

The operators simply refuse to dis-cuss the question with the United Mine Workers Association, to whom the miners have entrusted their case and which they support. The coal operators simply acknowledge their case is weak by their refusal to dis-tribute it intelligently. If poverty is his lot, knowledge will make him philosophical and able to meet what comes.

cues the differences. Arbitration is a comes. Civilized method and these working-men are to be commended for being surveys the rows of little faces, think-

ing: "Each can be made better now and through my effort. Already 100,000 of the 141,000, men happier in future through my effort

blessings on its citizenship than any other."-Hearst's Chicago American.

Jot these items of the Philippine war down: War began February 4, 1809, Number of men killed in action. 1899. Number of men killed in action. 533; number of deaths from all causes reported to August 11, 2394; number of wounded, 2073. Cost of military and naval operations in the islands, \$159,-750,000. If it is added to this the \$20,-(20,000 paid) Spain, expenses of two commissions, interest on the war loan since June 30, 1899, the total cost of the interest of the cost of the islands to date is \$186,678,000. There were 63.508 officers and men in There were to also checks and then in the Phillippinos when the Chinese out-break occurred a few weeks ago. Suicide and insanity play an appalling part in the reports of the surgeons. The cost of the Spanish war brought to the the treats of the surgeons. a close by the treaty of peace February 6, 1890, was \$213,122,000. There were 272 men killed in action, 18 belonging to the mavy, the rest of the army, Number wounded, 1840, of whom 125 died. Disease in Cuba and Algerism in the army campa of the United States were the chief causes of the leather of the Starbick way. The derive







at work in the anthracite regions have | When I am old I shall be able to quit work, left the mines, and at that families and individuals al least 15,000 more will do the same in the next few days. Those who own the mines from which the coal is taken are the ones who receive something for nothing and to whom goes returns, owes to the great men who work the fruit of labor not their own. It bad boys, is this class that force men to toil the operators, who are in a number of instances only lessees of the mines.

willing to resort to it.

If the burden of government was met with taxation of land values only, neither the land owner nor the mine owner would be able to take away for the benefit of all men, to a comparative few, who are thus empowered to capitalize this wealth to the enslavement and degredation of their fellows.

source of freedom and the basis of plied: "I thank God there are no free

SUBSTITUTE FOR INCOME TAX.

The McKinley administration in abridged edition.) Contrast with the remark of the Enganswer to the demand for an income tax announces through its organs that it will use its influence at the forth-coming session in congress, and so long and her governors from this country as it remains in power, to perpetuate, as a permanent source of internal revenue, the special war tax as applied to the business of banking, brokerage, it." (Letter to M. Jullien.) porations, instruments of exchange and kindred interests. As a substitute provision which places the burden of sustaining the government's obligations upon the shoulders of the prosperous permit myself to take an interest." interests, the new war tax, say these subservient papers, offers a solution which administrative leaders are not dow to grasp.

In other words, the people ask for bread, in the shape of taxes, from those who have big incomes, and the administration proposes to give them a stone, in the form of war taxes col-lected from a few corporations, who in lected from a few corporations, who in ment. turn collect them from the cousumere, who are compelled to contribute that much additionally to these corporations.

But in the meantime, as well as afterwards, the very rich will escape their just share of the burden of taxa-tion, through the friendly legislation

owes to the great men who were one "Possibly I may not have the honor

underground for only the bare neces-saries of existence and who are more it and fulfill patiently the hardest task responsible for conditions against that falls to a teacher-that of instruwhich the miners complain than even ing an imperfect and unwilling mind.

Every parent should explain to children the debt that they owe to teachers. Respect for teachers and gratitude to them should be made a part of each child's character. Children do not asually find or seek owner would be able to take away labor's independence by absorbing the fruit of labor, without performing labor to the full value themselves. Monopoly of soil and mine gives a wealth, created by the laws of nature for the benefit of all men, to 'a comthe teachers who devote their lives to your education.

In old days, when English governors ruled Virginia for the British crown, The remedy lies in simple taxation-the worker will come to know the territory which he controlled. He re-

schools or printing presses, and I hope we shall not have any these hundred years." (See Bryce's "American Commonwealth," page 415 of the abridged estition

lish governor four statements by Jefferson, who wrote the Declaration of light

First: "If the condition of man i

Second: "A system of general inand kindred interests. As a substitute struction, which shall reach every for an income tax and as a legislative description of our citizens from the

> Third: "If a nation expects to be ignorant and free in a state of civilization it expects what never was and never will be."

If you would know! the part that education and ignorance, respectively, play in the fate of nations, read Backle's chapter on the decline' of

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