WILLAMETTE FARMER

Salem, Friday, March 31, 1876.

DIRECTORY.

OFFICERS of the NATIONAL GRANGE.

Master—John T Jones, Barton Phillips, Ark.
Overseer—J. J. Woodman, Paw Paw, Van Buren, Mich
Lecturer—A. B Smedley, Cresco, Howard, Ia.
Steward—A. J. Vaughn, Memphis, Tenn.
Ass't Steward—Mortimer Whitehead, Middlebush, Somerset, N. J.
Chaplain—S. H. Ellis, Springbrough, Warren, O.
Treasurer—F. M. McDowell, Wayne, Steuben, N. Y.
Secretary—O. H. Kelley, Coldville, Ky.
Gate-Keeper—O. Blawkiddle, Orchard Grove, Ind.
Ceres—Mrs. John T. Jones, Barton, Phillips, Ark.
Flora—Mrs. Samuel E. Adams, Monticello, Minn.
Pomona—Mrs Harvey Goddard, North Granby, Ct.
Lady Assistant Steward—Miss Caroline A. Hall, Louisville, Ky.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

D. Wyatt Aiken, Chairman, Cokesbury, S. C.
E. R. Shankland, Dubuque Iowa.
Dudley T. Chase, Claremont N. H
Alonzo Gilder, Rock Falls, Whiteside, Ill.
W. H. Chambers, Oswecheee, Russell, Ala.

Officers of Oregon State Grange.

Master—Daniel Clark, Salem P. O.
Secretary—J. H. Smith, Harrisburg.
Overseer—Wm. Cyrus, Scio.
Lecturer—E. L. Smith, Olympia, W. T.
Steward—W. M. Shelton, Walla Walla, W. T.
Assistant Steward—W. M. Powers, Shedd's.
Chaplain—M. Peterson, Jacksonville.
Treasurer—S. P. Lee, Portland.
Gate-Keeper—A. A. Mathews, Lookingglass.
Ceres—Mrs. Jane Cyrus, Scio.
Pomona—Mrs. M. A. Powers, Shedd.
Flora—Mrs. L. C. Reed, McMinnville.
Lady Ass't Steward—Mrs. L. S. Folsom, Junction.
Executive Committee—Daniel Clark, Salem; S. W. Brown, Vancouver, W. T; C. E. Moor, Corvallis; H. Hill, Junction; A. W. Stanard, Brownsville; R. ow, Dallas; C. C. Crane, Walla Walla, W. T.
State Business Agent—S. P. Lee, Portland.

State Grange Deputies for 1876

	Post Office.	Express.
DOUGLAS.		
A A Mathew	Looking Glass	Rossburg
COOS.		
J Henry Shroeder	Ott	
JACKSON.		
D S E Buick	Ashland	Jacksonville
BAKER.		
Wm Brown	Baker City	Baker City
JOSEPHINE.		
Wm W Fidler	Applegate	Jacksonville
LANE.		
H N Hill	Junction City	Junction City
Geo E Hamersley	Camp Creek	Eugene City
Pascoe Knox	Creswell	
LINN.		
Wm Cyrus	Scio	Marion Station
R A Irvine	Lebanon	Albany
J H Smith	Harrisburg	Harrisburg
BENTON.		
C E Moor	Corvallis	Corvallis
H B Nicholls	Monroe	
E J Grant	King's Valley	
MARION.		
R A Witzel	Turner	Salem
B F Castleman	Butteville.	
LAKE.		
J J Charlton	Goose Lake	Jacksonville
POLK.		
J B Stamp	Buena Vista.	
W A Henry	Zena.	
Robert Clow	Dallas.	
YAMHILL.		
J C Henderson	Amity	
A B Henry	La Fayette	
WASHINGTON.		
T D Humphrey	Hillsboro	Hillsboro
E E Fanning	Cornelius	
CLACKAMAS.		
A R Shipley	Oswego	Oregon City
N W Randall	Oregon City	
MULTNOMAH.		
J Johnson	East Portland	East Portland
John Moore	"	"
WASCO.		
R Mays	Tygh	The Dalles
J H Douthit	Upper Deloco	"
GRANT.		
D R Ritchart	Canyon City	Canyon City
UMATILLA.		
J S White	Weston	Weston
CLATSOP.		
A H Sale	Astoria	Astoria
TILLAMOOK.		
H P Holden	Tillamook	North Yamhill
COLUMBIA		
G W Maxwell	Columbia City	
E W Conyers	Kaskanine	
UNION.		
N R Rees	Cove	

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

WALLA WALLA.		
W M Shelton	Walla Walla	Walla Walla
COLUMBIA.		
George Hunter	Dayton	
WHITMAN.		
Henry Spalding	Ewartsville	Colfax
S P Gilliland	Colfax	Colfax
CHEHALIS.		
M Z Goodale	Elma	
PIERCE.		
S S Ma Kham	Chehalis Point	
THURSTON.		
L G Abbott	Olympia	Olympia
E Longmire	Yelm	
KING.		
Julius Horton	Seattl'e	Seattle
LEWIS.		
T M Pierson	Claquato	
YAKIMA.		
C P Cox	Kllensburg	
COWLITZ.		
John S. Bozarth	Pekin	
CLARK.		
W S Durgin	Vancouver	
KLICKITAT.		
Geo Miller	Klikhat City	

IDAHO TERRITORY.

NEZ PERCE.		
J S Howard	Paradise Valley	Lewiston
W C Pierson	Mt. Idaho	"
ADA.		
L P Carter	Boise City	
E J Smith	"	
M Russell	Weiser	
R H Robb	Payette	

In any county where the Deputy is, pointed is not the most suitable, and the Granges of the locality will properly indicate to me a choice. I will be pleased, for in many instances I have been obliged to make appointments without knowledge.

DANIEL CLARK,
Master Oregon State Grange, P. of H.

Clackamas County Council.

The Clackamas County Council meets on the fourth Friday of each month at 11 o'clock a. m. Place of meeting, at J. G. Trullinger's mill, near the center of the county.

Officers—N. W. Randall, President; A. Nichols, Vice President; W. W. H Samson, Secretary, P. O., Needy; John Ring, Treasurer; Frank Vaughn, 1st Steward; N. H. Darnall, 2d Steward; Wm Riggs, Gatekeeper.

Brethren in good standing are invited to meet with us.

By order of the Council.

W. W. H. SAMSON, Sec'y.

Notice to Patrons.

The Post Office address of S. P. Lee, Treasurer of the State Grange of Oregon, is changed from Oregon City to Portland. Express packages will also be forwarded to Portland.

Notice to the P. of H.

There will be a meeting of the Marion County Council, at Salem, on Tuesday, April 4th, at ten a. m. of said day. We hope that each Grange in the county will send up its representatives, and if there be any Granges that have failed to elect members from their Grange to attend the Council, we would be glad to see any of the Fourth degree members present.

JOHN DOWNING, President.
March 21st, 1876.

Value of a Good Garden.

We invite correspondence for the FARMER on a subject of very great importance, and one, too, that has never received in our columns, or in those of any Oregon journal, the attention it deserves. April is upon us, and April is a month when gardens are made, or should be made, all through the land. No home or household can be attractive that does not possess an excellent garden, and we venture to say that really excellent gardens are exceptional among farmers. Let us see for a moment of what a good garden should consist.

A good supply of fruits and vegetables constitute the luxury of farm life. Without these a farm is really a "ranch," and with them it is a home spot where the farmer can cordially welcome his friends and his wife can provide luxuriously for their entertainment. The creation of a garden is not the work of a day, or a month, or even of a single year; therefore we urge the consideration of the subject upon our readers in the hope that they will commence the present spring to lay the permanent foundations for an excellent garden, if they are not fortunate in having done so already.

Spring is the season of the year when meats are poor and vegetables are out of date, for those that have kept are wilted and have lost crisp excellence and vital freshness. Here in town we can already purchase young radishes, onions, and greens, which form a healthful and appetizing relish at the worst season of the year. There is no reason why every farmer in Oregon cannot possess this luxury, and we hope all do—but we doubt it. Soon fruits will be all gone, save those dried or canned, but with the early spring the garden will furnish the acid pie-plant stems for sauce or pies, and before they are gone the young currants are fit to cook. Soon after strawberries are red ripe, then currants and raspberries and blackberries follow in their season and cherries and plums fill out the summer.

One of the greatest luxuries and most healthful products of the early spring is the asparagus sprout, than which nothing is more delicious, and an asparagus bed, once planted and in good bearing, will be the friend of a life time—yet how many of our readers possess this inestimable luxury of the spring time?

Gardening is essentially the business of the wife, not that she should do all the work, though it can afford her pleasant outdoor occupation, if she can spare the time: but she should plan the garden, and the husband should see her wishes carried out. It is true that in April he is full of work, finishing sowing wheat and oats, but for all that, there is no duty of the farm more necessary and imperative than to provide a good garden, care for it well, and make it do its full share towards supporting the family.

In return for the labor bestowed by the husband on the garden, in which the wife will be delighted to assist, see what luxuries she will serve up for his table; all the vegetables and fruits that ripen this season are at his disposal: with early spring asparagus, radishes, young onions, sprouts for greens, berries and fruits of all kinds, early vegetables in season, affording a means of good health and a delicious variety that will circle the year and bless every week and every month.

Now who will enter this wide and important field and give valuable experience, discussing the merits of the subject fully and make a good garden as pleasant to read about as to enjoy the possession of? It strikes us that the theme is one of which many of our lady friends should have considerable to say.

The Eclipse.

This latitude and longitude was favored, on Saturday the 25th inst., with a fine view of the solar eclipse, which was visable between intervals of storms. March had forfeited somewhat of its bad reputation for a week or so beforehand, by being very mild-mannered and spring-like; the birds were caroling, the buds swelling, and there was a mild, spring-like feeling to the atmosphere that made even the rains not unpleasant. The solar eclipse lasted for two hours and three-quarters, the shadow of the moon at its climax leaving us only a rim of solar light, crescent shaped, about the appearance as to size and shape of the moon in its newness. Of course it was infinitely more brilliant than the moon, but there was a gray glimmer about the partial sunlight, when the eclipse was well matured, that resembled neither the light of morning or evening, but spoke of a day with its glory dimmed.

Many persons knew the hour of its coming, and passage, from a quarter past eleven to two o'clock, and were prepared to observe it carefully. It is a question whether the change of temperature that was perceived for two days afterwards, was not due to this shutting off of a portion of Mother Earth's natural supply of sunshine for a couple of hours and we see no reason why the colder weather that prevailed for forty-eight hours afterwards may not reasonably be chargeable to that cause.

The *Union* is informed by Major Connoyer that there are now at the Umatilla reservation some 300 buck Indians from the Spokane, Columbia, and Willowa, at the consultation upon the question of removal. They have assembled at the invitation of "Young Chief," and appear inclined to favor removal. The question of their future location is one that calls out a great deal of discussion. The favorite locality with them seems to be the Willowa valley. The Indians desire to send a delegation to Washington to negotiate a treaty on this matter.

MIDDLETOWN, March 27.—Ryedyk's famous stallion, Hambletonian, died at Chester last night, aged 28 years. He was the sire of the most noted and valuable trotting stock in the country.

Dallas has a population of 800, Independence 500, and Buena Vista 300.

Tobacco Chewers.

ED. FARMER: I notice in late numbers of the FARMER, that there has been a great deal said about tobacco chewers, by certain individuals, among whom is my friend Wm. Porter, of Aumsville. They have even gone so far as to figure up the cost of a man's tobacco in cows and calves. I think they would feel differently if they were to try the experiment, as one of my tobacco-hating neighbors has this spring. His bull calf died at a week old, and he has had to pull up on his old cow's tail every morning for a month. Do not understand me to say that I would advocate the use of tobacco. By no means. I think it is a bad practice to begin with. But as those addicted to its use have remained silent, I will make a few remarks in answer to my friends.

Their great cry and big argument seems to be the extravagance of chewers. If this is the foundation upon which their platform rests, we think it rather shaky. What is money for, and how many more articles might we name for which men spend large sums of money? Do our friends confine their families to bread, meat, and water only? Let them count the thousands which they spend for groceries and fine clothes. If the dollar is the only point in view a man might as well spend money for one thing as for another. Although their estimated amount of what a man chews is so vast, we fail to notice any difference between the financial abilities of the two classes. I have never taken a chew of tobacco in my life, nor would I for a dollar each, yet I can't see that I get along any better than some of my young friends who are habitual chewers. I am surprised at my friend Wm's. avariciousness, when he has so often read that the "love of money is the root of all evil," and it is ruining our nation as he and every one else must see. It is well enough to teach financial economy to those who handle the affairs of State, &c., but when people spend their own money, please don't meddle. If you don't spend your money while living, when you die what port are you bound for, and how will you ship your gold? Call again.

HENRY NOTT.
Sublimity, March 27th, 1876.

For the Willamette Farmer.

How to Break a Colt.

Get him in a large corral, throw a running noose on him, get on the outside and draw him up to a post, make the rope fast, poke him with sticks, spit on his nose, and yell like a Comanche. Never mind if he chokes and beats his head against the fence, he can't feel; he ought to have more sense, any how. Keep this up till he won't jump. Then get on the inside; take a blanket, and throw it under his heels, on his back, or any where, to frighten him. Don't forget your yell; a good pair of lungs goes a great way toward taming a wild horse. Should you get hoarse, set your dogs on him. Tell your son to bring you some old tin cans; bang him with these till you think you have conquered him. Then scream out, "Wo!" Go up to him, and give him a good familiar slap on the back. If he gets frightened, and treads on your toes, curse like a sailor; pommel him with a fence-rail, and tell him you'll learn him who he is fooling with. He'll understand. Go for him till you are completely exhausted; then sit down, and tell your son to bring your saddle, and the bridle with a Spanish bit. Don't forget to curse. Then get up, throw him down, and put on your saddle and bridle. Draw the girth tight enough to cut him half in two; a new one is the best, as it tackles most. Put on a big pair of bell spurs; besides being a good thing to frighten your horse with, it gives you the appearance of a good horseman. Let him up; get on; and if he promises to go off quietly, give him a good dig with the spurs—this will cause him to buck, and you will have an opportunity to show your family what a good rider you are. If he don't succeed in getting you off, run him about ten miles and back. Put him up, and don't feed or water him for a week. If he isn't broke by that time, give it up as a bad job.

EPHRAIM SLEEK.

HIGH HANDED PROCEEDINGS.—Mr. John Palmer, writing from Beaver Creek, Columbia county, under date of March 21st, gives an account of the forcible abduction of his daughter from her home by several men. He says: "One of the most outrageous affairs happened here to-day that has ever been known in a civilized country. Five men came to my house this morning about 10 o'clock, armed with two Henry rifles, two double-barrel shotguns and one Spencer carbine, and catching hold of my oldest daughter carried her off by main force. Three of the men carried the girl away, while the other two concerned in the abduction walked some distance behind to guard the trail and prevent pursuit. At the time of the abduction me and my son were absent from home, and no one was in the house but my wife, four small children and a daughter about 15 years old. I reached the house a few minutes after the men were gone, and was informed by my wife of the outrage which had been perpetrated. We both started in pursuit and saw the three men with our daughter just as they turned the bend of the creek. However, the two men who were behind presented their guns and told us that if we came a step nearer they would blow our brains as far as powder would do it. By their threats and cocked weapons they kept me and my wife at bay until the other men got off with our daughter." The writer adds that the men concerned in this high handed proceeding are all of notoriously bad character. He gives us their names, but for obvious reasons they were suppressed. We understand that the matter is now in the hands of the proper authorities, and a thorough investigation of the affair will be had.—*Oregonian.*

SUDDEN DEATH.—From the *Statesman* we learn that a man named Thomas Knill died very suddenly at the residence of Eld. J. Harritt, in Polk county, about two miles from Salem, on Monday last. He was one of Mr. Harritt's farm laborers and had gone to work as well as usual, and after having worked about an hour he was seen sitting in an unnatural position which attracted the attention of Mr. Harritt, and upon investigation deceased was found in an unconscious state when he was carried to the house and a physician sent for, but he lived only a short time. It is thought apoplexy was the cause of his death.

The "Scalp List."

ED. FARMER: In looking over the Premium List of the State Agricultural Society, the last three items held my attention. It is the "Scalp list," and reads—"one black woodpecker equal to three squirrels—one crow equal to one squirrel—one jay bird equal to one squirrel."

Supposing the first to be the "Pileated woodpecker," or as it is more commonly called "Logcock," I would like to ask the Society or some one who knows, what this bird has been guilty of that he should merit a standard so much higher than his fellows? or, in other words, why should his destruction be desired in three-fold proportion as compared with the crow and jay, when their destruction is wanton, and results in positive evil by destroying the balance between the birds and insects.

And another point is, that, after reading the list, I find on the same sheet and matter "set up" in the same office an article entitled "SPARE THE CROW," the reading of which produces a wonderful inconsistency.

And now regarding the State Agricultural Society in the light of teachers to the masses of farmers, and knowing the members to be noted for their zeal in promoting the interests of this class, I but reiterate the opinion of men who have made this a life-long study when I suggest that it would be better to leave *all birds* out of the "scalp list." And now will some one tell me the nature of the woodpecker's crimes and misdemeanors?

O. B. JOHNSON.
Forest Grove, March 27, 1876.

The Patrons' Helper.

We call attention of our readers to the fact that we club with the *Patrons' Helper* published at Des Moines, Iowa, which is a most excellent, lively, and readable Grange paper, having a wide circulation, as we judge from the fact that we had a card published in that paper and are daily in receipt of applications referring to it, asking for specimen copies of the FARMER, which come from every State in the Union, literally from Maine to Texas and Nebraska. This speaks well for the circulation and enterprise of the *Helper*. Any Subscriber can send us ONE DOLLAR IN COIN, and will receive it for the year to come, though to others than our subscribers it will come at a dollar and a half.

ON THE WAR PATH.—The *Spirit* says there is an industrious and quite intelligent squaw in Walla Walla who makes her regular rounds every week, doing washing wherever such labor is required. She informs her customers that last Friday seventy of the young and discontented warriors had left their homes on the Spokane to join the Sioux in their strife against the whites. We learn something of the same nature from Umatilla. A large portion of the Snakes are also forming an alliance with their former enemy; in fact, we are led to believe that many Indian tribes who have heretofore been apparently friendly, will join in the coming struggle as a last resort to arms. Others again, especially the Crows and Pawnees, will join the whites, as the Warm Spring Indians clung to the military during the Modoc campaign.

The California Legislature has just enacted a law which provides for punishing wife-beaters by public whipping.

To the Independent Voters of Marion County.

The undersigned appointed as a Central Committee by the Independent County Convention two years ago, beg leave to submit the following as the result of the Independent movement at that time:

1st. The most useful session of the Legislature the State has had for many years.

2nd. Two years of administration of the State Government the freest from adverse criticism of any similar period in the history of our State Government.

3rd. While the above beneficial results have been secured to our State by the resolute action of patriotic independent citizens who place the public weal above the ties of party and designs of faction, we deem that duty to our country demands, more imperatively now than ever before, that party obligations should be held in subjection to the public welfare. With that purpose only in view, and considering it unnecessary to multiply parties where the desired object can be reached without, your Committee, after consulting with many friends, advise awaiting the action of the Republican and Democratic conventions, and in case they together do not place before the public trustworthy men, a call for a mass meeting will be made and such action taken as seems best for the public good.

HENRY SMITH,
proxy for G. W. Gray,
WM WALDO,
JOHN MINTO.
Salem, March 29, 1876.

The Largest Workshop of the Body is the Liver, whose office it is to withdraw the bile from the blood; when this important organ does not act, the skin assumes a yellow appearance, and generally a Sick Headache sets in, with chilly sensations, and cold hands and feet, accompanied with loss of appetite. The system becomes clogged, the machinery does not work well, and both mind and body are disordered, the afflicted becoming cross and fretful, finding fault with everything around them. To any person in this condition Dr. D. Jayne's Sanative Pills are recommended; by their stimulating action the Liver soon recovers its healthy tone, and is enabled to perform its proper functions. Costiveness is cured, and all the aggravating symptoms of biliousness removed.

When you visit Portland do not fail to go and see Wood's Museum, with its 70,000 curiosities. Admission only 25 cents.

BORRINGTON NURSERY, F. K. PHŒNIX, Bloomington, Ill. Price lists free. 4 Catalogues, 25c.

Election Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Election of School District No. 24, Marion County, Oregon, will be held at the old Court House in Salem, on the 3d day of April A. D. 1876, for the purpose of electing one Director and a Clerk. Polls open from 2 p. m. to 6 p. m.

L. F. WILLIAMS, Clerk

School Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting, School District No. 24, for Marion County, Oregon, will be held at Reed's Opera House on Monday, April 10th, 1876, at half-past seven o'clock p. m., for the support of the Common Schools of said District for the school year of 1876-7, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

L. F. WILLIAMS,
Clerk School District No. 24.

To Farmers and Breeders.

THERE WILL STAND THIS SEASON (IF NOT sold) the beautiful bay **Half-Bred**

Clydesdale Colts,

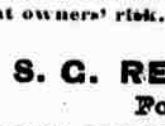
ROMANCE and **ADVENTURE**, rising three, by Emperor, and property of W. CHALMERS, Cornelia Farm, five miles north of **Cornelius**, Washington county, from the first of April to the first of July. Terms, **$20 to insure**, payable after the 30th of November.

W. CHALMERS.
Cornelia Farm, March 24th, 1876. w8

TO BREEDERS

..OF..

Trotting and Draft Horses.



THE FOLLOWING STALLIONS WILL make the season of 1876 at

Five Oaks Farm,

Washington County, 5 miles N. E. of Hillsboro, commencing APRIL 1st.

The Pure-Bred Imported
Clydesdale Stallion,
YOUNG MARQUIS.
TERMS—$40 to Insure.

The Trotting Stallion
AUTOCRAT.
TERMS—$50 to Insure.

Mares served by either of the above Stallions and disposed of before foaling time, must be paid for as in foal.

Good Pasturage furnished Mares from a distance free of charge. **Escapes or accidents at owners' risk.**

Apply to

S. C. REED,
Portland,
Or **ALECK LOTHIAN,**
At Five Oaks Farm, P. O. address, Hillsboro.

SEEDS

GROWN AND IMPORTED BY **AUGUSTUS B. TABOR, Toledo, Ohio.** Send for Price List

STATE AGENCY

FOR THE
Patrons of Husbandry.
Front Street, near Flanders' Wharf,
PORTLAND, - - - - OREGON.
Address all communications to S. P. LEE, Agent.

Patronize Home Manufactures!

WILLAMETTE
Stove Works

HAVING THE BEST PATTERN OF STOVES now made, and the latest improvements, we are manufacturing Stoves at

The Lowest Rates.

Also HOLLOW WARE, and all STOVE EXTRAS cast on orders. We most respectfully solicit your patronage for the **Dexter Stove.**

RICHARDS & RODGERS,
PORTLAND, Or., Proprietors.
Front St., betw. Main and Madison. mh24tf6

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the County Court of Marion County, Oregon, made at its March term, 1876, I will sell at public auction, for cash in hand in coin, on Saturday, the 15th day of April, 1876, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court House door in Salem, in said county, the real estate belonging to the estate of James E. Hall, deceased, and described as follows, to-wit: The undivided one-half of Donation Land Claim, No. 47, in Township 8 S., R. 1 W., being parts of Sections 7, 18 and 19, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point 50.00 chains East of the S. W. corner of Section 18 in said township, and running thence North 1 deg. 45 min., East 31.47 chains; thence North 81 deg. 30 min., W. 0.42 chains; thence North 8 deg. 27 min., East 30.00 chains; thence South 74 deg. 29 min., East 37.90 chains; thence South 15 deg. 30 min., West 128.31 chains; thence North 71 deg. 15 min. West 4.00 chains; thence South 7 deg. 00 min., West 20.20 chains; thence North 72 deg. 55 min., West 18.18 chains; thence North 1 deg. 45 min., East 51.27 chains, to the place of beginning, being in Marion County, Oregon.

WM. P. PUGH,
Administrator of said Estate.
March 21, 1876-4w.

BEN ROY,

—SIRED BY—

Young England's Glory,

HAVING MADE TWO SUCCESSFUL SEASONS at Salem, with the best results as to his progeny, at the request of many of my old customers will stand again at the

Stable of Durbin & Smith,

where he can be found
FROM THIS DATE UNTIL JULY, 1876.

TERMS:

Single Service,	$15
By the Season,	20
To Insure,	30

D. GRIERSON.
Salem, March 17, 1876.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

On account of business changes in the firm of **A. N. GILBERT & CO.,** they offer their entire stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES
At Cost,

without reserve, for **30 DAYS**, on which the terms will be **CASH.** m9m.