East Oregonian

SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1888.

DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY,

—BY THE—

East Oregonian Publishing Company,

—AT—

PENDLETON, - - - - OREGON.

DAILY SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One copy per year, by mail $5 00
One copy six months, by mail 2 50
One copy per week, by carrier 15
Single numbers 05

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FACTS FROM THE RECORD.

One of the Republican Senators had the hardihood to say in the Senate the other day that the Chinese restriction laws were passed by Republican effort, and over Democratic opposition or something to that effect.

The matter is not now of the greatest importance, but it is remarkable as showing to what lengths partisan zeal will even lead a United States Senator sometimes.

Here is the history:

On February 24, 1882, the Senate proceeded to consideration of the restriction bill, which prohibited Chinese immigration for twenty years.

The first amendment was proposed by Senator Grover, of Oregon, and was

"That the words 'Chinese Laborers' wherever used in this act shall be construed to mean both skilled and unskilled laborers, and Chinese employed in mining."

On March 9, 1882, this amendment was adopted, by a vote of 23 Democrats and 2 Republicans for, and 21 Republicans and 1 Democrat against.

The next amendment offered was by Ingalls (Rep.) and changed the term from twenty to ten years. On March 8th this was rejected by a vote of 19 Republicans and 4 Democrats for, and eighteen Democrats and five Republicans against.

By this vote all Republican Senators except five declared that Chinese immigration should be permitted after ten years, while all Democratic Senators but four voted to prohibit for twenty years.

Mr. Harrison was paired with Mr. Maxey, Harrison being for the amendment.

The next important amendment was introduced by Hoar, (Rep.) and was this:

"That this bill shall not apply to any skilled laborer who shall establish that he comes to this country without any contract by which his labor is the property of any person other than himself."

This would have practically killed the bill, and was so intended. Sixteen Republicans and one Democrat voted for this amendment, and 22 Democrats and 6 Republicans against it. Harrison voted for the amendment.

Hoar, who was the leader of the persistent opposition to restriction, then offered an amendment to the effect that Chinese might come in who procured certificates of citizenship from the U. S. consuls at ports where they embarked. If anything, it was a more dangerous amendment than the others. For this amendment, 17 Republicans and one Democrat, and against it 19 Democrats and 4 Republicans.

Mr. Harrison voted for the amendment, and thus put himself on record in favor of allowing a Chinaman, no matter how degraded, to come here and compete with American labor if he could pay his own expense and procure a consul's certificate.

Another amendment was offered by Senator Farley, as follows:

"That hereafter no State court or court of the United States shall admit Chinese to citizenship; and all laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed."

Here we come to a test vote on the naturalization of Chinese. The vote was: For the amendment, 22 Democrats and 4 Republicans; against the amendment, 21 Republicans and 1 Democrat.

Finally, the bill, as amended, was passed, 22 Democrats and 7 Republicans voting for it and 14 Republicans and 1 Democrat against it.

Mr. Harrison was paired with Mr. Maxey, Harrison being against and Maxey for the bill.

The bill was vetoed, and on April 5, the subject came up on motion of Harris (Dem.) to postpone other business to consider the President's veto message. Twenty-three Democrats and 3 Republicans voted for the motion, and 25 Republicans and no Democrats voted against it.

Mr. Harrison voted against the consideration of the subject.

Next, Sherman, also an enemy of the bill, moved to refer it to the committee on foreign relations, in order to destroy it. For this motion, were 18 Republicans and no Democrats; against it, 23 Democrats and 3 Republicans.

Mr. Harrison voted for the motion to refer.

On the question of passing the bill over the President's veto, the vote was—yeas 25 Democrats and 3 Republicans; nays—no Republicans and no Democrats.

Mr. Harrison voted against the bill again, and in favor, on all these occasions, of inundating the Pacific coast with Chinese and their cheap labor.

Again, on April 20th, 1882, the senate proceeded to consider a bill of a similar nature which had been passed by the House.

A motion was made to strike out this section.

"That hereafter no State court or court of the United States shall admit Chinese to citizenship."

For striking out this section 26 Republicans and no Democrats voted; against striking it out 27 Republicans and 5 Democrats voted.

Mr. Edmunds proposed a substitute, to not change existing naturalization laws, which was rejected.

Harrison voted for striking out the section above quoted, and also for the substitute.

The vote of General Harrison was recorded against the section prohibiting Chinese naturalization, and in favor of the substitute offered by Mr. Edmunds, which simply left the matter of Chinese citizenship to the courts, without any interference by Congress as to their jurisdiction or discretion.

It was not known then to the friends of the pending bill that in 1876, when General Harrison was the Republican candidate for governor of Indiana, the Superior Court at Indianapolis had, on motion of Mr. Miller, his law partner, naturalized seven Chinamen, who cast their votes at the next election for General Harrison and the Republican State ticket. "It is not a matter of surprise," said Mr. Vest, "that with this practical result of Chinese citizenship in his recent experience the Republican candidate for the Presidency voted against the provision in the act of 1882 prohibiting Chinese naturalization."

Mr. Vest said the naturalization of the Chinamen, by procurement of Mr. Harrison's partner, when Harrison was a candidate for governor, was a matter of record, "an open and notorious fact, beyond dispute or question."

The next struggle between the friends and opponents of the House bill was over the fifteenth section, which the majority of the committee on Foreign Relations recommended to be stricken out, and which provided "that the words 'Chinese laborers,' wherever used in this act, shall be construed to mean both skilled and unskilled laborers, and Chinese employed in mining."

Of course Harrison opposed this section, and he now took part in the debate against it.

The vote for striking out this section was, Republicans 29, Democrats none; against, Democrats 25, Republicans 3.

Another vote on practically the same point resulted the same way.

Edmunds moved to insert the following:

"The words 'Chinese laborers,' whenever used in this act, shall be construed to mean persons usually engaged in manual labor."

Upon this motion the vote was as follows:

Yeas, Republicans 17, Democrats none; nays, Democrats 21, Republicans 3.

This was another amendment intended to kill the bill, as any one familiar with the prior debate must have known.

On the final passage of the bill, 22 Democrats and 10 Republicans voted against it, among them Harrison.

Thus Harrison voted against Chinese restriction at every stage and in every form; and voted against prohibiting their naturalization.

As Mr. Vest said the other day in the Senate:

"The record of General Harrison, and of the Republican party in the Senate, assumes great importance at this time from the declaration made by Hon. James G. Blaine, "the uncrowned king of America," who has just returned from Mr. Carnegie's castle in Scotland, purchased with his annual profits of $1,500,000 in the manufacture of steel and iron in Pennsylvania, that the issue in this canvass is the protection of American labor against the pauper labor of other countries."

He also said:

"The Republican candidate for the Presidency opposed at every stage, and in every way possible, the legislation against Chinese immigration. If he had succeeded, the law on the statute books would not exist. For the truth of this statement I appeal to the record placed now before every American citizen."

These are record facts. They show the attitude of the parties, and also the "awkward" position of Mr. Harrison.

SENATOR SHERMAN has pointed out the great evil of great trusts. Mr. Blaine says they should not be interfered with. Which is boss? Blaine.

BOYS, KNOW HE WAS LOADED.

The Republican Senate has been monkeying with a buzz-saw and has come to grief. The Senate has been "rastling" with the tariff question all summer with such poor success that the Republican majority has been compelled to ask the Democratic minority to agree to a two weeks' recess in order to be able to repeal a tariff bill—in other words, "they want to spit on their hands and take a fresh hold," but it is all in vain. The Mills bill is on top, and the Republican Senate is underneath.

The Republicans thought they had President Cleveland "downed" on the fisheries treaty with Great Britain. The administration had made a very fair treaty with England, but the Republican Senate would have none of it. The Republican Senators twisted the British Lion's tail and knocked the fisheries treaty into a "heapless mass." They demanded an American policy—an aggressive policy—a policy which would humiliate England; but they strenuously refrained from amending the treaty in any aggressive way. It was their plain duty to amend it if it was wrong or defective, but they did nothing of the kind. They simply rejected it in order to put Cleveland's administration into a "hole," and thought they would be able to capture the Irish-American vote by appealing to the hatred of this class against England—as Blaine sought to do with his Jingo policy four years ago. But the Republican Senators reckoned without their host. They had no sooner rejected the treaty than President Cleveland sent them a little message recommending instant aggressive, retaliatory measures against England with regard to Canadian fisheries, and asked Congress to provide him with the means to force England to terms. The Senate would not have the treaty—very well—then let us proceed to business, says President Cleveland. "Let us be thorough and vigorous," Mr. Cleveland coolly remarks. "Give me the power and I will retaliate to your hearts' content," but the Republican Senators at this stage in the proceedings realized that they had been toying with the business end of a mule, and they adjourned in hot haste to get their wounds bandaged and think it all over.

The Republican Senate is not as handsome as it was before this episode, but it is a good deal wiser. The senators have discovered that Cleveland is "loaded," and they don't enjoy the situation at all. President Cleveland has completely turned the tables on Edmunds, Hoar and the other sly old pettifoggers who imagined they could humbug the American people on this fishery treaty question. By his message he has exposed these Republican schemers to universal derision, has stolen their anti-English thunder and knocked their Irish-American-vote-capture-program higher than Gilderoy's kite.

THE Republican organ in Portland gravely states that Candidate Harrison spent the afternoon and evening yesterday in reading. No doubt of it. That message of President Cleveland on the fisheries treaty furnished Mr. Harrison with some very good "reading." After Harrison got through reading the message he probably spent the night wondering whether his party had been struck by a cyclone or an earthquake. Grover knocks 'em out every time.

How do the mighty men drop. Mr. Sprague, ex-governor of Rhode Island, ex-senator, ex-son-in-law of Chief Justice Chase, and ex-millionaire, is chief of police at Narragansett Pier. About the next "ex" will be ex-it.

St. Joseph's Academy

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Conducted by the Sisters of St. Francis

will resume studies September 3, 1888.

This institution is situated in one of the most delightful and healthy locations of the State. Knowing how much importance is attached to the selection of a site for an academy of this class, the Sisters congratulate their patrons and themselves on their having secured all the requirements of a rural home in the immediate vicinity of the flourishing city of Pendleton.

Every facility is here afforded for thorough mental, physical and moral training. Habits of order, industry and politeness are studiously inculcated.

The Educational Course comprises everything full and comprehensive, and is suitable for young ladies. Drawing and painting are taught free of charge. Terms moderate. Although pupils are admitted at any time, it is desirable that they should arrive at the beginning of the term.

For further particulars apply at the Academy, or address

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY,
aug 8 Pendleton, Oregon.

Oregon State Fair

—THE 23RD—

Annual State Fair will be held on the Fair Grounds near Salem, commencing on

SEPTEMBER 17TH.

and continuing one week, cash premiums to the amount of

$15,000

—Will be awarded for—

Agriculture, Mechanical and stock Exhibits, works of art and fancy work, and trials of speed.

The premiums offered have been increased in many cases, but no changes have been made in the schedule. No entrance fee charged in the departments J, K, L, O, P and Q.

A magnificent field of horses entered, and there will be splendid contests of speed and trotting each day.

The different transportation companies will make liberal reductions in fares and freight.

Special attention is called to the premiums offered for county exhibits of grains, grasses and fruits.

Entries will be received in the secretary's office at Salem, beginning six days before the fair, and on the fair grounds from Friday before the fair. Persons desiring to exhibit in divisions J, K, O, P and Q are requested to make their entries on Friday and Saturday before the fair, if possible. All entries close on Monday, September 17th, at 7:30 p. m.

—PRICES OF ADMISSION—

Coupon ticket for men (six days) $2 50
Coupon ticket for women (six days) 1 00
Day ticket for men 50
Day ticket for women 25
Tickets to the grand stand of race track for males over 12 years 25
Ladies to the grand stand free.

Those desiring to purchase booths will apply to the secretary.

Send to the secretary at Salem for a premium list.

J. T. GREGG,
Secretary.
aug14 sw 1m

GRAND

EXCURSION EAST!

—VIA—

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Cheapest rate ever made from the Pacific Coast to the East.

$80. $80. $80.

For round trip from all points in Oregon and Washington Territory to

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

—Tickets on sale—

SEPTEMBER 3d, 4th and 5th,

good to return to OCT. 31st.

Join the G. A. R. special train carrying Oregon and Washington Territory Departments to the

2d National Encampment G. A. R.

—which meets in—

COLUMBUS, Sept. 12.

This rate is open for everybody. Parties desiring to do so can have use of free berths in emigrant sleeping cars. For further information call on or address

A. L. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. N. P. R. R.,
aug9td No. 2 Washington St., Portland, Or.

Leighton Academy

For Boys and Young Men.

Prof. Wm. Smith, Head Master.

—AND—

Ascension School for Girls.

Cove, Union County, Oregon.

New year begins September 6th. For prospectus of either school address

REV. WM. R. POWELL,
aug11 sw 1m Principal.

Grain Bags.

Calcuttas and Detrick's Celebrated E. W.'s

TWINES

Of All Kinds, Tents, Flag Etc

PRINTED FLOUR BAGS

A Specialty.

AMES & DETRICK,

125 Front St. - PORTLAND, OR.
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THE BOWMAN HOUSE

R. J. Horton, Proprietor

Main and Railroad Sts., Pendleton, Oregon.

First-class in every respect. New throughout and has every convenience. Terms $1 a day. 1dw1y

Proposals for Indian Supplies.

United States Indian Service,
Umatilla Agency, Oreg., August 23, 1888.

Sealed proposals, endorsed "Proposals for beef, flour, etc.," as the case may be, and addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m., September 7, 1888, for furnishing and delivering at this Agency, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, the following articles, viz: Barley or oats, Pounds of flour, pounds net beef, and pounds of coal.

Articles to be of equality and description required for issue to Indians, and free from all mixture of sand or other adulteration. Beef from cattle not less than four nor more than six years old, and weighing on the hoof not less than 1,000 pounds each, and the hoofs, horns, hides, and kidneys to follow with the carcass.

All to meet the whole is known as "straight, first-class," in good condition, grown in the section of country contiguous to the place of delivery, six pounds of wheat to be given in lieu of one pound of barley, and 16 ounces to the pound. Coal to be of the best quality for use in the shops of this agency, and to be delivered in such quantities as may be required during the year; a sample of not less than twenty-five pounds to be submitted with the name of the bidder and the name of the colliery it is from, for examination.

The following articles must be of good quality:

Each bid must state specifically the proposed price of each article offered. All articles will be subject to rigid inspection.

CERTIFIED CHECKS.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States Depository, payable to the order of the undersigned; which check or draft shall be not less than five per centum on the amount of supplies proposed to be furnished, and shall be forfeited to the United States in case any bidder receiving an award shall fail to execute promptly a contract with good and sufficient sureties, according to the terms of his bid; otherwise to be returned to the bidder.

Any or all bids, or any part of any bid, will be rejected if deemed for the best interests of the Government.

For further particulars apply to

R. COFFEY,
aug24 3w U. S. Indian Agent.

WM. GARDNER & CO.,

Sanitary and Heating Engineers.

Manufacturers

Steam and Hot Water Heating Apparatus,

FOR DWELLINGS OR PUBLIC BUILDINGS

Specifications and estimates furnished for heating buildings in any section of the country. Correspondence solicited.

OFFICE: 134 THIRD STREET,
Portland, Oregon. 1m

Railroad Lands

Open to Settlement.

People having claims on Railroad Land south of the twenty-mile limit, should

CALL AT ONCE,

as their lands are in danger.

R. J. SLATER,

Office in the Association Block,
PENDLETON - - - OREGON
aug14sw 1m

Established 1857.

J. C. CARSON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Window & Plate Glass and General Building Supplies.

Estimates and Price Lists on application. Country orders a specialty.

Factory and Salesroom, Weidler's Mill,
PORTLAND - - - OREGON.
Jy30 dsw 3m

THE STATE

Agricultural College,

CORVALLIS, OREGON.

Term Commences Wednesday, September 12, 1888.

FACULTY.

A full corps of experienced Professors and Teachers.

COURSE OF STUDY.

Arranged expressly to meet the demands and needs of the farming interests of the State.

PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

For students over 15 years of age who desire to enter the College, but are not prepared to enter College classes by examination.

MILITARY TRAINING.

To the extent required by law.

BUILDINGS.

Large, Commodious and well Ventilated.

LOCATION.

In a cultivated and Christian community, and one of the healthiest in the State.

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Circulars, containing matter full of interest to farmers, will be regularly issued and copies mailed to each patron of the college.

EXPENSES.

Reduced to lowest figures. Tuition free to school-ships from every county. Consult your County Superintendent.

We confidently appeal to the farmers and citizens of Oregon to patronize the only school established by Oregon for the promotion of horticultural interests.

For catalogue or other information address

E. L. ARNOLD, President,
aug25-1 Corvallis, Oregon.

W. D. Hansford & Co.

Dealers in

Hardware and Tinware

PUMPS AND PIPE.

PLUMBING Promptly Done.

MAIN STREET, PENDLETON.

A share of the public patronage is solicited
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ADVERTISERS of all kinds, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

J. A. DUPUIS, CARVER AND GILDER. Leave orders at Hunter's Band House, corner Court and Main streets, Pendleton. Country orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

SEMPER PRO REFORMA. Five Cent Cigar. Hall, Main street, Pendleton, Proprietor. Pacific Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

DR. KINLEY, PROPRIETOR OF THE Pendleton Parlors, Main street, Pendleton. Open Day and Night. Best Meals and Lodgings in town. Rooms 25 cents and $1 per night. Meals 25 cents. Lunch counter served in house.

FOR STRAYED OR STOLEN, FROM THE premises of the undersigned, near Pendleton, one gray horse, branded 7 L dying down on left shoulder. Any person taking up said horse will be rewarded. W. L. DUPUIS.

FRANK FARMENTIER, PROPRIETOR OF THE Germania Hall, Main street, Pendleton. Choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Free lunch every night. Pool and billiards free to visitors.

WILLIAM DEGEN, PROPRIETOR OF THE City Bottling Works, Pendleton, Oregon. All orders promptly delivered.

ARNOLD & SCHMEER, PROPRIETORS OF THE Umatilla Brewery, Pendleton, Oregon. All orders for Lager Beer by the glass, bottle, gallon, keg or barrel promptly delivered. Try it and see if you don't like it.

GEORGE DARVEAU, PROPRIETOR OF the "Board of Trade," Cor. Main and Webb streets, Pendleton, Oregon. Celebrated Leisksburg Beer on draught. Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

JOHN ERNST, PROPRIETOR OF THE Star Saloon. Fine wines, liquors and cigars. Pendleton beer on draught. Schlitz's celebrated Milwaukee Beer on draught. Finest brands of cigars. Main street, opposite Court House.

CHERRY & PARKES, ALBANY FOUNDRY AND Machine Works, Albany, Oregon. Manufacturers of and Dealers in Stationary and Portable Agricultural Steam Engines, Water Wheels, Grist Mill Machinery, Horse Powers, etc. Castings made to order. All kinds of Iron and Brass castings made on short notice. Special attention given to repairing farm machinery. Model making in all its various forms.

WHEREABOUTS OF ESTRAY HORSES KNOWN.

The whereabouts of the following horses are known to this office:

One gray work horse, shod all round; bay horse, shod in front; one bay horse, footed; one bay horse, shod all round. Of these animals are without brands; other two are branded. One bay horse, branded 7 L dying down on left shoulder.

One gray mare, branded G on right hip, 7 J on left hip.

One gray gelding, branded U on left shoulder.

One bay mare, branded blown on left shoulder and D L on right hip.

One bay mare, branded with a brand on left shoulder.

One bay sind colt, two years old, scissors on left shoulder.

The owners of these horses can learn the whereabouts of these horses by calling for each horse and addressing this office. If the horses are not recovered from the parties who have taken them up, the money will be returned. Address:

EAST OREGONIAN PUB. CO.,
1u26 Pendleton, Oregon.

PIANO FOR SALE.

I have for sale a good second-hand piano at $150. Terms easy. The piano can be seen at W. D. Fletcher's jewelry store.

J. D. MUNN,
au11 2w Pendleton.

ESTRAY ANIMALS.

If you have an animal estray, you can recover him by expending $2.00 in advertising in the EAST OREGONIAN. It catches every time.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 10th day of September, 1888, the Board of Equalization will attend at the office of the county clerk of Umatilla county, Oregon, to publicly examine the assessment roll for the purpose of correcting all errors, omissions, etc.

R. DOLLY,
au11td Assessor.

PUBLIC EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.

Notice is hereby given, that for the purpose of making an examination of all persons who may offer themselves as candidates for teachers of the schools of this county, the county school superintendent will hold a public examination at Pendleton, in the public school building, commencing on Wednesday, August 29, at 1 o'clock. Applicants cannot be admitted to the examination who are absent at its opening.

At the same time and place a competitive examination will be held for one free scholarship in Whitman College, Walla Walla, W. T., and four free scholarships in the State University, Eugene City.

The applicants having the highest averages will be granted the free scholarships.

WALTER M. PIPES,
au17 d sw County School Superintendent.

FOR SALE.

Twenty-eight choice milch cows, young enough to winter them, at private sale. Farm, four miles south of A'ta, in the prairie. For information inquire of

FRANK G. ...
Pendleton,
OR C. N. McREYNOLDS,
au30 d sw 1m Athens.

WANTED TO BUY

Six milch cows, accompanied by their calves. Apply to SETH M. RICHARDSON,
au 22 1w Pendleton.

NOTICE OF SALE.

I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the entire stock of merchandise, fixtures, now situated in the store in Pendleton formerly occupied by J. H. Raley, Umatilla county, Oregon. Said sale will take place at said store in Pendleton, Umatilla county, Oregon, on Monday, September 3, 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m. Inventory and stock can be examined until day of sale. Terms, cash.

L. R. DAWSON,
Assignee of the Estate of J. H. RALEY, Insolvent.
au22 d sw td

L. D. SPEAR

Has Opened

A New Grocery

Corner of Court and Thompson streets,

PENDLETON - - - OREGON

Keep constantly on hand a Fresh Stock of Groceries, and

WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD

aug9 1m For Cash.

The Pendleton Roller Mills

(Capacity 500 barrels per day)

W. S. BYERS & CO., Proprietors

Pendleton, Oregon.

Manufacturers of Graham, Graham and self-rising Flour.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Kinds of Grain.

Flour, meal, chop, feed etc, always on hand.

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C. E. ROOSEVELT. N. H. TENNERY. F. H. RICHMOND.

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Easel Cabinet Frames, Frames Made to Order, Copying and Enlarging.

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Photographers. - Pendleton, Oregon.

Successors to J. A. Briggs.