DAILY EVENING EDITION

It is your fault if you are out of work, if you have failed to use the classified columns of the East Oregonian.

East Oregonian.

DAILY EVENING EDITION

WEATHER FORECAST.

Tonight and Tuesday occasional rain or snow.

VOL. 17. PENDLETON, UMATILLA COUNTY, OREGON, MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1904. NO. 4995.

LAST DETAILS OF GREAT SALE

Notable Gathering of Prominent Stockmen, and Dispersal of Splendid Kine.

COMPLETED LIST OF ALL SALES EFFECTED.

Herefords Did Not Sell as Top-Notchers—Entire Band Brought $16,225—Spirited Discussion Over Whether Some of the Animals Have Scab, Mange or Tuberculosis—Government Inspector Has the Call, and All Will Be Dipped Before Shipment.

The cattle sales Saturday were a greater success than was expected at the time the sale was called. The men who had gathered had come to buy, and the Shorthorns in the herd went at fairly good figures.

While the Herefords did not bring the high prices that the rest of the band did, they also did not sell at the sacrifice prices that were expected a week or so before the sale. The band brought a total of $16,225.

All the cattle will be dipped as required by the government officers who inspected them and declared they were slightly affected with the scab, and they will be ready for shipment in a few days. All, or nearly all of the buyers have left town, leaving the shipment to be made either by the former owners of the band, or by agents selected while here.

The Herefords sold Saturday afternoon and not before noted were: Imported British Beauty, $200, bought by Gilbert & Patterson, Salem; Imported Flash, $175, Gilbert & Patterson; Olivette, $170, J. A. Wood; Peach Blow, $75, J. H. Raley; Olive, $110, A. L. Demaris; Imported Patty, $165, Forest Brothers; Dandy Maid, $150, A. J. Splawn; Miss Ray, $100 A. J. Splawn; March On's Maid, $150, A. J. Splawn; Armour Lady, $130, W. B. Cate; Imported Topsy, $110, Gilbert & Patterson; Saint Twinkle, $135, W. B. Cate; Sprightly Lass, $115, A. L. Demaris; Mazie, $205, J. H. Raley; Clover Clark, $115, W. B. Cate; Leona T., $185, Elmer E. Snyder; Lady Horace Fairfax, $230, George S. Craig; Silesia, $150, A. L. Damaris; Modeste, $115, R. N. Stanfield; Claire, $100, J. H. Raley; Marie, $125, R. N. Stanfield; Madge, $75, Edwards Brothers; Miss Sprightly, $85, Edwards Brothers; Miss Broady 4th, $130, Edwards Brothers; May, $120, A. J. Splawn; Belle Donald 22d, $100, James A. Fee; Honora 3d, $110, R. N. Stanfield; Peach Blow 22d, $50, Perry Houser; Dandy Rex, Jr., A. L. Damaris; Imported British Beauty's King, $185, A. J. Splawn; Jim Hendry, $200, Forest Brothers; March On 12th, $195, Pierce Brothers; Dixie Boy, $165, R. N. Stanfield; Southington Prince, $120, J. M. Hager; Jacob Hemmer, $155, Anton Vey; C. F. J. 50, B. C. Reeder; The Czar, $85, Henry Hill; Oliver Rex, $110, Elmer Snyder; Modest Rex, $80, W. B. Cate, and Twinkle Light, $170, J. H. Raley; Imp. Ambition, $160, J. H. Raley; Imp. Queen, Ideal, $200, Gilbert & Patterson.

Scab or No Scab.

The great trouble with the scab question seems to be that Christy said no, and Lantz said yes. John Christie is the deputy state veterinary surgeon and stock inspector, while M. S. Lantz is the deputy government inspector of animal industry. It is said by a number of the stockmen that what the one says the other always denies, and this case seems to verify the saying.

When the Wade cattle were brought here for the sale Dr. Christie made an examination of the herd and reported that they were in good shape and condition; that they had neither tuberculosis, or mange, or scab, or anything else. In short, that it was a fine bunch of cattle, and in the best of condition.

When the time for the sale came government officers reported that the bunch had the scab in a mild form and that they would have to be dipped twice before they could be allowed on trains. As the government has the bulge on the state deputy, the cattle will have to be dipped as directed, at a cost to the owners of $1,000, before they can be delivered to their purchasers.

Which is right in the controversy is hard to determine. Christy says they haven't and Lantz says they have. The first says he can prove they have no scab by a microscopic examination, and the other claims that there is no instrument powerful enough in this part of the country to tell the scab if it was buried in it. So there you are, and it seems that the only way out of the trouble is for the owners to pay the freight.

Mr. Rigby says the cattle had the scab about a year ago, or perhaps a little farther back than that, but that the disease was cured to the satisfaction of all at that time, and since the cattle have not been exposed in any way. He doesn't think the cattle are diseased. Neither did Colonel Wood, the auctioneer, but may be they are.

Puzzling Case in Evidence.

The scab question is a puzzling one, always. Some time ago a prominent sheepman who has been shipping large bands of sheep out of the country during the past winter, had a large shipment from Echo. His sheep were inspected and about half of them were held up, it being claimed that they had the scab. The rest of the band was sent to California. The condemned portion was turned out on the range and allowed to run for a couple of weeks, when they were again herded into the stockyards for shipment. As the scab had in the meantime disappeared, they were passed without a question, and are now on the Sacramento ranges undipped and clean.

Great Car Barn Fire.

Chicago, March 14.—Two hundred and fifty cars were burned in last night's fire at the Union Traction barns, with a loss of $300,000. There is a strong suspicion that friends of the three convicted "car barners," who robbed and murdered at the barn office last summer, are responsible for the fire. Anonymous threats have been received since the sentence of death.

CHRISTIANS CLOSE LONG REVIVAL

TOTAL OF 203 ADDED TO CHURCH IN EIGHT WEEKS.

Rev. N. H. Brooks Conducted Meeting Alone for Past Week, Adding 60 New Members—Total Membership Church Increased From 40 to 360—Debt of $5,000 Provided for—Total of $9,400 Raised During the Year.

The Christian church closed an eight weeks' revival last night, with an addition of 22 new members, making a total of 203 new members added during the meetings. Rev. N. H. Brooks has conducted the revival for the past week alone, making an addition of 60, to the membership, since the departure of Rev. Martin.

Today closes the first year of Rev. N. H. Brooks' services as pastor of this church and the record is one of unusual interest. At the time Mr. Brooks came to Pendleton, the church had just been built at a cost of $11,000, and had a debt of $5,000 unprovided for, with a membership of but 40.

During the past year the entire church debt has been provided for, the membership increased from 40 to 360, and a total of $9,400 raised from all sources, by pledges and cash.

The total membership would have been 385 now, were it not for the fact that about 25 have moved away. This makes the Christian church the largest congregation in the city, with one of the most spacious and elegant church buildings in the state.

PROMOTING SPOKANE FAIR.

Secretary of the Fair Association Visited Pendleton During the Wade Cattle Sale.

R. H. Cosgrove, secretary of the Spokane Fair Association, was in the city the guest of Frank Frazier, during the Wade cattle sale, and while here made many friends among Umatilla county stockmen.

Mr. Cosgrove was formerly in charge of the Minnesota State Fair Association, and has had a number of years of practical experience in his business. He gives all his time to the Spokane association and says they are making arrangements for one of the best fairs ever held in the Northwest, this fall.

The association is especially strengthening their sheep and goat departments, which will be of special interest to Umatilla county sheepmen, and are going to add to the sports, a lady's relay running race, of five days' duration, the distance to be ridden each day, to be but four miles.

Marriage License.

A marriage license was issued this morning to Wesley R. Grover and Miss Jennie Walden. The young people are both residents of the vicinity of Myric station, where the prospective groom is engaged in farming.

SULTAN OF SULU IS CALLED DOWN

Treaty With That Mohammedan Mogul is Abrogated by Washington.

FAILURE TO CARRY OUT CONTRACT THE REASON.

The Sultan Is a Bad Actor, and Forfeits Many Privileges by His Unscrupulousness — Proclamation From the War Department Takes the Matter Out of the Hands of Congress — The Philippine Commission Will Act.

Washington, March 14. — The treaty between the United States and the sultan of Sulu, whereby that official and the dattos under him enjoyed certain annuities from the United States government and were allowed to continue to practice polygamy, has been abrogated, according to a cablegram to Governor Wright, of the Philippines, sent by Secretary Taft today.

The failure by the sultan and the dattos to discharge the duties and fulfill the conditions imposed, are the reasons.

The Philippine commission is directed to pass suitable legislation. Disturbances on Jolio island made this action speedier than contemplated. Congressional initiative in a special bill is thus forstalled.

CLEARWATER BRANCH.

Northern Pacific Begins Work on Its Nez Perce Extension.

Lewiston, March 14. — A party of 75 Italian laborers arrived in the city last night from Spokane and will today be placed in charge of Conductor Phillips to work on the Clearwater branch.

A steam shovel reached the branch yesterday afternoon and was immediately put to work on the large slides above the Potlatch junction. The Northern Pacific company is exerting every effort to restore travel on the Clearwater branch and it is now expected that the trains will be run regularly not later than Monday.

Three trains besides the steam shovel crew are now working on the branch and by constructing a new track around the wreck it is believed that transportation can be restored the full length of the line as early as Monday.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Walla Walla Man Dies of Heart Disease, Following a Spree in La Grande.

La Grande, March 14.—Russell L. Williams, of Walla Walla, was found dead in his bed at Fisher's rooming house in this city, last night, following a hard spree.

Williams leaves no family. He had been drinking heavily for several days. His body will be shipped to Walla Walla.

Botkin Trial in Progress.

San Francisco, March 14.—After two postponements the second trial of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin began this morning. The task of securing a jury is expected to consume four or five days. The Delaware witnesses will arrive Wednesday.

Strike at Buda Pest.

Buda Pest, March 14.—Eight thousand tailors and 5,000 metal workers struck today.

Sent to the Penitentiary.

Judge Ellis has returned from Heppner, where he held a short session of the circuit court. The chief case tried was of the three Italians, Angelo Rosa, Joseph Rose and Basil Domenecio, who were accused of having assaulted and robbed R. Horodon, near Umatilla, some weeks ago. The men were sent to the penitentiary for a year each.

Not one-fourth of the land in Columbia is settled or individually owned.

REBELLION IN THE CAUCASUS

Socialist Uprising Against the Czar, and the Leaders Were Hanged.

MISFIT AMMUNITION PREVENTS A DEFENSE.

St. Petersburg Much Pleased at Roosevelt's Proclamation Enjoining Neutrality of Utterances—Port Arthur Has Not Fallen—Japan's Humane Policy Toward Prisoners—The Slav's Heavy Hand Upon the Jew.

Berlin, March 14.—The Voorwarts reports an open revolt against Russian authority at Batoum, in the Caucasus, by a mob led by revolutionary socialists, which was repulsed by the police. It forced the governor to seek the protection of the military fortifications. Six ring leaders were subsequently hanged.

Japs Sunk a Cruiser.

Tokio, March 14.—Admiral Togo, in a suplementary report on Thursday's bombardment at Port Arthur, says the Japanese would have been able to rescue many more Russians from the foundering torpedo boat but for the deadly fire of the shore batteries, and the close approach of the cruiser Novik. When the Japanese reached the sinking Steregushtchi only bodies of dead Russians were found aboard. The remainder of the crew are believed to have jumped overboard.

Misfit Ammunition.

Moscow, March 14.—It is learned that the reason the Vladivostok forts did not reply to the shelling by the Japanese fleet March 6, was that the ammunition supply from St. Petersburg was too large for the guns. Had the Japanese sailed in they could have taken the town.

Pleased the Russians.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—This morning's papers speak in commendatory terms of Roosevelt's note of the observance of neutrality.

Jewish "Privileges" in Russia.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—The commission appointed by the czar to investigate the condition of Russian Jews and make recommendation as to the disposition of the semite population of the empire, will make the following suggestions:

It is deemed inadvisable to extend the limits of the Jewish pale or to allow the Jews of Poland to own land. They will be allowed to rent land, but will be strictly limited to a quarter of an acre to each Jew. A high school will be established at Warsaw and Odessa, but the teaching staffs are to be entirely Christian.

Still Hold Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—It is officially announced that the situation at Port Arthur remains unchanged. The evacuation report was entirely unfounded.

Japanese' Humane Policy.

London, March 14.—The Standard's Tokio correspondent says the kind treatment of Russian wounded at Chemulpo was so appreciated by the Russian government it has contributed 2,000 yen to the Japanese Red Cross, through the French minister at Seoul.

Russian Losses.

Rome, March 14.—A St. Petersburg telegram this morning says the Russians lost 90 seamen killed and 49 captured in Thursday's torpedo boat fight.

Chicago Wheat.

Chicago, March 14.—May wheat opened 95½, closed 96⅞; old July opened 92⅝, closed 93½; new July opened 91⅝, closed 91⅝. July corn opened 51¾, closed 51⅞.

MASS MEETING AT THE COURT HOUSE

At the call of the school board of Pendleton, a mass meeting of citizens will be held at the court house tonight, for the purpose of talking over the school situation. The board wishes to know the exact feeling among patrons of the public schools and the taxpayers on the question of building new school rooms, and to this end invites every one interested to attend this meeting and take part in the discussions.

The school population has increased almost 100 in the past year, and the need for more school room is imperative. The board wishes to know just what will suit the patrons of the schools before putting the bond question to a vote. Now is the time to kick, and this is the purpose of the meeting. Make your wants known tonight, so the school board will be sure what the people want, before making plans to build.

GREAT HOSPITAL.

Built by Jews of New York at a Cost of $2,250,000.

New York, March 14. — An example of what in recent years has been accomplished in a purely structural and mechanical direction for the alleviation of injury and disease will be revealed to the public tomorrow, when the magnificent new Mount Sinai hospital will be opened to the public for inspection. The institution occupies an entire block facing Central Park on the Fifth avenue side between One Hundred and One Hundred and First streets. It has been several years in building and the total cost has exceeded $2,250,000. Although built wholly from the private contributions of rich Jewish residents of the metropolis the hospital will be open to patients of all races and creeds.

Aside from its liberal allowance of sunshine and air, unusual for such an institution in a large city, the hospital's size, considered in the light of the number of the patients who can be treated within the walls of the various buildings, is perhaps its most striking and interesting feature. No fewer than 500 patients can be housed in the various wards at one time, which is more than any other American hiospital erected by private donations will hold.

ELECTROCUTED.

Was Sentenced for the Murder of Captain Craft.

Ossinning, N. Y., March 14.—Thos. Tobin, the murderer of Captain Craft at the Empire hotel in New York two years ago, was electrocuted this morning at six. Tobin was perfectly cool and was pronounced dead in 30 seconds.

BEST WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI

HAPPY MEDIUM FOUND IN THE INLAND EMPIRE.

By Comparison With the Dakotas and California the Advantages Are All on the Side of Eastern Washington and Eastern Oregon—This is the Opinion of John E. La Violette.

John E. La Violette, of Devils Lake, N. D., was a guest at the Hotel Pendleton this morning while on his way home from an extended visit in California and through the southern part of this state. He left today for Colfax, for a short visit with friends before returning home.

Mr. La Violette is one of the old conductors on the Great Northern, and has traveled extensively, but claims that the eastern part of Oregon and Washington suit him best of any country he has yet seen. He left Los Angeles a week ago today, and at that time it was 98 degrees in the shade. The country was dry, and in spite of its being a pleasure and health resort, he was glad to start away and know that he was coming to a cooler and more moist country. When he left his home in Dakota it was about 20 below, so that he noticed the change very preceptibly.

Dakota, says the visitor, is made up of the small farmer. It has been settled by immigrants from the old country, the Norwegians, Danes and Swedes and hard working and sober men from the Eastern states who have come there with little or no money and have made of their quarter section farms a broad foundation for the prosperity of the country.

In California it is the opposite, for there it takes the man of money to make his way. Land is high, and it costs to cultivate. Living is high, and you have to live to stay in the state. It is not the place for the man of little money.

Eastern Oregon and Washington, on the other hand, offer even better inducements to the newcomer than Dakota. The climate is more even, land is as cheap, and it has more advantages in many ways. In the estimation of Mr. La Violette this is the country to seek, and the possibilities are that he will decide to come here and live if he makes up his mind to give up the railroad for the farm and the cattle ranch.

Postoffice Expenses.

In a report submitted to congress by the postmaster general, showing the annual rental paid for the postoffice quarters in Oregon, it is shown that Baker City is the only town in the state which costs the government nothing. The rental paid in this city is $1 per year. Other towns range from $84 per year at Milton to $1,000 a year at Eugene. Pendleton has cost the government $240 per year for several years.

The year 1904 brings the 50th anniversary of the first treaty between Japan and the United States.

DECISION IN THE SECURITIES CASE

Supreme Court Sustains the Government in Every Essential Contention.

GREAT AND UNEXPECTED VICTORY FOR THE PEOPLE.

Held That the Merger Was in Violation of the Anti-Trust Law and Designed to Restrain Trade and Stifle Competition—Merger Incorporated Nine-Tenths the Stock of the Northern Pacific and Three-Fourths That of the Great Northern.

Washington, March 14.—The supreme court in the Northern Securities decision this morning, upholds the contention of the government. The merger is declared to be a violation of the anti-trust act. Harlan read the opinion.

"In the court's opinion," said Harlan, "the evidence fully sustains the charge that the defendants are properly accused of monopolizing, or attempting to monopolize, trade between the states.

"The Northern Securities was organized as holding as a corporation or custodian, more than nine-tenths of the stock of the Northern Pacific, and three-quarters of that of the Great Northern. Both lines had, as if by one ownership, dominated the roads for the exclusive benefit of one set of stockholders. It became a powerful corporation managed so that competition between constituent companies might be closed, and profits were to be distributed on the basis of stock held by the Northern Securities.

"The combination is one in the shape of a trust. No scheme or device could more thoroughly be a combination in form or a trust in restraint of trade and stifling of competition.

"The contention of the defendants was that an opinion in its favor would not be contrary to the spirit of the anti-trust law. A negative decision in the Joint Traffic Association and Trans-Missouri cases, and others are quoted to sustain the government's opinion."

BUSY POLICE COURT.

Vags, Drunken Indians and "Scrappers" Mingle in City Jail.

Ten men faced the city judge this morning on various charges. George Robbins, George Meridith and George Brooks were vags and looked the part. As they had no excuse for living, at least in this part of the country, they were allowed four days in the city jail to find a reason why they should get out of the vicinity.

Three Indians had been drunk and are now visiting with the city for three days each.

William Walter McMann, a tramp, plain drunk, is the guest of Marshal Carney for three days.

C. Fluch was asigned a cell for five days. He, too, had been disorderly and fought a citizen and resisted an officer. He had been in one of the saloons and had had a little dispute with Tom Means. He left the place, and returning through the back door, swiped his former antagonist a hard one in the back of the head and was smitten in the countenance with a beer glass. He was thrown out and arrested. Marshal Carney had to whip him before getting him to the jail, and this morning, thinking he had had nearly enough, he was only fined five days.

Rex Jarrett, a familiar one, was given 10 days for vagrancy. Jarrett's vocation is selling whiskey to Indians at which he is quite an adept, being able to get more Indians drunk in a given time than any man in town. There is no government officer here to make arrests, so the Indians are having a fine time and do not long go thirsty.

While kneeling in prayer at the altar of the Catholic cathedral in Los Angeles, Mrs. Elizabeth Gillette had her pocket picked of $600.

Snow at Chicago.

Chicago, March 14.—One of the heaviest snowstorms of the entire winter has enveloped the city today. Traffic of all kinds is greatly impeded. Nearly as many men are employed at keeping the roofs and skylights clear of snow as are at work on the streets. The snow is extremely damp and heavy, besides falling in great quantity and rapidity.