

NEW THIS WEEK.

SEYMOUR, SABIN & CO., PORTLAND BRANCH HOUSE.

We have come to the Pacific Coast to stay with our MINNESOTA CHIEF THRESHERS AND ENGINES.

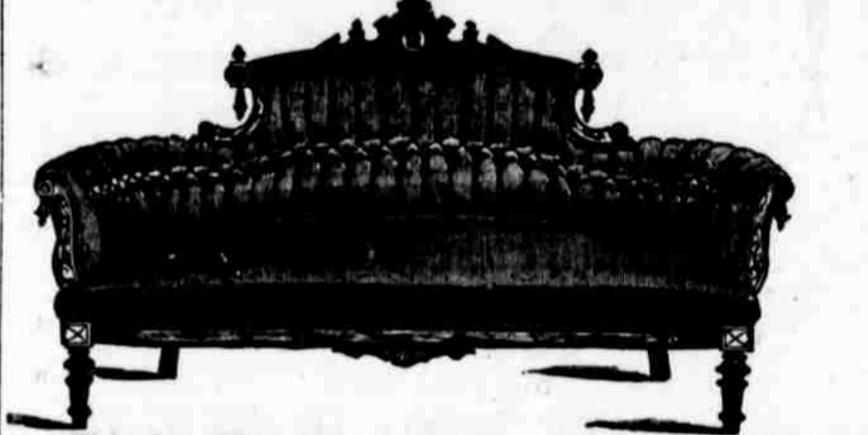
The CHIEF is guaranteed to be The Lightest Running; The Best Gr in Cleaning; The Greatest Grain Saving; The Fastest Seed Threshing, and The Least Expensive Thresher in the Market.

OUR EDWARD EQUALIZING POWER IS The Simplest and Strongest Power Made. Our Machines for this Trade are built especially for the Coast.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS, FOR THE CELEBRATED MORRISON BRO.'S PLOWS.

AND THE WHITEWATER WAGONS. SEYMOUR, SABIN & CO., Office and Sales rooms: Madison Street, between Front and First, Portland.

SHINDLER & CHADBOURNE, MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE, ALSO CARRY A FULL LINE OF CARPETS, WALL PAPER, LACE CURTAIN, MIRRORS OIL CLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, ETC.



This firm Manufactures largely, using up the Native Oregon Woods. Factory run by Water Power. The Warerooms extends through 200 feet from No. 166 First Street, to No. 167 Front Street PORTLAND, OREGON. Send for Descriptive Circular and Price List.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851. HODGE, DAVIS & CO., 92 and 94 Front Street, (cor. Stark) - Portland Oregon.

Offer to the Drug and General Merchandise Trade a Complete Assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Fine Chemicals, Glassware and Shop Furniture, and Druggists' Sundries.

WHITE LEAD Of all the leading brands, in kegs and tins.

COLORS IN CANS AND DRY. Putty, Lampblack, Red Lead, Glue, and Varnishes, Including the finest brands for Coach painters' use.

Paint, Whitewash and Varnish Brushes, Linseed Oil, in Barrels and cases, Turpentine, Coal Oil, Castor Oil, Lard Oil, Neats Foot Oil, Fish Oil, Alcohol, in Barrels and Casks.

Blue Vitriol, Sulphur, Castile Soap, Concentrated Lye, Potash-Bitters, all kinds. Quicksilver, Strychnine, and Tar, in Pints, Quarts, and Half Gallon, Five Gallon, Etc.

We are Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory for RUBBER PAINT, THE BEST MIXED PAINT IN USE.

Millinckrodt's Carbolic Sheep Dip, Wakelee's Sheep Bath and Squirrel Poison, and Ayer's and Dr. Jayne's Proprietary Medicines.

We buy our goods from first hands, thus enabling us to compete with any market on the Coast as comparison of our prices will prove.

J. B. CONGLE & CO., AGAIN IN BUSINESS, Manufacturers and Importers of Saddles, Harness, Bridles

WHIPS, SADDLERY, HARDWARE, ETC. 110 Front Street, East Side, Portland, Oregon

Agents for Gutta Serena and Rubber Manufacturing Company. Full assortment of Fire and other kinds of Hose on hand at San Francisco prices. A good assortment of Consignee Stage Harness. Stage stocks and harness of the best quality on hand. Also a general assortment of Farm Harness of all kinds.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT. J. VAN EURDEN, 107 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

Arrival of a New and Well Selected Stock OF DIAMONDS, SILVERWARE, WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Direct Importation of the Newest French, English and American Patterns. MAKES A SPECIALTY OF THE MANUFACTURE OF DIAMOND MOUNTINGS.

REED'S OPERA HOUSE, F. W. STECHEAN, Lessee and Proprietor. STATE FAIR WEEK.

THE MANAGEMENT BEGS LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY HAVE SECURED, at an enormous certainty, the World Renowned Jarrett & Rice's FUN ON THE BRISTOL combination, who will appear

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings AND GRAND SATURDAY AFTERNOON MATINEE.

THE FINEST AND MOST SUCCESSFUL COMBINATION ON THE CONTINENT. JARRETT & RICE'S GREAT MUSICAL ODDITY.

FUN ON THE BRISTOL OR A NIGHT ON LONG ISLAND SOUND.

The Funniest Play on Record! Three Hours of Uprarious Fun! The Peoples Play! A Grand Success!

180 LAUGHS IN 180 MINUTES. Witnessed by 10,000 People During the First Week of their San Francisco Engagement.

NOTE-Notwithstanding the extraordinary expense attached to the engagement of the above excellent combination, the management have decided to adopt the following POPULAR PRICES: Dress Circle and Orchestra, \$1; Gallery, 50 Cents.

Reserved seats can be secured at H. D. BOON'S Music and Book Store without extra charge. Other attractions will be advertised in due time.

CALIFORNIA CROPS AND MARKETS. From S. F. Commercial Herald June 23.

Arrivals from abroad are few and far between. There are supposed to be due at this date some 40 or more deep water vessels, and all anxiously looked for. Tonnage is scarce, and the exigencies of the port will soon begin to suffer for the lack of available tonnage.

There is one disengaged vessel in port. A recharter may be noted of a Br. iron ship to Cork, U. K., at £3 17s 6d. The tonnage fleet now listed for this port aggregates 356,000 tons, against 151,000 tons at a corresponding date last year and 153,000 tons in 1879.

Wheat-Very little of the new crop has yet been brought to market. Farmers are too busy in their harvest fields to give attention to marketing their crops at current prices.

Wool-The wool market has continued to be well held up, and there is no reason why any should hold on speculation. Our wool is so desirable that manufacturers have bid up well for it-much better than could have been expected.

Our price list shows a decline in poultry of 50c to \$1 a dozen. Eggs have advanced to 25 cents.

We are glad to note increasing interest in manufacture of dairy products. D. J. Malarky & Co. show us, and we sampled cheese offered by them, made on White river, near Seattle, of splendid quality, which was made by professional dairymen who come from New York State, bringing their machinery for cheese making, and experienced workmen with them, which secures excellence.

Wheat-The market is steady at fair prices. There is a fair inquiry, but there were few sales reported. Among the sales this afternoon were 150 tons fair California shipping, \$1.33. Fair California milling sold to-day at \$1.37. There is no change to note in quotations.

Barley-The general features of the market are unchanged. Oats-The demand is a little better, but prices favor buyers. Sales yesterday, 500 sacks Oregon common feed at \$1.50; 200 sacks Humboldt, surprise, sold to-day at \$1.80, but this quotation is calculated to mislead as very little comes up to this standard; quote as before.

Flour-There is more inquiry from buyers, but the market is unchanged. Grain Bags-Market steady at 9 1/2 @ 9 3/4. Hides-Dry, usual selection, dry kip and calf, 10 1/2 @ 20c.

Salmon-Columbia river; it is reported that a strong effort is being made to break the market price. The market is unfavorably affected by reports of a heavy run. We quote at \$1.25 @ 1.27 1/2 on the river.

Wool-The market is not quite so firm; eastern buyers are drawing out of the market; the demand is mostly local for Oregon; buyers refuse to pay extreme prices; quote eastern Oregon, 24 @ 27 1/2; Oregon valley, 28 @ 31c.

Butter and Eggs-General features of the market unchanged. We receive the following cable dispatch, that was sent to the Interior Merchants Agency Wednesday: Advice are that crops in Northern Russia are poor; in Central Russia crops are fair; in Southern Russia good, in Germany not very good.



MARKET REPORT.

SILVER COIN-In Portland the banks quote at par buying, selling.

HOME PRODUCE MARKET. The following represent wholesale rate, from producer or first hands:

FLOUR-In jobbing lots standard brands, \$4.25; best country brands, \$4.00 @ \$4.25.

WHEAT-Valley \$1.35. Walla Walla, \$1.30. OATS-White, feed 48 @ 54; bushel ONIONS-1 @ 25c.

POTATOES-offered freely at 25 @ 30c per bushel. MIDDINGS-Jobbing, for feed, \$20.00 @ 25.00 per ton. Shorts, \$16 @ \$18. Chop, \$20 @ 25.00 per ton.

BRAN-Jobbing at \$10 @ 11 per ton. BACON-Sides 14 cents; Hams, country cut, 13 @ 14c; City cured, 14 @ 15c; Shoulders 10c.

LARD-In kegs, 12 @ 14c. Oregon leaf, tins, 14c; do in pails, 14 1/2c. BUTTER-We quote: Extra fresh roll, 25c; fair to good, 18 1/2 @ 22c; common, 15 @ 20c solid in kegs, 22 @ 25c; best pickled rolls in bbls or half bbls, 25c.

CHEESE-13 @ 14c. DRIED FRUITS-Apples, sun dried quartered, 8c; sliced, 9c; machine dried, 9 @ 10c; Peas, machine dried, 8 @ 10c. Plums, sun dried, 11 @ 12c; machine dried, ditto, 13 @ 15c.

POULTRY-Chickens, small and medium, 3.00 per doz.; Full grown, \$4.00 @ 4.50 and large receipts. EGGS-Near by fresh laid, 20 @ 22c.

HOGS-Dressed, 6 1/2 @ 7c. SHEEP-Live weight, 2 1/2 @ 3c for choice; RHEEP-Live weight, 2 @ 2 1/2c.

WOOL-Eastern Oregon, 15 @ 25c; Willamette Valley, 21 @ 28c. HIDES-Butchers' hides, dry, 15 @ 16c; country cured, dry, 15 @ 16c; culls, 1 @ 7c; Deer, salted, 7 @ 9c; Country, ditto, 7 @ 8c; Deerkins, dry, 30c @ 35c; Dry sheep pelts, each 25 @ 41; Dry elk, 50 @ 75.

TALLOW-Wholesale at \$14 @ 15c. HAY-Market from \$13 @ 15 per ton, baled, GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

RICE-China, No. 1, 6c; China No. 2, 5 1/2c; Japan, 7c; Sandwhich Islands, 8 @ 9c.

TEA-Japan, 40 @ 50c @ 60c; Black, 40 @ 70c; Green, 45 @ 50c.

COFFEE-Costa Rica 16 @ 20c; Java, 28 @ 36c. SUGARS-Crushed A 14c; Fine Crushed, 14 1/2c; Cube, 14 1/2c; Extra C, 12 1/2c; Golden C, 12 1/2c; Sandwhich Islands, No. 1, 11 1/2c.

SYRUP-Five gallons 75c. CANDLES-13 @ 16c. RAISINS-California, \$3.25 @ \$2.75 per 25 lb box.

SOAP-Good, 75c @ \$1.75. OILS-Ordinary brands of coal, 25c; high grade, Downer Co., 37 1/2c; Boiled Linseed, Raw Calumet, oil, 40c; Turpentine, 70c; Pure Lard, \$1.10; Castor, \$1.25 @ \$1.40.

YEAST POWDERS-Donnelly, \$2 per doz; Freston & Merrill, \$2.25 per doz.; SALT-Stock, bay, \$12 per ton; Carmen Island, \$12; Coarse Liverpool, \$20; Fine quality, \$25; Ashton's dairy, ditto, \$30.

COMMERCIAL THURSDAY, June 30, 1881.

There are no important changes to record since last week. The wheat market has held its own, few transactions, and those we will give elsewhere. We publish a cable received yesterday from Liverpool by the Interior Merchants Agency, which shows that Oregon wheat for immediate shipment commands 48 1/2 per quarter of 500 pounds, while 50s was the highest figure reached when prices were at their best last Fall. Only that freight are so excessive prices to-day would be \$1.50 or more, per cental in Portland, and that induces us to present some matters as forcibly as possible for the attention of our subscribers.

During the past season exporters have made all the points possible to be made from their ability to borrow wheat of each other or from interior warehouses, so that they have kept up their supply at times when they could not actually buy wheat at prices offered, and we wish to present to farmers the necessity of keeping their wheat under their own immediate control and giving no power to any warehouseman to lend wheat under any circumstances. Lending wheat is no better than giving your antagonist your own weapons to fight you with. We do not know to what extent this is done, or who does it, or at least are not at liberty to say, but exporters naturally resort to every means they can use to make themselves independent of producers.

We are informed that at the present time shippers are negotiating with warehousemen to supply them with sacks under the market price, upon certain conditions. Sacks have been the subject of manipulation and speculation in San Francisco, as usual, and the speculators have run prices up, so the warehouseman who gets sacks on terms by which he can speculate off his customers, has a strong temptation to make special terms to secure this advantage. The terms proposed, it is said, are that the warehouseman shall give the exporter of whom he gets sacks the preference in handling of his wheat; this may mean that wheat is to be lent to him for instance; at all events, it is only reasonable to suppose that if sacks are sold for less than their cash value there is a consideration involved somewhere to more than make the seller good for his loss.

We are now on the eve of another harvest year with the tonnage question as much against us as possible. It is to be the same struggle over again we have just passed through, with the disadvantage that the certainty is much more in favor of the shipowner and exporter who has been sharp enough to charter vessels, than was the case one year ago. The only way the producer can sustain himself under these circumstances is to keep hold of his wheat until it is actually sold, for if the exporter gets hold of it without buying it, he is all the more able to sustain himself, for with the wheat in his own possession he is master of the situation, and if he can borrow one-tenth of the crop he can then buy the balance on his own terms. Every man should see this point plainly.

We copy from the Pacific Rural Press a statement of the success the farmers of California have in borrowing money at low interest, through Mr. Montpelier, of the California Strangers' Bank, who has now for four

years saved them well. He has secured a perfectly safe warehouse system on one hand, and that makes money safe and easily procurable on the other hand. The lesson from this is that we ought to follow the example that is so successful, and the farmer should borrow in preference to loaning wheat, or consigning on advances. The true policy is to keep the wheat out of the hands of the exporter until you get ready to sell. If you want wheat to go up, keep it out of the hands of the men who must become its eventual buyers.

As we stated last week, reports of crops seem made up for speculative purposes, but what we can know seems to encourage hope of better prices abroad. The United States will fall short of last year in all probability, and last year's crop was short of what was claimed for it. The foreign crops are hardly up to 1880, and the fact that wheat to be shipped now from this river, and which cannot arrive in England before December, is considerably higher than has been the case since last Fall, shows conclusively that wheat speculators in England, with all the knowledge they can procure of crop prospects throughout the world, consider it safe to gamble or speculate in wheat at an advance. This is the best proof we have that crop prospects are not favorable to a large surplus in 1881.

The San Francisco Commercial Herald says: Albert Montpelier has compiled a tabular statement, showing the fluctuations in the price of good shipping wheat at San Francisco for each month during the past eleven cereal years, and also the average monthly rate of freight per ton from San Francisco to Liverpool. From June, 1880, to May, 1881, both months inclusive, the figures are as follows:

Table with columns: Price of Wheat, Freight per ton. Rows for months from June 1880 to May 1881.

The price of wheat for the past season has probably been the lowest ever accepted since the State first began to raise wheat for export. At the same time the crop has been the largest, the surplus being at least 100 per cent. greater than in any previous year. Unfortunately for California farmers, other wheat growing sections also had a good crop last year, and hence the increased yield here did not confer the additional benefit expected. Mr. Montpelier places the average price for the year now drawing to a close at \$1.41. This figure compares as follows with the average for previous cereal years by the same authority:

Table with columns: Per Ctl, Per Ctl. Rows for years from 1870-1 to 1875-6.

The highest wheat freight paid during the past year was \$4, for the Schiffler, in April.

The wool market has continued to be well held up, and there is no reason why any should hold on speculation. Our wool is so desirable that manufacturers have bid up well for it-much better than could have been expected. A lot of good wool sold the other day in Salem at 28 cents, and our quotations from San Francisco show the conditions of the market for Eastern, Valley and Umpqua grades of Northern wool. All things considered the wool clip of 1881 has gone off well and speedily, and will put at least two millions of dollars in the hands of wool growers.

Wool is said to have suffered some decline, which probably means that there are fewer Eastern buyers and less competition.

Our price list shows a decline in poultry of 50c to \$1 a dozen. Eggs have advanced to 25 cents.

We are glad to note increasing interest in manufacture of dairy products. D. J. Malarky & Co. show us, and we sampled cheese offered by them, made on White river, near Seattle, of splendid quality, which was made by professional dairymen who come from New York State, bringing their machinery for cheese making, and experienced workmen with them, which secures excellence.

GOLD AND STOCK COMPANY'S REPORTS. San Francisco Markets. San Francisco, June 29.

Wheat-The market is steady at fair prices. There is a fair inquiry, but there were few sales reported. Among the sales this afternoon were 150 tons fair California shipping, \$1.33. Fair California milling sold to-day at \$1.37. There is no change to note in quotations.

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Butter and Eggs-General features of the market unchanged.

We receive the following cable dispatch, that was sent to the Interior Merchants Agency Wednesday:

Advice are that crops in Northern Russia are poor; in Central Russia crops are fair; in Southern Russia good, in Germany not very good. The area in wheat in England is below an average. Millers in England are holding off, as they are more freely stocked for present needs. The cargo of California wheat per ship Beulah sold at 47; that on River Nith for 46 1/2. The market is now quotable: Oregon wheat, prompt shipment, 48 1/2 @ 49; California No. 2, 48 1/2 @ 49; California No. 1, 49 @ 50; No. 2, 48 1/2 @ 49; Walla Walla, 48 1/2 @ 49; No. 2, 48 1/2 @ 49; Walla Walla, 48 1/2 @ 49. There are less offerings of flour; last sold of Oregon standard brands 30s 6d per 280 lbs.

AGENTS AND CANVASSERS. Make from 25 to 50c per week selling goods for E. G. HUBBARD & CO., 15 Barclay Street, New York. Send for their Catalogue and terms.

MARK LANE REPORT.

LONDON, June 21.-The Mark Lane Express says the weather, with the exception of a few cold nights, has been highly favorable to the growth and maturity of all crops. Copious rainfall has improved the prospect of the Spring sowings. The scarcity of fresh samples throughout the country markets advanced prices 6 pence to 1 shilling. An attempt to obtain a similar advance in London Monday failed, but was partially realized Friday, the millers being obliged to supply their needs. The foreign supply was only 25,505 quarters, of which 3,813 quarters were American. Monday, on account of the restricted supply, not New York speculation, American Red Winter and Australian White improved a shilling, declining slightly Friday. The quantity on passage declined 39,000 quarters, as compared with that of last week. Flour steadily maintains its value, and sales are easier on account of the smaller foreign arrivals. Foreign is held firmly, and some favorite brands improved 6 pence Monday. Lately an immense importation of foreign flour paralyzed the British milling interest. Very much the larger proportion of American wheat reaches us in the shape of flour, and it is impossible to deny its influence will ultimately change the system of the English bread supply. Coarse grinding samples were small and values firm; business was meagre and foreign unchanged. Foreign oats were in large supply and prices in buyer's favor. For maize values are stationary. Of mixed American there was a small spot supply. Sales of English wheat were 21,430 quarters, at 44s 9d per quarter, against 24,279 quarters, at 45s 4d per quarter for the corresponding week last year.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. Made from Grape Cream Tartar. No other preparation makes such light, flaky hot breads, or luxurious pastry. Can be eaten by hypertrophies without fear of the ill resulting from highly indigestible food. Sold only in cans, by all Grocers. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

GARRISON'S Sewing Machine Store. No. 107 Third Street, Portland, Oregon. DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF SEWING MACHINES, Knott's, Oils and Attachments. Agent for the Davis, Howe Family and Howe Manufacturing, Wilson and St. John Sewing Machines.

INDEPENDENCE DAY! RACES! RACES!! The Northwestern District Agricultural Association.

WILL GIVE THEIR FIRST MEETING AT THE NEW PARK, NEAR EAST PORTLAND, ON TUESDAY, JULY 26, 1881.

And continuing four days. The following programme was adopted by the Board: FIRST DAY. 1:30 P. M. TROTTOING for 2:30 class. First horse, \$450; second, \$225; third horse, \$75; 2:30 P. M. HURDLES RACE, cash of five-eighths of a mile, for all ages. First horse \$240; second horse, \$120; third horse, \$60.

SECOND DAY, JULY 27. 10 A. M. GLASS BALL SHOOTING for a purse open to all the Pacific Coast, for teams of four persons, ten (10) balls each. First team, \$125; second team, \$50; third team, \$25; entrance 10 per cent, or \$20 per team. 1:30 P. M. TROTTOING for 2:50 class. Open to all horses owned May 30th in Oregon, Idaho and Washington Territory. First horse \$240; second horse, \$120; third horse, \$60.

THIRD DAY, JULY 28. 1:30 P. M. TROTTOING RACE for gentlemen's road horses to road wagons, to be driven by their owners or private gentlemen who have never driven a race for money. First horse, \$200; second horse, \$100. 3:30 P. M. TROTTOING RACE for 2:35 class. Free to all horses owned in Oregon, Idaho and Washington Territory. First horse, \$200; second horse, \$100; third horse, \$50.

FOURTH DAY, JULY 29. 1:30 P. M. TROTTOING RACE: free for all horses on the Pacific Coast. First horse, \$450; second horse, \$225; third horse, \$75. 3:30 P. M. HURDLES RACE for all ages, 2 1/2 miles. First horse, \$240; second horse, \$120; and the third horse, \$75. 5:30 P. M. CONSOLIDATION PURSE for all horses that have not won first or second money during the week; seven-eighths of a mile. First horse, \$100; second horse, \$50; third horse, \$25.

Entrance ten per cent on all the above trotting races, to close Monday, June 29, 1881, at 7 P. M., of which entrance one-half must accompany the nomination. The entrance money on running races for Monday, July 2, must be paid to the Secretary by 6 P. M. on the previous Saturday, July 2, and on all other running races on the night before the race at 6 P. M. All races to be ridden in colors, to be filed with the secretary. Three entries to fill or no race. All the trotting races are mile heats, three (3) five, national races to govern. Running races governed by the Pacific Blood Horse Rules. H. B. KNAPP, President. E. L. STYBIE, Secretary.