

WILLAMETTE FARMER.



Salem, Friday, Aug. 11, 1876.

State Grange Deputies for 1876

	Post Office.	Express.
A A Mathew	Looking Glass	Roseburg
Cook	Ott	
J Henry Shroeder		
D S R Bulk	Ashland	Jacksonville
Baker		
Wm Brown	Baker City	Baker City
Concord		
Wm W Fielder	Applegate	Jacksonville
H N Hill	Junction City	Junction City
Gon R Hamersley	Camp Creek	Eugene City
Pocorn Knox	Crowell	
Tunis		
Wm Clegg	Seaside	Marion Station
R A Irwin	Lemon	Albany
J H Smith	Harrisburg	Harrisburg
BENTON		
C E Moore	Corvallis	Corvallis
H B Nicholls	Monroe	
23 Grant	Kings Valley	
MATSON		
B A Wilder	Turner	Salem
F B Castelman	Butteville	
LARK		
J J Charlton	Grove Lake	Jacksonville
POLE		
J B Stump	Brent Vista	
W A Head	Zena	
Robert Clark	Dallas	
YAMhill		
J J Henderson	Amity	
A B Henry	La Fayette	
WASHINGTON		
T D Humphrey	Hillsboro	Hillsboro
E E French	Cornelius	
CLARK		
A B Shipley	Oswego	Oregon City
N W Randal	Oregon City	
MULTNOMAH		
J Johnson	East Portland	East Portland
John Morrison		
WA		
B Mayes	Tigard	The Dalles
J H Booth	Piper Ochoco	
GRANT		
D B Binegar	Canyon City	Canyon City
UACATELLA		
J S White	Weston	Weston
ASTORIA		
A B Sales	Astoria	Astoria
TILLAMOOK		
H F Holden	Tillamook	North Yamhill
COOS		
G W Maxwell	Columbia City	
E W Conover	Klatskanie	
CLATSOP		
N B Rees	Cove	
WAHOO TERRITORY		
WALLA WALLA		
W M Shelton	Walla Walla	Walla Walla
COLVILLE		
George Hunter	Dayton	
WHITEMAN		
Henry Spalding	Ewartsville	Colfax
S P Gilham	Colfax	
CHINAHAS		
M Z Goodale	Eliot	
W H Gause		
S S Mathews	Chehalis Point	
THIRSTON		
L G Abbott	Olympia	Olympia
King	Achein	
Julia Horton	Seattle	Seattle
M Pleasant	Chiquita	
YACIMA		
J P Cook	Ellensburg	
COQUILLE		
John S. Boaz	Pekin	
CLARK		
W S Pennington	Vancouver	
REEDVILLE		
John Miller	Kirkland City	
IDAHO TERRITORY		
SENECA		
J S Howard	Paradise Valley	Lewiston
W C Phenix	Mt. Idaho	
Allia		
L Hartline	Bonne City	
E J Smith	"	
M Bissell	Wenatchee	
H H Robt	Payette	

In any county where the Deputy is pointed out is not the most suitable, and the Grange of the locality will properly indicate to me a choice. I will be pleased, for in many instances I have been obliged to make appointments without knowledge.

DANIEL CLARK,
Master Oregon State Grange, P. O. H.

Clackamas County Council.

The Clackamas County Council meets on the fourth Friday of each month at 11 o'clock a. m. Place of meeting, at J. G. Trullinger's mill, near the center of the county.

Officers—N. W. Randall, President; A. Nichols, Vice President; W. W. H. Samson, Secretary; P. O. Nestor; John Bing, Treasurer; Frank Angier, 1st Steward; N. H. Barnard, 2d Steward; Wm. Blings, Gatekeeper. Brothers in good standing are invited to meet with us.

By order of the council,

W. W. H. SAMSON, Secy.

The Great Plague of Humanity is Scroombi, which in all its multiplied forms, whether in that of King's Evil, Enlargement of the Glands or Bones, Goutta, White Swellings, Chronic Rheumatism, Cancer, Diseases of the Skin or spine, or of pulmonary Consumption, emanates from one and the same source, which is a parasitic principle in the human system. Overcome this inherent propensity of the system, and a complete restoration to sound health is possible, for if the cause upon which the disease depends is removed, a cure must of necessity follow, no matter under what form the disease manifests itself. It is because Jayne's Alimentary is possessed of this peculiar efficacy that it is so generally successful in removing so many malignant disorders, it destroys the virus or principle from which they originate, by entering into the circulation, and being carried with the blood to the minute fibres, trying every particle of disease from the system. The best evidence of this may be found in the testimony of those who have tried it, and whose certificates are given at length in Dr. Jayne's Medical Almanac, to be ad gratis of all agents.

ENDORSEMENT.—Mr. R. E. Purver, who lives in the hills south of Salem, informs us he purchased a can of Hedge's squirrel poison of Weatherford, and that it worked deadly destruction to the squirrels that were destroying his grain. It fully deserves the name of "Exterminator," from his experience, and a very few grains of it answer.

SMALL-POX IN PORTLAND.—A Chinaman living small-pox was landed from the John Stephens last week. On Saturday, a man named Richard Nichols, a drayman, living East Portland, who was sick, was pronounced by the attending physician to have small-pox, and on Sunday while unattended got out of the house in a fit of delirium, and leaped into the river. He was soon recovered, and properly cared for, but it is doubtful if he recovers, after being in the water so long, as his disease was pronounced to be an erysipelas.

Sulphur and Molasses, the old-fashioned oral remedy for the itch, is obsolete, it and other obnoxious skin diseases are laid half the time, without dislodging the stumps, by Glum's Sulphur Soap, the external and securative.

A Chapter of Steamboat History.

At the present time, when the people of this valley are so much exercised over the prospect of low prices for breadstuffs and high rates for freight, and looking about for some means of relief, it may be interesting to review the past, if for no other reason, to consider whether it is probable that the people can ever be made to realize what is the public interest, and defend that interest by united action. Oregon history will at least show that they have signally failed to do so.

The construction of the canal and locks at Oregon City introduced an era of low freights for the first time on the Willamette river. The enterprise proved a good speculation for the State and a poor one for the private capital invested in the locks. Having invested so much in these works, Goldsmith & Co. put steamboats on the river to run in connection with them. Up to this time we had never known successful opposition in this river trade, but Yamhill county, and we suppose chiefly citizens of the region approached by the Yamhill river, have already incorporated a company with \$12,000 capital, the stock of which has been quickly subscribed, and we are informed that a contract has already been entered into with the Messrs. Paquet, of Canemah, for the construction of a staunch freight steamboat, well calculated for that important trade. The directors of the company are Messrs. Henry Warren and W. T. Newby, of McMinnville, John Sampson, of Lafayette, W. Chrisman, of Amity, Wm. Savage, Sheridan.

In looking into this matter let us see how the producers of Yamhill will go to work to protect their own interest; in the first place, to secure reasonable freights, and in the next place to prevent a ruinous competition, for the last is a great evil, being the means consolidated capital resorts to destroy reasonable competition, and producers must guard against that evil as well as others that are more apparent.

It is to be supposed that as the subscriptions of stock to the above-named company are limited to \$100 in any one instance, and as the majority of stockholders do not take over half that amount, that a majority of the producers of the Yamhill river region are interested in the stock of this company; therefore it will be easy for each one so interested to place his grain in the hands of an agent who will dispose of it, *delivered in Portland by their own boat*. The wheat-buyer from abroad, or his agent in Portland, will not stand upon that question if he needs wheat to load his vessel. It is therefore the simplest possible matter for the producers along the Yamhill river to unite their interests and run all competition out of their way.

What we need is competition in freighting to insure reasonable rates, and that is what we have had under the Goldsmith management, but the public support was not given to it, that his company had received a living support their locks and boats would never have been sold out, but would have continued to do the river business at reasonable rates. Certainly he made a gallant fight in the interest of the people, continued it for years, much to the advantage of the producers as a class, who reaped hundreds of thousands of dollars' benefit from his enterprise and persistence.

As a consequence of this neglect and refusal on the part of the public to pay those boats a fair living rate, the Locks Company having kept up a gallant fight for long years, and found themselves hundreds of thousands of dollars out of pocket, gave up the struggle, sold out to a combination whose face was brass and whose soul iron, and have left the people to fight it out to suit themselves. We have no canal and locks, or, if we have, we have got to work and prove our interest in them; we have no competition and we don't deserve anything better, simply because we preferred a "penny wise and pound foolish policy" to one that promised us fair rates of freighting on the Willamette river for long years to come.

Some people are blaming Goldsmith for selling out the locks, and blame Scott & Co. for not running against the new combination, but they have no right to blame either, as these men are no more bound to fight the people's battles than any reader of this is bound to build steamboats and establish a cheap system of freights. The truth of the matter is that none of us are bound to be public benefactors, but it is the public's large that in such matters should work in its own interest, all of which sound very well but means very little, simply because union and harmony of action is not to be readily secured. The public seem to want to be plundered, and the way the Goldsmith Co. was allowed to go down shows that the public is blind to its own interests.

So we find ourselves bound hand and foot and no prospect that any successful effort can be made the present season to free us from the high freight tariff imposed on our river traffic. We revert with some satisfaction to our position some four years since, that the canal and locks at the falls should at a reasonable price become the property of the State. We then assumed that the right of the State would come when the right of the State would be ignored and a strong corporation duly the people. That time seems to have come already, and if no relief is afforded speedily, the promoters of the Willamette valley will be robbed of enough within twelve months to pay the purchase price of the locks. This is rather a cruel position to be in, but we are in for it.

We have given this chapter of steamboat history to prove two things: First, if possible to be had at a reasonable valuation, the State should own and control those locks. This valley is virtually Oregon, and its prosperity that of the State at large. If some such complication is to arise continually, it will worry and cost more than the locks are worth; also we desire that it should be made evident that men of capital cannot afford to establish river competition expecting the public to give them a just and reasonable support, because experience has shown that the public is neither just nor reasoning. The State should be the proper owner and custodian of the locks and if the people want river competition kept up, they must build steamboats for themselves.

For S. Dean.—Elmer Swank, who lived near Brownsville, was found dead in the mountains near Mount Lake, on Wednesday evening last week. He had come with some others to gather blueberries, and got separated from them, and when found some hours afterward, he was dead. The body was brought to Willamette on Tuesday. So says the Astoria newspaper.

A Look of Business.

When over in Yamhill county, a few days ago, and since writing the first editorial, we learned that enterprising citizens of that county have taken the monopoly bull boldly by the horns, and have determined to solve the matter of river navigation for themselves. We have heard so much talk, and talk is so cheap and uncertain an article in business relations, that we despaired almost of seeing the people come promptly up to the realization of their own interests in this respect. But Yamhill county, and we suppose chiefly citizens of the region approached by the Yamhill river, have already incorporated a company with \$12,000 capital, the stock of which has been quickly subscribed, and we are informed that a contract has already been entered into with the Messrs. Paquet, of Canemah, for the construction of a staunch freight steamboat, well calculated for that important trade. The directors of the company are Messrs. Henry Warren and W. T. Newby, of McMinnville, John Sampson, of Lafayette, W. Chrisman, of Amity, Wm. Savage, Sheridan.

sents us faithfully at Philadelphia, at his own expense, taking the chances of reimbursement by the State.

Mr. Dufur has always given full credit to those who have assisted in this work, either with time or money. A few prominent citizens of Portland have promptly aided him with means, so that he was able to collect his material, and certain other gentlemen who were intimately associated with him as members of the State Centennial Board have received due credit. The chief among those who aided in gathering our products were Mr. C. P. Burkhardt, of Albany, and Hon. M. Wilkins, of Lane county, and we are informed that both these gentleman, at the especial request of Mr. Dufur, are soon going East to render him such assistance as he needs during the closing weeks of the Exposition. What he needs is the assistance of practical agriculturists who know how our products are raised, and otherwise thoroughly understand our resources, and these gentlemen are just the ones to render him most valuable aid in that connection. The arduous duties he has imposed upon himself have been almost too much for any one man, and the presence of these gentlemen at the Exposition will be a great relief to him. We know of no other two men in Oregon who could do so well, because they two have been for years associated with Mr. Dufur in his work of preparation.

We understand that they will take East a fair showing of our productions for the present year, which will prove to the world that our exhibit was not the result of an exceptional year.

Pitting Stone Fruits.

We lately had some dealings with Mr. A. Lillie, of Portland, who is the successful inventor of a machine for pitting stone fruits. He accomplishes this by means of two circular saws, that are adjusted to take hold of the fruit as fed through a hopper. These saws revolve towards each other; take hold of the fruit, gripping the stone and holding it as it passes downward, in the grip of the teeth, and a knife is adjusted to separate the meat from the stone while it moves down, and when the teeth let go of the stone it falls in one direction, while the meat goes in another. Any revolving wheel with suitable teeth would answer, and Mr. Lillie uses small, circular saws because they answer the purpose and are ready made to hand. This machine operates equally well with all stone fruits, from a peach to a cherry. During the cherry season he experimented with his machine at the Willamette nursery, Orgeve, and G. W. Walling & Co. attest its capability. Afterwards he took it to Luelling's nursery and orchard, at Millwaukie, and it was found to work so excellently, that Mr. Luelling engaged the use of it for the season. The machine ran through cherries at the rate of eight to the second, and we are informed that Mr. Luelling places its probable capacity, when fully worked, at two thousand pounds a day, of cherries. Of course it will work a much greater bulk of peaches or plums. This machine works so perfectly and supplies so great a want in that direction, that we trust Mr. Lillie will be well rewarded for his enterprise and invention.

A Fault-Finding Farmer.

MELVILLE, July 22, 1876.—
ED. STANDARD.—We take the Willamette Farmer, it professes to be a neutral paper, but it is continually putting in little pieces to help the Republicans; sometimes it is a dispatch, sometimes an extract, but always on one side. It publishes a sketch of the life of Hayes the next week after his nomination, but it waited nearly a month before it announced Tilden. Mr. Clarke has a perfect right to be a Republican, but he has no right to promise farmers a neutral paper and then not give it to them. FARMER.

The only reply we have to make to this attempt to connect this paper with politics is that we have given all sides of every subject, heretic, as mere matter of news of a general character, and challenge any person to define the politics of the editor from anything we may publish. We propose to be fair and impartial in compiling the news and regret that any person has seen fit to connect our name with partisanship as above. Those who live in the same town with us know that we purposely abstain from all active participation in political movements. We shall always vote to suit our own convictions of course.

HOUSUM PUNISHMENT.—Last Friday, a Chinaman, in Salem, whilst sawing wood, was assailed by a lot of young hoodlums, and badly beaten by them. The next day the offending boys were arrested and taken before Justice H. A. Johnson, who imposed a fine of \$5 and costs of suit, upon each. Their names are Charles Kelly, Elie Beer, Walter Wade, Clayton Delany, Jo Bartholet, and Leon Smith.

OREGON AT THE CENTENNIAL.

Not long since we saw a communication in the Oregonian that very briefly seemed to reflect unduly on the conduct and motives of Hon. A. J. Dufur, who is now so efficiently representing Oregon at the great Centennial Exposition. It is very easy to cast reflections on the conduct of our agents at the exposition, but it is difficult to do so without giving offence to the other agents. As far as we are concerned, we can only say that we have given all sides of every subject, heretic, as mere matter of news of a general character, and challenge any person to define the politics of the editor from anything we may publish. We propose to be fair and impartial in compiling the news and regret that any person has seen fit to connect our name with partisanship as above. Those who live in the same town with us know that we purposely abstain from all active participation in political movements. We shall always vote to suit our own convictions of course.

Medical Department of Willamette University.

THE ELEVENTH REGULAR COURSE OF LECTURES of the Medical Department of Willamette University will open on Monday, Dec. 18, 1876, with the following-named Professors:

D. PAYTON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

C. H. HALL, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Medicine.

J. W. McAFEE, M. D., Professor of Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

L. L. HOWLAND, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Microscopy.

D. J. JONES, M. D., Professor of Matrical Medicine and Therapeutics.

A. SHARLES, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery.

D. PAYTON, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology.

HENRY B. MALLORY, United States District Attorney, Professor of Medical Jurisprudence.

All letters of faculty should be addressed to the Dean, Willamette University, Dec. 18, 1876.

Dr. D. PAYTON, M. D., Dean.

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