Commercial.

MARKET REPORT.

MOME PRODUCE MARKET. These quotations are for Portland, 1 The following represent wholesale rate. rom producers or first hands

WHEAT-Walla Walla, \$1.70; Valley \$1.75@1.77½ per cental. FLOUR—Best country brands,\$4.50@4.75; best standard, \$5.

OATS, -50 to 57c. ONIONS, -1@14c. POTATOES. -50c per bush. MIDDLINGS-\$25@30; shorts, \$23@25.

MIDDLINGS—\$25@30; shorte, \$25@30; BRAN—\$20@22. BACON—Sides, firm 11½@12½0; Hams, 15 to 16c; Shoulders, 11@12c. LARD—Eastern pails, 12½@132; Oregon, in tins, same; kegs, 11@12c. CHEESE.—Cal., 14c; Oregon, 18c ♥ fb. HONEY—In comb, 18a20c; strained, in 5

HONEY—In comb, 18a20c; strained, in 5 gallons, 104@11c.

APPLES—\$1@1.25; extra choice \$1.50.

ØRIED FRUITS.—Apples, sun dried quarered, 12c; sliced, 14c; machine dried, firm, 16c; Pears, machine dried, 15c; Plums, sun dried, 18c, and machine dried, 18c, sun dried, 18c, and machine dried, 18c, FOULTRY.—Chickens, full grown, \$4.50 @5.00; geose, \$8; tarkeys \$12.50 @15 per doz.

EGGS.—Fresh laid bring 40c; Easteon 35c.

BUTTER—30@400, last for very choice, HOGS.—4½c on foot, dressed 7c.

BEEF.—4@4½c on foot,

SHEEP.—Gross weight, 3c on foot.

VEAL—9 to 10c

WOOL—Eastern Oregon, 15a19c; Wil-

VEAL—9 to 10c
w OOL.—Eastern Oregon, 15a19c; Wilsamette Valley, 13@19c; Umpqua, 2C@23c.
HIDES.— Butchers' hides, dry, 15c;
sountry cured, dry, 14c; culs 1 off, green
aids, salted, 7c; country ditto, 7c;
decrakins, dry, 30c st to; d sheep pelts each
15a1.00; dry elk, 20c per lh,
TALLOW—Quotable at 8c. per lb,
HAY—Choice timothy, \$20@\$22.50,
HOPS—Can bring 18c; holders intist on 20

GENERAL MERCHANDISE. RICE.—China No. 2, 51; Sandwich

slands, 6@6jo. TEAS. —Japan, # 36@40; Black, 40@75c OOFFEE — Costa Rica 14@15c; Java, 20

#220.

#3UCARS. -- Crushed A ll@llic; Fine

(rushed ll@llic): Cube, ll@llic; Extra C,

10ic; Golden C, 9i@l0c; Sandwich Islands

No. 1, 8i@6c; D, 9i@9ic.

#3YRUP. -- Five gallons 70c

CAWDLES -- 12@15c.

RAISINS. California, \$2.75@#3.25#25 B

SOAPS.—Good, 75c@\$1.75.
OILS.—Ordinary brands of coal, 30c; high grades, Downs. & Co., 37\(\frac{1}{2}\); Boiled Linseed, 50; disto Raw, 77c; Salmon oil, 65c; Turpendas, 70c; Pure Lard, \$1 30; Castor, \$1.25@

SALT.—Stock, bay, \$10 # ton; Carmen Island, \$12½; Coarse Liverpool, \$15; Fine qualty, \$15@20; Ashton's dairy, ditto, \$30

COMMERCIAL.

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, Jan. 3d. The last day of the year brought a touch of frost which lasted two days and then turned to sleet and soon disappeared altogether. Bountiful rains have visited all sections of the country and farmers begin the New Year with favorable conditions for stock are in good order and pastures have kept in fair condition, even though we have had two protracted rain storms.

Fall sown wheat looks well and considerable plowing is done in anticipation

The orchards have naturally prepared and everywhere we hear of great promise that the coming crop may be very heavy if nothing occurs to injure fruit; for instance: last spring it was cold and protracted rain that blighted the fruit and we may fear this to occur again or that untimely frosts will come. So far as appearances indicate, farmers generally have good prospects for 1883.

The wheat in the country has very nearly changed hands and turns out to be much less than any one dared to predict. The export surplus will be smaller than known for many years and the greater part is already shipped. Only a uable in all that district." There are comparatively small per centage of the many places where the sinking of test producers.

Tonnage is low enough say 40s pe ton of 2000 fbe and abundant at that. The freight market is utterly stagnant as well as the wheat market. Prices in lifeless. The quantity of breadstuffs in patent medicines for colds and coughs wheat "in sight" at American points is proportionately small. The situation is proportionately small s as follows: English markets temporarily well supplied, but stocks are small in all American ports and the full surplus of Indian and Russian wheats has been shipped to England. This leaves it cent arrivals in London of new crop of probable that the actual deficiency in general production will soon be felt and we may expect to see foreign markets—
in this country has already reached imthat have shown no radical change in six months—take an upward turn within six weeks. The present depression is

fered last week. The mills keep the st on a year.

all until now

The new mill at Portland is doing a splendid business and making a fine quality of flour, perhaps the finest ever made on this coast. They purchased half a million bushels to grind and will this season make a little over a hundred thousand barrels.

The Worthy Master of the State Grange,in his address that we to-day give a synopsis of speaks of the value of market quotations Salem patrons used to receive from Mr. W. J. Herren, their agent at the Farmers' warehouse. Mr. Herren said to us when the address was over that he felt like assuring the meeting that all the market figures of importance and many market facts are given with reliable accuracy in the Williamette said he, "to be an authority on the trot Farmer. We call attention to our pre-FARMER. We call attention to our presentation of the markets this week as being of more practical use to farmers than will be furnished by any of the great Portland dailies. None of them have better opportunity to obtain gen-eral news and none of them take the pains we do to inform farmers.

SALEM MARKETS.

SALEM. Jan. 3. 1884. Salem mills give 90 oents for wheat

and sells bran at \$14; shorts at \$22. Potatoes are 40 cents per bushel; pork 6 cents net; hams, 13@15c; shoulders, 9@10c; bacon, 11c; lard, 13@14c; butter, 30@35c; eggs, 30@35c; oats, 50

@55c; hay, \$12@\$20 ranging from loose oat and wheat hay to baled timothy. MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

San Prancisco Markets SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2. Freights-Market dull, no busines

reported.

Wheat—Market very quiet. The inactive condition fo foreign markets depresses export business. No. 1 shipping, nominal at \$1.75@1.77½; choice milling,

Flour -Inactive. Barley-Firm; spot, 974c@\$1.024. Fuures, dull but steady. Oats-Steady but quiet, \$1.50@1.75; extra choice quantities held in a jobbing way at \$1.80@1.85.

Corn-New, \$1.40@1.50; old, \$1.60@ \$1.65. Potatoes-Dull and nominally un-

changed. Wool-The demand is good consider

ing the time of year.

Hops—Quiet but firm, 17@20c baled, 20@221c asked. The surplus stock in the State is estimated at 4000 bales. Eggs-Stocks are increasing. Fresh

California, 36@38c. Butter—Weak ; market well supplied. Fresh roll, 35@35c.

CHICAGO MARKETS. CHICAGO. Jan. 2. February options—Wheat, 94½c; pork \$14.40; lard, \$8.95; ribs, \$7.27½; short

ribs, \$7.35. NEW YORK MARKETS. New York, Jan. 2. Wheat—Irregular. Flour — Steady. Wool-Steady.

BEERBOHM'S FOREIGN BREADSTUFFS RE-LONDON, Jan. 1. Floating cargoes-Very little demand.

Cargoes on passage and for shipment Mark Lane-Slow.

Imports into U. K. past week, wheat, heavy settings of fruit for another year as the result of failure to bear last year 25,000 to 230,000 barrels.

"In Western Michigan," says Michigan Farmer, a large swamp lay for vears on the southern edge of a village. a noisome barrier to progress and a bone of contention in village and township politics. To drain it a large ditch a mile or two long would have been required; but some one fortunately discovered that a thin sheet of clay was all that kept the water from going down into a deep strata of gravel, bowlders and sand. The wells were sunk and the swamp thoroughly drained at an almost nominal cost, leaving rich, black soil easily and inexpensively be drained aud converted into exceedingly fertile land.

A Good THING. - Enterprise an energy are good qualities in business but unless you have something that will stand composition, and will find it up England remain low and the market is hill work to succeed. There are many sight at English ports is greater than it some of which are first class and probawas a year ago, and that was a year when we heavily over-produced. The "spot" markets abroad are heavily loaded down but will soon work off and the wheat "in sight" at American points is

> American oatmeal has a future before mense proportions.

VACANT LANDS.

six weeks. The present depression is caused by the presence of great stocks in English markets.

Exporters here have dropped their fig. in the third by J. W. Resistance, can be had uses to \$1.75 per cental and Salem mills at \$2.50 a year, \$1.50 for six months, \$1 for offer only 90 cts instead of 93\frac{1}{2} cts of the section. The Hoper Genetic, published their by J. W. Resistance, can be had at \$2.50 a year, \$1.50 for six months, \$1 for three cannot a \$3.50 a year. \$1.50 for six months, \$1 for three cannot a \$3.50 a year.

market up and have kept it up all the What Mr. Sonner says about Trotting Horse Affairs.

> A reporter of the Tribune recently interviewed Mr. Bonner on his experience with trotting horses, his views of breeding, etc., and we clip the following interesting report from that papar:

Unlike his office in the Ledger building, the walls of which are covered with the portraits of famous trotters and famous authors, Robert Bonner's sittingroom at his private house gives no evi horse-flesh and literature. Mr. Bonner who is a thick-set, youngish looking man, with keen ey's and a reddish is the great secret-the introduction of a beard, sat in his easy chair the other evening caressing one foot with his hand, and chatting on his favorite hobby to a Tribune reporter. "I think I may lay a modest claim,

a mere chance that led me to take an interest, which subsequently became an engrossing one, in that subject. It is That staying power, united to the action more years than I care to recall that I of a good trotting strain, will make the came to this city from Hartford, on the ideal trotter of the future, and the action Courant of which city I had been working in a literary capacity. Soon after my arrival I started a venture which soon took my whole care and attention. For some years I worked day and night, till my health began to give way. One day my old family physician walked into the office, and after telling me how ill I looked, said: 'Robert, I want a check for \$300.' 'What for?' I asked. 'To buy you a horse,' answered he. Well, he did so, and for a while I tried saddlehorse exercise, but soon found that it horse exercise, but soon found that it did not agree with me. Then I took to driving, and I have driven ever since, and behind some pretty fast horses, too, let me tell you. I have seen great changes, though, since the day I first drove out by my doctor's orders to gain health and strength. In those days the owners of fast trotters were, as a rule, either 'sports' (which was then another name for gamblers) or butcher-boys and the like. For several years old Commodore Vanderbilt, Colonel Harper, the senior member of the publishing firm, and myself were perhaps the only re-spectable members of society who made a practice and were proud of driving last trotters. A man then was given to depreciating the speed of any horse he owned—a state of mind which is curiously rare nowadays, when a man's

powers of imagination rather incline to the contrary order of things. Little by little, however, it began to be recognized that a man could drive a fast horse and still be a respectable member of society Speaking for myself, I may say that from the first day I took the lines in my hands I made one resolve, which I have rigidly adhered to. It was that under no circumstance would I allow a horse owned by me to compete for stakes. As soon as a horse enters my stable his public career is over. It was the knowledge of this fact which prevented my secur-ing Dexter earlier in his career, at a much lower price than I subsequently paid for him and this is how it was

George Ally, as I dare say you know, bought Dexter for \$200 odd, the original heck with which he paid for his purchase being in my possession to-day. Under Alley's ownership Dexter soon began to develop his wonderful powers of speed. Well, one day. Alley, who was then suffering from pecuniary pressure, came to me and offered me horse for \$15,000, stating that he had made certain time which was then below the record. I was not very eager at that time for the horse, but told Mr. Alley that if he would make that time in my presence at Fleetwood I would buy him. We went out to the track, but the wellknown driver who then had him in

hand did not want me to become his owner, as he knew that would be tantamount to the horse's retirement from the race-track. He accordingly pulled him in when making the trial, and refused to repeat the experiment. I, of course, said the bargain was off, and a short

time after Alley sold him at auction to a man from Chicago for \$13,000. A friend of this man about a year after asked me if I would give him \$2,000 commission, supposing he obtained the horse for \$33,000. I assented and thus really paid \$35,000 for the horse, who is

now in my stables, as I suppose you

know.

"Do you think the present system of rotting exhibitions prejudicial? "I think I must answer yes. Every true sportsman fears the degenerating of his sport into a form of hippodroming. and judging from recent disclosures and he facts I know myself, that is what things are coming to. This trotting for the gate money and the prevalence of pool-selling on matches cannot be too severely condemned, and the latter I should like to see more severely pun-

ished and vigorously repressed by the authorities."

public match unless I want to see a new

horse, or one I think of purchasing."
"To what do you attribute the rapid and marvelous lowering of the record in the last twenty years?"

"To several causes. In the first place what I may call the mechanical adjuncts to the sport have been wonderfully improved. Our modern sulkies and buggies represent almost the perfection of scientific skill applied to carriage build-ing. Friction and weight are reduced to a minimum, while strength and stability remain a maximum. Then several sec-onds have been gained by the improved scrapers and rollers used to prepare the track. On my own farm, for instance, after using for some time a roller which after using for some time a roller which I regarded as perfect, I was induced to try the latest novelty which is used at Fleetwood, and found I had gained two

introduction of toe-weights has done wonders in this direction. In fact, I think this latter invention has almost revolutionized the science of trotting and will have a powerful influence on future breeding. It is to careful breed-ing, after all, that we must look for the greatest results in the future develop-ment of the trotting horse. Our original trotting stock, as you may know came from Canada—the Kanuck stock as it was called; then Orange became the great breeding centre, and a little better blood was bred from; now Kendence of the tastes of the owner for tucky, which for generations has been the home of the thoroughbred, is sending us our best animals. That, I think thoroughbred strain. I do not think that one can breed a good trotter straight from a thoroughbred mare, but if you take the product of a trotter and a thoroughbred and breed that again to a good trotting stock, you are likely to get good results. That is the history of Jay-Eye-See's success. He has the staying properties of his thoroughbred aucestors. ideal trotter of the future, and the action is nowadays become a greater matter of certainty, thanks to the kindly assistance of the toe-weights. Without these, for instance, Maud S. would never have

become the horse that she is,"
"What do you think will be the ulti-

mate speed attained?"
"Well, I can only say that I have a horse in my stables that has trotted a quarter in 301; so when we manage by breeding to obtain that staying power I spoke of, I suppose a two-minute record will be a common enough thing. A worthy mathematical professor has, see, been calculating that the trotter will eventually equal the running horse in his speek. Every borseman must know this is absurd nonsense at first glance. A horse that has to be pulled in with tremendous force, so as not to exert himself to the utmost, can never equal the speed of one who is given his head and can proceed by a series of bounds as it were, and almost fly through the air. Trotting is, after all, an artificial gait,

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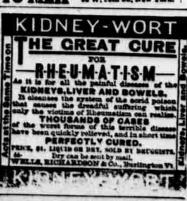
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