

GOLD HILL NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GOLD HILL..... OREGON.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Collected From the Telegraph Columns.

Two men held up a saloon at Tacoma and secured \$12.

Fire at Canton, China, destroyed between 200 and 300 houses.

Robbers blew open the vault of a bank in Quincy, Ill., and secured \$2,000.

Fire at an Oshkosh, Wis., lumber yard destroyed \$75,000 worth of fine grade lumber.

The transport Logan has arrived at San Francisco from Manila, with 273 sick soldiers.

Two men were killed and four seriously injured in a train wreck near Jackson, Miss.

The steamer Nome City has arrived at Seattle from Nome with 250 miners and \$100,000.

Fire destroyed the business portion of the town of Philippi, W. Va., causing a loss of \$100,000.

A heavy snow storm is raging in British Columbia, \$20,000 damage being done in Vancouver alone.

Two fishermen were drowned in the bay at Seattle from a small sailboat, which capsized in a gust of wind.

The American legation building at Caracas was injured beyond repair by the recent Venezuelan earthquake.

The University of Oregon football team defeated the University of California team by a score of 2 to 0.

The United Mineworkers have decided to bring into their organization all workers in and about the mines.

Governor Candler, of Georgia, has issued a call for a National Maritime congress at Brunswick, Ga., January 30.

The murderous Apaches of Mexico, will be hemmed up in the mountains and exterminated by the Mexican troops.

Anarchists were not concerned in the recent assault on Emperor William. It was merely the act of a demented Berlin woman.

Three Americans were killed in a fight with 200 bolomen in the province of Panay. The enemy lost 100 killed 21 wounded and 50 prisoners.

One hundred dead bodies were found in a swamp just west of the city of Galveston, Texas, on the island where they had been deposited by the storm of September 8.

A serious snow storm is raging in South Dakota.

The Chinese emperor and empress will return to Peking.

Fire destroyed a considerable portion of the Korean palace at Seoul recently.

General Botha has sent Lord Roberts a statement of the terms on which he will surrender.

The Japanese empress was attacked by a lunatic who threw his purse and his shoes at her.

The firm of William L. Strong & Co., of New York, has failed, with liabilities of \$6,000,000.

Henry Elling, a pioneer of Montana and president of six banks in that state, died at his home in Virginia City.

During the progress of a bull fight given by women toreadors at Alicante, Spain, the benches collapsed and eight persons were killed and 200 injured.

According to Commissioner of Immigration Fitchie, of New York, immigrants have arrived in this country at the rate of 1,000 per day from all countries since July last.

Thirteen insane soldiers from the Philippines, who had been confined in the Presidio hospital at San Francisco, have been sent to the government asylum at Washington, D. C.

Yale college will educate free of charge five Filipinos provided young men of exceptional fitness and high character be selected by Judge Taft, of the Philippine commission.

At Denver, in an action begun by Dean Hart to prevent Sunday theatrical performances, Police Justice Thomas decided in favor of the theaters, holding that the city ordinance on the subject is void.

The Peruvian bark Francisco Tozo cleared from Astoria with a cargo of 529,054 feet of lumber, valued at \$5,734.78. She was loaded at the Knappton, Wash., mills, and goes to Callao, Peru.

The state supreme court of Minnesota has decided that the so-called "jag cure law" is unconstitutional because it applies only to counties of over 50,000 people and it is limited in its benefits to a certain number in each county, one per year to each 10,000 of people.

LATER NEWS.

The allies at Peking resolved on strong measures.

No effort will be made by congress to decrease Southern representation.

The opening of the Milton creamery, the first in Eastern Oregon, was celebrated.

Russia deals the Pacific coast a hard blow by putting a high tariff on flour to Siberia.

The house ways and means committee considered the reduction of the stamp tax.

An ex-rebel chief will start in pursuit of Aguinaldo, who is said to be in Northern Luzon.

The population of Florida is 528,52, as against 391,224 in 1890, an increase of 137,120, or 35 per cent.

The assistant postmaster-general of the United States pleads for a wide extension of the rural free delivery.

E. Gates was convicted at South Bend, Wash., of murder in the second degree for killing Captain Beeson.

The situation in South China is improved so that the rebels have been conquered, and the rebellion is nearly extinct.

The population of Rhode Island was announced to be 428,556, as against 345,506 in 1890; increase of 83,050, or 24 per cent.

John H. Ott, the comedian, died at New York, of a complication of diseases. He was taken ill about two weeks ago. He was 38 years old.

The big cotton mill operatives' strike in Alamance county, North Carolina, has been declared off. The strike has been in force about three months, and several thousand hands were involved.

Dawson City advices brought by the steamer Danube, arrived at Victoria, are to the effect that on November 13, Dawson was reported to have been free from new cases of smallpox for 10 days.

The British warship Pheasant, stationed at Victoria, B. C., received rush orders from the Admiralty dispatching her to Panama to protect British interests in the revolution which has recurred there.

The annual report of Rear-Admiral Endicott, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, submits estimates aggregating \$12,456,390, of which \$11,252,540 is set down for public improvements. The admiral emphasizes the importance of having proper provision made at an early date for storing at convenient points along our coasts the large number of torpedo-boats which are being completed and put afloat.

Sanitary conditions at Peking are becoming serious.

The good roads movement was formally launched in Chicago.

Methodists convened in New York denounced the Church of Rome.

Rebel and American activity in the field has been greatly increased.

Kentucky bank is out \$201,000 through the dishonesty of a clerk.

The United States supreme court sustained the Tennessee cigarette law.

Four men were burned to death in a fire that destroyed a Pennsylvania hotel.

The battle-ship Kentucky will enforce the indemnity claim against Turkey.

In an engagement north of Manila 11 Americans and 50 Filipinos were killed.

There is a scarcity of food in Tien Tsin, and already there is considerable suffering.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty will be the stumbling block in the way of canal legislation.

Twenty-six Oregon counties that have not remitted scalp-bounty tax are requested to do so.

The marriage of the Duke of Manchester and Miss Zimmerman, of Cincinnati, is announced.

Past fiscal year was the most prosperous period known to American shipping for some time.

A Chicago firm submits the best bid for the construction of the new post-office building Salem, Or.

Fifty-six cases of yellow fever are now under treatment in the city of Havana, among them two Americans.

Fred J. Kisel, of Malheur county, Oregon, has been appointed as a delegate to the National Irrigation Congress.

Rev. James Deighton, once a noted London preacher, and an intimate friend of Spurgeon, died at Houghton, Ind., aged 63 years.

The population of Minnesota, as officially announced, is 1,715,754, against 1,301,826 in 1890, an increase of 449,568 since 1890, or 34.5 per cent.

The population of Pennsylvania, as officially announced by the census bureau, is 6,302,115, against 5,258,014 in 1890, an increase of 1,044,101, or 19.8 per cent.

Dispatches from Vladivostok say the Chinese have destroyed 300 versts of the southern section of the Manchurian railroad. All the stations were burned and much rolling stock was destroyed. The damage is estimated at 10,000,000 roubles.

THEIR PUNISHMENT LIGHT

Leaders of Boxer Uprisings Get Short Sentences.

TUAN RETIRED WITH HONOR

An Attempt Made to Thwart the Demands of the Powers—The Tai Yuan Missionaries Are Safe.

London, Nov. 23.—The Morning Post's Peking correspondent, says:

"The edict inflicting punishment is milder than the first reports suggested. Prince Tuan and Prince Chwang are only banished, and not imprisoned. Duke Lan cannot accept the edict, owing to the inadequacy of the punishment.

"Count von Waldersee officially announces that he has stopped looting and restored peace in the province of Chi Li."

Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Peking, says:

"In communicating the punishment edict dated Sinan Fu, November 13, to the foreign envoys, Li Hung Chang submits it as the final punishment the court is able to inflict, and repeats the stereotyped plea of all Chinese plenipotentiaries, namely, that the emperor threatens him and Prince Ching with severe punishment if they fail to induce the representatives of the powers to accomplish a compromise. The mildness of the sentences excites ridicule, and strengthens the ministers in their determination to demand the death penalty. The punishments are illusory. Prince Tuan is merely banished to his own home, and others undergo a merely nominal lowering of rank. Perpetual imprisonment means a life of honored retirement.

"Large numbers of Southern Chinese now residing in Peking, fearing further tribulation during the winter, are preparing to leave for the south."

According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, it is asserted on good authority in Tien Tsin that there are still some missionaries surviving at Tai Yuan Fu under the protection of the Mandarins.

"A Chinese official reports," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, "that the allies have captured two passes leading from Chi Li into Shan Si. Herr Knappe, the German consul, has returned from Nankin. He reports that he asked the viceroy to permit foreign troops to ascend the Yangtze and to stop sending supplies to Sian Fu."

"The French consul here reports," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily News, "that severe persecutions of Catholic converts continue in the province of Kang Si. Mr. Goodnow, United States consul, hears that the Protestants in the province of Che Kiang are similarly persecuted. The governors of both provinces are Manchus and violently anti-foreign."

THE APACHES' RAID.

The Mormon Colonies Appeal for Military Aid.

Chihuahua, Mex., Nov. 22.—The Mormon colonies of Durban, Pacheco, Colonia, Oaxaca, Colonia Diaz and Colonia Juarez have appealed to the military authorities of Mexico against further raids from the bands of hostile Indians. Preparations are being made by the war department to strengthen the military garrisons and to annihilate the force of Apaches which made the bloody attack on the Pacheco settlement a few days ago. These Apaches have taken refuge in the Sierra Madre mountains, and their pursuit will be difficult. The Pacheco colony has a population of about 1,200.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 22.—The president of the Mormon church in this city has received a telegram from A. W. Ivins, president of the Mexican mission at Colonia Juarez, Mexico, saying that no Mormons have been killed, as recently reported, and denying that there had been an Indian uprising.

British Steamer Seized.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 22.—Passengers who arrived here Sunday on the British steamer Atrato, from Colon, say there were rumors at Colon, when they sailed, that the British steamer Tobago had been seized by the Colombian government at Panama, and sent, under an armed escort, to Buera Ventura. It is added that the British consul at Panama had asked his government for a war vessel.

March Against Panama.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 21.—The British steamer Atrato arrived here today from Colon. Captain Copp reports that the insurgents had gained several important victories during the fortnight that preceded his departure, and that when he left Colon they were marching in force against Panama, where the stores had been closed in momentary expectation of an attack.

Fatal Hotel Fire.

Sturgeon Bay, Wis., Nov. 22.—The Hotel French burned today. Miss Hechardt, of Annapolis, Wis., a guest, was burned to death. All others in the hotel escaped. The financial loss is nominal.

SENSATIONAL MURDER CASE.

A Pennsylvania Minister Accused of Killing His Wife.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 23.—A sensational murder mystery has developed at Wyoming, near here, and the principal figure in it is Rev. D. C. Stuart, a former pastor of the Wyoming Baptist church. The pastor's wife died suddenly two weeks ago at the home of her daughter in Plymouth. She had been married but three months and was ill only ten days. Her illness was not considered serious and she died suddenly shortly after her husband had carried dinner to her bedside. An empty bottle with the label "carbolic acid" was found near the bed and suicide was suggested. Numerous suspicious circumstances have been brought to light and the body was exhumed and an autopsy will be held. The reverend gentleman was asked to account for some money belonging to the church, which he failed to do and he resigned his pastorate and left for Philadelphia. Stuart was arrested in Philadelphia. The warrant charges murder and abortion.

Sultan Congratulates McKinley.

Constantinople, Nov. 22.—United States Charge d'Affairs Griscom was again at the Yildiz Pasz November 17, attending a court musicale, after which he remained and dined with the sultan, who charged him to transmit to President McKinley his warmest congratulations upon his re-election, adding that the result of the election had given his majesty the greatest pleasure, because it assured the continuance of the present exceedingly friendly relations between Turkey and the United States.

The Smuggled Jewels.

New York, Nov. 23.—At the custom-house today it was announced that an official appraisal of the so-called Maximilian jewels taken from the person of a Mexican in this city last week fixed their value at \$2,760, exclusive of the 60 per cent customs duties. The case will probably be submitted to United States District Attorney Burnett on charges that the jewelry was smuggled into this country.

Government Insane Patients.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The annual report of the government hospital for the insane shows a total of 2,076 patients, an increase of 138, the largest increase in its history, and predicts a total of 2,275 inmates at the close of the present year. There are 958 inmates taken from the army, navy and marine hospital service, of whom 256 were received during the past year.

Lyons Car Strike.

Lyons, France, Nov. 23.—The Lyons car strike is assuming grave proportions. Yesterday, the police accompanied the cars, in one instance saving a driver whom the crowd was about to throw into a canal. Today the strikers overpowered the cars and the police in order to disperse them, were compelled to draw their revolvers. Many arrests have been made.

More Anti-Chinese Riots.

Canton, Nov. 23.—Refugees who have arrived here report that anti-Christian riots have broken out in the province of Kiang Si. The non-Christians are wearing badges and all persons not so decorated are in danger of death. The viceroy of the province has appointed a deputy to settle the French claims at Shun Tak, and French gunboats will accompany the latter with the view of enforcing his orders.

German Warship Damaged.

Kiel, Nov. 23.—Divers report that the first-class German battle-ship Kaiser Friedrich III, which was in collision Saturday while entering this harbor with the first-class battle-ship Kaiser Wilhelm II, is leaking slightly at the bows. The Kaiser Wilhelm II has her outer plating dented. Neither of the vessels requires docking.

England's War Loan.

London, Nov. 23.—The Daily Telegraph makes the following announcement: "We learn that the government will not ask more than £20,000,000 for the war loan in December. The question of the full amount and that of the Transvaal will be decided later."

Russian Iron Mines Discovered.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 23.—Count Klein Michael has formed a stock company to exploit iron mines discovered on his estates in the government of Kursk. The prospecting commission reports that 500,000,000 pounds of ferrous earth, bearing from 48 to 60 per cent of iron, are accessible.

Two Men Killed by Collapse of Dock.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 21.—A section of the Minnesota ore docks, situated in this harbor, collapsed today, under the weight of 60,000 tons of ore. Max Tors and Thomas Ford were killed, and William Burke was injured. The property loss is estimated at \$100,000. The crash came without warning, 300 feet of the dock disappearing beneath the surface of the water.

Klondike Gold Output.

Seattle, Nov. 23.—Dufferin Patullo, chief clerk of the gold commissioner's office at Dawson, estimates the past season's Klondike output of gold at \$20,000,000 as against \$17,000,000 for 1899. Next year's gold output of the Klondike, Patullo thinks, will reach \$25,000,000. Of this year's shipments of gold, United States Consul McCook has a record of \$14,000,000.

AGUINALDO TO BE CAPTURED

Ex-Rebels Will Join Americans in Pursuit.

MACABOLOS WILL LEAD PARTY

He Will Have One Hundred Picked Natives and Will Be Supported by United States Soldiers.

Manila, Nov. 23.—General Macabolos, the ex-Filipino chief, is prepared to start in pursuit of Aguinaldo with 100 picked natives, supported by American troops. Other ex-rebel Filipinos will be used in campaigning in the country. Their offers have not been formally made yet, but they are ready if the authorities will accept their services. Aguinaldo, it is supposed, is in Northern Luzon, according to statements made by ex-rebel leaders now in Manila, confirmed from other sources.

Aglipay, a renegade native priest, not long ago an insurgent leader in Northern Luzon, has written to friends in Manila asking for election news and requesting to be informed whether a decision has been reached concerning the relations between church and state, and the disposition of church properties. The replies sent him contain the information that church and state will be separate, and the entire religious freedom will be allowed.

Transport Indiana Aground.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Quartermaster-General Ludington received a cable dispatch today from Colonel Miller, chief quartermaster at Manila, confirming the press report of the grounding of the transport Indiana on the east side of Isla de Polillo, one of the smaller islands of the Philippine group, east of Luzon. Colonel Miller's dispatch follows:

"Indiana aground November 7. She is reported as not damaged. Palmer (quartermaster), with transport Pennsylvania and a lighter draught vessel, left Manila Sunday in order to relieve her. Nothing more necessary."

When the Indiana ran aground she was loaded with supplies and a company of the Twenty-second infantry, detailed to act as a garrison at Baloi.

TORNADO IN THE SOUTH.

Much Loss of Life in Tennessee and Mississippi.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 23.—A tornado bounding through a narrow stretch of territory stretching from a point three miles north of Lulu, Miss., to Lagrange, Tenn., caused a heavy loss of life and property this afternoon. The storm so completely interrupted telegraphic and telephonic communication that neither the origin nor the ending of it can be determined tonight, nor can the extent of the disaster be learned. From meager details obtainable, covering only three points, it appears that 19 lives were lost, and the destruction of property was also heavy. It is believed that between the towns heard from numerous farm-houses and interior communities of more or less considerable population were struck. Accompanying the tornado was a rain storm of terrific proportions.

The tornado struck the town of Lagrange, 49 miles east of Memphis, on the Southern railway, in Fayette county, this afternoon. Only one church is left standing in the town. The streets are littered with the debris of destroyed buildings, merchandise, telegraph and telephone wires and poles. Several persons are dead.

Six persons were injured more or less seriously, and 10 business places were totally destroyed. The Methodist, Baptist and Presbyterian churches were demolished. The residence portion of the town also suffered heavy loss, several buildings being completely demolished and a large number damaged.

A perfect deluge of rain was falling when the cyclone came, but its advance was foretold by a roaring, rushing sound, followed by quick heavy reports which gave the inhabitants warning, and they rushed out from the falling buildings.

STORM IN CHICAGO.

Rain Fell in Deluging Quantities and Thunder and Lightning Plentiful.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Glaring flashes of lightning and loud peals of thunder, sights and sounds generally peculiar to midsummer in Chicago, accompanied the storm which burst upon the city shortly before midnight last night. Rain fell in deluging quantities, and the elements displayed all the characteristics of a summer thunderstorm. Telephone and telegraph wires were affected by the electricity in the atmosphere. The streets of the city ran like rivers. There was enough wind on the lake to endanger the safety of light craft.

The storm is probably the forerunner of a cold wave that has forced the mercury down to 12 degrees below zero in Montana, and which is scheduled to arrive in Chicago today.

John Wanamaker has been re-elected president of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association.