

Greenback Convention.

At a meeting of the citizens of Monmouth and vicinity, Saturday June 30, 1877, pursuant to call, L. Bently was made Chairman and C. A. Miller was elected Secretary. Meeting directed the Chair to appoint a Committee of three on Resolutions. J. B. V. Butler, D. T. Craig and L. Ground were appointed such Committee. After a very interesting and instructive speech from Hon. N. L. Butler, Committee on Resolutions reported the following for adoption as the sense of the meeting:

WHEREAS: The dominant political parties of the country by a steady and persistent course of partial legislation, discriminating in favor of capital and against labor in matters of taxation and finance, thereby entailing poverty and oppression upon the producing classes; and by a long continued course of intervention in behalf of corrupt and dishonest officials, thereby offering a premium for crime and speculation against honesty and faithfulness, the whole tending to the subversion of Republican institutions:

THEREFORE, We, the citizens of Monmouth and vicinity for the purpose of correcting the evils complained of and for the purpose of assisting in instituting a reform in matters of legislation, especially on the questions of finance and taxation, do now proceed to organize an Independent Greenback Club, and declare to the world the following:

1st. To co-operate with any and all Greenback Clubs that are or may be formed in the nation to the end that by a grand union and co-operation of the best elements of the country, we secure the selection of such men and the adoption of such measures as will renovate the government and insure the best interests of all, irrespective of class or condition.

2d. We favor and demand a repeal of the national banking law; it being a gratuity of the government to capital, and based upon bonds purchased with depreciated currency and bearing interest at their face value; and the same being used as bank stock under our present national banking law, the banker thus receiving double interest. Interest upon his bonds and interest upon his notes (or promises to pay) issued.

3d. We demand a currency issued directly by the government, sufficient in amount to transact legitimate business of the country, same to be a legal tender for all debts and dues public and private; that shall on demand of the government be received in full payment for all United States bonds at par. We believe this to be the best circulating medium that can be devised under present circumstances and hold it to be the duty of the government to furnish it to the people.

4th. We protest against the conversion by the government into gold interest bearing bonds, the non-interest bearing bonds, the non-interest bearing greenback now in the hands of the people; such action being a two-fold evil contracting the currency and expanding taxation thereby imposing additional weight upon an already overburdened people.

5th. We condemn the act of demonetizing silver coin of the United States, because it enriches the bankers and money changers at the expense of the laboring interests of the country.

6th. We demand the repeal of the law exempting United States bonds from taxation, and unequivocally demand that every species of property shall be taxed so as to bear its just proportion of the necessary expenses of the government.

7th. Believing that both the Republican and Democratic parties are inadequate to the task, or are incapable of inaugurating and carrying out the reforms necessary to the relief of the embarrassed industries of the country, we here and now avow this declaration of principles, and invite all independent, free-thinking and patriotic men, irrespective of party, creed or color, to unite with us in order to accomplish the objects implied in this declaration of principles.

Which were, after consideration, adopted unanimously, after which the meeting proceeded to organize a greenback club with a present membership of thirty-three, with officers as follows: President, L. Bently; Vice-President, D. T. Craig; Secretary, C. A. Miller. Committee on by-laws and to solicit names to club were appointed. Club then adjourned to meet at same place on Saturday, July 14, 1877, with a cordial invitation to all to attend. C. A. MILLER, L. BENTLY, Secretary, Chairman.

The following letter was read not long since in Springfield Grange No. 12, Lane Co., Or.

July 13, 1877. DEAR BROTHERS: Capitola will have to speak for and in behalf of her sisters once more. I can see very well the last letter did not have the desired effect it should have had on some of our brothers. It soured on one in particular. We sisters have rights in the grange that white men are bound to respect.

It was not my wish to say anything more on the tobacco question, but I am compelled to say a little more. I do not think that any brother has a right to smoke a dirty pipe in the grange hall when they well know that it is very offensive and sickening to most of the sisters. We do not intend to be smoked out of the grange hall as though we were a lot of ground squirrels. They can make better use of it by going to some rocky butte and smoke the squirrels, as I am of the opinion it would almost instantly kill any squirrel it would come in contact with. I think that pipe has been the cause of injuring our brother's mind, and will probably cause him to be troubled with the liver complaint. Please take a sister's advice and never smoke your pipe in the grange hall again. This is plain enough talk so that every brother in the grange can understand it. Please don't become absent-minded, brothers, and go to smoking, for I don't think any brother will smoke again in the grange hall, unless he is absent-minded.

Brothers, whenever you see any of us sisters smoking in the grange, give us a good lecture for it and we will roast a turkey for you. I hope, brothers, this will not offend any of you. It is for your good we speak as well as ours. CAPITOLA.

Funds Ready. We are informed by H. F. Crooke, Esq., County School Superintendent, that the State appropriation for the several school districts of this county are ready to be paid over. District school clerks will take notice and send in their orders.

FROM COQUILLE.

COQUILLE CITY, Coos Co July 5th, 1877. The people of Coquille City indulged in a celebration of the "glorious Fourth," the same as other folks. Despising the day of small things, we determined to ignore "navy artillery," and so procured a bona fide cannon; wrought in a neighboring blacksmith shop; which we proceeded to "test," but when the smoke cleared away, some little surprise was manifested that it took half a cannon to make so loud a report. Concluded the anvil plan not so bad after all; and half a wrought iron gun is for sale at a sacrifice.

Rainy weather had prevailed for a few days, but on the 4th the clerk of the weather honored our draft for a fine day. People gathered in the early morning; the steamers brought up their crowds of passengers; and in due time, and form, the procession was made up, and to the sound of a single cornet was duly marched and counter-marched, to the grove. Patriotic songs were sung by the choir to parlor organ accompaniment; the prayers were said; the Declaration of Independence read by a quartette of two little boys, and two little girls (who acquitted themselves splendidly), an able oration was delivered; and dinner was next on the programme.

What a conducive to sociability, this dining standing, at a public table, spread beneath the "umbrageous foliage" of "God's first temple." But when the barbaled meats and pie-nic goodies were disposed of, the people returned to town, where a modern civilization swing, which whirled the rideably disposed, "forty-nine times around, for the insignificant sum of 10 cents," was the attraction for the noon.

Next came a slow race, (in which you ride the other fellows nag) and three horses, and a Lilliputian jockey, was gotten under way. Off went the animals, to run one hundred yards up street, turn a big stump just out of town, and back; and whip and spur were brought into requisition to get speed out of a donkey. The crowd cheered and yelled, and "Balaam" bobbed along lively for a little way; but finding himself being rapidly distanced, and no doubt concluding that, as there was no specified time that he must get through in, he was good for the race anyhow; he made for the nearest stable door, where he called a halt. The usual arts which are resorted to cause locomotion in donkeys, re-unsavily tried, and the rider "threw up the sponge." Another rider was procured, and by dint of pushing, pulling, whipping, and yelling, balaam was got around the stump and headed down the home stretch, when he ambled quietly in, followed by the roaring and laughing crowd.

A boat race followed. The ordinary river skills were used, double sculls, each manned by two athletic oarsmen. Three boats were entered, distance, one-fourth mile, round a stake boat and back. Six young, strong and skillful men contending eagerly in generous rivalry for the mastery, make an exciting contest. The boat race was over, various mirth-provoking performances filled up the time until dark, when there was a moderate display of very poorly made fireworks. (Somebody in Portland might improve as a pyrotechnist.) And then, "There was a sound of revelry by night; And" Coquille City "had gathered then Her beauty and her chivalry, And bright the lamps shone o'er Fair women and brave men, who Chased the glowing hours with flying feet," until morning. There was not a large crowd present owing to the fact that two other celebrations were going on at different points in the valley. But the best of good feeling prevailed, no jar occurred to disturb the general harmony, and all seemed satisfied that the day was well and pleasantly spent.

Letter from Mohawk Valley. ISABELL, July 3d, 1877. ED. FARMER: Mohawk Valley, Lane Co., is a small valley some fifteen or eighteen miles long. Valley land is nearly all taken up, and they are fast filling every hollow on the mountain side. Our County Clerk has as nice a farm here as there is in the valley, and he also attends to the O. & C. R. R. land business. There is room here for those who have the strength and will to face the mighty forest. A fortune can be made by some one who will invent a grubbing machine, for if there is not something done in that line soon the oak and ash will drive the farmer from his peaceful home.

We have mines here that are creating considerable excitement, but whether they will ever pay or not is still to be tested. The fact is, if what they call silver ore here is actually silver, Lane is the richest county in the State, for I know where there are mountains of the bright metallic stuff they call silver ore here.

Crops look well. We are having an abundance of rain, in fact a little more than is necessary. From all that can be learned it has done considerable damage to Fall-sown wheat. Haying will soon be here, and then no rest for the wicked (or the righteous either, as to that) until our produce is delivered to market.

The blackberry is cultivated here to good advantage, as water facilities cannot be excelled in the State. The fruit has always sold for fifty cents a gallon. Fruits of all kinds does well here, if properly cared for.

Some months ago there were several preventives given in your paper against ticks. Now, if some one will give a preventive against horseflies it will be a great and lasting benefit to those who live in or near the timber. B. W. A.

From Champeog. OMANFORD, July 14, 1877. I am a very close reader of your valuable paper, and it seems to me that your correspondence from this part of the country is quite limited, therefore I write. Not that I have any news to relate or expect anything

to transpire in this section that will astonish "the natives," but before I forget I must say that grape prospects in this vicinity are above an average. Our Fall and Spring crops are looking first-rate and promise a heavy yield. We have about twenty-five acres of hops around here—they are looking very well, much better than at this date last year, and if no unforeseen accident befalls them, will bear a better yield than last year.

Butteville Grange met last Saturday, had a big turnout, and spent the forenoon attending to grange business. The sisters had a splendid dinner for us, such as Butteville grange always gives; after which we threw open the hall and the evening until six o'clock was spent in tripping the light fantastic to the sweet music of the organ and violin. So, you see, our grange is still a kicking. FARM.

Mr. Decker, a farmer in the town of New-fane, Niagara county, and quite extensive fruit grower states that while scraping his apple trees a few days ago he found lodged in the crotch of nearly every tree a nest of worms identical with those found in an apple; that the worm was safely secreted beneath the bark, where washing the surface of the tree over its bed would not affect or even disturb it. By removing the scaly bark and applying a coat of weak lye, the insects were at once killed, and thereby, in his opinion, an immense army of worms indirectly exterminated.—Albany Argus.

Rows of grape-vines should run north and south, so that every leaf may get the sunlight either in the forenoon or afternoon. This is more important in September than during the heat of Summer. If the rows run east and west, the vines shade the entire ground and hence you lose a large part of the heat, and the moment the sun disappears there is no stored-up heat to carry the vines through the night. This in time of frost is of great importance.—Mass. Board of Agriculture.

Hayden, the geologist, starts with a party of distinguished English geologists to show them the wonders of our territories. General Strachey, royal engineer in charge of the British India surveys, and Sir James Hooker, superintendent of the Botanical Gardens, are among the guests. The party will visit Wyoming, Colorado, Nevada, Utah and the California gold region.

To the Afflicted—Ladies in particular. Why need you suffer with Paralysis when you can be cured?—Why will you suffer with Rheumatism when you can be cured? And why have so many aches and pains when it is within your reach to be cured?

I am now established in Salem, prepared to treat all Chronic Diseases, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Kidney Diseases, and in fact all diseases that human flesh is heir to. Special attention paid to Female Weakness and nervous prostration, which is so common to Ladies. Children's diseases not excepted. In connection with my practice, I have one of the celebrated Medicated Vapor Lightning Cream Baths, which aids vastly in removing all chronic diseases. It opens the pores of the skin, and throws off the slimy, morbid matter, which is one of the great causes of so much suffering. When we once think that two-thirds of all we take into our system passes off through the pores of the skin, we need not stop long to wonder why we do not die, when we pay so little attention to the most important excretory of our bodies. During the past nine months I have had this bath in operation, and may can testify to its efficacy. I treat patients by the week, or by single treatments.

Ladies will do well to give me a call. Residence, southeast corner of Center and Summer Streets, Salem. HERS. B. W. CRAIG, M. D.

Seable Advice. You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your Druggist to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint that you know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Constiveness, palpitation of the Heart, Heartburn, Water-brash Fullness at the pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue, Coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your Druggist and get a Sample Bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a Regular Size for 75 cents, two doses will relieve you.

CLERK WANTED. The Lincoln Warehouse and Shipping Co. will receive proposals for a clerk to conduct the business of the company under the supervision of the directors for eleven months from the 4th day of August, 1877. Persons making application will meet the directors at the Co.'s warehouse at Lincoln on said day at 12 o'clock, noon, presenting at the same time their recommendations and sureties.

IRA S. TOWNSEND, Pres. Board of Directors. July 6, 4w.

A. L. STINSON, Book and Job Printer, and Bookbinder, Holman's Block, Old Senate Chamber, Salem.

HAVING ADDED AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT of New Types, Galleys, &c., to my already complete Book and Job Office, I am now prepared to do any and all kinds of

Book, Plain, and Ornamental Printing, On Short Notice, and at Reasonable Prices.

Stock Certificates a Specialty. Having the largest assortment of Mining Certificate lines and cuts adapted to the kind of work of any Office in Oregon, I am prepared to execute orders in the VERY BEST style, in any number of colors desired, and at short notice. Jett Address A. L. STINSON, Salem, Or.

Established 1840. DR. A. Q. SIMMONS' Original Liver Medicine.

FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE LIVER. SOURNESS OF THE STOMACH, LOSS OF APPETITE, SICK HEADACHE, &c. FRODO, One Dollar. T. A. DAVIS, & Co. Wholesale Druggists, 71 Front St. Portland, Me. Agents for Oregon.

T. CUNNINGHAM & CO., Salem, Portland, Albany, Junction City, and Walla Walla. SOLE AGENTS FOR The following FIRST-CLASS Machines, which we are now receiving for the Season of 1877.

J. I. CASE'S THRESHING MACHINES, Both End and Side Shake—Tight-Gear. Westinghouse Vibrator Threshing Machines, TIGHT-GEAR END-SHAKE.

J. I. CASE'S THRESHING ENGINES, 8, 10, 12, 15, and 18 Horse Power. Treadwell Wrought-Iron Single-Gear Header, Manufactured by J. I. Case & Co., With New and Valuable Improvements for 1877.

Haines' Illinois Header, SINGLE-GEAR, Wrought-Iron and Screw-Hub Wheels, adjustable Reel and Truss Frame. JOHNSTON WROUGHT-IRON HARVESTERS,

Wrought-Iron Combined Reapers and MOWERS. RUSSELL'S Combined Reapers and Mowers.

WOOD'S Single & Combined Reapers and Mowers. WOOD'S Single Mowers, three sizes. Johnston Mowers, one size. ADAMS AND FRENCH HARVESTER, "CONQUEROR."

Furst & Bradley Sulky Rakes, CENTENNIAL Sulky Rake, Self Domp, The Best in Use. NEWTON WAGONS, Thimble Skelm and Iron-axle Frame, and Freight Wagons, all sizes. Newton 4-spring Hacks, made expressly for the Oregon Market.

Newton Three-Spring, Platform Spring, and Scroll-Spring Hacks and BUGGIES. Garden City Plows, Harrows and Cultivators; Garden City Plows; Farmers' Friend GRAIN DRILLS; Van Brunt & Deane's MONITOR Broad-cast SEEDER and CULTIVATOR; CUNNINGHAM'S CULTIVATORS, the Best in the World. Leather and Rubber BELTING, Machine Extras, Hardware, Iron, and Steel. Special Circulars, illustrated, with prices, sent to any address, free of charge. We are MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS, and will sell at RED-ROCK PRICES.

T. CUNNINGHAM & CO., Front St., PORTLAND; Commercial St., SALEM; and Chadwell's Block, ALBANY, OR.

Retirees' Sale. NOTICE is hereby given that, by virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Marion, made on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1877, directing a sale of certain real estate hereinafter described, which said real estate is the subject of a suit in partition in said Circuit Court between George A. Eder and others, plaintiffs, and George Anderson and others, defendants, the undersigned, William W. Alden, W. H. McCully, and F. R. Smith, referees duly appointed by order of said Circuit Court to make partition of said real estate, will at one o'clock in the afternoon on Wednesday the 25th day of July, A. D. 1877, at the court-house door in Salem, Marion County, Oregon, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for gold coin of the United States to be paid on the day of sale, all the following described real estate, to wit: "Situate in Marion County, State of Oregon, and being a part of the Donation land claim of N. W. Colwell, in sections 22 and 24 in T. 7 S., R. 3 W. of the Willamette Meridian, and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the stage road leading from Salem to Albany, at the S. E. corner of a piece of land owned by John Craig, running thence S. 5 or 20 min. W. along said road 7.00 chains to the N. E. corner of the Odd Fellows' Rural Cemetery; thence westerly along the North line of said cemetery, 22.50 chains; thence south with the West line of said cemetery 25.00 chains; thence N. 74 deg. 30 min. W. 14.00 chains; thence North 15.00 chains; thence N. 74 deg. 30 min. W. 15.00 chains; thence N. 77 deg. E. 28.00 chains to a point on the South boundary line of the land of Abraham Myers; thence Easterly with said line to the place of beginning, containing ninety-eight (98) acres of land, more or less. The following liens upon the said real estate remain unsatisfied, to wit: A balance of about four hundred dollars on a mortgage in favor of Lewis Johnson on the undivided 170-1800 thereof belonging to John G. Wright and Charles Uzafogaw, executed on or about the 30th day of April 1873 to secure the payment of a promissory note for \$1485.00 with interest from date at the rate of one per cent. per month.

Also, a mortgage in favor of Abner Allen on the undivided 400-1000 thereof belonging to George A. Eder executed on or about the 15th day of March 1871 to secure the payment of a promissory note for \$200.00 with interest from March 15th, 1871, at the rate of one per cent. per month. Dated at Salem, Marion county, Oregon, June 27th, 1877. WILLIAM WALDO, W. H. McCULLY, F. R. SMITH, Referees.

Sheriff's Sale. BY virtue of two executions issued out of the Honorable County Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Marion, on the 25th day of June, 1877, both against James McObbe, defendant, the one in favor of E. F. McCasley, plaintiff; for the sum of two hundred and eighty-eight and 50-100 dollars U. S. coin, and thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars costs, together with one per cent. per month interest and accruing costs; and ten per cent. per annum interest and accruing costs; I have levied upon and will sell at public auction on SATURDAY, the 28th day of JULY, 1877, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the court-house door, all the right, title, and interest of the said James McObbe in and to the following-described premises, to wit: Being in T. 7 S., R. 3 W., and in Sec. 22, in Marion county, Oregon, commencing at the N. W. corner of the land owned by Bridges, Eder, and Campbell, from which corner a 27 3/4 inch diameter bears S. 3 deg. 20 min. E. 80 links distant; thence S. 95 deg. 9.08 chains; thence N. 55 deg. chains; thence N. 80 deg. W. 8.50 chains; thence S. 15 deg. W. 9.25 chains; thence N. 27 deg. E. 17.93 chains to the place of beginning, containing 30 and 1/2 acres. Also, Lot No. four (4) in block ten (10) in Sec. 21, Jones' addition to the city of Salem, in Marion county and State of Oregon, as shown by the recorded plat of said addition in the Recorder's office in the county of Marion and State of Oregon. Sheriff J. A. BAKER, Salem, Oregon, June 26, 1877.—4w

Notice. In the matter of the Guardianship of Edward Douillot and Alfred Douillot, minor heirs of Augustus Douillot, deceased. A petition for the appointment of a Guardian for said minor heirs having been this day filed in Probate, it is hereby ordered that notice to all persons interested in the matter be given by publication in the Willamette Farmer for three successive weeks to appear in the County Court for Marion county, State of Oregon, on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1877, at 2 o'clock p. m., and sh-w cause, if any they have, why said guardian should not be appointed, or proved for in said petition. JOHN C. FREELIN, County Judge, Marion Co., Oregon. Salem, July 9th, 1877. 31w6

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JOHN G. WRIGHT, Dealer in FAMILY GROCERIES, Crockery and Glassware, Wooden and Willow Ware, Tobacco and Cigars, COMMERCIAL STREET. Salem, April 20, 1876. 48w1

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of George Jeffrey, deceased, by the County Court of Marion county, State of Oregon, and that all persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same, with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned in the city of Salem, in said county, for allowance, within six months from this date, Dated May 9th, 1877. G. C. KUNEY, Administrator. 14w

SURE AND RELIABLE FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF GOPHERS, SQUIRRELS, RATS, MICE, CROWS, &c. HODGE'S Gopher and Squirrel-Killer. Superior, Better, and Cheaper than Strichnine, Phosphorus, Arsenic, or other preparations as a single trial will convince. SOLD BY DEALERS GENERALLY, AND BY HODGE, SNELL & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Nov. 13 Front and 16 First Sts., PORTLAND.