



\$2.50 per Year.

SALEM, OREGON, APRIL 13, 1877.

Volume IX.—Number 9.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Herald's special from Charlottesville, N. C., says: Hampton has arrived and made a speech. He said he was gratified to tell the people of North Carolina that Hayes proposed no compromise, suggested no commission, nor did anything but his whole duty as President of the United States.

New York, April 7.—That Orville Jewett willfully exploded the hand grenade which killed his uncle, there is no reasonable ground to doubt. Knowing all parties personally as I did, I cannot believe George Jewett offered the least violence to provoke the assault. He was unusually quiet, amiable, and too constitutionally timid to engage in a sharp verbal controversy, much less physical violence.

About 500 silk weavers, employed in the factory of Gieverbrand Bros., at Homestead, New Jersey, went on a strike yesterday. The proprietors of the factory reduced the wages, and the weavers left their looms rather than submit.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—The Reading railroad company have suspended all brotherhood engineers employed upon the Germantown and Norristown branch to-day. They are to have two days time in which to decide upon remaining in the employ of the company at the cost of leaving the brotherhood.

CINCINNATI, O., April 6.—The official count of this city election shows 1,634 over Johnston, Democrat.

MASSACHUSETTS, April 6.—The American Knife Company, at Northfield, burned on Saturday. Loss not given. One thousand hands are thrown out of employment.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Postoffices established—Round Prairie, Douglas county, Oregon, Jas. D. Burnett, postmaster. Discontinued—Willoughby, Washington county, Oregon.

COLUMBIANA, April 7.—In reply to the address of Friends yesterday, President Hayes says he acknowledged the importance of general education, and that he appreciated the difficulties in the way of establishing a general school system where none existed.

BOSTON, April 7.—Fair demand, manufacturers purchasing as wanted and dealers are disposed to close up stocks as fast as possible. Sales of deers during the past week were 290,000 lbs. including medium and X Ohio and Pennsylvania at 36¢@42½¢, XX at 45¢@47, XXX and above at 48¢@50. Good average lots of New York, Michigan, New Hampshire and Wisconsin sold at 36¢@38. Comb and delaine steady, sales 25,000 lbs. at from 40¢@50; staid, unchanged, sales 171,000 lbs. choice lots Eastern super at 45¢@46. The principal sales have been in the range of 35¢@40, for super and X; at the sales of California has been 283,000 lbs. fall 18¢@24 spring 18½¢@25.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—Wool quiet and in moderate demand: Colorado washed, 29¢@30¢; unwashed, 16¢@20¢; X and merino pulled, 30¢@40¢; No. 1 and super pulled, 30¢@35¢; Texas fine and medium, 16¢@20¢; coarse, 15¢@19¢.

FOREIGN. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 10.—The Turkish Chamber of Deputies rejected the demands of the Montenegrins. Twenty-two members were absent, however, and their views will be ascertained before a final decision is made. Peace or war depends upon Russia's reception of the Turkish circular. There is some question of prolonging the armistice between Turkey and Montenegro after April 13th.

LATER.—The Turkish Chamber of Deputies finally rejected the demands of Montenegro by 65 to 18.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 10.—The Porte today telegraphed a long circular to all Ottoman representatives abroad. The circular lays stress on the Porte's desire for peace and determination to execute the reforms. It does not reject the protocol absolutely, but only those points which admit of foreign interference in Turkey's internal affairs. It repels the declaration appended to the protocol by Count Shouvaloff, and says the Porte will only consent to send a delegate to St. Petersburg and disarm if Russia is disposed to disarm simultaneously. It asks the powers to induce Montenegro to show a more conciliatory attitude.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 10.—The report that Russia has fixed the 13th for the date before which the Porte must give its decision in regard to sending an extraordinary ambassador to St. Petersburg is confirmed. The Agency Russe says everything depends upon the decisions which the ambassador would bring, but in any case Russia having gone to the utmost limit in the path of concession will not go a step further.

The Bourne Gazette declares war inevitable, and retreat impossible for either party.

LONDON, April 11.—A special to the Times from St. Petersburg says bad news has been received from Turkey. A war manifesto is expected on Friday.

European Grain Market. LONDON, April 8.—The Mark Lane Express in its weekly review of the British corn trade says the week has been marked by somewhat higher temperature and an abundant

Joint committee from the Democratic legislature waited upon the Presidential commission this morning at the St. Charles. The interview lasted two hours. It was secret. The commission propounded numerous questions as to the state of affairs. The committee then made detailed verbal statements of the status of the government giving the number of parishes and officials that acknowledged the Nicholls government. They will hereafter present documentary facts to the commission early next week.

When the Democratic committee retired, Packard's supreme court judges were admitted to the parlor and began their argument. COLUMBIA, S. C., April 10.—The U. S. troops were formed in line and moved out of the State House at noon to-day.

Chamberlain has just issued an address retiring from the contest for the Governorship.

Chamberlain's sudden weakening caused much surprise here because his recent letters have indicated a different course. He could have prolonged the dispute indefinitely owing to the peculiar condition of the courts, and he has received much encouragement from Republicans both North and South. He is wise, brave and generous, and doubtless saw clearly that it would all avail nothing, and in the end would ruin him personally and do damage to the State and people and the President. He saw that while the great mass of Republicans oppose this new Southern policy that they are willing to try the experiment. His letter is generally commended as manly and able, but somewhat bitter.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The Herald's Washington special foretold that the contest for the Speakership lies between Morrison and Randall on the Democratic side, and Garfield and Foster on the Republican side.

Caleb Cushing has started from Spain for America. His return is not probable. Foster of Indiana, Mexican Minister, is an applicant for the place.

The President will recognize the services of Spotted Tail in bringing in the hostiles so as to make an example to the Indians of the treatment of those who promote peace.

Removal of the troops from Alaska, and Secretary Sherman has ordered a revenue cutter to Alaska to supply their place.

NEW YORK, April 9.—At the annual commencement of the New York medical college for women, last night, nine ladies graduated, including Miss L. J. Kellogg, of California.

ST. PAUL, April 10.—Gov. Pillsbury issued a proclamation to-day setting apart Thursday, April the 27th, as a special day of prayer throughout the State, for the annihilation of the grasshoppers.

BOSTON, April 7.—Fair demand, manufacturers purchasing as wanted and dealers are disposed to close up stocks as fast as possible. Sales of deers during the past week were 290,000 lbs. including medium and X Ohio and Pennsylvania at 36¢@42½¢, XX at 45¢@47, XXX and above at 48¢@50. Good average lots of New York, Michigan, New Hampshire and Wisconsin sold at 36¢@38. Comb and delaine steady, sales 25,000 lbs. at from 40¢@50; staid, unchanged, sales 171,000 lbs. choice lots Eastern super at 45¢@46. The principal sales have been in the range of 35¢@40, for super and X; at the sales of California has been 283,000 lbs. fall 18¢@24 spring 18½¢@25.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—Wool quiet and in moderate demand: Colorado washed, 29¢@30¢; unwashed, 16¢@20¢; X and merino pulled, 30¢@40¢; No. 1 and super pulled, 30¢@35¢; Texas fine and medium, 16¢@20¢; coarse, 15¢@19¢.

FOREIGN. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 10.—The Turkish Chamber of Deputies rejected the demands of the Montenegrins. Twenty-two members were absent, however, and their views will be ascertained before a final decision is made. Peace or war depends upon Russia's reception of the Turkish circular. There is some question of prolonging the armistice between Turkey and Montenegro after April 13th.

LATER.—The Turkish Chamber of Deputies finally rejected the demands of Montenegro by 65 to 18.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 10.—The Porte today telegraphed a long circular to all Ottoman representatives abroad. The circular lays stress on the Porte's desire for peace and determination to execute the reforms. It does not reject the protocol absolutely, but only those points which admit of foreign interference in Turkey's internal affairs. It repels the declaration appended to the protocol by Count Shouvaloff, and says the Porte will only consent to send a delegate to St. Petersburg and disarm if Russia is disposed to disarm simultaneously. It asks the powers to induce Montenegro to show a more conciliatory attitude.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 10.—The report that Russia has fixed the 13th for the date before which the Porte must give its decision in regard to sending an extraordinary ambassador to St. Petersburg is confirmed. The Agency Russe says everything depends upon the decisions which the ambassador would bring, but in any case Russia having gone to the utmost limit in the path of concession will not go a step further.

The Bourne Gazette declares war inevitable, and retreat impossible for either party.

LONDON, April 11.—A special to the Times from St. Petersburg says bad news has been received from Turkey. A war manifesto is expected on Friday.

European Grain Market. LONDON, April 8.—The Mark Lane Express in its weekly review of the British corn trade says the week has been marked by somewhat higher temperature and an abundant

rainfall which has further retarded field labor. The continuance of wet weather is beginning to cause uneasiness as besides preventing the finishing of the spring sowing, it injuriously affects winter sown wheat, about which some reports are less than heretofore. Generally, however, the reports of ultimate prospects are hopeful. Dry weather is the great desideratum here and on the continent. Supplies of wheat at the principal country markets have again been light, and although the holidays have somewhat interfered, trade has shown a very steady tone. Prices have advanced one shilling. Increased strength was noticed in Mark Lane last week and prices have been well sustained. Russian wheat has advanced one shilling. The week's imports into London were very moderate, the bulk of supply being from India and Germany. The diminution of receipts of red spring from America, and the steady absorption of last October's heavy shipments of California are leading features of the season. The large quantity of California wheat at the beginning of the year is so reduced as to dispel all apprehensions of a depressing effect upon prices consequent on its arrival. The recent rise in white wheat at Liverpool supports this opinion. The stocks of foreign wheat at London are about 172,000 quarters, or about 270,000 less than at a corresponding period of 1876. Since the end of 1876 stocks have decreased at all the leading ports, though not quite at the same rate, except at Liverpool, where there is a slight increase, owing to the bulk of California being directed to that port, whilst, as compared with this time last year, stocks of foreign wheat in the United Kingdom appear to be over a million quarters less. These figures show the inroad made by the excess of consumption over imports, and prove the reasonableness of the late advance and present healthy position of trade. The sale of English wheat last week was 37,998 quarters at 51 shillings, against 41,375 quarters at 44 shillings 6d last year. Imports into the Kingdom during the week ending March 29th were 210,567 cwt. of wheat and 90,188 cwt. of flour.

LIVERPOOL, April 10.—Breadstuffs strong. Corn 24s 6d to 25s 6d for new mixed western; 23s 3d for hour; 22s 2d for western, wheat, 11s 5d to 11s 9d for club; 10s 4d to 11s 4d for red western spring. Receipts of wheat the past three days 13,900 quarters; American 7,900.

The Grangers Defended.

POLK COUNTY, March 26th, 1877. ED. FARMER: Glancing over your paper of the 23d inst., I noticed a letter from a young lady of Lane county, who was "young and inexperienced," and examining the contents found some very unreasonable language. Now if I will not be doing injustice I would like to occupy a small space in your valuable paper in reply.

I think the young lady of Lane county must have written her letter in a very hasty manner, without even realizing what she said. She is no doubt, as she says, "very young and inexperienced;" she seems to consider the FARMER an unvaluable, uninteresting paper simply because the editor could not devote a large space to the temperance cause. I dare say there is not a paper published in the State of Oregon that is of more interest to the community at large than the FARMER. There is not another one that will or does try to do justice by all as near as the WILLAMETTE FARMER does. I'm sure the cure of ticks on horses is of great interest to the farmers, perhaps not to that young lady. She considers the I. O. of G. T. organization as far above the grangerism as heaven is above the lost." I would respectfully ask this young lady what she knows about grangerism? When did she join the grange, and how does she know the principles the grange is based upon? I fear she does not understand the subject of her discourse. Yes, the boys and girls of to-day will be the men and women of our beloved country in a few years, and as they grow up into manhood and womanhood may they all be attached to that pure, true, great and successful organization, the grange; that they may be able to take hold of our country's affairs and make it a happy home for all; blessed and respected without the curse of monopolies. And I hope some earnest and faithful P. of H. will publish the FARMER in those future days, that it may for ages and ages, with increased usefulness, circulate throughout our land. I for one will do all in my power for the benefit of that valuable paper and I think the young lady of "Lane" will exert but little influence against its circulation. I hope she will soon get the facts gathered up so that we may see her exposure of the "villainy of the P. of H." Now let me ask her what good the I. O. of G. T. has accomplished since they have been organized in our country? I'm sure I hold no malice toward that organization, but the Woman Suffrage Association and the I. O. of G. T. go too much hand in hand to accomplish much. "I glory in her spunk" when she says she will battle against the demon, Rum, but she has taken a wrong step in denouncing the Patrons of Husbandry, which teaches temperance by example and precept.

I have written much more than I intended, but I am a "Granger" and not ashamed of it. I remain a faithful friend of the WILLAMETTE FARMER. Yours, most respectfully, Miss J. D. J. Polk county, Oregon.

GRANGE MATTERS.

ED. FARMER: At the convention of delegates of the Granges of Marion county, ten Granges were represented. Worthy Deputy G. W. Hunt, presided. W. M. Hilleary was chosen Sec. The following were chosen as Representatives to State Grange, which meets in May: David Pendleton, of Butteville; J. B. Looney, Chehalum Grange; Mrs. Irena L. Hilleary, Turner Grange; Mrs. Voorhees, Gervais Grange. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the law under which we are called upon to act in the selection of Representatives be construed to authorize the convention to elect the Master of one Grange and a Matron, the wife of a Master, of another and separate Grange.

Resolved, That it is the sentiment of this convention that the form of government of our Order should be so changed as to make it completely a representative system, and our representatives elect are requested to work for that object.

It is recommended that each subordinate Grange send one or more visiting or honorary delegate to the State Grange. W. M. HILLEARY, Sec. Salem, April 9, 1877.

At the meeting of the P. of H., held in Dallas, April 9, 1877, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the citizens of Polk Co. be and they are hereby invited to attend a mass meeting in Dallas, on Tuesday, May 15, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of taking the necessary means to build a steamboat to navigate the Willamette river.

Resolved, That the Dallas Itemizer and WILLAMETTE FARMER be furnished a copy of this resolution for publication, and that other Valley papers friendly to the cause be invited to copy. R. CLOW, Sec. F. A. PATTERSON, Chairman.

To P. of H. Wool-growers, in Marion and adjoining Counties.

The late meeting of Pomona Grange, of Marion county, in order to secure the benefit generally resulting from selling wool in as large lots as can be conveniently handled at one place, appointed Wm. J. Herren, of Salem, as its agent for the sale of wool this season. Salem Grange, No. 17, at its meeting did the same, and appointed the undersigned as a committee to invite the wool-growers of the Order in those portions of Polk and Linn counties who ordinarily sell their wool at Salem to join in this method of co-operative selling. All wishing to do so will communicate with Mr. Herren at Salem, stating the number of fleeces they will sell. Where action is taken by Granges, the Grange should formally make Mr. Herren its agent, and individuals acting separately should do the same.

There being good reason to believe that a large portion of Oregon wool would sell better in a more discriminating market than our local buyers constitute, it is proposed by the Pomona Grange to ship a portion of this year's clip which will be classed as superior to Philadelphia, where there are parties willing to advance two-thirds the market on wool shipped to them. Those wishing to take advantage of this plan can confer with Mr. Herren, or address him by letter, stating the amount they would like to ship, and the kind of wool, etc., etc. All will perceive the necessity of putting the wool up in the best possible order, in order to command the highest market rates. Mr. Herren can furnish sacks and wool twine at market rates. J. MINTO, Committee Salem Grange, P. of H.

WAKELEE'S SQUIRREL AND GOPHER EXTERMINATOR.—We clip the following from the Pacific Rural Press: We advertise this compound with great confidence that it is worthy of the patronage of our readers. It has been tried for years, and we often in our correspondence find notes of success with it. We find in Mr. Wakelee's circular many testimonials from our readers and correspondents, and therefore have especial trust in them. For example M. P. Honan, who wrote us excellent letters from Yuba City, and was largely engaged in levee work there, writes as follows: "In the last six months I have used over 20 cans of your exterminator, and find it the best that can be used for poisoning squirrels and gophers. Your directions for poisoning squirrels are correct. I have tried many ways to get at gophers and have succeeded best as follows: I find where the gopher has thrown up fresh dirt, and dig down till I find the main runway, usually about six inches. I then clean out with my hand any dirt that may have fallen in, and place about one-quarter teaspoonful of the exterminator therein. I then seal the hole up tight with a hard lump of dirt or sod, being careful not to let any dirt drop on to the bait. The air being thus excluded, the gopher in passing through will find the exterminator. People in this neighborhood are trying this plan with great success."

At the Presbytery of Oregon held its session at Albany last week. Rev. H. W. Stratton was elected to represent the Presbytery at the General Assembly at Chicago in May.

Silver Mud Springs.

Prof. Hurley writes to Dr. Chapman of Portland under date of March 17, as follows: "I find it impossible to do much prospecting on the company's claim, on account of the ice in the springs. In some places it is two feet thick; I think it is owing to the salt in the ground. The ground is thawed outside the springs. I prospected in other places where there are warm springs and find silver from \$5 to \$45 to the ton. There is no doubt about the silver being in the mud and I am inclined to think it is unlimited; but I will be able to tell better in a few days. Yesterday I got mud at the lower springs down about the Cartwright claim and find silver running from \$5 to \$20 to the ton. This mud was taken from the surface and 30 feet deep and a mile and a half above on the flat. I prospected black mud on Dr. Vanderpool's claim at the Sulphur springs. On the surface the mud assayed eight dollars to the ton, and forty-two feet down, \$45 to the ton. The springs at the latter place are large, measuring about 300 feet across. I could only prospect on the margin of the spring. The tubes went down forty-two feet without any effort. It must be very deep in the center of the largest spring. The gravel I brought up in the values assayed \$32 to the ton. I find in the latter some fine specimens of silver ore. I am most interested now in the source which I believe to be quartz lodes. There are over two hundred veins struck in the vicinity of the springs. They have gone down sixteen feet on one and it improves fast as they go down. I have half an interest in the adjoining claim. I have interests in several others. If anything rich is struck I will be on hand to get an interest in it. Several have left for The Dalles, to procure tools to mine with, as there are none in camp—scarcely sufficient to prospect with."

Sale of the Oregonian.

The Oregonian newspaper business has lately passed into the control of Mr. Harvey W. Scott, who was former editor of that paper, and has been Collector of Customs at Portland. Mr. Scott possesses journalistic ability, and expresses the determination to pursue an independent course, avoiding extreme partisanship. The Oregonian has the field as the great newspaper of Oregon, and it can therefore afford to treat all men and all subjects fairly. We consider the paper as possessing a claim to great influence under the management of Mr. Scott.

CROPS IN CALIFORNIA.—We learn from L. B. Applegate who arrived home last Wednesday from a protracted visit to Southern California that the crop prospect in that State is generally very bright. Many California farmers spent the winter at Santa Barbara. Throughout the country between that place and Santa Clara valley, crops are almost a failure. Grass has also failed on account of the drought and stock in many places are dying of starvation. Through the northern part of the State crops are better but fall far short of an average season. Many Californians talk of coming to Oregon, and great numbers will come as soon as the roads improve and the weather becomes settled.—Ashland Tidings.

VICTORIA, April 7.—The gunboat Rocket, Captain Harris, returned from her voyage of inquiry on the coast of S. W. right mystery last evening. She brings four Kinsquid prisoners who were safely lodged in jail. Two of the prisoners are charged with scuttling a trading schooner and murdering two white men some time ago. The others are charged with complicity in killing some of the Wright's people who are supposed to have reached the shore from the wreck. It is said that the cash box of Major Walker, paymaster U. S. army, who was lost with the Wright, is in the possession of the Bella B. Indians at Kinsquid. A piece of one of the Wright's masts was discovered.

POISON THE SQUIRRELS NOW.—Those pests, the ground squirrels, are out in force, and now is the time to destroy them before the young ones are born. An ounce of poison now is worth a pound of strychnine by and by. Weatherford & Co. have Hodge's Gopher and Squirrel killer that does the work well.

NAVIGATION ON THE LAKES.—A Silver Lake correspondent of the Ashland Tidings mentions that a brig has been built for navigating the waters of Silver Lake and Silver River, and that Geo. Durand intends building another.

DIED:

April 3, 1877, at the residence of Mrs. Oliver S. Pettys, Willow Forks, Umatilla county, Oregon, Miss Nellie M. Lobdell, aged 17 years and 29 days, of diptheria. Other papers please copy. April 6th, 1877, in Salem, Friday evening at 8:30 p. m., of diphtheria, Fanny Pearl, eldest daughter of James and Emma Cross, aged 5 years and 29 days. At Weston Umatilla county, H. C. Woodson, formerly of Yamhill county, aged 32.

MARRIED:

Married, at the residence of Hon. F. R. Smith, the brides father, Rev. Mr. Tower officiating, near Salem, Adam Ohmart, of Illinois to Miss Valleda Smith. In Cowlitz county, W. T., April 7, C. C. Fowler, of Cowlitz, and Lucinda McCurdy, of Washington county, Oregon. At Salem, April 7, C. S. Reinhart and Miss Clara Downer.