...UNDERWEAR...

Now that cold weather is approaching, the necessity of buying heavier underwear will soon begin to assert itself. Naturally you will want to go where you can get the best grade for the least money; and everybody knows that The Magnet is the place. An assortment unexcelled and prices cut to the bottom; sales quick and profits small.

A chance for a gold watch given with every dollar purchase.

THE MAGNET CASH STORE

Clements & Wilson, Court and Cottonwood

East Oregonian

MONDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1900.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT,

William J. Bryan.

OF NEBRASKA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Adlai E. Stevenson.

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,

W. M. PIERCE, of Umatilla.
DELL STUART, of Multnomah.
J. WHITAKER, of Benton.
E. KRONER, of Multnomah.

POLITICIANS—KEEP HANDS OFF.

The East Oregonian accords space today on this page for the article on "Primary Election Laws" written by Oscar F. G. Day. Mr. Day is a member of the legislature of Minnesota, author and champion of the measure now on the statute books of the gopher state. He succeeded in forcing the bill to a final passage, against the machinations of selfish politicians who were loath to permit the adoption of a law that would rob them of much of their power.

The history of the primary election law in Minnesota will be the history that will be written in Oregon. Here, it may confidently be expected, political professionals will attempt to cause such enactment as will nullify the good effects of a properly drawn bill. They will, of course, profess friendship for the measure, at the same time scheming to eliminate the effective features.

If the press be actuated by motives of commonwealth patriotism, the columns of Oregon newspapers will ring with demands for the passage of a wisely drawn measure and for its passage at the coming biennial session of the assembly.

Undeniably, the time honored convention in state and county is fraught with evils. It serves too well the ends of the party boss who lays the wires to conduct the political lightning whither he wills. It makes, too often, a farce of politics. It has outlived its day of usefulness. The perfection of political machinery by the professionals has operated to this end. Something new, something forcing new methods, something clarifying the political atmosphere, is the need of the hour.

It is asserted in public print that already the politician has taken the primary election law in hand and proposes to see to it that the measure when finally upon the statute books does not rob the boss of power or reform prevailing methods. May the man who tampers with it in such manner be sent to a political death whence comes no lost soul for resurrection and rehabilitation.

ROOSEVELT'S COMPLACENCY.

The Rough Rider spoke to the people in Iowa City, Iowa. He told them that, because civic honesty and devotion to the country's greatness was characteristic of the Iowa commonwealth, therefore Iowa might be expected to "go republican." The logical inference is, then, according to the Rooseveltian line of argument, that, in all states which "go democratic," there is absence of civic honesty and no devotion to the country's greatness. For instance, were New York to cast a majority for Mr. Bryan this fall, the logical inference would be that New York is of a low order of civic honesty. But New York elected the Rough Rider to the position of governor, and thereby proclaimed that he is a man "after their own hearts." The Rough Rider's reasoning proves to be somewhat of a boomerang, or, at least, would be a boomerang in the event the Empire State went democratic.

Any public speaker stultifies himself by uttering such stuff as that spoken at Iowa City. Agreement with one's political views constitutes no criterion by which to judge honesty and patriotism. With the mass of people the principle of honesty in civics and devotion to the counry's weal is axiomatic. Errors of policy are of the head rather than of the heart, in a majority of cases so great as to constitute virtual unanimity. True, some leaders are unworthy; but, even among the leaders, the rule is that they believe in the principles they advocate and are sincere in their political actions.

It is strange that Governor Roosevelt has not learned this primary lesson in civic philosophy. Even in his own case, no one who is well informed will deny him sincerity and honesty. But his Iowa City pronouncement was a grave mistake of insinuating that every state that casts its vote for the democratic candidates is dishonest in its conception of civics and not devoted to the cause of the common country.

PRIMARY ELECTION LAW.

Oscar F. G. Day, author of the primary election law now in force in Minneapolis, Minnesota, has written to the Oregonian, setting forth the law in detail. Inasmuch as Oregon is now considering the enactment of such a law, Mr. Day's article is of special value:

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 2, 1900.—(To the Editor.)—Oregon is about to adopt a primary election law. I say this because when the people insist upon a movement of this kind, and there is something to point to with the certainty that such a movement has been put to trial in another place, the people are bound to secure it.

No law was ever more bitterly opposed than the Minnesota law, in Minnesota, and even shortly before the law was put to test, legislators were heard to say that it would be repealed after its first trial. Now, they do not dare to tamper with even one of its features. Why? Because the law has been tried, and resulted in getting out a larger vote than was ever cast at a presidential election, and that without a hitch in any part of the law; because from top to bottom, in almost every instance, the very best men were nominated.

* * *

Because, too, in every instance the old campaigners, the members of the Tammany club, and like organizations, who had controlled things in the past, and who could have carried conventions, were laid to rest with a celerity that placed them forever upon the political shelf, and a new class of men are in the saddle. It has cemented and strengthened the one great feature of party organization, but has forever killed those little selfish organizations within the party, whose only excuse for existence was the selfish ends of their officers.

* * *

Now that Oregon is about to be the next state to step into line with Minnesota, be sure that you make no mistake. Proceed properly and you will never be sorry for it. Do not let a horde of men strive to get in some law of their special manufacture, just to have one different from any other place, and thus create a clash, that may stop all legislation on that subject. Get your business men together, have them appoint a commission, and have that commission examine the Minnesota law, and the laws that may be offered by some of your citizens and legislators, and after a thorough study of them let that commission draw upon one law, that shall be put before your legislature, to be worked for, and you will have a success.

* * *

The enemies of the proposed reform, in your state are claiming that the California supreme court has declared a law like the Minnesota law unconstitutional. That is not true and is very misleading. The Minnesota law is as different from the California law as the Australian ballot is different from a New York caucus. In California they did not have concurrent primaries, for the selection of candidates for both parties direct. If you will carefully study the Minnesota law you will see that they are very different, and that California selects delegates who are forced to vote a certain way for nominees. The supreme court very properly held that no man's vote could be forced. Minnesota has no conventions, and no delegates. Each voter is his own delegate, and when he casts his ballot his vote is irrevocable.

* * *

The enemies of the new law in Minnesota claimed its law was unconstitutional. They brought a test. Their only claim was that as our constitution prevented special legislation, the law was unconstitutional, because it was special legislation. The district court upheld the law. It was too late for a regular sitting of the supreme court, and the enemies of the law tried to secure a special sitting because of urgent necessity. That matter was argued before the supreme court, and in the argument the pertinent matters necessarily came up. The supreme court held there was no necessity, and denied the application. Since the law was to be tried by an election, if it had been unconstitutional, naturally there would have been an urgent necessity. Do not let them hoodwink you with such claims. The Minnesota law would not be unconstitutional in any state.

* * *

People in Oregon do not seem to grasp the Minnesota law. It is a very simple thing. We must register in order to vote at general election. On the first registration day, each one registering is handed a ballot of each party. He retires to a booth and marks a cross opposite the name of the candidates he favors. The voter can vote but one of the tickets. The other is discarded, although both are placed in the box until the judges make the count. That is all there is to the voting. Candidates get their names on the ballots by making an affidavit as to the party to which they belong, and presenting a petition from voters to the number of 5 per cent of the total vote of their party at the last election, for that same position. They pay the county auditor $10, and their name is placed on the nominating ballot, and they are candidates for nomination.

* * *

Now, as to the success of the law in Minnesota. When I first presented the law to the legislators, I had the use of the columns of the Minneapolis Tribune. The first thing was to make the legislators fear the people. The people knew very little about primary elections, and cared less. They had been in the habit of leaving that to the caucus bosses. I had friends write letters, left undated, and when, at the last day of the sitting, the matter was ready to be pushed, one hundred and fifty-eight letters from influential people went in one mail to the Hennepin county delegation, and they were simply startled into getting in line. They didn't dare deny the people.

* * *

The people have been made sovereigns, and they are wildly in favor of it. Nothing else is talked on the streets. Each voter has constituted himself a committee of one, and on the street, at the theater, at the clubs, in the barber shops, on the board of trade and chamber, everywhere, legislators who are to be elected, and senators who hold over, are being cornered and made to promise that they will not allow the law to be tampered with. Before the election people suggested many amendments. The day after election they thought they could name a few. Today they don't want the law altered in one particular. Instead, the whole state is clamoring for it, and no one harder than some of the newspapers that were against it before. It will be in use all over the state at next election.

* * *

Your citizens do not seem to comprehend, judging by an article I saw in your estimable paper, just how far our law goes. At the primary we nominated members of congress, judges of districts, probate and municipal courts, legislators, all county offices, and county commissioners, mayor, all city officers, aldermen, in fact, everything except presidential electors and state officers. This we could not do, because the law only applied to Hennepin county. When the law is made to apply to the whole state, then every position in the state can be nominated under its provision, by simply striking out two sentences, which say that only such officers as are elected wholly by the votes of people in and within one county, shall come under the provisions of the law.

Now, do not make a mistake in Oregon. You are on the right road. Do not let them outwit you by any "fake" measures. Get the business men together, appoint your committee, and go to the legislature with only one law, and half the battle is won.

OSCAR F. G. DAY,
Originator of Minnesota Primary Election Law.

A Business Proposition.

A successful business career cannot be achieved without sound health. The business man should guard his health as he guards his capital; for health is part of his capital and the impairment of that capital affects every business interest. A sedentary occupation and quick lunches, soon show their effects in a sluggish liver. The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure "liver trouble" as well as indigestion and other diseases of the organs of digestion and nutrition.

The "Discovery" strengthens the body by supplying Nature with strength making materials. It contains no whisky, alcohol or other intoxicant.

"After three years of suffering with liver trouble and malaria," writes Mr. Edward Jacobs, of Marengo, Crawford Co., Indiana, "I gave up all hopes of ever getting stout again, and the last chance was to try your medicine. I had tried all the home doctors and received but little relief. After taking three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and one vial of his 'Pleasant Pellets' I am stout and hearty. It is due entirely to your wonderful medicines."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets assist the action of "Golden Medical Discovery."

THE CITY...

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Everything New. New Horses; New Rigs. Best rigs and teams in the city. Boarders given the best attention.

Service any hour of the night

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Its no Use to Ask

Who won the cake, for you know

THE DOMESTIC LAUNDRY

won. The whole city of Pendleton were the judges and they all pronounced the work of the Domestic Laundry to be the best that can be produced by skilled labor and improved machinery. Leave your laundry with them. "You'll be pleased."

J. F. Robinson, Prop. Telephone 60

THIS PAPER IS KEPT ON FILE AT E. C. Dake's Advertising Agency, 64 and 65 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, California, where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

A Mother's Plain Words

"I suppose you will be astonished when I tell you that six years ago I was in a most dangerous condition with bronchitis and lung trouble, because you can see how well and strong I am now. The attack at that time caused terrible pain in my chest and lungs. I could hardly move, and to stoop caused intense suffering. Someone advised Acker's English Remedy, and I thought I would try it, although I confess that down in my heart I had little faith in it. The first bottle gave great relief, and the second bottle made me the healthy woman I am today. My husband's lungs are weak also, and he cured himself with the same grand old remedy. Our boy and girl have both been saved by it from death by croup. I know this is so, for when they were attacked in the night I had a bottle in the closet, and by acting quickly that fatal malady was easily overcome. We always give it to the children when they have a cough or cold, and we would not be without it for anything. My sister will tell you also, if you ask her, that it is a medicine that can always be depended upon for all the troubles of the breathing organs. I tell all our neighbors about Acker's English Remedy whenever I get a chance, and there are plenty of people around Mechanicsville, N. Y., where I live, who would no more think of going to bed at night without a bottle of it in the house than they would of leaving their doors wide open. As I look at it, parents are criminally responsible when they allow their children to die under their very eyes with croup, because here is a certain remedy that will conquer the terrible monster every time."

(Signed) MRS. FLOYD FOWLER

Acker's English Remedy is sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee that your money will be refunded in case of failure. 25c., 50c., and $1 a bottle in United States and Canada. In England, 1s. 2d., 2s. 3d., and 4s. 6d.

We authorize the above guarantee. W. H. HOOKER & CO., Proprietors, New York.

SOLD BY BROCK & M'COMAS, PENDLETON, ORE.

"You'd Better Hurry"

And select a good heater from the car load of stoves just received. We have Air Tight Heaters from $4.00 up, also the coal air-tight. One third saved in fuel. Stoves put up on short notice.

SEE

Taylor, the Hardware Man

721 Main Street.

UNION MUTUAL AID SOCIETY

(Incorporated under the laws of Oregon)

Home Office, - Portland, Oregon.

"Lester Coy, a young man who has been in the employ of the Cleaver Bros. Dry Goods Co. has accepted a position with the Union Mutual Aid Society of Portland represented here by W. H. Street. Mr. Coy goes from Pendleton to La Grande where he will work in the interests of the Society.

Mr. Coy this morning received a packet of certificates from the head offices in Portland, having sent in a long list of applications from this place. He has succeeded in placing a large number of prominent names on the membership roll, by reason of the excellent advantages offered as set forth in the "ad" appearing elsewhere in the East Oregonian."

The above effort appeared in this paper Saturday night and shows what a young man of good reputation and gentlemanly manners can do.

What has he done?
Provided many a mother and wife with $15.00 per week while the man through sickness or accident lies helpless.
This is no charity.
It is a business transaction.
You pay $4.00 to secure $90.00 when needed.

Mr. W. H. Street, the Special Representative of the Society, now in your city, at Stanfield's residence, 305 Main street, who will answer all inquiries, and receive your application.

Mr. L. G. Frazier, agent of the Pacific Express company will also receive applications at his office.

POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK.

PALMSTRY!

HAVE YOUR HANDS READ BY

PROF. STERLING,

The Celebrated Palmist and Psychologist

You should consult PROFESSOR STERLING. He is acknowledged the greatest living authority on Palmistry and all his work is done in Manuscript form, and is STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

Office hours are 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily and Sundays.

Prof. Sterling speaks German. Parlors on

Johnson Street, between Webb and Alta Sts. Charges 50c and $1.

This is the LAST WEEK Prof. Sterling will remain in this city and if you want to find out about business, marriage, sickness death, changes, travels, divorces, separations, lawsuits, wills, deeds, mortgages, lost or absent friends; also truly predicts in success or failure of new inventions, patents pending, pension claims, mining claims, etc., tell you whether you will receive fair dealing with your partners, if you care to know what business you should follow to be successful, what fields to seek and who to avoid if you intend to engage in business, make changes, buy or sell any property or in fact take any important step, is of great value to all who consult him. He can place within your reach a remedy for every failure. There is no heart so sorrowful and lonely that cannot be benefitted by a visit to this phenomenal palmist.

Monday, October 8. Tuesday, October 9. Wednesday, Oct. 10. Thursday, October 11. Friday, October 12. Saturday, October 13.

Pendleton Planing Mill and Lumber Yard

Dealer in all kinds of Lumber and Building Material. Big stock of lath, shingles, tar paper, mouldings, sash and doors that are guaranteed not to warp. Estimates furnished on building material on short notice.

R. FORSTER, - Proprietor.

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We carry a full line of the best cutlery on the market. Large line of rifle and shotgun ammunition. Specials on stoves and ranges.

W. D. Hansford & Co.

Oregon Lumber Yard

...SELLS...

**Lumber,
Lath,
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Pickets,
Lime and Cement,
Brick and Sand,
Sash and Doors,
Screen Doors & Windows
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Alta St., opp. Court House.

Great Carpet Sale

Wishing to retire from business I offer my entire stock for sale at cost, consisting of

**Carpets, Rugs.
Lace and Silk Curtains
Portiers,
Brass and Iron Bedsteads,
Couches,
Wall Paper, Shades,
Sewing Machines,**

and other things too numerous to mention. Chance of a life time to buy these goods cheap.

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Through tickets to Japan and China via Tacoma and Northern Pacific Steamship Co and American line.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Train leaves Pendleton daily except Sunday at 5:20 p. m.

For further information, time cards, maps and tickets, call on or write W. Adams, Pendleton, Oregon, or A. D. CHARLTON, Third and Morrison Sts., Portland, Ore.

O.R.&N.

DEPART FOR	Time Schedule From Pendleton.	ARRIVE FROM
Fast Mail. No. 6 6:15 a. m. No. 2 5:20 p. m.	Salt Lake, Denver, Fort Worth, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis Chicago and East, via Oregon Short Line.	Fast Mail No. 1 9:20 a. m. No. 5 10:40 p. m.
Spokane Flyer. No. 8 8:15 a. m.	Walla Walla, Spokane, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago and East, via Great Northern.	Spokane Flyer No. 7 5:00 p. m.
Fast Mail. 8:15 a. m. 10:35 p. m.	Portland and San Francisco.	Fast Mail 6:15 a. m. 5:15 p. m.
8:00 p. m.	Ocean Steamships From Portland. For San Francisco—Every five days.	4:00 p. m.
8:00 a. m. Ex Sunday Saturday 10 a. m.	Columbia River Steamers. To Astoria and Way Landings.	4:00 p. m. Ex Sunday
Lv Riparia Daily 3:35 a. m.	Snake River. Riparia to Lewiston.	Lv Lewiston Daily 9:00 a. m.

Mixed train leaves Pendleton for Walla Walla daily except Sunday, at 5:20 p. m. and arrives at 2:30 p. m.

For full information call or write to W. H. HURLBURT, General Passenger Agent, Portland, Oregon.

F. F. WAMSLEY, Agent, Pendleton.

Take the...

Washington & Columbia River Railway

For Chicago, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joe, Omaha, and

All Points East and South

Portland and points on the Sound.

Arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 11:55 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:55 a. m.

Departs daily except Sunday at 6:00 p. m.

For information regarding rates and accommodations, call on or address W. ADAMS, Agent, Pendleton, Oregon.

S. B. CALDERHEAD, G. P. A., Walla Walla, Wash.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. W. G. COLE. OFFICE IN PENDLETON Savings Bank building. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m. Telephone 77.

F. W. VINCENT, M. D. OFFICE REAR of First National Bank. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.

DR. C. J. SMITH. OFFICE OVER PENDLETON Savings Bank. Telephone 8, residence telephone 3.

H. S. GARFIELD, M. D., HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office in Judd Building.

DR. D. J. M'FAUL, ROOM 17, ASSOCIATION block. Telephone 92; residence telephone, black 173.

DR. W. E. PERRY. OFFICE IN JUDD building, opposite First National Bank. Office hours, day and night.

DENTISTS.

E. A. VAUGHAN, DENTIST. OFFICE in Judd Building.

A. L. BEATIE, D. D. S. OFFICE OVER Savings Bank. Gas administered.

E. A. MANN, DENTIST, IN ASSOCIATION Block, over F. B. Clopton's office.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PENDLETON. Capital, $70,000; Transacts a general banking business. Exchange and telegraphic transfers sold on Chicago, San Francisco, New York and principal points in the Northwest. Drafts Drawn on China, Japan and Europe. Makes collections on reasonable terms. Levi Ankeny, president; [illegible], vice-president; C. B. Wade, cashier; [illegible] Guernsey, assistant cashier.

THE PENDLETON SAVINGS BANK, Pendleton, Oregon. Organized March 1, [illegible], capital, $50,000. Interest allowed on time deposits. Exchange bought and sold on all principal points. Special attention given to collections. W. J. Furnish, president; J. N. [illegible], vice-president; T. J. Morris, cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ATHENA, Oregon. Capital, $50,000; surplus, [illegible]. Interest on time deposits. Deals in foreign and domestic exchange. Collections promptly attended to. Henry C. Adams, president; [illegible] McArthur, vice-president; R. L. Barnett, cashier; L. W. Barnett, assistant cashier.

THE FARMER'S BANK OF WESTON, Weston, Oregon.—Does a general banking business. Exchange bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. Affairs in an excellent condition, and so reported upon by investigation committee of responsible citizens. Officers: R. Jameson, president; Geo. [illegible] Proebstel, vice president; C. M. Pierce, cashier; J. R. Killgore, assistant cashier; Directors: G. A. Hartman, M. M. Johns, T. J. Price, [illegible] Graw, J. F. Killgore, Robert Jameson, [illegible] Proebstel.

ORDIDANCE.

An ordinance providing for the improvement of Jackson, Raley, Logan, Lincoln, Jefferson, Madison, Bush, Bluff, Railroad, Tustin, [illegible] and Court streets.

The people of the city of Pendleton do ordain as follows:

Section 1. That that portion of Jackson street between the north end of Main street bridge and Blaine street, and that portion of Raley street between Logan street and [illegible] street, and that portion of Logan street between Jackson street and Raley street, and that portion of Lincoln street between [illegible] street and Raley street, and that portion of Jefferson, Madison and Bush streets between Jackson and Washington streets, and that portion of Bluff street between Thompson and [illegible] Aura streets, and that portion of [illegible] street between Aura street and the O. R. & N. railroad crossing west, and that portion of Tustin street between Garden and [illegible] streets, and all of Main street, and that portion of Court street between [illegible] and the Eastern boundary of the City, be and the same are hereby ordered improved by being gravelled and graded in accordance with the profiles of said streets now on file in the office of the City Surveyor; provided, that the surface of said portions of said streets shall be composed of gravel to the depth of six inches.

Section 2. The gravel used for surfacing said streets shall be as small as can be conveniently secured, and no gravel shall be used on said streets which, in the opinion of the Street Commissioner, will be a detriment to travel, or that will hereafter render necessary its taking up and hauling off.

Section 3. That in case the improvement of said streets is not made by the owners of the property adjacent to where such improvement is ordered, by the 1st day of November [illegible] street commissioner shall advertise and let the same by contract to the lowest bidder and collect the cost thereof, together with all expenses, from the owners of the property adjoining and abutting the street where such improvement is ordered made, and in case of non-payment the recorder shall enter the same against said property in the docket of liens as provided by ordinance No. [illegible], and collect the same as therein provided.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage by the Common Council and approval by the Mayor.

Passed the Common Council this [illegible] day of October, 1900.

F. W. VINCENT, Mayor.

Attest: J. E. BEAN, Recorder.