

WILLAMETTE FARMER.



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SALEM, FRIDAY, NOV. 1, 1878.

Lord Dufferin on the United States.

The official farewell speech of Governor-General Dufferin to the Canadians at Toronto, September 24th, was one of those masterpieces of good taste, good feeling, and felicitous expression, that most deepen the regrets with which his departure has filled the hearts of our provincial neighbors. The speech was not only calculated to heighten the loyalty of Canadians, and to increase their respect, but was also admirably adapted to foster a feeling of friendliness for the United States. On the theme of the friendly relations between Canadians and our own people, it is impossible to conceive how a representative of the English Government could speak more happily than Lord Dufferin did, when he said:

"However earnestly I may have besought you to be faithful to your native land and to estimate at the proper value your birthright as Englishmen, it is with almost equal persistence that I would exhort you to cultivate the most friendly and cordial relations with the American people. A nobler nation, a people more generous or more hospitable, does not exist. [Loud applause.] To have learned to understand and appreciate their I esteem as not the least of the many advantages I have gained by coming to Canada. [Applause.] Of my own knowledge I can say that they are animated by the kindest feelings toward the Dominion, and I cannot doubt but that the two countries are destined to be united in the bonds of an unbroken friendship. [Loud applause.] Nor can I conceive a more interesting or delightful task in store for the philosophical historian than to record the amicable rivalry of such powerful and cognate communities in the path of progress, the one a republic, indeed, but where the authoritative prominence assigned to the elect of the people, and the comparative freedom of the Executive from Parliamentary control, introduce a feature akin to personal government, the other a monarchy, but to which the hereditary principle communicates such an element of stability as to render possible the application of what is really the most popular and democratic system to be found on this continent—[loud cheers]—while both combine, each in their respective spheres, to advance the happiness of mankind, and to open up a new and fresher chapter of human history."

Men who make Journalists.

It has been remarked that very few men who get into journalism start out with such intentions. They drift in accidentally and are promoted as they develop capacity. Money, wealthy parents and influence are of no sort of service in getting a young man a place on a newspaper. There is no business that is so entirely independent of all these considerations as this. A wealthy father can easily get his son a location to read law or medicine, or push him forward in almost any rank of life he may select; but he is utterly powerless to do anything for him in a journalistic way. He sure he may buy a newspaper, and set him up in that way, but unless there is something in him called "journalistic knack," a natural knowledge of what to write and how to write it, he will be a failure in that line, and all the money and influence of wealthy, and perhaps powerful relatives will count for nothing. Some fond parents educate their sons with the special view of making journalists of them; but it is rare that we hear of these young men after a few years. Meanwhile, some youth learn among our hills, having nothing more than a common education, and the knowledge scraped up in a country printing office, will advance to the front in the profession. He has the journalistic knack, and forces recognition not because he has wealthy parents to influence the proprietors of leading newspapers, but because he knows what to write and how to write it. His articles go in because they supply a demand, while, perhaps, the elaborate essays of a man educated in two continents are cast into the wastebasket.—Weekly Mercury.

Complete Satisfaction.

In the Jefferson Market Police Court in New York city, the other day, Rose Fletcher was arraigned before justice Murray charged with drunkenness. "What have you to say, Rose?" asked the court. "I was drunk, an' always drunk and an' going to keep on getting drunk until my death," replied the woman. "That's very bad," remarked the justice. "You shouldn't complain anyway. You make your living by it. If there was no rum, you would be out of work."

Recorder's Court.

The schooner Moss Glen, from St. John, N. B., for New York, became a total wreck in the gale of October 12th. During the night the seaman and steward was washed overboard. The captain, mate and remaining seaman lashed themselves to the mizzen chain, and after drifting four days without food or water were picked up.

TEMPERATE DRINKING.

The Father of Drunkenness and the Begging of Ruin—A Thrilling Appeal.

At a certain town meeting in Pennsylvania, the question came up whether any person should be licensed to sell rum. The clergyman, the deacon, the physician, strange as it may appear, all favored it. One man only spoke against it because of the mischief it did. The question was about to be put, when there arose from the corner of the room a miserable woman. She was thinly clad, and her appearance indicated the utmost wretchedness, and that her mortal career was almost closed. After a moment's silence, and all eyes being fixed on her, she stretched her attenuated body to its utmost height, and then raised her voice to a high pitch, she called all to look at her.

"Yes," she said, "look upon me, and hear me. All the last speaker has said relative to temperate drinking, as being the father of drunkenness, is true. All practice, all experience declare it true. All drinking of alcoholic poison as a beverage in health, in excess. Look upon me! You all know me, or once did. You all know I was once mistress of the best farm in the town; you all know, too, I had one of the best—the most devoted—of husbands. You all know that I had five noble-hearted industrious boys. Where are they now? Doctor, where are they now? You all know. You all know that they lie in a row, side by side, in yonder churchyard; all—every one of them—filling the drunkard's grave! They were all taught to believe that temperate drinking was safe—that excess alone ought to be avoided; and they never acknowledged excess. They quoted, you, and you, and you," pointing with her shroud of a finger to the minister, deacon, and doctor, "as authority. They thought themselves safe under such teachers. But I saw the gradual change coming over my family and its prospects, with dismay and horror. I felt we were all to be overwhelmed in one common ruin. I tried to ward off the blow; I tried to break the spell, the delusive spell, in which the idea of the benefits of temperate drinking had involved my husband and sons. I begged, I prayed; but the odds were against me. The minister said that the poison that was destroying my husband and sons was a good creature of God; the deacon who sits under the pulpit there, and took our farm to pay his rum bills; sold them the poison; the doctor said a little was good and the excess ought to be avoided. My husband and my dear boys fell into the snare, and they could not escape; and one after another were conveyed to the sorrowful grave of the drunkard. Now look at me again. You probably see me for the last time. My sands have almost run. I have dragged my exhausted frame from my present home—your parsonage—to warn you all, to warn you, deacon, to warn you, 'false teacher of God's word!' and with her arms flung high, and her tall form stretched to its utmost, and her voice raised to an unearthly pitch, she exclaimed, 'I shall soon stand before the judgment seat of God. I shall meet you there, you false guides, and be a witness against you all!'

Members of the New German Parliament.

The Magdeburg Zeitung gives the following classification of the members of the New German Parliament: One hundred and five landed proprietors, twenty-one renters and persons of private means, one Field Marshal, Von Moltke, one retired General, one Protestant and twenty-one Catholic clergymen, two (Prussian) Cabinet Ministers, six ex-Ministers, one Ambassador and two ex-Councillors of Legation, two Governors of Provinces, and two ex-Governors, one President of Police, thirty civil servants and five ex-ditto, two Senators, five Chamberlains, one chief Huntsman, eight Burgemeisters, two Town Councillors, thirty-nine Judges of both superior and subordinate courts, one Attorney-General, four deputy ditto, one ex-deputy ditto, twenty-nine barristers and attorneys, fifteen university professors and tutors, one ex-director of a gymnasium, one newspaper proprietor, one newspaper agent, fourteen editors and writers for newspapers and other periodicals, five physicians, one architect, one civil engineer, seven merchants, eleven manufacturers, two brewers, one mining director, one bronze-fundry inspector, fourteen shopkeepers, one banker, three bank directors, two directors of financial companies, one president of a chamber of commerce, one general agent, three hotel keepers, one master wood carver, one cigar maker, one wood merchant, one photographer.

Practical Theology.

A colored Georgia minister preaches the following practical theology: "Brother, my experience is that it ain't de perfection of 'ligions, but de casual practice of it dat makes a man 'veptable up yonder. Wen yer gets to de golden gate an' Peter looks yer right in de eye an' yer shows yer long creed and says, 'pompous like, dat yer longed to a big church, de 'postle 'll shake his head an' say, 'Dat ain't nuff fer yer through.' But if yer takes all yer bills under yer arm, yer greeter bill an' yer rent bills an' he looks 'em over an' finds 'em all receipted he'll say, 'Yer title's clear, an' 'unlock de gate, an' let yer petch yer voice, for de angels' song. But 't ain't no use ter trabbel along dat narrow path 'less yer can carry, folded up in yer creed, a good rec'mendation from yer creditors. Hebben ain't no place fer fear ob meetin' some one wholl ask yer dat little bill dat nebber was paid."

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YOUTHFUL FOLLY.

The Cause of the Suicide of a Young Woman at Bushnell, Ill.

Wednesday night Mrs. Elmer Aller, of Bushnell, Ill., attempted suicide by taking arsenic. It is the old story of youthful folly with a tragic ending. The case is briefly as follows: Nearly two years ago Miss Mattie Kierns, an orphan girl, opened a millinery store here with some money received on account of a father who lost his life in the late war. Being young and handsome, she had many admirers, and finally accepted the attention of one, Elmer Aller, son of Lemuel Aller, a merchant of this place. Young Aller accomplished the girl's ruin under the promise of marriage. Being inexperienced, she soon lost her property. Miss Kierns then left for awhile, but last spring returned and compelled Aller to marry her. At this juncture the Aller family became indignant, refused her a home, and mistreated her in many ways. Then Mr. J. W. Parks took the unfortunate girl in and provided her a home where she remained pretty much ever since, the Aller's stoutly refused to do anything for her. On yesterday she took the child, which is about six months old, to the house of Lemuel Aller to see if she could not excite the compassion of the aforesaid father-in-law, but it was all to no avail, as she received only abuses. She returned home disheartened, after which she determined to end her wretched existence. She then tried to obtain a revolver from a hardware dealer, but he would not let her have one. Late in the evening she found a package of arsenic at home in the clock and succeeded in taking four doses before Mrs. Parks discovered there was anything wrong. She has laid very low ever since, and the physicians say she cannot possibly recover. It is almost needless to add that for this piece of heartless conduct Lemuel Aller and family are receiving the severe condemnation of the entire community. There has never been such intense excitement over any one event in Bushnell. Suit for damages was begun against Aller in the fall term of the Circuit Court, but was postponed. The Allers have some wealthy and highly respected connections in this place who are at a loss to know how to account for this shameful conduct on the part of their relations.

Election in British Columbia.

At Victoria they have been for several weeks in all the dreadful agonies of an election canvass. The manner in which elections are held by our British neighbors may be seen from the following: "Public notice is hereby given to the electors of the electoral district aforesaid, that a poll has been demanded at the election now pending for the same, and that I have granted such poll; and, further, that the persons duly nominated as candidates at the said election, and for whom only votes will be received, are: Judah Phillip Davies, Victoria, auctioneer; Amor DeCosmos, Victoria, gentleman; the Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, Toronto, Canada, gentleman. Of which all persons are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly. THOS. HARRIS, Returning Officer.

Each of these plates showed signs of age, and appeared to have been once attached to coffins. Further examination convinced the finders that the plates had been forced from the coffin-lids, they being bent and torn in those portions held by the screws. A large sponge was also found near the hiding place of the plates which it is supposed had been used by Bassett and Mrs. Alexander in chloroforming their victims. In another part of the building was discovered, ingeniously concealed, over one thousand letters post marked at points distant and near, the major portion being from New York city, bearing either Bassett's address or that of Mrs. Alexander. It is supposed these letters will be important, as showing the inquiries practised by 'Stuttering Jack's' murderers. They will be strictly kept from the public eye until their contents have been carefully read and noted.

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A White Man Killed by a Chinaman.

At Williams, Cal. Oct. 22, a quarrel occurred last evening, six miles west of this place on Jack Brim's ranch, between Brim's China cook and his sheep herder, which resulted in the death of the latter. The beefeater came from work at 5:30 and asked the cook for something to feed his dog. The Chinaman replied that he must wait, as there was nothing for him. Angry words followed until the herder clenched the cook, and in the fight the Chinaman drew a knife and stabbed his antagonist in the left lung. The Chinaman called in the ranch hands and told what he done, and a man was immediately dispatched to this place for a doctor and an officer. The wounded man lingered until 9 A. M. today, when death ensued. Soon after the deed was committed the Chinaman left the ranch, and up to this time the officers have not succeeded in capturing him. Deceased was a native of Ireland and had been in Brim's employ for the past four years.

English Scholarship.

That English scholarship is languishing, and stands in need of a second revival, is the opinion of the Saturday Review. Not that scholars fail in actual knowledge of Greek and Latin but that they do not sufficiently consider that these languages open to them the life of ancient Greece and Rome, in which the life of the modern civilized world is rooted. "We have fallen into lethargy," says the Review, "and our excess of zeal for the classics has defeated itself. In our anxiety to master the languages we have neglected the purpose for which the languages are worth knowing: Greek and Latin have become our tyrants, and overshadowed Greece and Rome. The process has its analogy in other branches of learning. In one University, at least, the physical applications of mathematics have been assiduously emptied of their real meaning and power, and turned into an exercising ground for the manipulation of symbols."

Tabers Growing Above Ground.

Not long ago the Los Angeles Express mentioned a bean stock which had been plowed under the ground and again taken root and bore another crop of beans. We think we have something at this office which discounts the bean story. The other day we visited the garden belonging to Mr. Parson, in the western part of town, and were shown by that gentleman a potato vine with potatoes growing on the top of the potato stock, about five inches from the ground. The vines, containing these curiosities were standing erect—not growing along the ground. The stock was an uncommon large one, and the largest of the five potatoes is three-quarters of an inch in diameter—genuine Early Goodrich. To the incredulous we will say the said potato and stock can be seen at this office. Mr. Parson also showed us a row of blackberries which were only set out this spring which are in full bearing.—Santa Ana Herald.

Free Clews Found Tending to Establish the Guilt of the Alleged Murderers of "Stuttering Jack."

Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 7, 1878.—For several days a thorough examination of the Brewer shop premises surrounding it, lately occupied by Bassett and Mrs. Alexander, has been going on under the direction of the city authorities, and yesterday two men set at work by Officer George Arnold found beneath the floor of an obscure room in the lower part of the building two silver plated coffin plates bearing respectively the following inscriptions:

A. J. P.
J. B.

Each of these plates showed signs of age, and appeared to have been once attached to coffins. Further examination convinced the finders that the plates had been forced from the coffin-lids, they being bent and torn in those portions held by the screws. A large sponge was also found near the hiding place of the plates which it is supposed had been used by Bassett and Mrs. Alexander in chloroforming their victims. In another part of the building was discovered, ingeniously concealed, over one thousand letters post marked at points distant and near, the major portion being from New York city, bearing either Bassett's address or that of Mrs. Alexander. It is supposed these letters will be important, as showing the inquiries practised by 'Stuttering Jack's' murderers. They will be strictly kept from the public eye until their contents have been carefully read and noted.

Officers Elected.

At the last regular meeting of Capital Lodge No. 11, I. O. G. T., held at Good Templar's Hall in this city on last Saturday night, the following officers were elected for the term ending January 31st, 1879: Hugh Harrison, W. C. T.; Sarah Gesner, W. V. T.; Seth R. James, W. S.; J. W. Scribner, W. F. S.; James Coffey, W. T.; James Riggs, W. M.; Onie Stang, W. J. G.; John Green, W. O. G.; Mrs. E. A. O'Donald, W. Chap. The lodge ends the summer quarter or term, with a good showing and is reported as ready for the fall and winter campaign.

THE BRIDGEPORT MYSTERY.

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EARTHQUAKES IN THE HIGHLANDS.

People Frightened, Houses Shaken, Even Storm King and Old Cro' Nest Trembling.

At Poughkeepsie, October 4th, full reports from points south give particulars of a severe earthquake shock along both sides of the Hudson, from Marlborough to Peekskill, a distance of twenty-five miles. All reports agree that the shock was first felt at 2:30 this morning. At West Point nearly everybody was aroused, and it was thought that the powder magazine had exploded. At Garrison Station, opposite, the watchman first supposed that an engine had exploded in the tunnel, and started out with his light. The shock was also plainly felt at Highland Falls, and people got up and walked the streets. At Peekskill, at the hour named, there was considerable alarm. The earthquake appeared to come from the north and pass south, and for several seconds the earth rocked, houses were shaken and windows rattled. People sought the streets and many were frightened. At Marlborough, north of Newburg, on the west shore the heat was very oppressive for two days and farmers report hearing rumbling noises, but supposed it was caused by rock blasting across the river. The main shock was felt there at 2:30 this morning. Advices from Newburg say that at 2:40 there was a rumbling noise and then a sharp shock, followed by another rumbling. Windows were rattled with considerable force, and the frightened people awakened from a sound sleep, sprang out of their beds in alarm. The rumbling and shock together lasted quite a minute. The earthquake was felt some distance west of the river, especially along the line of the Short-cut Railroad. Some quarriesmen who passed down the railroad track near Break Neck, in the Highlands, say they could feel the earth tremble and hear rumbling sounds in the mountain. Isaac Riggs, of Cold Spring, said it was not so severe an earthquake as occurred in that village several years ago, but, nevertheless, the foundations of buildings were shaken, the shock lasted several minutes. A boatman says that the Storm King Mountain, at the north entrance to the Highlands, was shaken and reverberations were heard through Cro' Nest. Steamboat men do not report anything unusual on the water. Dispatches north of Marlborough on the west shore, and north of Cold Spring, on the east shore, make no mention of earthquake shocks.—[N. Y. World.]

SALEM MARBLE WORKS.

WM. STAIGER,
DEALER IN
Head-Stones & Monuments
EXECUTED IN
Italian and Vermont MARBLE.
Branch Shop at Albany.
Address: A. STAIGER, Albany, Oregon.

THE WALTER FRUIT DRYER.

Are now Prepared to Furnish the
WALTER DRYER
At very low prices, from \$350 to \$700.
FRUIT GROWERS, TAKE NOTICE
That A. Lusk & Company and Luke G. Sesorvich & Company, of San Francisco, pronounce
"THE WALTER the best dryer now in use."
Raisins made in forty-eight hours.
Apples dried in three and one-half hours.
CALL at our office 418 California St., San Francisco, and see the beautiful fruit dried by the Walter Dryer.

J. H. MAYNARD, Secretary.

OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.

REGULAR LINE
Between Portland and San Francisco.
THROUGH TICKETS
Can be purchased at the principal Stations of the O. & C. R. R., at
Reduced Rates.
Steamers leave both Portland and San Francisco about
Every Five Days,
carrying Passengers and Freight at the LOWEST RATES. It is the only line carrying the U. S. MAILS and WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.
The Steamships of this Company are rated A. 1, and are new, elegant, and complete in every particular, and consist of
State of Oregon,
(New: 2,000 tons burden.)
George W. Elder,
(1,700 tons.)
City of Chester,
(1,200 tons.)
Ajax,
(1,200 tons.)

SWEET CHewing TOBACCO

AWARDED HIGHEST PRIZE at Centennial Exposition for its superior quality and economy and lasting character of packaging and delivery. The best tobacco ever made. An hour's strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods. See that J. Jackson's name is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. J. Jackson & Co., 302, Pennsylvania, Va.

NAVY TOBACCO

AWARDED HIGHEST PRIZE at Centennial Exposition for its superior quality and economy and lasting character of packaging and delivery. The best tobacco ever made. An hour's strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods. See that J. Jackson's name is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. J. Jackson & Co., 302, Pennsylvania, Va.

Notice to Stock-men.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to all whom it may concern that he is making the BREEDING of Horses, and especially that of RIDGELINGS, and SPAYING CATTLE, a specialty in the Veterinary practice. He offers to pay any man now living on the Pacific slope \$500 to meet him and do the above work as well, any time in 1878. He guarantees satisfaction in all cases, or makes no charge, the owner of the stock to be the judge of the work. He has not lost a single Ridgeling Horse from the operation for near three years. The following are my appointments up to Oct. 31st, after which any parties wishing my services will please address
W. H. LEE, V. S., The Dalles, Or.
Ashland, Jackson Co., Sept. 25 to 28.
Jacksonville, Sept. 29 to Oct. 2.
Canyonville, Douglas Co., Oct. 3 to 4.
Roseburg, Oct. 5.
Lafayette, Oct. 6.
Eugene City, Oct. 7.
Junction, Oct. 8.
Albany, Oct. 10.
Salem, Oct. 11 to 20.
Corvallis, Oct. 21.
Dallas, Oct. 22.
LaFayette, Oct. 25.
Hillsboro, Oct. 26.
Portland, Oct. 28.
Oregon City, Oct. 29.
Vancouver, W. T., Oct. 30.
St. Helens, Columbia Co., Oct. 31.

FINE RESIDENCE

A desirable residence on Commercial street in Salem—large, and well finished, with grounds nicely improved. Cost \$25,000—will be sold for \$20,000 cash, or half down and balance on time, with interest. Apply to
LEAH WILDER, at his Book store, State street.

RAILROAD LANDS.

Liberal Terms!
LONG TIME!
LOW INTEREST!
The Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroad Companies
OFFER their Lands for sale upon the following liberal terms: One tenth of the price in cash, interest on the balance at the rate of seven per cent. one year after sale; and each following year one-tenth of the principal and interest on the balance at the rate of seven per cent. per annum. Both principal and interest payable in U. S. Currency.
A discount of ten per cent. will be allowed for cash. Letters to be addressed to SCHULZE, Law Agent O. & C. R. R., Portland, Oregon.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

OREGON AND WASHINGTON
Trust Investment Company
OF SCOTLAND.
THIS Company is prepared to negotiate loans in sums from \$500 to \$20,000 secured over IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY and FARM LANDS, for fixed periods of years, or repayable by half-yearly instalments. For terms, apply to
WILLIAM REID, Manager,
9 First Street Portland
Nov 1878

J. W. GILBERT

Pays Cash for
Hides, Furs, & Pelts,
No 21 Commercial st., SALEM. 1y

WALLING'S

Willamette Nursery,
G. W. WALLING & SON,
PROPRIETORS,
Oswego, Clackamas co., Oregon.

PEACH PLUM.

The Italian Prune.
And the best varieties of
Plum.
Prune.
Apple.
Pear.
Cherry.
Nut and Shade Trees,
IN FULL ASSORTMENT.
Send for Descriptive Catalogue.

JOHN MINTO,

BREEDER OF
MERINO SHEEP,
TAKES pleasure in offering to the Wool-growers of Oregon and the adjoining Territories the chance to purchase THOROUGHBRED MERINOS, and assisting parties interested that they call, and endeavor to sell SHEEP of the same quality and value at MUCH CHEAPER RATES than such can possibly be imported. Examination and comparison with other Sheep offered in the market are cordially invited.
Address JOHN MINTO, Salem, Oregon.
N. B.—The Rams and Ram Lambs of the flock can be seen on the ISLAND FARM, adjoining Salem.—The ewes can be seen at the same place, or at the HILL FARM four and a half miles south of the city. Salem, September 10, 1878.

DR. C. E. Y. CHASE.

BREVET L. E. Col., Late Surgeon U. S. Volunteers, —
B Office, Durbin's block, 2d stairs. 1878

Humphrey's Ferry.

THIS WELL KNOWN FERRY HAS NOT BEEN in operation for several years past, though it is on the oldest and shortest road between Salem and Corvallis, 9 miles south of Salem and 4 miles from Buena Vista. After Saturday, Sept. 1, shall have it in regular operation, with safe tackle and a new and first-class ferry-boat made by two of the best builders in Polk county. There are good roads on both sides of the river. Give me a call.
Humphrey's Ferry, Au. 3002 E. C. BROWN.