfa; the McCarty's will have 40 acres; the Blue Mountain ranch will have about 150 acres and almost all of them will have some new acreage, making altogether over 1,000 acres of new alfalfa. All the old fields promise a big yield, so that a bountiful supply of hay is assured. The acreage in the immediate vicinity of Echo has also been greatly increased this year.—Echo News.

Saw Herd of Elk.

Byron Turner was out the Susanville way yesterday and reports seeing a fine herd of 10 elk in that vicinity, says the Sumpter Reporter. They were, he says, fine specimens of the elk tribe. All he could do, however, was to fix an admiring gaze on them, since there is a fine of \$500 attached to the killing of an elk, and the season is never open.

HOW EXHIBITS ARE HANDLED.

Twenty Thousand Carloads of Articles for Display at World's Fair.

St. Louis, April 2.—The director of exhibits of the World's Fair, Hon. F. J. V. Shiff, estimates that there has been and will be not less than 20,000 carloads of exhibits arriving in St. Louis during March and April. Thirty tons to the car would make 600,000 tons of articles for display at this greatest of world's exhibitions.

How to handle such a vast quantity of merchandise in the short time within which the work must be done is a problem that interests the public as well as those more immediately concerned. Everything must be done with system, lest any of the valuable articles be lost. The system is all centered in the bureau of expedition. A man especially trained in this branch of exposition work is at the head of this bureau, Mr. Thomas L. Johnson, a New Yorker. The system is as follows: The exhibitor in Boston, Providence, San Francisco, or any other city or town, or in France, Germany or Japan, is provided with labels by the World's Fair division of exhibits. These labels are pasted on every package destined for the World's Fair. On the labels are written the name of building and the number of section and space in the building which have been allotted to this particular exhibitor.

Instruct for Roosevelt.

Manila, P. I., April 2.—The republicans of Manila, in convention, have endorsed the present administration at Washington, and instructed the delegates to the Chicago convention to cast their ballots for Roosevelt.

CONSIDERS THE OUTLOOK GOOD

PLANS FOR INCREASED PASSENGER SERVICE.

Walla Walla Commercial Association is Working to the Same End—Abundant Evidence That it Can Be Made Profitable to the Railroad Company.

C. E. Roosevelt has returned from a visit to Walla Walla, where he went as a committee from the Commercial Association to confer with the Commercial Association of that city in regard to taking some action to secure a daily passenger service between this city and Walla Walla. When Mr. Roosevelt reached Walla Walla he found that the committee which had been appointed by the Commercial Association of that place to confer with the Pendleton representation, had gone to Portland, the president of the Walla Walla association was sick in bed, and on that account nothing had been done.

Mr. Roosevelt, however, called upon the mayor and others of the prominent men who are interested in the train, and a plan was launched to prove to the railroad company that the train would be a paying thing for them, and a great thing for the people.

In the opinion of Mr. Roosevelt, it will be only a matter of time until the company puts on the train. It will take at least three months to make arrangements for the added service, to get the rolling stock, and to arrange the time card. As soon as those can be done conveniently, Mr. Roosevelt thinks the company will listen to the petitions of the two cities and give them the service they desire. From the records of the past it can be shown that the Walla Walla train which used to run between the two towns was one of the best paying passenger trains on the system.

Perished in Fire.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—Several persons perished in the fire in the market here today.

GRAFTING THE EMPLOYEES.

Portland Firm Making Offers to Loan Money to O. R. & N. Employees Without Security.

Employees of the O. R. & N. are now receiving notices from a loan office in Portland stating that money will be advanced to any employee of the company, on any terms desired, with no other security than a lien on the salary of the employee. This is a scheme to induce the employees to borrow money on their jobs, and it will be the cause of the loss of employment for many of those who undertake the plan. The loan company will advance money and take an assignment of the check of the employee, or part of the check as payment. It will encourage many to borrow, and when the bills at home are unpaid and the loan company is taking the income of the employee, general dissatisfaction will prevail, and the company will tire of this constant interference in its relations with the employees and charges will follow.

SULLY COTTON BROUGHT CASH

Immense Profits to All Interested Until the Plunger Overreached.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SULLY'S DEBTS?

Broker Testifies to Cleaning Up Several Hundred Thousand Dollars From Money Loaned Sully During December, January and February—Was His Individual Gain—Buyers of Cotton Goods in the End Paid All Bills.

New York, April 2.—Edwin Hawley, the railroad magnate, was on the stand before United States Commissioner Alexander today, and told some things about the working of the Sully cotton boom. The object is to ascertain if Hawley and his partner, Frank Ray, are responsible for the deposed king's debts. Elihu Root appeared for the creditors, and Sully was not present.

Hawley said his transactions with Sully were those only of his broker and all regular and customary. In his cotton transaction in December 1903, he advanced \$600,000 to \$700,000 to Sully. He kept no personal record of these advances.

Profits in Detail. Hawley admitted receiving \$45,000 profit from the December transactions. His profits in the transactions which closed December 23, were something like \$300,000. The next transaction yielded a profit of \$41,000.

The transactions of February showed an even total profit of \$115,000, apportioned equally, Hawley's share being \$49,966. There was no joint amount, the whole being a personal transaction.

SIXTEEN INDICTMENTS.

Grand Jury Returns That Many Charges of Land Frauds.

Washington, April 2.—Secretary Hitchcock this morning received a dispatch from Special Inspector of Land Offices Green, at Portland, stating that the federal grand jury adjourned today after returning 16 indictments in land fraud cases. All names are withheld pending arrests. This makes a total of 20 indictments in Oregon, since the investigation was instituted.

TODAY AT ECHO.

A Lively Time Prevails in a Thoroughly Live Place.

Echo, April 2.—G. W. Hunt is today shipping 15 carloads of sheep, and two carloads of cattle are being shipped by J. B. Saylor. The old school house will be sold today to the highest bidder.

There is a large concourse of farmers in town today, but their interest centers in other things besides the republican primaries, which are poorly attended. Few seem to have any concern about either the personnel, or the policy of the delegates to be elected.

Farmers' Club.

The greatest interest attaches to the meeting of the Farmers' Club, this afternoon. In fact, it is monopolizing the attention of everybody. Professor French, of the Idaho State Agricultural College, and Dr. E. M. Hutchinson, of the government bureau of animal industry are here, and the addresses which they are slated to deliver are the events of the day.

Death of George Oliver.

George Oliver, of Echo, died at his home last night at 12:30, after a two weeks' illness with pneumonia. The deceased was 40 years of age at the time of his death, and was well known. He was the son of R. J. Oliver, one of the old-time pioneers of this county, and leaves his parents, four brothers and one sister.

The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the M. E. church at Echo, under the auspices of the Maccabees, Rev. Ginnatt conducting the services. The burial will be in the Echo cemetery.

Armenian Massacres.

Berlin, April 2.—The Frankfurter Zeitung asserts that Turkish irregulars dispatched to reinforce the regulars under Seeki Pasha stationed at Mush, have devastated 5 Armenian villages and massacred the inhabitants. Further massacres are expected in the immediate future.