

Willamette Farmer.

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SALEM, FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1878.

THE ROBBERS

Below we give additional particulars of the escape of Brown and Johnson, and the capture of Jos. E. Swards, the men who committed the daring robbery in Portland. A portion of the evidence of Swards:

"On going out of the store, we turned a corner the opposite way from O'Shea's; a gentleman chased us; he was a police officer, I think. Johnson stopped and said: 'What are you following for?' He said, 'You boys have been doing something.' Johnson said, 'Give it to him,' and Brown fired. Johnson said, 'Let us run no more, and we'll get into this wagon.' Brown did not hit the officer, as he jumped behind a tree; he was about 20 feet from the officer when he fired; I was across the street; I jumped into the front of the wagon with Brown; Johnson was in the hind end of the wagon with the valise. I saw the owner of the wagon standing on the corner. He asked us where we were going, and Johnson said: 'We are going to take a ride.' Brown drove the wagon, sitting on the right, and myself on the left; Johnson was sitting in the rear with his pistol; Brown kept his pistol on the seat of the wagon; we drove lively up the street to the end of the road; we jumped out and took to the woods; I told Johnson that I was going back to give myself up, as I did not do anything. He said, 'You had better not; you will get served as bad as if you give yourself up.' I told him the second time that I did not do anything. He said, 'That is nothing; the law will make you out as bad as any of us.' I told him that I could not run any further; he then said, 'Throw off your coat.' I did so, and went on a little, when he said the valise was getting too heavy for him and he could not carry it. He and Brown then opened it and took the best watches and the money in their pockets; got 10 or 12 gold watches and the money; we then started for the woods; they talked away from me and I didn't hear what they said; they throw the valise over the fence when they stopped; I was ahead of them; Brown and Johnson have the watches and money with them; we walked in the woods about two miles; we took no road; walked till about two o'clock in the afternoon and then laid down behind a stump, and staid there all night and part of the next day; we saw no one looking for us, but heard a lot of guns go off. We remained there till 2 o'clock yesterday morning, when we started to go off towards Astoria. We got on top of a big mountain, and stayed there until about 9 o'clock last night; we then walked down a road, and that is where I got caught. The other men, (Johnson and Brown,) were there at the time. The officers saw them at first, but they (Johnson and Brown) dropped from under the range of the guns and escaped. I did not try to shoot the officers, and the others did not. I pulled out my pistol and gave it to the officer. The others had their pistols in their hands. They said they would kill anybody that came after them. I gave a description of the two men to the two officers. Tracy had nothing to do with the matter; I have not seen Tracy since he went to the mountains. Johnson and Brown intended to go down the road along the river until they reached Astoria. It was then their intention to remain in a valley back of Astoria for about a month; they were then to go down to Humboldt bay; thence with their money down to Lower California. I wanted to get back to this city as soon as I found out that Johnson had stolen the blankets; but they would not allow me to leave them; we had nothing to eat but potatoes, turnips and a few apples, since the robbery; the farm where we got the potatoes was situated about a mile from the stumps, behind which we hid the first day; they went to the farm in the night time; they saw the farm in the day time, and kept close to it until night. They have no provisions with them now; they got some apples last night near the road. Last night was the first time we were on the road; two officers came to us last night, and said: 'Good evening.' Johnson said, 'Good evening.' They then pulled their pistols. The officers asked them where they were going, and they said, 'to Astoria.' Then the officers pointed their guns at them and told them to throw up their hands. Johnson said, 'You are not going to rob us.' The little officer told the other gentleman to keep Johnson under cover; and the man said, 'All right, I have him under cover.' They went up to put the handcuffs on him, and found that it was the stump of a tree they had covered. Johnson had staked down and got away. It was fearfully dark. This was the last. I was glad to get back to the city.

"We live in a new country surrounded by many disadvantages. I am glad to see what I see here to-night, the great number of teachers of this, one of the newest States, in convention assembled, for the purpose of better preparing for the work to be done. Much work, much money and much effort has been put forth to place our schools where they are to-day, though we have not expended as much money as other States, we have accomplished much, the foundation of our public school system has been laid well, deep, and broad. If that foundation be well built upon, all is well.

"Some mistakes may be made, this of course, is to be expected. We must not become discouraged, for notwithstanding all that has been done in the past, there is yet much more to be done in the future, and I am glad to see so many young persons among our teachers who will soon be ready to shoulder the responsibilities that fall upon our leading educators. It is true that in these meetings we do not all agree, and I am glad of it, for when we bring the flint and the steel together, we bring out the spark."

"But some will ask, what good do Institutes do? what is the use of spending money to go to the capital? how am I to be benefited by such meetings? My opinion is, the class of teachers who raise these questions are those who, when they do go, occupy the back seats, criticize everything that is said, and find fault with everything that is done. If the teachers of this State will meet in this capacity, and discuss fully the many points of interest to every teacher, and by thus doing come in contact with men of education and discuss with them these questions, they cannot help but be greatly benefited. I know that there are many highly-educated people here, but who is there in this room who cannot learn yet a little more. We get tired or lazy by being continually tied up in our school rooms, but when we are permitted to mingle with our professional brothers and sisters in these Institutes, we feel refreshed, and are ready for the work before us. Much may be gained by visiting each other's schools, we sometimes learn much by the mistakes of others."

"We ought to have more of these meetings, and at these meetings, we need more real work and not so much talk—think there is too much of some kind of education, some parents want their children educated so that they will have to work at hard manual labor, they educate them for doctors, clerks, lawyers, gentlemen. It has occurred to me that there is too much of this kind of education. Education should never set a man above labor. It is all right for men to teach, preach, doctor or practice law if they can accomplish any good. I trust that the work of the few days of this Institute may be such that we may be enabled to go forward in the work for the year 1878, and as teachers, accomplish more than in any one year of the past."

Instrumental solo by Mrs. Ella Allen, of Salem.

Hon. G. W. Piper was called upon and made a brief speech, after which Institute adjourned to meet in the morning at 9 o'clock.

THURSDAY—MORNING SESSION.

The State Institute was called to order by the President, J. T. Gregg. Roll called, and devotional exercises by Elder S. C. Adams, by reading a portion of the 4th chapter of Luke and prayer.

The chair then appointed Ladru Royal and Miss Laura Hoxter as critics.

Miss Clara B. Meachem appointed Assistant Secretary. Minutes of afternoon session read, corrected and adopted.

On motion of L. L. Rowland, Hon. S. F. Chadwick was excused from further attendance on the Institute.

Vocal solo by Miss Lizzie McNarry of Salem. Q. A. Grubbe, of Roseburg, delivered a very interesting lecture on "School organization," followed by L. Belyou, J. C. Morey and H. B. Elworthy with remarks on the same subject.

Prof. M. S. Walker, of Philomath, opened the discussion on school discipline, followed by Prof. Powell, Prof. Pratt, and D. T. Stanley.

The question of the perpetuity of the office of State Superintendent was opened in an able address by D. T. Stanley, followed by J. C. Morey, who offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the interests of the public schools demand the perpetuity and also the enlargement of the powers of the office of the State Superintendent.

Motion by Mrs. A. J. Dunaway to amend so as to include the possibility of some time electing a woman to the office, lost. The original resolution was then adopted.

Wm. Simpson offered the following resolution: Resolved, That we deem order one of the essentials of a good school, we would deprecate every means of enforcing discipline which is in violation of the laws of physiology.

STATE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

WEDNESDAY—EVENING SESSION.

Meeting called to order by the President, J. T. Gregg, and introduced Mr. C. B. Moore, who delivered a very interesting and happy address of welcome, which was responded to by Prof. F. H. Grubb, of Wilbur, in a neat and appropriate address.

Miss Nettie Piper, of Albany, then entertained the Institute with a vocal solo, which was most beautifully rendered.

Prof. L. J. Powell was then introduced, and delivered an address, of which the below is an extract:

"We live in a new country surrounded by many disadvantages. I am glad to see what I see here to-night, the great number of teachers of this, one of the newest States, in convention assembled, for the purpose of better preparing for the work to be done. Much work, much money and much effort has been put forth to place our schools where they are to-day, though we have not expended as much money as other States, we have accomplished much, the foundation of our public school system has been laid well, deep, and broad. If that foundation be well built upon, all is well.

"Some mistakes may be made, this of course, is to be expected. We must not become discouraged, for notwithstanding all that has been done in the past, there is yet much more to be done in the future, and I am glad to see so many young persons among our teachers who will soon be ready to shoulder the responsibilities that fall upon our leading educators. It is true that in these meetings we do not all agree, and I am glad of it, for when we bring the flint and the steel together, we bring out the spark."

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"We ought to have more of these meetings, and at these meetings, we need more real work and not so much talk—think there is too much of some kind of education, some parents want their children educated so that they will have to work at hard manual labor, they educate them for doctors, clerks, lawyers, gentlemen. It has occurred to me that there is too much of this kind of education. Education should never set a man above labor. It is all right for men to teach, preach, doctor or practice law if they can accomplish any good. I trust that the work of the few days of this Institute may be such that we may be enabled to go forward in the work for the year 1878, and as teachers, accomplish more than in any one year of the past."

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Wm. Simpson offered the following resolution: Resolved, That we deem order one of the essentials of a good school, we would deprecate every means of enforcing discipline which is in violation of the laws of physiology.

A motion by Prof. Powell, to amend by adding the word hygiene was lost.

On vote the resolution was lost.

On motion of Geo. A. Peebles, the vote by which the resolution was lost, was re-considered.

ment, during the decision of which, the time for adjournment arrived, and the Institute took a recess to meet at 1:30 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Called to order by President, J. T. Gregg. Roll called.

Vocal solo by Miss Olivia Rowland. Lecture by T. R. Coon, Principal East Port-Schools. Subject, The Metric System.

The subject of Geography was presented by Prof. Pratt, which was discussed by Professors Walker, Morey, Powell, Royal, Stanley, Piper, Elworthy and Simpson.

"The County Institute, Its Object, Work, and Means of Support," was presented in a very able manner by Prof. T. C. Bell, of Eugene, who was followed by L. L. Rowland, Prof. Powell, Miss Nellie Taylor, Wm. Simpson and Stanley. Miss Hoxter offered some very appropriate criticisms.

The committee on enrollment reported the following additional names: Mrs. E. Denlinger, Wayne C. Walker, Mrs. Nellie Carl, Miss E. Shattuck, Mrs. A. B. Anderson, Miss M. S. Clarke, S. C. Adams, Mrs. Jos. Holman, W. L. Pipes, Miss M. F. Lawrence, I. W. Pratt, Mrs. A. J. Dunaway, C. O. Bean, L. Henderson, Wm. S. McCready, T. R. Coon, Florence Warriner, Mattie Jory, W. G. Piper, T. C. Bell, Lucia C. Bell.

THURSDAY—AFTERNOON SESSION.

Institute called to order by the President, J. T. Gregg, at 8:40 o'clock.

The orchestra then discoursed some very fine music.

Prof. T. F. Campbell, President of the Month College, was then introduced, and delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture on "Mental Science."

Vocal solo by Miss Ella Melson, of Salem. On motion of Prof. Powell, the resolution in relation to discipline was taken from the table. Motion to indefinitely postpone was lost.

Prof. Coon offered the following as a substitute: Resolved, That we disapprove of all modes of corporal punishment, which, by any possibility may injure the health or the person of the child.

On vote, lost. A motion to adjourn was lost.

On motion of D. T. Stanley, the resolution and substitute was referred to a committee to consist of Professors Coon, Belyou and Royal, to report to-morrow.

Prof. Bell was requested to furnish the Secretary a copy of his lecture on "The County Institute—Its Object, Work, and Means of Support," for publication in the Salem and Portland papers.

Adjourned to meet at 7:30 P. M.

THURSDAY—EVENING SESSION.

Address by Dr. Hall, of Salem, on Ethnology of the American race.

Instrumental solo by Mrs. Allen. Jubilee song by Miss Belle Cooke, Florence Adair, Mrs. Pratt, Hattie Cooke, C. E. Magers, J. Hatch, A. H. Morgan, and Q. A. Grubbe.

Institute then adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock the morning.

MORNING SESSION—3D DAY.

Institute called to order by President, J. T. Gregg. Roll called.

Devotional exercises by Professor T. F. Campbell. Instrumental solo by Miss Lollie Byrne, of Salem.

Minutes of the evening session of first day, the morning, afternoon and evening sessions of second day, read corrected and approved.

Wm. Simpson and Miss Nellie Taylor were appointed critics.

Captain J. B. Lister delivered an interesting lecture on gymnastics and military drill.

Prof. Royal gave a lecture and board exercise on drawing, followed by remarks by Elworthy.

"The English Language," which was followed by a very interesting and instructive object lesson on Physiology, by Miss Christiana McConnell, of Cincinnati, Ohio.

The committee on the resolution in relation to school discipline reported the following: Resolved, That it is our opinion that corporal punishment can be effectively administered without resorting to methods which may result in physical injury.

T. R. COON, L. BILYEU, L. ROYAL, Com.

Professor Walker offered the following: Whereas, This institute occurs near the close of the term of office of Dr. L. L. Rowland, the State Superintendent of Public Schools, for the past four years, and Whereas, We, as teachers, of the State, have, during his administration, witnessed a great and beneficial impulse in the educational work of the State, therefore

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Institute that the highest thanks and compliments are due to Dr. Rowland at his retiring, for his prudence, energy, and general efficiency.

The following additional names were reported by the committee on enrollment: Miss M. Tillotson, L. H. Baker, Mrs. T. M. Thompson, Chas. A. Johns, F. C. Geer, O. B. Johnson, J. M. Curtis, Viola Johns, Rossey Hawley, R. H. Russell.

The institute then adjourned to meet at 7:30 this evening.

FRIDAY—EVENING SESSION.

Institute called to order at 7:45 by the President, J. T. Gregg.

Music by the orchestra. Mrs. Nellie Carl, of Salem, next entertained the Institute by reading an interesting essay.

Vocal solo by Miss Florence Adair, of Salem. Reading from Shakespeare, by Miss Christiana McConnell, of Cincinnati.

Serenaded by the Salem brass band. Mr. C. B. Morey read a selection from Mark Twain.

Instrumental solo by Miss Adams, of Salem. The following resolution was offered by C. A. Schildebre, viz:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Institute be tendered the Salem brass band for their excellent music, and that they be invited to seats in this Institute. Adopted.

Committee composed of L. L. Rowland, Prof. Walker and X. N. Steves, were appointed to conduct the band to seats in the hall.

Recitation by Miss Nellie Meachem. Vocal duette by Misses Parrish and Willis. Lecture on Natural History by Prof. O. B. Johnson.

Instrumental solo by Miss Myra Bell. Committee on resolutions offered the following report:

Resolved, That we, as an Institute, extend our hearty thanks to Gov. Chadwick, who, as Secretary of State, has extended to us, the most generous courtesies during the sessions.

Resolved, That the thanks of the teachers are especially due to the O. C. R. R., the O. & C. R. R. Co., and the O. S. N. Co., for a liberal reduction over their respective lines; also to the proprietor of the Chemeketa hotel for his reasonable reduction of charge, and for the courteous attention received at his hands.

Resolved, That we also extend our earnest thanks to Mr. Wm. Savage, for his labor in our behalf, and for the faithful attention to our comfort which he has bestowed.

Respectfully submitted by the committee on resolutions. HELEN Y. SPAULDING, Chairman pro tem.

The report was adopted, and the Institute adjourned.

Arrested.

Officer J. W. Minto this morning, on a warrant from The Dalles, arrested one Williams and a Mrs. Bates, who some time ago left that place together. Williams is a young man, while Mrs. Bates is a married woman. Our City Marshal has been on the lookout for them for some time, and this morning, when they least expected it, he came forward and took them in. They will be sent to Portland as soon as Chief Besser is heard from.

[From the Daily Record, Aug. 22] Off for San Francisco. A large delegation from Salem went down on the afternoon train, to take the steamship Oregon to-morrow evening at 9 o'clock for San Francisco. Word was received that the steamer would start at that hour, which made it necessary for all intending to take passage to leave this afternoon. The departures consisted of Messrs G. P. Terrell, H. H. Gilfray, Charles Uzafavage and wife, Miss Estella Owens, Miss Bertha and Althea Moores, Miss Anna Hensley, Miss Marie Smith and Miss Marian W. Clarke. The Oregon is the favorite with our Salem people, as well as with Oregonians generally. In fact the Oregon, Elder and Chester are all fine vessels.

Gone to Have a Talk.

Governor Chadwick left this afternoon for the Umatilla Reservation, at the request of General O. O. Howard, who, with prominent citizens of Umatilla county desire to meet the Governor and endeavor to have an understanding between the white settlers and the Indians, to prevent any future outbreak by the Indians, that the civil authorities of the county cannot control. The meeting is appointed for next Monday, the 26th inst.

Will Visit the Bay City.

Charles Uzafavage, wife and daughter departed on the afternoon train to-day for Portland, from whence they sail for San Francisco on the steamship Oregon, which sails Friday. Mr. Uzafavage will purchase a stock of goods while in San Francisco, and his wife accompanies him for the benefit of her health, and to see the Bay city as it is.

After a Wife.

Says the Bee: Hon. H. H. Gilfray, of Salem, will be a passenger on the outgoing steamer for San Francisco on a pleasure trip. He will be absent for some time, and returning will bring with him a wife, in the person of Miss Maggy Stouffer, of San Jose, one of the most accomplished young ladies of the Golden State. Henry is no less popular in Oregon and a host of friends unite with us in wishing the young couple in advance health, wealth and happiness.

For Eastern Oregon.

Mr. Al. Marvin, who has been long and favorably known in this city as the "chief of stewards," and who has been recently connected with the Chemeketa, will start in a few weeks for Eastern Oregon. Al. intends to engage in stock raising, and it is to be hoped that he will receive the success which his energy will merit. His wife will accompany him.

It is said that grasshoppers are so abundant in the Tobechee mountains that the trains of the Central Pacific are often seriously interfered with in ascending or descending heavy grades.

They All Take It.

When the system is run down to that extent that you pass sleepless nights, are nervous and irritable, have gloomy forebodings, sour stomach, sick headache and coated tongue, do not enroll yours as high private in the rear rank, under General Debility, but cheer up and try White's Prairie Flower, the Great Liver Panacea, now for sale in every city and town on the Continent. No medicine ever compounded is half its equal for the cure of DYSPEPSIA and LIVER COMPLAINT. It has a specific power over the liver, and by curing the liver, Dyspepsia and all other diseases arising from it, vanish as if by magic. Sample bottles are sold at the small price of 25 cents that will convince you of its merits. Large size bottles 75 cents for sale everywhere.

J. W. GILBERT Pays Cash for Hides, Furs, & Pelts, 221 Commercial st., SALEM, 1y

RAILROAD LANDS. Liberal Terms! LOW PRICES! LONG TIME! LOW INTEREST

The Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroad Companies OFFER their Lands for sale upon the following liberal terms: One tenth of the price in cash; interest on the balance at the rate of seven per cent. one year after sale; and each following year one-tenth of the principal and interest on the balance at the rate of seven per cent per annum. Both principal and interest payable in U. S. Currency. A discount of ten per cent. will be allowed for cash. Letters to be addressed to P. SCHULZE, Land Agent O. & C. R. R., Portland, Oregon.

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WALLING'S



PEACH PLUM. The Italian Prune, And the best varieties of Plum, Prune, Peach, Apple, Pear, Cherry, Nut and Shade Trees, IN FULL ASSORTMENT. Send for Descriptive Catalogue.

JOHN MINTO, BREEDER OF MERINO SHEEP.

TAKES pleasure in offering to the Wool-growers of Oregon and the adjoining Territories the chance to purchase THOROUGH BRED MERINOS, and assuring parties interested that they can, and will endeavor to, sell Sheep of the same quality and value at MUCH CHEAPER RATES than such can possibly be imported. Examination and comparison with other Sheep offered in the market are cordially invited. Address JOHN MINTO, Salem, Oregon.

N. B.—The Rams and Ram Lambs of the flock can be seen on the ISLAND FARM, adjoining Salem.—The Ewes can be seen at the same place, or at the HILL FARM four and a half miles south of the city. Salem, September 10, 1878.

REAL ESTATE LOANS. OREGON AND WASHINGTON Trust Investment Company OF SCOTLAND.

THIS Company is prepared to negotiate loans in sums from \$500 to \$50,000 secured over IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY and FARM LANDS, for fixed periods of years, or repayable by half-yearly installments. For terms, apply to WILLIAM BRID, Manager, 201 1/2 First Street Portland.

Oh, the flies! the horrible flies! Buzzing around like election lies; Dsiding about like a maniac's dream; Over the butter and into the cream; Holding conventions all over the bread; Biting your ears and tickling your head; Crawling, Buzzing, Too busy to die— Begone, thou buzzing, pestiferous fly!

The editor of a Georgia paper says: "From where we sit it looks as though Satan was in our midst." He is probably sitting in front of a mirror.