

ANARCHIST DEMONSTRATION

Violent Mob in Paris Wrecks a Church.

HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE INJURED

Crucifix and Ornaments Thrown Into a Heap and Fired—Tumultuous Crowd Gives the Police a Hard Fight.

Paris, Aug. 22.—Paris was today the scene of most serious disturbances, recalling some aspect of the commune. In response to an appeal of the Journal du Peuple, groups of anarchists and socialists gathered about 3 o'clock in the afternoon in the Place de la Republique. The police had taken precautions, and there seemed to be no danger of disorders. Sebastian Faure and Faberot, well-known revolutionary anarchists, were the ring-leaders. Faure, standing on the pedestal of the statue which rises in the center of the Place de la Republique, addressed the crowd. Among other things he said that the anarchists should be masters of the streets. The police then interfered and dislodged Faure and Faberot, making three arrests. The crowd at this point dispersed, but a column of demonstrators, headed by Faure and Henri d'Hori, made for the Place de la Nation. The police broke through the column and a struggle for the mastery followed. Shots were fired, and M. Goullier, commissary of police, was twice stabbed with a knife.

The rioters proceeded toward the Faubourg du Temple, at the corner of Rue Darbier and the Rue St. Maurice. They formed up into a compact body. Hatchets were suddenly produced, with long knives stolen from the counters of shops, and a concentrated rush was made upon the Church of St. Joseph.

The aged sacristan, seeing the mob, hastily closed the outer gates, but these were soon forced with hatchets and bars of iron. The massive oaken doors were then attacked. According to the first account, the wild horde burst into the church, which instantly became a scene of wild pillage and sacrifice. Altars and statues were hurled to the floor and smashed; pictures were rent, candlesticks, ornaments and hosts from high altars were thrown down and trampled under foot. The crucifix above was made the target for missiles and the figure of the Saviour was fractured in several places. Then, while rancorous voices sang the "Carmagnole," the chairs were carried outside, piled up and set on fire in the center of the square fronting the church. When this stage was reached, the crucifix was pulled down and thrown into the flames. Suddenly the cry was raised that the statue of the Virgin had been forgotten, and the crowd returned and tore this down also.

An attempt was made to fire the choir of St. Joseph's with petroleum, and the firemen were called in to quench the flames. Several parishioners were severely mauled in their efforts to defend the church from sacrilege. The church is situated in the poorest quarter of the city. No disorders of any kind occurred in the fashionable district.

Meanwhile the sacristan, who had been captured by the anarchists, escaped, and called the police and republican guards, who promptly arrived, with many constables. They were compelled to fall back in order to form up into line of defense, as the anarchists attacked them fearfully with knives.

Did Dewey Say This?

London, Aug. 22.—The Naples correspondent of the Daily News telegraphs the substance of an interview he had with Admiral Dewey there during the admiral's recent visit. Admiral Dewey said he believed the Philippine question would shortly be solved. In his judgment, the inhabitants are capable of self-government, and the only way to settle the insurrection and to insure prosperity is to concede it to them. He declared that he was never in favor of violence toward the Filipinos, and remarked that after autonomy had been conceded, annexation might be talked of. When asked whether a conflict between Germany and the United States over the Philippines were possible, Admiral Dewey replied, according to the correspondent: "It is impossible to foresee the unforeseeable."

Fight With Rebels.

Manila, Aug. 22.—One lieutenant of the Twelfth infantry was killed and another was seriously wounded while reconnoitering last evening north of Angeles. The Americans encountered a large force of insurgents and drove them from their position.

Lieutenant Cole, of the Sixth infantry, with 80 men, encountered 100 insurgents entrenched in the mountains of the island of Negros and routed them, after an hour and a half of severe fighting. The Americans had three men slightly hurt. Nineteen dead insurgents were counted in the trenches. Six rifles and a quantity of reserve ammunition were captured.

The insurgents recently cut the cable in Laguna de Bay, leading to Calamba, on the south shore of the lake, but the break has been repaired.

JIMINEZ ARRESTED.

Caught as He Was Leaving Cienfuegos—Denounced the Arrest.

Havana, Aug. 21.—In view of the fact that Colonel Bacallao, chief of the secret police, persisted in his declaration that General Jimenez, the aspirant to the presidency of Santo Domingo, was in Havana, either not having or having returned, the military authorities telegraphed to Cienfuegos, instructing Captain Stamper, collector of customs there, to ascertain whether Jimenez was on the Menedez steamer, and to take him under arrest if that should be the case. Just as the steamer was about to leave Cienfuegos, Captain Stamper located Jimenez and arrested him. Jimenez denounced the arrest as an outrage. He said he had broken no law and would not yield except to force. Captain Stamper replied that he was ready to use force, if necessary, and Jimenez then yielded, remarking that he did so because he could not help himself.

Captain Stamper informed Jimenez that he would make him as comfortable as possible, and, after Jimenez and his secretary had packed their trunks, they were driven, accompanied by the chief of police and Captain Stamper, to the Union hotel, where two bedrooms and a dining room were placed at their disposal. General Jimenez will be kept under police charge until further advice is received from the governor-general.

PUMMELED TO DEATH.

McConnell Beat Franeu Unmercifully—Charge of Manslaughter.

San Francisco, Aug. 21.—The autopsy held on the remains of Jim Franeu, the pugilist, who died after having been knocked out by Frank McConnell on Friday night, showed that his vital organs were diseased; that he was in no condition to enter a ring as principal, and that he had been pummeled and beaten to death by Frank McConnell, who was arrested on a charge of manslaughter, and is now out of jail on bail.

A similar charge has also been placed against J. J. Groom, J. D. Gibbs, promoters of the fight; Hiram Cook, referee, and the seconds of both men engaged in the contest. All have given bonds and are now at liberty. Dr. J. L. Zabala, the city's autopsy physician explains the cause of the pugilist's death as follows: "I found severe contusions on Franeu's face, shoulders and upper arms. There was a hemorrhage of the brain on the left side and the organ itself was in an anemic condition. The man must have received a terrible punishment, and death was nothing more than the result of the blows which were rained on his face and head. The impact of the head on the floor had nothing to do with it. He was in a dying condition before he fell."

"Franeu should never have entered the ring. An examination of his lungs showed pleuritic adhesions, and his system was otherwise broken down. He was fit for practical purposes in life, but certainly not for unnatural exercise."

FLOOD AT EDMONTON.

The Saskatchewan River Rose Forty Feet in One Day.

St. Paul, Aug. 19.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Pioneer-Press says: An Edmonton dispatch says the Saskatchewan river has overflowed, rising 40 feet during the last 20 hours, and continues to rise fast. Already the bridge piers are four feet under water, and electric light boilers covered. Floating islands of wood are passing down. The ferries have broken away and no mail has arrived. Thousands of feet of lumber is adrift. At present the water is rushing over the Hudson's Bay Company's flats. Two and a half inches of rain fell in 20 hours. The end is not yet. The loss will be great. The historic steamer Northwest, one of the Hudson's Bay Company's best boats was broken from her moorings, struck the middle pier of the bridge and went down the river a total wreck. The river is full of drift, miners' shacks and effects. Citizens on the river bank are moving out.

Street Duel at Woods.

Sheridan, Or., Aug. 21.—News has been received here of a serious fight at Woods. The trouble began Saturday night at a dance, and was between Bud Pollard and a man named Miller. It ended in the ejection from the hall of a young man who had refused to pay his admission. Sunday morning the men met on the street and had a duel. Miller fired a shotgun point blank at Pollard's head and shot away part of one of Pollard's ears. Pollard emptied his revolver at Miller, but was so nervous that his shots went wild. One shot hit Miller in the leg below the knee. Considering that the men fired at close range, their escape from serious injury is remarkable.

Passenger Train Wrecked.

Texarkana, Ark., Aug. 21.—A message has just been received here to the effect that a north-bound passenger train on the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railroad went into Little river, 50 miles north of here. A switch engine, with crew, has left for the scene. The wreck is between stations, and it is not known how much of the train went off the bridge. It is known, however, that the baggage, mail and express cars went in.

THE ATTACK BEGINS.

Soldiers Are After Guerin, the Besieged Socialist.

London, Aug. 23.—The Daily Chronicle publishes the following from its Paris correspondent:

A detachment of infantry has just completed an attack upon M. Guerin's house, which is likely to lead to bloodshed before morning.

Nobody is allowed to approach the scene, and the cavalry charges are needlessly brutal.

Proceedings Against Anarchists.

Paris, Aug. 23.—In consequence of yesterday's events, judicial proceedings have been instituted against Sebastian Faure and four others, for rebellion, acts of violence and attempts to murder, and against divers persons for robbing a building and burning its furniture; also for breaking windows and inciting to riotous assemblage.

A member of the Anti-Semite League says M. Guerin has three days more provisions. From today on all churches will be guarded by pickets of republican guards, and detachments of infantry and cavalry will be held in readiness for eventualities. The damage done by the rioters to the Church of St. Joseph is estimated at 8,000 francs. The church is surrounded by a cordon of police, and no one is allowed to approach the building. It is pointed out that the rioting persons are from 15 to 20 years of age.

WASHINGTON CENTENNIAL.

Anniversary of His Burial Will Be Observed by Virginia Masons.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Preparations for the observance of the 100th anniversary of George Washington's death are being actively conducted by the committee of the grand lodge of Masons for the state of Virginia and by the local lodges. The Masonic observances which will take place in Alexandria and at Mount Vernon, December 13 and 14 next, are being thoroughly discussed and planned.

The programme as virtually settled upon opens with the assembling of the grand lodge of the state of Virginia in Alexandria on December 13. Early the following morning the state grand lodge, accompanied by lodge No. 4, of Fredericksburg, Va., of which General Washington was a member; the two local lodges, Federal lodge, of Washington, and representative Masons from all over the world will proceed to Mount Vernon, where the funeral services of December 18, 1799, will be duplicated as nearly as possible.

Porto Rico's Great Storm.

Ponce, Porto Rico, Aug. 23.—It is now estimated that the bodies of 2,500 victims of the recent hurricane have been buried, that 1,000 persons were injured during the storm, and that 2,000 people are still missing.

There are opportunities here now for investors. There is the greatest lack of money for repairing damages, replanting and replenishing stocks.

The alcaldes appointed committees for the distribution of relief, stores, etc., but the military authorities objected to it.

Ponce is healthy, though bodies continue to be found in the fields. The authorities have decided to burn the ruins of Yabuco.

Sixty Lives Were Lost.

Nebern, N. C., Aug. 23.—Reports today from the coast of North Carolina, where the West Indian hurricane touched last week, show that there were a large number of lives lost and much damage done to property. Fourteen fishermen, in trying to cross Pimlico sound in skiffs, were lost. Four bodies have been recovered. The schooners Goodwin and Aurora were wrecked. The L. R. Hill is ashore. The Beswick and all hands are reported lost. These losses all occurred in Pimlico sound. It is believed that as many as 60 persons lost their lives in the storm.

Infantryman Drowned.

Manila, Aug. 23.—While a reconnoitering party of the Twenty-fourth infantry, under Captain Crane, was crossing the Mariquina river on a raft today, the hawsers broke. The current, very swift at that point, caused the raft to capsize, drowning nine enlisted men.

The United States transport Tartar, from San Francisco July 24, with General Joseph Wheeler and his daughter, troops of the Nineteenth infantry and more than \$1,300,000 in coin has arrived.

Cruiser Rescued Shipwrecked Crew.

Rio Janeiro, Aug. 23.—The United States cruiser Montgomery arrived here last night from Montevideo. She reports having rescued the crew of the British steamer Nettleton, which went aground at Marica, 20 miles east of this port. All the members of the Nettleton's crew were saved. Tugs have been sent to rescue the vessel.

Olympia's Sailors Attacked.

London, Aug. 23.—A special dispatch from Leghorn, Italy, says five men have been arrested there on a charge of attacking and wounding some sailors who had come ashore from the cruiser Olympia.

Famine on East Coast of Africa.

London, Aug. 23.—The Church Missionary Society has just received a report stating that 40,000 persons have died of famine on the east coast of Africa.

ALONG THE COAST.

Items of General Interest Gleaned From the Thriving Pacific States.

A Family of Ministers.

At their home near Portland, last week, Rev. W. B. Lee, D. D., and wife, together with their sons and daughter, had a general family reunion. There are several prominent Presbyterian ministers in this family, the head of the family himself being a minister of much ability. The sons are: Rev. E. Trumbull Lee, D. D., now pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, of Cincinnati; Rev. George H. Lee, of Seattle, who has received and accepted a call to College Hill Presbyterian church, of Cincinnati; Rev. Lewis Earle Lee, pastor of the North Presbyterian church, of Cincinnati; Professor Wallace H. Lee, president of the Albany college, Or.; William A. Lee, head accountant of the American Type Founders' Company, Portland, and Herbert M. Lee, accountant of the Standard Oil Company, Portland. The daughter is Mrs. William M. Fleming, of Spokane, Wash. It has been 17 years since they were all together, the last reunion having been held in New York. There is also quite a long list of grandchildren, who helped to make the reunion all the more interesting.

Will Build a Cold Storage.

The Pacific American Fisheries Company at Fairhaven, Wash., will build a cold storage plant in connection with their cannery and work will begin shortly. This department was contemplated when Manager Onffroy first undertook to organize the big syndicate, but the season was so far advanced that all energy was directed toward the building of the cannery, but now that the cannery building is finished the next work will be done on the cold storage and ice plant. It is the intention to employ a large force of men all fall and winter in the fresh fish department, and the business of shipping fresh and frozen fish to the Eastern states will be engaged in on an extensive scale.

May Establish a Box Factory.

H. G. Maxon and family recently arrived at Salem from South Bend, Ind. It is reported that Mr. Maxon in company with others will launch a box factory in that city, but Mr. Maxon, when interviewed, discredited this report, but said he would be a close observer and watch for a favorable opening for the location of such a factory. He is prepared to establish a factory of the capacity that the business of Salem or any other locality may require. Should he establish the industry in Salem it would prove a splendid acquisition to that city's manufacturing interests.

Potato Market.

Farmers in the vicinity of Corvallis have been receiving 75 cents per sack for new potatoes of late, but they have crowded them into the market till they have overdone the business and the price has gone down to 60 cents per sack. The potatoes are not in condition to keep for any length of time or to ship to any distance, so no one cares to keep a stock on hand. If potatoes were fit to ship, dealers say they could afford to pay 90 cents a sack for them. Farmers and dealers both are anxiously figuring on the prospect for potatoes bringing a good price this fall and winter.

The Julietta Tramway.

The Julietta Tramway, incorporated as the Inland Grain Company, is getting ready for the new season and will be under active direction of George Liebes, as president, and A. L. Macleod as manager. The company is now installing at the upper station the largest grain cleaner ever brought to Idaho. It is a Monitor, with a capacity of from 900 to 1,400 bushels per hour and is the same as is used at the Portland wharves. The company will also transact a banking business.

Sugar Factory Will Soon Open.

The Alamitos sugar factory at Anaheim, Cal., will open September 1. It is stated that the factory will be operated 30 days. Beets sufficient for a run of that length will not be harvested in Los Alamitos territory, but importations will be made to fill the shortage. No pulp will be sold to ranchers this year. A large band of cattle is to be brought to the factory corral to fatten on this product.

Flour Mills Shut Down.

The North Pacific Flour Mills at Wasco, have shut down until harvest is over. The reason for shutting down is that all the wheat has been ground, and they have been unable to get more. They will use up the time in putting in a new engine and other improvements that will greatly increase the output for the coming year. The output since the mill has been running is over 5,000,000 pounds.

Short Line's New Service.

The new car service of the Oregon Short Line has been inaugurated between Granger and Portland. The service includes three buffet cars, three diners, eight chair cars and three coaches. These cars are of the finest kind of their class and greatly add to the efficiency of the service, and to the already excellent reputation the Short Line has for its passenger management.

TRADE GAINS STRENGTH.

Heavy Exports of Wheat—Fewer Business Failures Reported.

Bradstreet's says: The trade gathers strength as summer wanes. Reports of expanding fall demand arrive, accompanied by very cheerful advices as to the outlook in most parts of the country. In manufacturing lines production appears to be at a minimum, and the price situation retains most of its old strength. Notable in the matter of added strength are most of the cereals and iron and steel in many forms. The impetus given to wheat prices by the government report last week has been further reinforced by less favorable crop advices from other countries, notably India, and export business is reported as somewhat improved.

Wheat (including flour) shipments for the week aggregate 4,040,009 bushels, against 3,616,154 bushels last week, 3,988,348 bushels in the corresponding week of 1898, 5,316,803 bushels in 1897, 2,991,693 bushels in 1896, and 2,389,140 bushels in 1895.

Since July 1 this season, the exports of wheat aggregate 26,165,065 bushels against 22,846,076 bushels last year, and 21,43,344 bushels in 1897-98.

Business failures for the week number 172, as compared with 156 last week, 195 in this week a year ago, 221 in 1897, 264 in 1896, and 193 in 1895.

Bonding at a Low Rate of Interest.

Some of the counties of Montana are reducing expenses by bonding their indebtedness at a low rate of interest. Beaverhead is about to issue 4 per cent bonds to the amount of \$40,000, and Gallatin county offers \$137,000 in bonds bearing interest at the rate of 4½ per cent.

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Portland Market.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 57½@58c; Valley, 59@59½c; Bluestem, 60@61c per bushel.

Flour—Best grades, \$3.25; graham, \$2.65; superfine, \$2.15 per barrel.

Oats—Choice white, 40@43c; choice gray, 38@42c per bushel.

Barley—Feed barley, \$17; brewing, \$18.50 per ton.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$22; shorts, \$18; chop, \$16.00 per ton.

Hay—Timothy, \$8@9; clover, \$7@8; Oregon wild hay, \$6 per ton.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 45@50c; seconds, 35@40c; dairy, 30@35c; store, 22½@27½c.

Eggs—18@18½c per dozen.

Cheese—Oregon full cream, 12c; Young America, 13c; new cheese, 10c per pound.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$4.50@5 per dozen; hens, \$5.00@5.50; springs, \$2@3.25; geese, \$4.00@5.00 for old, \$4.50@6.50 for young ducks, \$5.00@5.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 12½@13½c per pound.

Potatoes—75c@81c per sack; sweets, 2½@3c per pound.

Vegetables—Beets, \$1; turnips, 90c per sack; garlic, 7c per pound; cabbage, 1½@2c per pound; cauliflower, 75c per dozen; parsnips, \$1 beans, 5@6c per pound; celery, 70@75c per dozen; cucumbers, 50c per box; peas, 3@4c per pound; tomatoes, 75c per box; green corn, 12½@15c per dozen.

Hops—11@13c; 1897 crop, 4@6c.

Wool—Valley, 12@13c springs; Eastern Oregon, 8@13c; mohair, 27@30c per pound.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 3½c; dressed mutton, 6½@7c; lambs, 8½@9c per lb.

Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50; dressed, \$6.00@6.50 per 100 pounds.

Beef—Gross, top steers, 3.50@4.00; cows, \$3.00@3.50; dressed beef, 8@7½c per pound.

Veal—Large, 6½@7½c; small, 8@8½c per pound.

Seattle Markets.

Onions, new, \$1.25@1.50 per sack.

Potatoes, new, 1@1½c per lb.

Beets, per sack, \$1.10.

Turnips, per sack, 50@65c.

Carrots, per sack, 90c.

Parsnips, per sack, \$1@1.75.

Cauliflower, 40@60c per doz.

Cabbage, native and California \$1@1.25 per 100 pounds.

Cherries, 75c@81c.

Peaches, 75@90c.

Apples, \$1.25@1.75 per box.

Pears, \$1.75 per box.

Prunes, \$1 per box.

Watermelons, \$2@3.

Cantaloupes, \$2@2.50.

Blackberries, \$1.55@2c.

Butter—Creamery, 25c per pound; dairy 17@20c ranch, 12½@17c per lb.

Eggs, 24c.

Cheese—Native, 10@12c.

Poultry—13@14c; dressed, 16½c.

Hay—Puget Sound timothy, \$7@9; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$14.00.

Corn—Whole, \$23.50; cracked, \$23; feed meal, \$23.00.

Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$21; whole, \$22.

Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.50; blended straight, \$3.25; California \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$3.50; graham, per barrel, \$3.60; whole wheat flour, \$3; rye flour, \$4.50.

Millstuffs—Bran, per ton, \$15; shorts, per ton, \$16.

Feed—Chopped feed, \$20.50 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$22; oil cake meal, per ton, \$35.