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 ROOMS 17-19 OVER JACKSON COUNTY BANK  
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**DR. ARTEMAS W. DEANE**  
**DENTIST**  
 GAS ADMINISTERED  
**RIALTO BUILDING, MEDFORD**

**Sunday Chicken Dinner**  
 The Gold Hill Cafe serves usual dinner order at 30c every Sunday, also Sunday chicken dinner at 50c. Fresh oysters in cans.

I am getting a large shipment of Tokay grapes and can quote prices for small either in large or small quantities. J. E. Day, Woodville or 216 Front St. North Medford.

**Stray Notice**  
 There came to my place on Mays creek in December, 1909, one red bull about three years old; no mark; brand either "J V" or "I U," small bell; one brass rivet in the collar. Owner can have same, by proving animal, and paying all charges.  
**L. E. Neathamer.**  
**R. F. D. No. 1 Woodville, Oregon**

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR THE COUNTY OF JACKSON**  
**NOTICE**  
 IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF IDA M. RENNELS TO REGISTER TITLE to the following described real property, situated in Jackson county, Oregon, to-wit:  
 Beginning at the Northeast corner of the Warman Donation Land Claim number 68 in Township 36 South of Range 2 West of the Willamette Meridian, and running thence West 1207.8 feet; thence South 2° and 40' West 1203.82 feet; thence South 63° East 1432.2 feet; thence North 1849.98 feet to the place of beginning, containing 41.31 acres of land.

**ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, Defendants,**  
**TAKE NOTICE**  
 That on the 31st day of December, 1910, an application was filed by Ida M. Rennels, in the Circuit Court of Jackson County, Oregon, for the Initial Registration of the Title of the land above described;  
 Now, unless you appear and answer on or before the 20th day of February, A. D. 1911, and show cause why such application should not be granted, the same will be taken as confessed, and a decree will be entered according to the prayer of the application; and you will be forever barred from disputing the same.  
 WITNESS my hand and the Seal of the Court hereto affixed this 9th day of January, A. D. 1911.  
 The date of the first publication of this notice is January 14th, A. D. 1911.  
**W. R. COLEMAN**  
 County Clerk of Jackson County and Ex-officio Clerk of the Circuit Court.

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.**  
 Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Ore., January 18, 1911.  
 Notice is hereby given that David C. Avery, Gold Hill, Oregon, who, on November 5, 1908, made Homestead entry No. 02160, for NW 1/4 SE 1/4, Section 34, Township 36 S, Range 3 W. W. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation on Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. H. Cannon, U. S. Commissioner, at Medford, Oregon, on the 25th day of February, 1911.  
 Claimant names as witnesses: Arthur Stewart, of Gold Hill, Oregon; Thomas C. Norris, of Gold Hill, Oregon; George Elgenbotham, of Gold Hill, Oregon; Elmer Elgenbotham, of Gold Hill, Oregon.  
**BENJAMIN F. JONES, Register.**

**The Scrap Book**

**Emphatic.**  
 John Barrett, director of the international bureau of American republics, now has a thorough knowledge of the meaning of the word "stung" as it is used in a popular sense.

One of his bureau's principal duties is to promote trade relations between this country and the Latin American republics, and Mr. Barrett does everything in his power to make good on his job. Not long ago he had a new idea. He turned to the bees of Mexico as a means of increasing business between the United States and that country and put out a bulletin. According to the printed pamphlet, Mexican bees were the best bees that ever buzzed. They were docile. They were affectionate. Finally, they were stingless, biteless and warranted not to sting the baby. All this information was widely distributed among bee fanciers and honey producers of the United States.

The other day Mr. Barrett received this letter:  
 "Dear Mr. Barrett.—I am a Missouri farmer, and I seen where your trade bulletin said that Mexican bees are stingless. I sent to Mexico for some of these bees. You are a liar!"—Pittsburg Post.

**Who is My Brother?**  
 He is my brother who hath need,  
 No matter what his race or creed—  
 Wherever men in anguish cry,  
 Wherever men in sorrow lie,  
 Wherever bitter tears are shed,  
 Where'er the star of hope hath led,  
 'Tis thine to comfort and sustain,  
 Let no one cry to thee in vain.

Oh, let thy charity extend  
 Beyond the household of thy friend!  
 Thy love search through the world to find  
 The weak and suffering of thy kind.  
 Let charity begin at home,  
 But, oh, forbid it not to roam,  
 To seek upon the highways drear  
 The souls that faint for words of cheer!  
 —Marcus Petersen.

**No. 131.**

**Report of the Condition of**

The Gold Hill Bank, at Gold Hill of the State of Oregon, at the close of business January 7, 1911.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$50,419.74
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	463.03
Bonds, securities, etc.	616.30
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	2,803.97
Other real estate owned	1,714.70
Due from banks (not reserve banks)	281.72
Due from approved reserve banks	5,696.27
Checks and other cash items	1,883.35
Gold dust	649.14
Cash on hand	4,821.71
Expenses	517.35
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$69,664.28</b>

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$10,000.00
Due to banks and bankers	783.08
Individual deposits subject to check	53,613.07
Demand certificates of deposit	1,554.35
Time certificates of deposit	1,000.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,713.72
Cash long	.06
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$69,664.28</b>

State of Oregon, County of Jackson } ss.  
 I, J. L. Hammersly, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
 J. L. Hammersly, Cashier.  
 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of January, 1911.  
 Hattie Hays Beeman  
 Notary Public.  
 Correct—Attest:  
 S. W. McClendon  
 H. D. Reed  
 Directors.

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR JACKSON COUNTY**  
**SUMMONS**

**J. E. Davidson, Plaintiff**  
 vs.  
**W. R. McKeen, Defendant**  
 To W. R. McKeen, Defendant:  
**IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON.** You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within six weeks from the 21st day of January, 1911, and if you fail to answer for want thereof the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of fifteen hundred twenty-seven and 90/100 Dollars, (\$1527.90) as demanded in Plaintiff's first cause of action, and the further sum of seventy-five dollars (\$75) as demanded in plaintiff's second cause of action, together with the costs and disbursements of the action to be taxed, and also for the sale of the property of the defendant situate in Jackson county, Oregon, attached by the Sheriff of Jackson county, Oregon, in said action under and by virtue of the writ of attachment issued out of said court to satisfy the claims of the plaintiff herein, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said demand of the plaintiff in said action.  
**THIS SUMMONS** is published under and by virtue of an order of the Honorable F. M. Calkins, Judge of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Jackson County, made and rendered on the 17th day of January, 1911, whereupon publication of summons is ordered to be published in the "Gold Hill News." The first publication of this summons is on the 21st day of January, 1911, and the last publication hereof will be on the 4th day of March, 1911.  
**J. L. HAMMERSLY,**  
 Attorney for Plaintiff.

**Miners Meet at Ashland**

(Continued from first page)

talker but a good pocket hunter was the hit of the session. He said that as a boy he had made his living pocket hunting, and since had raised a large family and kept them by pocket hunting and mining. He said that the pockets, on the surface or near it, are an indication of the immense values in the ledges below, and that the name "pocket" should not be detrimental to this mining district, for the pockets themselves are proof positive of the vast wealth locked up in the depths of the ledges below.

The evening session was taken up by discussions of much interest to miners, and it seemed to be the general consensus of opinion that the mineral resources and the mining business of southern Oregon should be exploited as intelligently and systematically as the horticultural interests, and that the state should maintain a mining building, as well as an agricultural one, where miners could send their sample ores and have them tested and assayed free of charge.

A permanent organization was effected by the election of the following officers for a term of one year: president, O. L. Young, Ashland; first vice-president, H. L. Herzinger, Grants Pass; second vice president, I. J. Luce, Etna Mills, Cal; third vice-president, L. L. Ray, Medford; secretary, H. L. Andrews, Grants Pass; treasurer, F. J. Newman, Medford.

A start was made at the Ashland congress that will be of lasting benefit to the southern Oregon northern California mining districts. It was the consensus of opinion of the meeting that the miners who continue to dig and delve will soon come into their own.

The next meeting of the Association which was formed at the Ashland congress will be held at Grants Pass some time in July when an increased attendance and sustained interest is confidently expected.

**Gastronomic Surprises.**  
 The old newspaper man standing along the curb reminisced thuswise: "Ever know Scotty McLennon? I don't know why I should speak of him now, except that if he were here he would probably have with him a Scotch remark or two that might help to pass the time.  
 "Scotty used to work here on the old Report. I remember when he had



**THE OLD NEWSPAPER MAN.**  
 his first taste of caviare. He bit into it, spat it out and then said: "Gad, mon, but your blackberry jam is bitter!"  
 "Somewhat similar in viewpoint was his remark about horseradish. He took a mouthful and, with tears rolling down his cheeks, said:  
 "That's hotter oatmeal than we have in Scotland!" — San Francisco Chronicle.

**Another Way Out.**  
 In one of Glasgow's finely laid out cemeteries a rich citizen, who was notorious as a skeptic, had erected a massive mausoleum on what he terms "his ancestral plot." One day he met a worthy elder of the kirk coming away from the vicinity of the imposing mass of masonry, so he said to him, "Weel, Davvit, ye've been up seen' that gran' erection o' mine?"  
 "Deed hiv I, sir."  
 "Gey strong place that, isn't it? I'll tak' a mon' a' his time tae raise out o' yon at the day o' judgment."  
 "Hoot, ma mon," said David, "ye can gie yerself little fash about risin' gln that day comes. They'll tak' the bottom oot of it tae let ye fa' doon."

**Col. Cooper Replies Again**

I cannot well refrain from calling the attention of the readers of The Gold Hill News to another article written by the still unknown "W. W. T.," whom I shall hereafter call, for a short name. William Walloper Tadpole, as the adix-d abbreviation would naturally fit that name. I do not care to personate that nice gentleman more than is barely possible, as he must come in somewhere as a part of God's creation, even though he may have been made out of second hand material, which some times answers the purpose very well, but as the subject in the beginning embraced the knocker and his influence, and no one else was in any way alluded to, and inasmuch as Bro. Tadpole took exception to said article I shall still believe that a rock must have hit this smart alec somewhere about the gizzard and caused a pain in his little belly. And by way of comparison I shall insist that Bro. Tadpole and the knocker element are one and the same gang. And to further illustrate I shall call attention to the language of Job 41: 16-17. "One is so near to the other that no air can come between them; they stick together that they cannot be sundered," that is Bro. Tadpole and the knocker whom he so vehemently upholds and defends. Then Job seemed to have looked right down into Gold Hill and its knocker element, and seen Bro. Tadpole lining right up with this element when he said: "Now behold his strength is in his loins and his force is in the navel of his belly." I here call attention to the fact that Bro. Tadpole's force must be in that neighborhood somewhere, a there is very little of it in his head.

Fortunately for the brother I don't know him, and can't just tell whether he has shed his tail or not; but their is one thing I do know, and that is, that Bro. Tadpole can use chicanery by the shovel full. First, he commences dodging by failing to sign his name; then he puts in at least half of his time cussing Medford. He goes so far as to accuse Medford of having a large knocking element and kindly tells us that someone got into business up their and got busted, and that others had to leave the place because of high taxes. Now, I thought about the second article from Bro. Tadpole would cause him to fall in the trap, "Taxes, taxes." You see at once that he belongs to the element of squealers and public kickers. Don't want to pay taxes. That is just the thing—until people get ready and willing to pay a reasonable tax, and apply it usefully, you will have no civic improvements, front street will still be a little "soft at the east end of it," and your system of growth blocked at every turn. This classifies Bro. Tadpole exactly where he belongs. He smilingly refers to my assertion in regard to the mud proposition. Now, I am going to suppose that Bro. Tadpole is just about to topple over to the other side of the Jordan, and before he quite gets there a great big angel comes along and notifies him that he wants to see him over at the west end of the Centennial bridge.

When he meets Bro. Tadpole he says, "Some years ago you made a covenant with the bunch over head, that you would speak the truth under any and all circumstances, as a part of the conditions to obtaining a seat in the new Jerusalem. Now we get a copy of The Gold Hill News every Saturday morning up there, and the chief clerk of the department called the attention of the executive committee to an article in said paper upholding the knocker and criticizing Cooper for trying to elevate these poor damnable cusses; and further in this article you stated that the mud proposition was a fake—none there, cleanest town in the state, etc. Now, I am here to test this thing out. I have no gumboots. I command you to travel with me through Main street and state close to middle of

it. Whereupon the trio starts down the main thoroughfare.—?—? Imagine yourself, Bro. Tadpole, tramping along on this street in the face of the article you wrote defending the mud proposition. Do you see the point? What would be the decision of the angel under the circumstances? Why he would say that "Cooper settled up with our department fifteen years ago and quit, but you are a prevaricator, a nonprogressive, and under the Re-Judicata, you will have to go down where sculls rattle and teeth goash, and the fumes of sulphur never cease.

Now, Mr. Tadpole, your dard pondus fumes" does not bother me in the least. Your acromatic expressions are many, for in fact I can't quite understand what you are driving at, but I will frankly tell you that unless you get your next rumbling above the paunch I shall not take the time to bother with you. Now, as before, I state that the moss-back element of Gold Hill is responsible largely for its backward condition. This element is a detriment to society, and a carbuncle on progress, and if you want to come out like a man and defend him, and use brains instead of buncombe, you can certainly get a discussion out of me either through the press or in public debate, and I'll promise a warm reception both for you and the element you uphold. Or, if you want to take up my first article in The News, state the points in it that you object to and write in a manner that at least someone can understand (this so far I have failed to do), then I will discuss the matter with you. But just simply cussing Medford, telling your hearers that someone left Medford, unable to pay his taxes (and I job: imagine you bought the ticket which caused this man to be in this condition), and then cuss me and dodge around like a feather in the wind. I can't afford to bother with you further.

Yes, Mr. Tadpole, I used to belong to the bunch who soused one under and said amen to it, I kept it up till my members were numerous, and my main forte was to get a man to see that he was a very great sinner. When I could get him there I had no trouble converting him. This is what I am trying to do with the knocker. If I can ever get him to see himself in his true light, he will not kick on "tax-tax" but will then be willing to pay a reasonable tax and see that it is properly handled. So goodbye, Bro. Tadpole, shed your tail and come out square if you want anything more from me.

**ED. COOPER.**

**THOUGHT HE WAS DRUNK.**

**And the Judge Agreed That Jock's Diagnosis Was Correct.**  
 Jock McCraw, a hard headed, non-committal Scotch farmer, was summoned to court, a witness in a case the evidence of which hinged upon the state of sobriety of the defendant.  
 "I dinna think he wis dr-runk," testified Jock. "I think he wis only fu'."  
 "Ah," said the judge, with interest, "then you can distinguish between being 'full' and 'drunk?'"  
 "Aye. Mony's th' time I hae been fu', but I wis dr-runk only yince."  
 "Most interesting. This seems to have a most important bearing on the present case. Just relate your experience."  
 "Well, responded McCraw, "It wis like this: Aye day I wis at th' market. The day's trade wis extra good. Efter it wis a' over I had a drapple wi' a wheen and frens. Then we had a bit sang an' anither drapple. Efter an' hoor—weel, ye ken hoo it wis, yer honor—I mounted Meg, ma auld mear, tae gang hame. I had often been fu', as I wis tellin' ye, but Meg had aye taken me hame safely. This time I tumtelt aff an' fell intae th' burn (brook). When Meg cam' up tae th' door wi'oot me, ma wife begud tae screech, 'Jock's deid—Jock's deid!' Gatherin' a' th' farm hams, th' hale pack o' them cam' rinnin' doon th' lane. Ma guld wumman saw me lyin' in th' bit burn an' fell over in a fent efter cryin' oot, 'Oh, ma pulr Jock's drooned!' Weel, sir, when they cam' up there wis I lyin' in th' edge o' th' burn, th' watter lappin' up about my lugs (ears), an' me shakin' m' held an' sayin': 'Nae mair, thank ye; nae mair, thank ye. I've had enouch.' I think I wis drunk that time."  
 "Yes," agreed the judge, "I think you were."

**NEWS FROM WASHINGTON**

Washington, D. C.—It is safe to assert that Senator Lorimer will be declared never to have gained a valid title to his seat in the senate. It is said that Lorimer can command only 33 votes in the senate out of a total of 92. It is equally probable that the resolution for the popular election of senators will pass the senate, perhaps next week, if not then, during this session. Senator Borah has served notice on the senate that any attempt to delay or prevent a vote may result in the holding up of all business. He is in charge, on the floor, of the Bristow resolution and is in daily conference with Senators La-follette and other supporters of the resolution. They have their fighting clothes on and it is their purpose at this time, if it be within possibility, to achieve this great reform, following the years of agitation and public demand for it. It will pass the house and almost unanimously.

**Taft Backs Longworth Bill.**  
 President Taft's efforts in behalf of a permanent tariff commission, now include a public indorsement of the Longworth bill, which was a feature of his address at the banquet of the National Tariff Commission Association. This indorsement followed a charge administered by the President to the Republican members of the ways and means committee, that they harmonize their differences.

The Longworth bill would put into the hands of the commission to be created, ample means for obtaining information and for making it most highly efficacious when in possession of the government.

**Cannon for State Militia.**  
 The house committee on military affairs appropriated \$770,000 for field artillery for organized militia to be added to the regular army appropriation bill. The provision, which will allow four field guns to every 1,000 rifles, is an outgrowth of the recent movement for placing the country in a better state of military preparedness. It authorizes the secretary of war on the requisitions of the governors of the various states and territories, to issue this artillery material to the organized militia and the \$770,000 is appropriated and made immediately available for the procurement and issue of these guns without cost to the militia. The guns are to remain the property of the United States.

**Advance Payment May Be Required.**  
 Senator Carter introduced a bill giving the secretary of the interior authority in his discretion to require persons seeking to make entry on any government irrigation projects at any land-opening to deposit with their application such advance payment as the secretary may specify and the secretary may forfeit such deposit where persons making the same fail to make entry after the privilege of doing so has been given them. Moneys so forfeited are to go into the reclamation fund.

**Homesteaders May Get More Time.**  
 The house public lands committee made a favorable report on the bill which passed the senate last month extending from December 1, 1910, to May 15, 1911, the time for homestead entrymen or persons who have made declaratory statements to establish residence upon land entered and relieving entrymen and settlers from the necessity of residing on their land from the date of passage of the bill until May 15, next.

**National Capital Brevities.**  
 The house passed the legislative, executive and judicial bill, carrying approximately \$35,000,000.  
 President Taft, after consideration, has decided that the \$1,000,000 fund, soon to be deposited in the bank to the credit of the Colville Indians, must go exclusively into national banks.  
 The Bates bill proposing that Congress extend thanks to Captain Robert E. Peary and retire him with the rank of Rear-Admiral as a reward for his polar achievements, was approved by the house subcommittee on naval affairs.

The Gardiner bill, which would prohibit the admission into the United States of any illiterate alien over 16 years of age, was ordered favorably reported to the house by the committee on immigration.  
 Representatives of many interests were present to hear the final arguments of Attorney-General Wickersham in the tobacco case. On these might rest the prosecutions of the future or might be found the justification of the existence of other business concerns.