BY TELEGRAPH.

New York, April 10.—In regard to Secretary Sherman's conference with the bankers at the sub-treasury to-day no definite information could be obtained. It was rumored that the bankers had agreed to take a portion of the new four per cent loan on condition that the Secretary would not remove the gold from the sub-treasury. Secretary Sherman, when asked about the matter, simply requested to be excused from being interviewed.

Denver, April 10.—It is announced here that H. A. McIntyre, President of the First National Bank of Colorado Springs, has absconded with $70,000. The first disclosures were made quite recently, showing that McIntyre had in the interim following the death of the late president of the Bank of Colorado Springs, and before the vacancy was supplied, secured from deposits of the bank between $30,000 and $40,000. In addition to this he has hypothecated stock of the two banks with which he was connected amounting to $25,000. It is feared the effect upon the Lake City Bank will be irreparable.

New York, April 11.—Dr. Carnochan says Tweed has a complication of disorders likely to lead to a fatal termination. Others say it would be better to imprison him for life than to keep him oscillating between hope and despair.

Fall River, Mass., April 10.—S. Angier Chase, treasurer of Union Mills, is said to be a defaulter for $180,000.

Union Mills have been attached by Henry T. Pearse, private banker of Providence. Chase, treasurer, in a letter to the directors, acknowledges $180,000 defalcation. The paper of the Five Cent Savings Bank, of which Chase is president, is said to be secured, but they are exacting 60 days' notice from depositors.

New York, April 10.—Bishop Andrews, of the New York Methodist conference, has decided that licensing of women as preachers is against the doctrines of Wesley. Disappointed advocates of the new departure have taken an appeal to the general conference of Methodists of the whole country in 1880.

Galveston, April 10.—A train robbery on the Texas Pacific railroad occurred at Mesquite Station, thirteen miles east of Dallas, at 10 o'clock last night. When the train stopped at the depot the engineer and fireman were taken from the engine and placed under guard. The express messenger and route agent barricaded themselves in their car, but the robbers saturated it with coal oil, set fire to it and forced them out. The express and mail were then plundered. Conductor Alford and two robbers were wounded. The plundering party numbered 15 or 20. The passengers were not molested.

Washington, April 11.—The president does not seem in the least disturbed by the action of the recent Republican caucuses. Those nearest him socially and politically say there is no probability whatever that he will do as requested by the resolution of Senator Sargent in the caucus last night, to rescind the order forbidding participation in political meetings of officials of the executive branch of the civil service, and those friends do not think it probable any such request will be made by the congressional committee though they may confer with the president on political affairs generally in view of the approaching election. They say the president never declines to listen attentively to suggestions, but when he makes up his mind as to the rightfulness of any measure he adheres to it. Republicans in congress, for the great part, will endeavor to avoid a direct issue with the president, however much they disagree with him in some of his political measures.

Gen. Fitz-John Porter has applied to the president for the appointment of a board to reconsider his case, with particular reference to new testimony that could not be had on his former trial. The president is considering what action he will take in the matter.

Booth's speech to day on the Chinese question, was listened to very attentively by the most prominent senators of both parties, and also by Judge Davis, who belongs to neither. It has undoubtedly contributed to the already flattering prospects of early favorable action on the subject.

New York, April 12.—Wm. M. Tweed died in Ludlow street jail at 12 o'clock today. He was attended by Dr. Carnochan, who was with him from an early hour this morning; also Foster Dowey, his secretary, Mr. Douglas, his son-in-law and Edelstein, of his council. All hope of his recovery was abandoned soon after 11, when Dr. Carnochan announced a clogging of the heart and complete nervous exhaustion. At the time of his death there was no struggle, as he passed away in sleep, with his head lying upon his arm. His last words to Dr. Carnochan were: "I have tried to do some good, if I have not had good luck. I am not afraid to die. I believe guardian angels will protect me." The announcement of his death spread rapidly and a crowd of curious people soon assembled outside the jail, peering eagerly into the half-closed windows. Tweed had been dangerously ill for several days. His death resulted from a complication of disorders, but was caused directly by nervous exhaustion and clogging of the action of the heart. He was conscious till within a few moments of his death. Under statutes, the body of a dead prisoner cannot be removed from the jail until after examination by the coroner.

Tweed, shortly before his death, said to Edelstein, a lawyer, something with reference to the effect on his health and fortunes, of his confinement in jail, and mentioning some persons by name, exclaimed: "They will be satisfied now." No member of his family was in his room when he died although his daughter, Mrs. Douglas, was in adjoining apartments. His wife, his sons Richard and William M. Jr., and other relatives are in Europe, where they have been for some months. His room was sumptuously furnished, but his meals had been brought to him from the jail. His beard and hair were snow white, his face very thin but the dimensions of his figure had not been perceptibly reduced. John D. Townsend, lately Tweed's counsel, came to the jail at 1:30 and was present at the inquest.

New York, April 11.—Bayard Taylor, U. S. minister to Germany, sailed to-day in the Haleatia.

Galveston, April 11.—A News special from San Antonio says that at the wool-growers' convention, held to day, resolutions were adopted requesting representatives in congress to oppose a reduction of duties on foreign wools as proposed in the pending tariff bill.

Washington, April 12.—Mamea, Samoan ambassador, took formal leave of the president to-day. A United States steamer will await the ambassador at Panama and convey him home and make a survey for the purpose of selecting a naval depot ceded under the recent treaty of amity and commerce.

The house committee on naval affairs agreed to report a bill appropriating a quarter of a million dollars for purchasing and testing various torpedoes.

San Francisco, April 9.—At a meeting of the Eleventh Ward Workingmen's Club tonight the following resolution was adopted without a dissenting voice:

Whereas, The clergy of this city have made common cause with capitalists, land-grabbers and political thieves to break up this movement, be it

Resolved, That we stand shoulder to shoulder in this movement until death or victory is the result.

Further Resolved, That we would suggest to Rev. Archbishop Alemany to look after his spiritual affairs and not this movement of ours.

San Buenaventura April 11.—The More trial to day came to close on part of the prosecution. After calling of several witnesses, Swanson and Cook, two of those implicated by Sprague, and who have been in jail for ten days, were sworn at their own request and succeeded in satisfying the court of their innocence; whereupon they were finally discharged. Neither man has ever been supposed guilty by those best posted.

At the evening session of the court the defense declined to introduce any testimony, whereupon all the prisoners were committed without bail, to await the action of the grand jury, which meets June 1st. This result was universally expected.

FOREIGN.

Rome, April 10.—Count Corti, minister of foreign affairs, answering interpellations on the Eastern question in the chamber of deputies to-day, said Italy would observe a vigorous neutrality.

London, April 10.—A Times' leading editorial says Prince Gortschakoff's reply shows a genuine desire to ensure a peaceable solution. A correspondent at Berlin says it appears that Austria and Germany recognize the European character of the Bessarabian question, without, however, taking any direct steps to influence Russian resolves.

Chicago, April 10.—The Times' London correspondent visited Portsmouth yesterday and found the reports of great preparations there for war without foundation. No troop ships are taking on soldiers and there is but little more than the activity of ordinary times. Work is proceeding slowly on the Inflexible and repairs are in progress on two or three armored ships. There is no extra accumulation of troops or munitions of war. These facts, in connection with the pacific tone of parliamentary speeches, rather force the inference that much of the late clamor about preparation for war was a feint.

New York, April 10.—A St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs that negotiations have been begun with England for the purpose of enabling both countries to back down from their present antagonistic position. It suggested that Russia shall quit St. Stefano and the English fleet retire from the Dardanelles, thus enabling each to show a desire for conciliation. We are not told whether the Russians propose to retire. They will certainly not leave Bulgaria until all matters relating to that portion of the disputed territory are settled their entire satisfaction.

London, April 11.—For the protection of the ships in the Mediterranean from torpedoes a number of steam launches will be sent to Ismid and other stations. A number of torpedo boats were sent from Chatham dockyard to the Mediterranean yesterday. A chartered steamer is now loading a large number at Victoria docks, the intention being to supply each of the vessels with at least two torpedo boats.

Additional 38 ton guns are also shipping for the Mediterranean in London docks.

Warlike preparations of the Russians and Turks about Constantinople continue.

Apprehensions are expressed in Bucharest that the Russians intend forcing strict martial law.

Gortschakoff has requested the Roumanian government to repress the bitter tone of the press regarding Bessarabia and the two years occupation of Bulgaria.

London, April 11.—A special from San Stefano says Grand Duke Nicholas and Gens. Gourko, Skobeloff, Nepotischitzky, Shouvaloff and Levitzky, with a large staff and an escort of fifty cavalry, yesterday visited the principal defensive works lately commenced by the Turks between San Stefano and Constantinople, and then embarked on board the imperial yacht Livadia for the city. The erection of these defences has caused great indignation. Grand Duke Nicholas has obtained an order to put a stop to it. It is rumored that Osman Pasha ordered the construction of the works without the knowledge of Reouf Pasha, war minister, at the instigation of Layard, British ambassador, who is accused of trying to bring on war between Russia and England.

St. Petersburg, April 11.—Gortschakoff's circular to the ambassadors accompanying his reply to Lord Salisbury's circular, regrets that the latter, besides criticising the treaty of San Stefano, did not say what the British government desires. He believes if Salisbury will make known their wishes a better understanding of the situation may be reached. As to a congress, the circular says: "Russia can only reiterate the declaration that each power, Russia included, would have the full liberty of appreciation and of action."

The dispatch of Turkish reinforcements to Thessaly has been countermanded.

A telegraph cable has been laid through the Dardanelles.

Constantinople, April 11.—The Greeks demand that the Greek patriarch shall summon the Russian government to declare itself on the question of Greeco Bulgarian schism. Should Russia recognize the Bulgarian church the patriarch would declare Russia schismatic.

Fresh troops are expected from Egypt to replace those returning home.

Bucharest, April 11.—Numerous detachments of Russians have arrived in the neighborhood of Bucharest and in several communes of the district.

London, April 12.—A rumor is current in military circles that the British have sustained a disastrous defeat in South Africa. The colonial office is ignorant of such defeat.

London, April 11.—In the house of commons this afternoon, Smith first lord of the admiralty, said he believed no troops had landed on the Island of Tenedos.

The ultimate effect of Gortschakoff's circular is not reassuring. It is said here the government cannot accept the invitation to formulate counter proposals, and that the question must be settled by the powers jointly. In Vienna the most serious deduction is that the hope heretofore held out from St. Petersburg of a renewal of the conference negotiations is not confirmed by Gortschakoff's circular, which says nothing about accepting England's condition for going to the congress. Without some such concessions on the part of Russia, no step can be taken toward peaceful settlement.

The Turkish authorities at Tenedos request instructions from the Porte, in view of disembarkation of British marines to guard the depot of war material on the Island.

Prince Lucien Napoleon Murat is dead.

London, April 11.—The scenes at Lord Leitrim's funeral yesterday were very violent and disgraceful. The mob that gathered in front of the church endeavored to capture the hearse, declaring their intention to drag out the corpse. They vituperated the late earl as "old ruffian and horsetic." They also climbed the wall of the church yard, hustled the mourners, and cheered, yelled and hissed during the reading of the service. Several mourners were roughly handled while endeavoring to make their way into the churchyard. All of them had to pass out by an unfrequented way in the rear of the church to escape violence. Fifty constables were present, but were wholly inefficient to cope with the mob, many of whom were drunk.

London, April 12.—Districts in Albania, on the sea coast and Bayana river, occupied by Montenegrins, have been so ravaged by war that the inhabitants are starving. The Montenegrins are unable to help them and an appeal has been made to Austria for help.

London, April 12.—The tone of comments on the political crisis is much more hopeful. The conviction is that Russia is preparing to accept Germany's help to get out of the present dead-lock, by such concessions as will secure a meeting of the congress. At Vienna Prince Gortschakoff's reply created an impression of Russia's willingness to find an acceptable method for reopening negotiations. This moderate spirit is believed to be in a great measure due to the altered tone of the comments of the German, French and Italian press and politicians concerning the treaty of San Stefano, which point to the probability of Russia instead of England being isolated in case of a rupture.

St. Petersburg, April 11.—The Agence Russe makes the following announcement: An active exchange of communications is proceeding under the moderating influence of Germany with a view of arriving at a pacific understanding, the natural path to which would be a congress. The improved aspect of affairs have developed so as to justify the hope of speedy attainment to a favorable issue if England does not raise further obstacles.

London, April 12.—A correspondent at St. Petersburg says: Notwithstanding the gloomy news of leading Russian newspapers it is believed in official circle that the congress will shortly meet. Germany has not abandoned the intention of using her influence in favor of peace.

A Vienna dispatch states that Austria in a written statement of her views which was sent to St. Petersburg, not only insisted on the European character of the questions at issue but distinctly rejected the idea of a separate settlement.

Volo, April 9.—An American ship came here yesterday by order of the U. S. minister at Athens, in answer to an application of American citizens. She will go to Salonica to-morrow to embark refugees.

Berlin, April 12.—There is active competition between England and Russia in chartering the steamers at German ports. Two steamers chartered by Russia have left Hamburg with sealed orders.

London, April 11.—A Vienna dispatch says Russia's answer to Austria consisted of verbal confidential assurances. The correspondent's informant says Austria's position was not such as to involve a question of peace or war. The correspondent believes this collapse of all serious opposition on the part of Austria is due to autograph letters from the czar to Emperor Francis Joseph, and partly also to the remark made by the U. S. minister to Russia while in Vienna, that the czar was disposed to make important concessions.

The alleged circular of Gortschakoff, which seems to reply to Austria's objections, is probably a stupid hoax of some Paris newspaper.

There seems to be some disposition at St. Petersburg to show Roumania more consideration. It is announced Gortschakoff meant that the stipulation for the passage of Russian troops through Roumania, not the question of Bessarabia, could not be submitted to the congress.

It is also stated that a Russian commission will go to Bucharest to treat with the government. Stevtcha Mihalovitch, Servian minister, president of the council, has resigned in consequence of the vacillating policy of the Servian government.

It is said Anglo Austrian influences are now in ascendant at Belgrade, and there is a disposition on the part of Servia, Roumania and Montenegro, to make joint remonstrance to the powers against the treaty of San Stefano.

Vienna, April 12.—The Political Correspondence states that the Russian representative at Bucharest is now urging the conclusion of a convention securing the right of passage through Roumania to Russian troops.

Constantinople, April 12.—Eight Turkish transports start for Odessa to bring Turkish prisoners.

The porte has issued a circular to its representatives abroad. It recognizes the treaty of San Stefano as the result of the reverses sustained by Turkey in the late war, and expresses a determination to carry out the terms of the treaty, but declares the porte would nevertheless regard as opportune any modifications which might be made by the benevolent intervention of the powers and moderation of Russia. The circular concludes by stating that whatever may be the issue of the present negotiations, the porte pledges itself to carry out the projected reforms.

MORE NAVAL ECONOMY.

Two boilers intended for the United States steamer Benicia have recently arrived at this port, says the San Francisco Chronicle, in a sailing vessel from New York, where they were built on contract, their entire cost landed at Mare Island being $85,000. Unfortunately the ship is so rotten that it will require about $500,000 to put her in sea-going condition, or a new vessel must be built for these two new boilers, as they are too large for the Pensacola, Lackawana or Iroquois. Nearly $100,000 was wasted upon the Benicia before the Naval Constructor and his assistant discovered that she was rotten. Work upon her has been suspended—that is, the mechanics and laborers have been "laid off;" but the parties responsible for the blunder still remain in full authority, neither suspended nor reprimanded for their egregious blunder. It is to be hoped that the Benicia will be condemned, as she is not a desirable vessel of war, and the boilers sold for what they will bring as old iron. Such a proceeding would be the cheapest after all, and bring money into the treasury.

Offices Re-established.

Wells, Fargo & Co., have re-established within the past few days offices at Aurora and McMinnville. These offices were discontinued a short time ago and have been re-established at the earnest solicitation of the citizens.

The population of the city of St. Louis is 503,185.

An Astonishing Fact.

A large proportion of the American people are today dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cts to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on this Western Continent.

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Little Giant
GRUBBING MACHINE.

We wish to inform the people of Oregon that we have purchased the patent of "The Little Giant Grubbing Machine," and that we are now prepared to supply any number of them at a very reasonable price. The subjoined testimonials of the superior qualities of these machines and their comparative cheapness should recomended them to all those desirous of clearing off land at but trifling expense. For further particulars apply to Frank Cooper or Wm. Delaney, Salem, or Albert Briggs, Scio.

Scio, March 10th, 1877.

This is certify that we have used "The Little Giant Grubbing Machine" and found it superior to anything of the kind ever used in this part of the country:

Preston Munkers,	Wm Ireland,
Henry Isley,	J S Morris,
A Davis,	J B Irvine
E Baldwin,	B F Briggs,
Henry T Hare.	

We the undersigned have seen "the Little Giant Grubbing Machine" work and can assure the public that it is the best machine of the kind we have ever seen working.

M Alexander,	G W Hamilton,
J C Johnson,	Peter Smith,
J M Brown,	Wm H McKnight,
P Bilyeu,	D P Mason.

Scio, May 25th 1877.

Milwaukie NURSERY.

SETH LUELLING & SON,

Proprietors of the above named Nursery, beg leave to call the attention of Fruitmen and all others who wish to procure good, healthy Trees, to their IMMENSE STOCK OF

FRUIT TREES,

CONSISTING OF

Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Cherry, Prune,

And many other miscellaneous varieties, the prices of which we have reduced to suit the times. Send for a catalogue.

SETH LUELLING & SON,
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Good Farms FOR SALE.

637 ACRES OF LAND IN MARION COUNTY, Oregon, ten miles north of Salem, on the Dayton and Wheatland road; is a beautiful location, and is the very best land in the State. Can be divided into three good farms. We have an offer for a part of this place at $17 per acre, which would leave the balance of the land in a square body of 500 acres, 200 of which is under cultivation; 100 acres slashed, joining the cultivated fields, that could be easily got ready for the plow, having been slashed from five to ten years. All the buildings are on the 500 acre tract, and for which we only ask $33 per acre. Those who are in search of good land should go and see this place. For particulars, call and see the proprietors.

ALSO,

283 ACRES OF LAND IN MARION COUNTY, Oregon, two and a half miles from Gervais, and about the same distance from Woodburn, lying on the Butteville road. Is a desirable location; is the very best quality of land, acknowledged to be one of the best farms on French Prairie by all who are acquainted with the country. 225 acres of this tract is under cultivation; the balance of the tract, 50 acres, is timber. There is a tolerable good dwelling house on this place; two good barns, with plenty of shed room for stock. For full particulars, go and see.

S. D. & S. P. NOTHCUTT.

On the premises, or address them at Wheatland, Or. Nov. 24, 1877. 1m p'd.

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Every Five Days,

carrying Passengers and Freight at the LOWEST RATES. It is the only line carrying the U. S. MAILS and WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

The Steamships of this Company are rated A 1, and are new, elegant and complete in every particular, and consist of the

State of Oregon, (Now building) 2,000 tons burden,
George W. Elder, (1700 tons.)
City of Chester, (1250 tons.)
Ajax, (1350 tons.)

For freight or passage, apply at the Company's office, corner First and Front streets, Portland.
no3tf GEO. W. WELDIN, Agent.

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As an inducement to increase the production of Flax-seed, the undersigned give notice that they will purchase at the

Highest Market Price,

or will contract for all that may be offered of next season's crop, through their agents, Messrs. ALLEN & LEWIS, of Portland, from whom seed can be had upon application.

JOHN G. KITTLE,
Manager of the Pacific Oil and Lead Works.
Nov 28, 1877n6 SAN FRANCISCO.

FITS CURED.

Dr. Brown's great prescription for Epilepsy having now been tested in over 10,000 cases without a failure, he has made up his mind to make the ingredients known to all suffer free of charge. Address Dr. O. Phelps Brown, 2, Grand Street, Jersey City, N. J.

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"CARROTS, MANGOLDS and SUGAR BEETS. What kinds to raise, how to raise, and how to feed." By mail, 50 cents. Also, my three works, on "Cabbages, and How to Grow Them," "Squashes, and How to Grow Them," "Onions, and How to Grow Them," Full of just such minute details as farmers want. Each, 30 cents, by mail. My large Illustrated Seed Catalogue FREE TO ALL.

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LOUIS NAPOLEON,

Will make the present season as follows:

AT SILVERTON—Mondays, Tuesdays, and Wednesdays.

AT MY FARM, on the upper end of Howell Prairie, one mile west of J. L. Roff's, on the road to Salem—Thursdays, Fridays, and Saturdays.

TERMS—Leap, $10; Season, $20; Insurance, $30

This horse was bought by me in California last January, where he won a good reputation as a successful foal-getter, as the following named gentlemen will testify, to whom I refer:

Wm. Hill, Sonoma Co, Bank; Harry Meacham, farmer; John McNear, Miller; Z. Denman, farmer; Jos. Wooden, importer of Norman horses, R. Bryan, liveryman, S. Sperry; C. Shilton; Robert Crane, farmer; Thomas Hopper, farmer and capitalist; J. Gossage, farmer; J. B. Gossage; farmer; J. M. Bolles, farmer; R. A. Patton, farmer—all of Sonoma county, California, Petaluma P. O.

Description and Pedigree.

LOUIS NAPOLEON is a beautiful dapple gray, 16 hands high, and weighs 1200 lbs. He was sired by the imported Norman horse Louis Napoleon, and his dam by Royal Sampson, imported by Col. Oakley, of Tazewell county, Ill.; his grand dam was a French Canadian mare.

Come and see the horse before making other arrangements. T. J. EDMONDSON.
March 24, 1878n3

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A SURE AND EFFECTIVE

DIP FOR SCAB,

—AND—

All other Sheep Diseases.

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Salem, Oct. 26tf

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