

FT ON ISLANDS

Before Senate Committee About Conditions.

Governor of Philip- Pines on Situation.

There Are Three Classes of Services Needing Different Forms of Government.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Governor of the Philippines, appeared before the senate committee on the Philippines this morning to testify as to the general condition of affairs in the archipelago, and incidentally to state what changes should be made in the present system of civil government in the islands. He began by dividing the islands into three classes, those inhabited by the Christians, those inhabited by the Mohammedans, and those inhabited by the non-Christian natives. He said a special form of government will be necessary for the Mohammedan islands, he said, are practically on the same footing as in the New England states.

OTHER QUARREL OF WILHELMINA AND HENRY.

Queen Goes Away on a Hunt—The Queen Locks Herself in Castle.

The Hague, Jan. 31.—Rumors of renewed differences between Queen Wilhelmina and Prince Henry are current here. The prince has gone to the queen remains shut up in the palace and refuses to see any one.

BOER PEACE PROPOSALS

First Sounded England as to Willingness to Treat on the Subject.

The Hague, Jan. 31.—It is learned from Premier Kuyper made no proposal for peace in South Africa, unless England had sounded England upon its willingness to listen to such proposals as to the stand taken by Kuyper was formally supported in his proposals by the continental powers.

REPORT OF DEWEY'S CAPTURE.

London, Jan. 31.—There are persistent rumors that General Dewey is in the hands of the South American natives closed strong as a result.

THE WIFE FLED WITH THE ESCAPED MURDERERS.

St. Paul, Jan. 31.—There is also no trace this morning of the wife of the escaped murderers, and Peter Scofield, wife of the warden is believed to have gone with them.

CHILD GIVES POISON.

Wilmington, O., Jan. 31.—Loia Turley, aged 12, confessed last night that she placed poison in a coffee boiler, causing the death of Mrs. George Turley, her foster mother and the child's mother. She gave an excuse that she was tired of hearing her foster mother quarrel.

JIM HOWARD GUILTY.

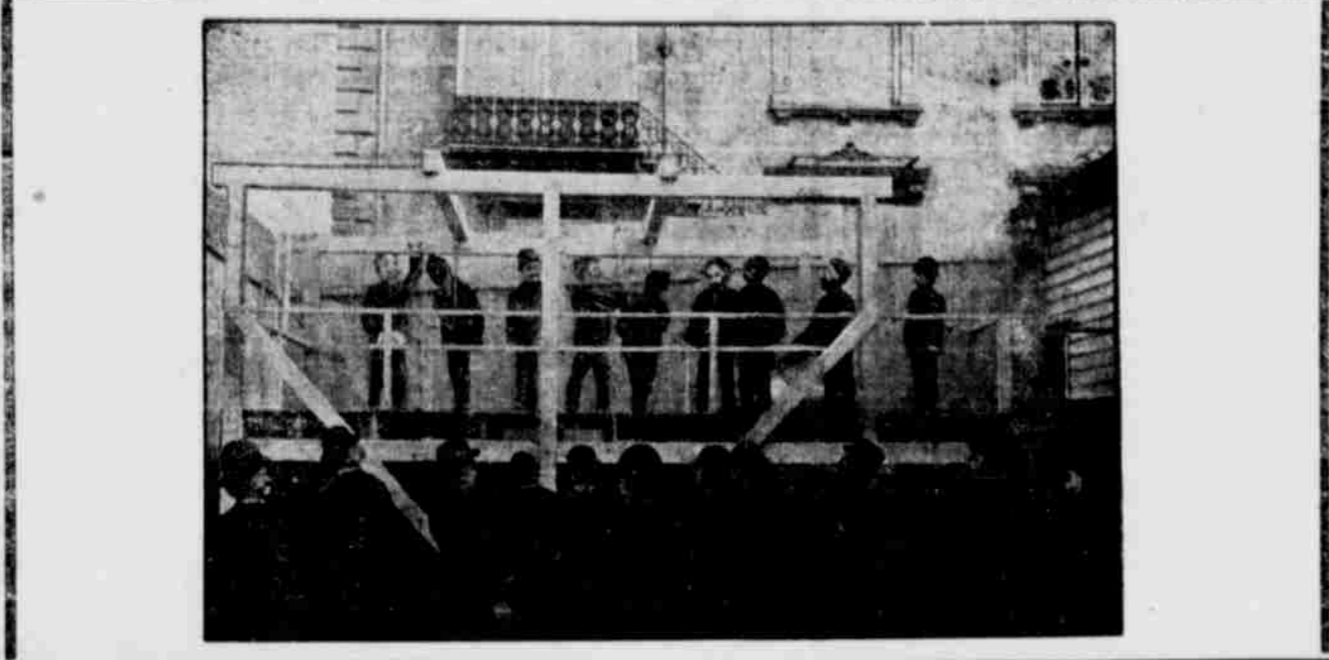
Frankfort, Jan. 31.—The jury in the case of Jim Howard, charged with the murder of the Goebel assassination, returned a verdict of guilty on Thursday and fixed the punishment at life imprisonment.

SAMPSON TO RETIRE.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Navy orders announced the retirement of Sampson on February 9th.

WILL DALTON AND JACK WADE WERE HANGED TODAY

Paid Penalty for Murder of James Morrow in Portland on November 21, 1901—The Execution Occurred at Jail.



DEATH TRAPS SPRUNG AT 7:57 THIS MORNING

Dalton Exhorted Young Men to Abstain from Sin—He read from the Bible—Wade was indifferent and Nonchalant, Even when the Sheriff Gave the Signal to End Their Lives.

Portland, Jan. 31.—Jack Wade and William Dalton received the wages of sin on the gallows in the court house yard this morning. Both traps were sprung at the same moment, at 7:57 o'clock, and life was pronounced extinct at 8:14. Dalton's neck was broken by the fall, while Wade's agonies were frightfully prolonged owing to partial strangulation. His face after death presented a horrible sight, spotted with blood patches and generally distorted, while Dalton's countenance was calm and peaceful.

Both men met death with remarkable calmness, so much so that the expected horror of such a spectacle was almost entirely wanting. In response to Sheriff Frazier's brief announcement that Dalton would say a few words, the condemned man spoke with an earnest appeal to young men to live better lives and accept Christianity. His voice was clear and hardly a tremor was noticeable. He testified freely, and raised his eyes to heaven in an attitude of absolute faith and peace with his Maker. He read from the Bible Psalms 23.

"Good Bye Boys."

During Dalton's impassioned exhortation, his fellow in crime, Wade, showed the utmost indifference both to Dalton's words and the presence of death. He smiled and nodded to people in the enclosure, and clasped his hands in token of greeting to people he recognized. He felt for the rope over his head, examined the hangman's knot and smiled at it playfully.

After Dalton finished his speech, Wade said: "You may think I am happy, but I am not. You may follow Dalton, but what I say I mean. I have seen enough of this life."

An attending clergyman then offered prayer, the black caps were adjusted and as the sheriff prepared to have the drop sprung, that launched them into eternity, Wade said: "Good bye, boys." "Good bye, Jack," muttered Dalton. "Good bye, Billy," returned Wade, promptly.

Story of the Crime.

The crime for which Jack Wade and William Dalton today paid the death penalty was one of the most outrageous, unprovoked and cold-blooded ever committed in Multnomah county or possibly in the entire state. About 4:30 Thursday morning on November 21, 1901, Ambrose Sparrow, a driver of a milk wagon from Richard Scott's dairy at Milwaukie, noticed the body of a man lying partially on the sidewalk at the corner of East Eighth and East Mill streets. He immediately summoned the police, who ascertained, from letters on the body that his name was James Morrow, 390 East Seventh street. The young man was employed by the Portland Iron Works and was known as a steady and industrious and was held in high esteem by a large circle of friends. He had spent the evening with Miss Lillah Illidge, 68 East 16th street and started home about 11:45 too late to catch a car. Residents of the near neighborhood were awakened near midnight by the fatal shot which snuffed out the life of young Morrow. Running footsteps were heard by different parties, but no one investigated until the milk-

man found the body lying cold and stiff in the early morning hours. Detectives as once began an investigation, but nothing upon which to build was discovered until Sunday morning.

Clew from Lodging House Keeper.

The clew which led to the arrest was supplied by Mrs. K. T. Whitlock, 101 First street, at whose house Dalton roomed, and where Wade visited. Dalton was introduced to Mrs. Whitlock early Wednesday night, and left the house shortly afterwards, accompanied by Wade, who had called in the interval. Mrs. Whitlock says she became suspicious of the actions of Wade and Dalton when she first met them, and she became so uneasy that she fell a prey to nervous, unaccountable fears, so much so that instead of retiring Wednesday night at her usual hour she sat up until Wade and Dalton came back. They looked haggard and ill at ease. They went to sleep, however, and Mrs. Whitlock was startled to hear that young Morrow had been shot and killed on the East side at 12:18 o'clock on the same morning.

Actions Aroused Suspicions.

This was Thursday. Her lodgers rose late that day, and when Wade came, she noticed that he and Dalton had an earnest conversation, mostly carried on in an undertone. It seemed to her Wade was asking Dalton to do something which Dalton would not do. Put somehow the strange thought arose in her mind that either Wade or Dalton had killed young Morrow. She could not shake off the morbid thought. Saturday about noon she could not rest concerning the strange lodgers, and she walked to the room occupied temporarily by Dalton and Wade, and knocked on the door.

"We're dressing, call again," growled a voice.

"I'm Mrs. Whitlock, and I want into the room as soon as you men are through with it," replied the landlady. No response was given, and Mrs. Whitlock went on about her household duties. A few minutes afterward she went to the room lately occupied, and was surprised to see different bureau drawers open, and the contents in a state of confusion.

Charged them with Their Crime.

"I've been robbed," was her first thought, and by a rapid inventory she saw that jewelry and clothing to the value of about \$60 was missing. Then she became angry that her confidence had been so misplaced in those under her own roof. Dalton returned, and she frankly faced him and said that she believed that he knew something about the murder of Morrow. His action was of such nature that she at once telephoned the district attorney and in a short time both men were under arrest. Each accused the other of the crime and acknowledged that they took young Morrow for a gambler, that he resisted and they shot him. As soon as the news of the capture became known a great crowd gathered at the jail and for a time mob law was imminent, but the authorities placed the murderers at the armory for protection. On Monday, November 25, Wade and Dalton were arraigned for murder before Judge Frazier and granted until Wednesday to plead. When brought before the court on Wednesday Wade pleaded guilty, to the surprise of the spectators, with the evident purpose of assuring the death penalty to Dalton who pleaded not guilty. The date was set for trial on December 9, at which time he declared that Wade was the man who

did the killing. The 9th and 10th were taken up with securing a jury, trying the case and at 11:45 on the morning of the 14th Judge Cleland charged the jury, who returned a verdict of guilty in ten minutes. The trial of the case occupied but two hours, during which time Wade made a statement that he was willing to atone with his own life for his crime. He was found guilty by Judge Frazier and taken from the court. On December 24th they were sentenced to be hanged Friday, January 31, 1902.

Wade Confesses.

On Thursday, January 17, Wade made the following confession: "I have known all along that there was no chance for me, and have wanted to see Dalton punished, too, because he gave us both away. But I have thought it over, and concluded it is right for me to tell the truth. I fired the shot, but I did it accidentally. I did not want to kill Morrow, nor any body, and would not have done it intentionally, even to save myself. I hope this will save Dalton. I am doing this because it is right, and not because I am afraid to die. I can't see anything in it for me. All this is true."

JACK WADE.

At the Scaffold.

The scaffold was erected in the northwest corner of the court yard and surrounded by a high board fence. There were two trap doors and the condemned men stood side by side.

There were three cords, one of which sprung the trap, but which one the three who cut them did not know. The two men were brought in from the rear and faced the spectators who occupied the space in front of the scaffold.

There has been some comment on the fact that two men were hanged for this crime. Lying in wait for one man and killing another constitutes murder in the first degree, the penalty of which is hanging. Whether Wade or Dalton were principal or accessory cuts small figure. Both are murderers instinctively. The law of Oregon as interpreted by the state circuit court for the fourth judicial district has sent to the gallows at least three murderers who shot and killed persons whom they were not "laying for," notably Brown and Johnson in 1879, and Murray, the painter, some seven years later.

When Pello was Hanged.

The last hanging in Portland was nine or ten years ago, when Pello, an Indian, was hanged in the woodshed at the courthouse for the murder of another Indian on the Umatilla reservation at Pendleton.

It was a United States case, and was tried in the United States court here. Baron was United States marshal at the time, and the hanging was conducted under his supervision. The execution was a complete success, there being no hitch in carrying out the order of the court. Pello took the affair stolidly, as with most Indians, although he had previously asked to be shot, saying that it was no disgrace to be shot, but a great disgrace to be hanged. His request could not, of course, be carried out, and the execution was conducted in the regularly prescribed form. Only 75 invitations were issued and the affair attracted comparatively little attention, the crime having been committed in eastern Oregon, as the result of a quarrel the two Indians had had. Hangings have been so scarce since then that people had almost come to believe that there was no such thing possible.

ST. LOUIS BRIBES ZION LACE CASE

Cause a Commotion--Grand Jury Investigating.

Prominent Citizens of Missouri City Have Fled, Since the Warrants Were Issued in the Council Corruption Cases.

St. Louis, Jan. 31.—The December grand jury this morning resumed the investigation of the aldermanic bribery cases. It is said that several prominent citizens including at least two for whom bench warrants were issued, have fled. Their present whereabouts are unknown.

TAX REPEAL LAW BEFORE THE HOUSE.

Some Rumors of Scheme to Defeat Cuban Reciprocity by the Revenue Reduction.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The bill to repeal the war tax was introduced in the house this afternoon.

The measure was introduced by Chairman Payne, and is in accordance with the instructions made public yesterday. The action of the ways and means committee has given rise to the charge that it was done for the purpose of reducing the revenues of the country to such an extent that it will be impossible or inadvisable further to reduce the revenues by granting any concession to Cuba. A rumor is also that the president was displeased and that it is his purpose to send another message to congress asking relief for Cuba. Payne denied both stories.

It is said the committee will take up the Cuban question as soon as the testimony it has heard has been printed. It is not thought the president will send another message on the matter, as it might seem like an attempt to coerce or dictate.

A TRANS-ATLANTIC AGREEMENT ON FREIGHTS.

The Steamer Companies Announce an Advance in the Cost of Carrying Grain and Provisions From 33 1-3 to 10 per cent.

New York, Jan. 31.—The result of the visit to this country of prominent English steamship men developed today when the announcement was made that an agreement has been signed by representatives of the various trans-Atlantic lines adopting a uniform minimum freight rate on grain and provisions, grain 1 1/2 penny per 40-pound bushel, provisions 10 shillings per ton of 2240 pounds, increasing the grain rate 33 1-3, and provisions 10 per cent. No maximum has been fixed. It goes into effect immediately.

500 BADLY SCARED.

Ferryboat Collided With Tug on North River.

New York, Jan. 31.—The ferryboat Central was run into by a tug during a blinding snowstorm on the North river yesterday. Five hundred passengers were on the ferry, many being women and children. A panic ensued but order was quickly restored when they found the vessel could make shore.

Bilked their Investors.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Fraud orders were issued yesterday against the American Investment company, with a branch office in Seattle. The company paid large profits on investments in bonds and it was assumed they earned the money. It was found, however, that old depositors were paid with money received from the new investors.

Wheeling in Commission.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—The gunboat Concord, recently returned from Panama, was put out of commission today at Mare Island. Her available officers have been transferred to the Wheeling, which was put in commission today.

Gridley Club Banquet.

Ionis, Mich., Jan. 31.—The Gridley Club has made arrangements on an elaborate scale for its annual banquet tonight. The list of speakers contains the names of a number of republican leaders from various parts of Michigan.

Stevenson Charged that There Were Frauds.

Dowie Must Yield Some of His Money.

A Chicago Judge Deals a Heavy Blow at the Pretender to Divinity.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—John Alexander Dowie received the hardest blow in his career this morning when Judge Tulley gave a decision against him in the case of the Zion lace reefer case, appointing Elmer Washburn receiver and upholding every contention and granting every prayer contained in the petition of Samuel Stevenson, applicant. The judge ruled that all Dowie's great enterprises, worth millions, are conducted in connection with Dowie's church contrary to public policy.

Stevenson alleges that Dowie secured control of the lace plant, which Stevenson brought from England, by fraud. The court orders Dowie to give Stevenson \$100,000 in stock and to pay to the estate of Stevenson's late wife \$50,000, which Dowie secured from Mrs. Stevenson by undue influence.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Reported by I. L. Ray & Co., Pendleton, Chicago Board of Trade and New York Stock Exchange Brokers.

New York, Jan. 31.—The foreign markets were lower this morning, which started the eastern prices towards a lower level. Liverpool was off 1/2, 6-12s. New York opened 81 and closed 81 1/2. Chicago opened 78 1/2 and closed 77 3/4. Corn 1/2 lower, 42 1/2. May. Stocks steady. Money 1/2 per cent.

Closed yesterday, 84.
Opened today, 84.
Range today, 83 1/2 @ 84.
Closed today, 83 1/2.
Sugar, 12 1/2.
Steel, 44 1/2.
St. Paul, 164 1/2.
Union Pacific, 101 1/2.

Wheat in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Wheat—78 1/2 @ 77 1/2.

Wheat in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—Wheat—109 1/2 @ 109.

FIGHT TONIGHT IN 'FRISCO.

Gordon vs. Root at the Athletic Club.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—Keen interest is manifested in the fight between George Gardner, of Lowell, Mass. and Jack Root, of Chicago, which takes place tonight before the San Francisco Athletic club. The match is for the middleweight championship of America, but as the men will strip for action above the weight limit, 15 pounds, the winner will be in possession of a clouded title.

High Hopes for Statehood.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Arizona has its innings before the house committee on territories this evening and Governor Murphy and his associates have been pursuing a vigorous campaign in the interest of statehood and believe that their hopes may soon be realized. One of the principal points in their favor is the desire of congress to simplify matters with regard to territorial laws. It is desired to make such laws applicable only to the foreign possessions, which at present are apt to be confused with the domestic territories in the matter of legislation.

Bail by Mrs. Westinghouse.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Mrs. George Westinghouse, who has recently returned to Washington after nearly a year's absence, will formally open her house this evening with a ball. Preparations for the event have been completed on a scale of magnificence only equaled heretofore by the \$10,000 reception given by the same hostess a few years ago to the American Society of Civil Engineers, then visiting in Washington.

Incinerated Ten.

Vienna, Jan. 31.—The roof of a building in the heart of Teplice, Bohemia, collapsed yesterday. The building caught fire and ten were incinerated.

Storehouse Burned.

Passaic, N. J., Jan. 31.—The storehouse of the North Jersey Traction Company burned yesterday. The loss is \$100,000.