

The Chinese Question in California.

While the Chinese question is agitating the mind of the people of California, it is important that the citizens of Oregon should have their attention directed to the dangers that threaten us from the same source.

China contains a population of about 450,000,000 of human beings, and can spare enough of her population to fill Oregon and California and all the other States and Territories west of the Rocky Mountains with a dense population, and hardly miss them.

But the manners and customs of the Chinese are so different from American customs that they will forever be antagonistic, and a continual war of races would be the inevitable result.

Besides, a large proportion of the population of the Chinese Empire are a low and degraded class of beings, living in filth, poverty and ignorance, given to lying, stealing, and other vicious habits.

Mr. Editor, I have written this in hope that some more able advocate may have his attention called to this important subject, and who will assist in defending the cause.

mination to get rid of this "worse than African slavery." Let the members of such societies demand a modification of the Burlingame treaty; let them refuse to give countenance or support to any enterprise in which Chinamen are employed; let them refuse to buy from, or sell to, or labor for, any man or corporation who keeps Chinamen employed in any manner.

But, I am told, "We wish to trade with China, and we must tolerate them here, or we will lose their trade." To this I reply, England trades with every nation on the globe, without the necessity or inconvenience of being overrun by their population, and we can do the same.

Mr. Editor, I have written this in hope that some more able advocate may have his attention called to this important subject, and who will assist in defending the cause.

Salem, April 8, 1876.

A Supposed Death by Lobelia.

POISONED.—A serious case of accidental poisoning occurred in South Salem last Monday. A daughter of Mr. George Mercer, aged nine years, had been ailing for several days, and its mother gave it a dose of lobelia as an emetic.

Dr. J. C. Shelton, in the Mercury, makes the following criticism on the above item:

Having noticed in yesterday morning's Daily Statesman, a report of the death of Mr. Mercer's little girl, from poisoning by lobelia, as asserted by Drs. Hall, Reynolds and Carpenter, and being myself an uncompromising friend of lobelia, both from positive knowledge of the agent itself and from a fairly extensive experience in its use as a medicine for fifteen years, during which time I have given and recommended it without weight or measure or fear of consequences, in powder, decoction, infusion, tincture, syrup, oxymel and pill; by the grain, scruple and teaspoonful; to men, women and babes; to the robust, nervous, irritable and debilitated; at morning, noon and night, and every hour in the twenty-four; to the point of nausea, sweating, vomiting, relaxation and alarm, at the rate of a drachm, an ounce and, in a great many instances, four ounces of the seeds in twenty-four hours; by the mouth, the bowels and the skin; and in almost every other way, in more than six thousand separate and distinct cases, without, in any case, any bad effects following its use, I cannot see how it can be possible that this little girl, nine years old, could have been killed by the taking of only one and a half ounces of the weak tincture (I say weak tincture because made from imported herb, nobody knows how long since), in which she could not possibly have taken more than a drachm, or teaspoonful of the powdered herb. But let us see: Mr. Mercer tells me that she was by nature a delicate child, subject to occasional chills and sick spells, as if she might have worms—in fact, had a chill the Friday before. And on the morning of the day of her illness looked very pale and complained of feeling very sick at her stomach, and soon vomited about a quart of dark greenish material before she took any medicine at all, and her mother thinking she ought to vomit more, sent to Weatherford's and obtained two ounces of the tincture of lobelia (a medicine she had given before with perfect confidence), and gave it in teaspoonful doses in composition tea every fifteen minutes until she had given about an ounce and a half, when she vomited again, throwing up about a quart more, and most, if not all, the lobelia, after which she went into the fatal spasm. When Dr. Hall arrived he put her into a hot mustard bath, gave hot coffee and a hypodermic injection of Atropin, deadly nightshade, sent for Drs. Reynolds and Carpenter, pronounced it a case of poisoning by lobelia, repeated the injection of nightshade, coffee and other stimulants until she died. Now, query—What killed the child? The lobelia she took? Most certainly not. For whether ejected or retained, whether used in grains or ounces, whether given to the strong or the feeble, it is alike harmless and reliable. Or was it for want of proper after treatment when lobelia is given? or would she have died without anything? A case in point: I was called about a year ago to see a little girl below town similarly affected, but who had taken nothing. I prepared to give her a bath and medicine, but before giving either, she went into a severe convulsion and died in half an hour. Query—What killed her? Not lobelia, evidently, for I gave her none. But had I given her ever so small a portion, I suppose the conclusion by these physicians would have been that she died from "poisoning by lobelia." The most rational conclusion, therefore, as regards the death of Mr. Mercer's little girl, is that she died from cerebral congestion, the result of reflex nervous action from stomach and bowel irritation produced by worms or other irritants before any medicine was given, and might have occurred had she taken nothing at all. The opinion, therefore, of these physicians, to the effect that she died from poisoning by lobelia was, to say the least of it, hasty and very indiscreet, in fact not true in any essential particular.

There are thousands of respectable families in America who are living on small farms, where they are, by economy and industry, barely able to maintain their children, yet, nevertheless, succeed in raising intelligent, industrious, and moral families, but have not the means to start their children in business; consequently, these young people are thrown upon their own resources when they leave the paternal roof.

It is true, they will have, and expect to have, a hard struggle, but they possess all the necessary qualifications, and are enthusiastic of success. Now, I ask, is it not better that Oregon be filled with the class I have described than to have her filled with rascals, pig-eyed Chinese? I am answered, "Most assuredly, let them come, and welcome." But, suppose they do come, and find every department of industry filled to overflowing with Chinamen. The result will be, they will have but small means to commence with, and seeing little or no opportunity to make anything by their labor, they will leave the country in disgust, and seek a land free from this blighting curse to free institutions, and Oregon, instead of gaining, would be loser in the end.

Suppose the ten thousand Chinese now in Oregon should give place to the same number of the class I have described, with all their energy, what a change we would see in a few years! Lands would be cleared, houses built, schools organized, roads improved, newspapers supported, traffic and commerce increased, and general prosperity take place throughout the land.

The above named pupils attained a standing of seventy per cent., or more, in deportment and scholarship for the term of three months. W. W. H. SAMSON, Teacher. Nedy, Or., April 4, 1876.

MILLINERY GOODS.—Mr. & Mrs. Millican, who have for two years past done a successful millinery business in Starkey's block, Salem, has removed to a very neat store room next to Breyman's corner, where they have already opened a beautiful assortment of spring goods, hats, bonnets, laces, ribbons and fancy articles, and they invite all our lady readers to call upon them there, which we believe they can do to advantage.

WANTED.—A new milch cow. Apply at this office.

C. W. DIMICK, Breeder of Shorthorn and Devon Cattle, Berkshire Pigs & Light Brahma Chickens.

I HAVE ONE DEVON AND EIGHT SHORT-HORN BULLS one year old and over, which I offer CHEAP FOR CASH, or on one or two years' time, at ten per cent., with good security.

SMALL FRUIT INSTRUCTOR. A work of 84 pages, that tells how to grow fruits in abundance the first year, and how to increase the crop the second year.

W. L. ADAMS, M.D., A.M. LL.D., Office on First Street, (Between Taylor and Salmon.) PORTLAND, - - OREGON.

THE Doctor is now curing Chronic Disease of the Urinary Organs, by new and rational methods of treatment, on moderate terms.

Out of a host of certificates as to the result of his treatment which could be published, the following are offered to sufferers. They do not embrace, however, the most remarkable of his cures:

CERTIFICATES.

PORTLAND, Feb. 5, 1876. I suffered four years from Bright's kidney, enlarged prostate and chronic catarrh of bladder. I tried several doctors, got worse, and was obliged to stop. I had a friend prevailed on me to call on Dr. W. L. Adams. I was soon relieved of suffering. In July was able to work in harvest, and have worked ever since. Feel quite well and happy. Dr. W. L. Adams is a noble man.

For four years I was a miserable sufferer from syphilis, enlarged prostate gland, and rheumatism. I spent two thousand dollars on doctors in New York and San Francisco, and didn't get much, if any, relief. I finally concluded to take the advice that Judge Hummel gave me, and "place myself under the care of Dr. W. L. Adams. His treatment astonished me in its results. I am free from pain, and have been since the third day after I began treatment. I am in the best of health, and give this statement for the benefit of others, though, for reasons the public will understand, I do not give my full name. F. G. C.

YAMHILL COUNTY, Feb. 10, 1876. For many years I was a sufferer from chronic rheumatism, distressing piles, and palpitation of the heart, so that life was a burden. I finally went to Portland, and was cured by Dr. W. L. Adams. I am now free from pain, and can work hard all day without being tired. Although 56 years old, I feel like a boy again. The benefit I got from his treatment is worth more to me than all the gold in Nevada. O. H. ADAMS.

LITTLE FALLS, W. T., Jan. 25, 1876. In hammering a piece of steel, a fragment of it penetrated my left eye. I went to Portland, suffering from pain, and was cured by Dr. W. L. Adams. Several doctors examined and counseled, they told me that my eye must be taken out, as it was impossible to save it, and that if I didn't have it taken out I would lose the other eye, too. On my way to the hotel, a good Samaritan advised me, before consulting to be butchered, to see Dr. Adams. I did so, thank God—and he soon relieved me of pain, took the steel from my eye, and cured me, saving my eye, saving me from great suffering, and saving me several hundred dollars. I feel more grateful toward him than language can express. HENRY BOOTH.

CLATSOP CO., W. T., Feb. 5, 1876. My youngest babe, which weighed eight and three-quarter pounds when born, fell off to seven pounds and a half in three months, as it had never retained a particle of milk on its stomach, but lived by sucking sugar tied up in a cloth. It became a real ring worm, and difficulties set in that threatened to kill it in a few days. My neighbors said, "Don't take it to a doctor; no doctor can save it; it will only die the sooner." One person, however, advised me to take it to Dr. Adams, of Portland, Oregon. I did so, and in three months it was fat, bouncing boy, weighing fourteen pounds. It began to live on milk from the time Dr. Adams began to treat it, and consider it almost a miraculous cure, and so do others. I make this statement for the benefit of other sufferers. SARAH J. WASHBURN.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1, 1876. After having failed to get any relief from physicians here for an unknown trouble, I wrote to Dr. Adams, of Portland, Oregon, giving my symptoms. He sent me medicine for a time, which it soon relieved me of one twenty or thirty feet long. Miss B. M. S.

PORTLAND, March 7, 1876. I am now 33 years old, and suffered as none can describe, which eminent physicians East assured me they could cure. I have now been under Dr. Adams' treatment one month, and feel like a new man. His treatment has seemed to me to act almost miraculously, as I was relieved of nearly every particle of my trouble in a very short time after I began treatment. I feel as though I would like to recommend other sufferers to go where I and many others did and get relief. GEORGE W. SWANK.

DR. ADAMS writes no prescriptions, and rarely sends out medicine, as little can be done for such as usually need his aid unless he can have the patient under his constant watch and care as the treatment advances. Only letters containing stamps, giving symptoms, and asking for an opinion, will be answered. Patients may rely upon being dealt fairly and honestly with—no deception, no falsehood, no humbugging, to get people's money. Do unto others as you would have them do to you. It is a rule he is trying to live up to.

A Lady always in the Office, to assist in treating Women. PORTLAND, March, 1876.

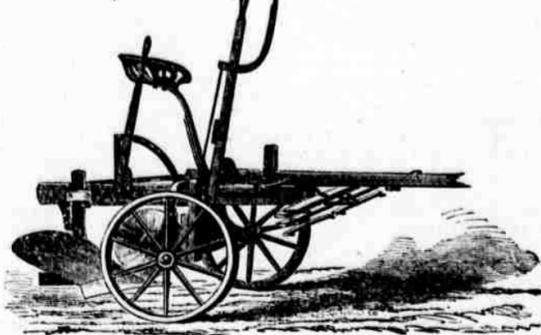
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WE HAVE ON HAND, AND ARE RECEIVING, THE LARGEST STOCK OF THE ABOVE CELEBRATED PLOWS ever imported to the Pacific Coast. The success of these Plows last year exceeded any thing ever before known in this State.

Warranted Superior to any Plow in the United States!

THE GARDEN CITY SULKY PLOW,



Cutting 14 and 16 inches, with 3-horse attachment, and 16-inch rolling Cutter is without a rival. It has been so thoroughly tested that we warrant its operation in any soil in the State. These Plows are sold with that guaranty.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND PRICE LISTS.

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If You Want a Safe Purgative, Use Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills. They will relieve the Stomach and Bowels, without Gripping, and cleanse the whole alimentary canal.

If You Want a Liver Stimulant, Use Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills. They will restore the Action of the Liver, and remove all obstructions of the biliary duct. They may be relied on in all Affections of the Liver, and are especially helpful in cases of Bilious Dyspepsia.

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Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills are of great help in removing Skin Diseases, originating from an Impure Condition of the Blood. They may be taken at all times without danger, and while using them, you may eat and drink as usual.

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J. W. Sleeper & Co., of the Connor creek mine, Baker county, have struck a remarkably rich body of ore. In quality and quantity it exceeds anything heretofore struck in this famous mine.

The ledge is eight feet wide, and the ore is taken from the depth of 300 feet. Of this body of ore, three feet in width fairly sparkles with gold, and the balance of the ledge is good milling rock, which will run from \$15 to \$20 per ton. The mine is very easily worked, very little blasting being required. Rock can be taken out and milled at a cost of \$7 per ton, including wear and tear of machinery. In a run of three days [five stamps] last week, Mr. Sleeper cleaned up 70 ounces, which in bar was 82 1/2 fine, gold.

The Agricultural Bureau estimate the cotton crop at 4,100,000 bales.

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I OFFER FOR SALE, ON LONG CREDIT, TO responsible parties, valuable property and interests as follows:

Lots and Blocks in Portland, Or., With or without houses on them.

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1,000 or more acres of Timbered, Prairie, or Swale LANDS, near rivers and railroads, at less than Government prices.

An interest in a STEAM SAW MILL, which has the best paying business in the State.

Valuable Placer and Quartz MINES in Eastern Oregon, with water supply and modern machinery for mining attached. Also, Quartz Mills, Ferry Rights, and Toll Roads—all of which property can be paid for out of the proceeds of the business.

ALSO, Money Loaned and Borrowed on good security, and notes discounted.

Also, Locate Homesteads, Land Warrants, and College Scrip, on selected Government Lands.

Property in Portland, and outside lands EXCHANGED for property in other States.

On all sales, time will be given for nearly the whole amount.

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Rev. T. CONDON, A. M., Professor of Natural History.

JOS. W. MARSH, A. M., Professor of Latin and Greek.

D. ROBB, A. M., Principal of Academy.

Mrs. M. P. SPILLER, Preceptress.

The school year consists of three terms, beginning respectively on the first Wednesday of September, December, and March.

In the University the tuition is \$45 per year, and in the Academy \$30 per year—payable per term in advance.

Board can be had at from \$3 to \$4 per week. Examinations for admission will be held on 8th and 9th days, at 9 a. m., at the College.

For further information, address the President or any other members of the Faculty.

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ALL PERSONS SUFFERING FROM ANTHRA, Bronchitis, Induced Phthisis, Incipient Consumption, and wishing to be PERMANENTLY CURED, please inform me, in person or by letter. My address is NEDDY, Clatsop county, Oregon. J491105 H. M. DAUGHERTY.

Oregon Steamship Company's STEAMBOATS.

THE STEAMER ALICE WILL LEAVE SALEM for Corvallis and intermediate points on Monday and Thursday of each week about 3 p. m. Returning will leave Salem for Portland at 8 a. m. Steamer BONANZA will leave for the same points on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Jan. 21, 11. W. H. McCULLY, Agent.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In County Court, Marion County, Oregon. Estate of R. C. Kinney, deceased.

A. W. KINNEY, administrator of said estate, having filed his accounts in said court, praying a final settlement of the same: It is therefore ordered that said application be heard at the Court-house in Salem on Friday, the 14th day of April, 1876, at 2 o'clock p. m., at which time and place all persons interested will please appear and file objections to the same, if any exist. Salem, Marion county, Oregon, March 15, 1876. JOHN C. FREELER, County Judge.

DR. M. Y. CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE, Durbin's block, up stairs.