



Salem, Friday, April 30, 1875.

State Grange Deputies for 1875

Farmers of Oregon, and Washington and Idaho Territories: Organize for self-protection and for the enlightenment of the industrial pursuits. To facilitate this work, I have commissioned the following persons as my Deputies, in this jurisdiction, to institute Granges, and to have a general supervision of our work in their respective jurisdictions:

For Douglas County—R. M. Gurney, Ten Mile P. O. Coos—J. Henry Schroeder, Gilt P. O.

Clackamas County Council.

The Clackamas County Council meets on the fourth Friday of each month at 11 o'clock a. m. Place of meeting, at J. G. Trullinger's mill, near the center of the county.

Notice to Patrons.

The Post Office address of S. P. Lee, Treasurer of the State Grange of Oregon, is changed from Oregon City to Portland. Express packages will also be forwarded to Portland.

Remittances.

Money due the FARMER can be paid to the State Agent at Portland, Mr. A. Warner, if more convenient than sending the same to this office.

Angora Goats.—Last Fall Messrs. Seth Hammer and Matt. Small divided their flocks of Angora goats, and Mr. Small informs us that he has just sheared eleven head, most of which were kids last year, seven-eighths and eleven-sixteenths blood, and they yielded from one-half to two and one-half pounds to the fleece.

Imposing the Berrets.

The dispatches devote a great deal of space to the description of the imposing ceremonies attending the conferring of the insignia of his new office on Cardinal McClosky. It was a ceremony attended with all the magnificence that can be given by the Roman Catholic Church, and calculated to appeal to the senses as well as the soul.

Poison from Salt.—We have heard several instances of salt being fed to stock that poisoned and killed them, and Mr. Matt. Small informs us that he bought a sack of 100 pounds at Silverton that proved very disastrous to stock.

Agricultural Society Notice.

We call attention to the notice published by the Agricultural Society, notifying all persons who own buildings inside inside the Fair Ground enclosure to remove them by the 15th of May. This is of some importance to those who are immediately interested, and we therefore call especial attention to the advertisement of the Society which appears elsewhere.

IMMIGRATION.

The influx of immigration to our State has commenced with the opening of Spring and our hearts are cheered by the knowledge that about a thousand persons per month are coming into Oregon to find homes, most of them at least, while a few will of course be dissatisfied. If the gates of Paradise were thrown open all would not enter, neither can we expect that all who look at Oregon will be satisfied to find homes here. Still many are coming, and so far as we see they show satisfaction with the country and climate, and proceed directly to find locations according to their means and former habits of labor.

There is one class of persons who as a general rule are satisfied to locate and content to remain. We refer to those who seek a country that has an assured future but do not expect too much of the present; who consider climate, soil, natural resources and advantages in making a location, and have moderate means at command. These can go anywhere in the Willamette valley, or on the Columbia or Sound regions, and buy homes at a not unreasonable figure and become immediately at home in Oregon. A man with from \$2,000 to \$10,000 can find something to suit him, if he has reasonable expectations, for all through this country more or less land is for sale, as many have enough to divide, and some wish to sell out and remove to the pasture ranges east of the Cascades.

The determined worker who has strength to work with and will to use it, can do well here, even if he has not a dollar. This used to be a blessed haven for the poor man, and still offers a good field for pushing industry to work in, as yet it offers less sure rewards to the professional man, or even the mechanic, than to the hard working agriculturist. Professional men are here in abundance but a man of talent can make his way here as elsewhere. Mechanics do well, but the field is of course limited, though slowly but surely increasing. There is a wide region here that needs sturdy development. The laborer must come first, and clear the way, and make the wilderness blossom, and prepare the soil for civilization to take root, and then we shall have a social structure for mechanics to build and professionals to thrive in.

A quarter of a century ago the Willamette Valley was a garden spot of luxuriant nature, with only here and there a settlement, and offered the most inviting homes to all comers. Donation claims of most extravagant dimensions were located on as beautiful prairies as the sun shone upon. Ten years ago these best opportunities had all been improved and the three million acres of the best valley land was already claimed. To-day these lands are some of them to be bought for a not unreasonable price of the pioneers who claimed them, but there are very few opportunities left of the kind. Still a great portion of Oregon remains unoccupied and unclaimed, and it is not too much to say that the man who improves those opportunities to-day may make them as valuable to him as the early comer has up to this time made that he chose so long ago.

Up to the present time land in Oregon has not acquired any excessive value. The country has been in a formative period, and having passed through that is preparing for greater wealth and prosperity. The man who has toiled and waited 25 or 30 years has endured much and worked hard to make his home what it is, and the immigrant can expect no less than to do as much.

Of the portion of Oregon that lies open for settlement a great part lies towards the ocean, from the sea shore to the summit of the coast range, a region that knows no drought, where pastures are always green, and where in time a great population will be planted. The coast counties, with their timber and coal, promise to become the richest portions of our State. Another unoccupied region consists of the mountain valleys and foot hills adjacent to the Willamette Valley. Also the timbered reaches in the Valley which have been much neglected are commanding consideration and are being thickly settled. Eastern Oregon contains millions of acres that wait for settlement and are not considered inviting to the new comer, whose eyes fasten lingeringly on the Valley farms of the Willamette, but those lands are gradually being settled upon and made useful. Oregon will not feel the presence of a million people, and before a half century shall pass will have that many, but to-day people wonder, when we have not over 100,000 inhabitants, where then is favorable ground to occupy. One reason why so much land is for sale in this valley is that the old Oregonians learn of some favorable location outside of the charmed Willamette circle, and sell their old homesteads at a good figure to go and improve the opportunity.

DALLAS MISSION CLAIM.—The Evening Journal says a late decision made by Secretary Delano, quieting the disputed question of the mission claim to the Dalles, by which the rights of the Methodist mission are sustained, and that patent will soon be issued therefor as soon as plans can be received from the office of the Surveyor General of Oregon.

WOOL GRADING AND PACKING.

Mr. S. A. Seymour, who last year commenced the business of grading and packing wool in Oregon, has concluded to commence operations again with even more vigor. Last year he succeeded in packing a great deal of wool, but parties did not generally have it thoroughly graded and marked. The advantage of having wool well packed is obvious enough, and so is the necessity of having our wool properly graded and placed before the world as Oregon wool, and so establish a State character and grade, instead of having it shipped to California and go from there as California wool, as has been the case heretofore. Mr. Seymour will grade and pack it for the reasonable price of 1/2 of a cent per pound, which includes all the expense to be incurred. He gives a guarantee that the Eastern markets will recognize the grade and pay the market price therefor, and it seems to us that the advantages to result should secure for him the packing and grading of a great portion of the present year's clip. At present our wool goes to market with all the dirty tags included. Wool is wool, and course wry hair and finer fleeces are bundled together and shipped, so that the buyer can form no correct idea of the contents of bales, whereas a proper system of grading would exclude the dirt and classify the fleeces as they deserved. That would take the conceit, to be sure, out of the man whose flock was badly bred and whose wool was inferior, but it would secure a suitable reward for the wool producer who deserved to be paid for superior excellence. It would, furthermore, secure to Oregon a name and place as a wool-producing State, and any degree of excellence we might be able to attain would be fully credited to us.

Crop Prospects in California.

We heard awhile ago that the fruit crop in California was in great part destroyed by the sharp frosts, which also were felt here early in April, but did little damage, as our orchards were not sufficiently forward to be damaged thereby. It is certain that the fruit crop of California is greatly damaged and in some parts ruined.

The late dry weather and northerly winds have done great damage to the wheat fields of that State and some are already being cut for hay. Unless they have rain soon, of which there is no prospect, the crop will be diminished greatly and in any case cannot equal that of last year. This offers a comparison of advantages possessed by the two States that is altogether favorable to Oregon. Here a failure of crops was never known and our average yield per acre in their best years exceeds theirs. The fruit that thrives here is better flavored, our wheat sells for more per bushel, our four also commands a better price in Liverpool and our soil will outlast that of California, on an average, two to one. They have gold mines, but we have iron and coal to sell them that will last long after the gold harvest is fully gathered. Our timber is worth more than their gold mines, and our resources and climate and soil and productions are all calculated to suit the immigrant better than any other State in the Union. At the same time we have no Eden to offer any body, but only a plain, healthy piece of Earth that needs improving.

Improving the Upper Willamette.

The people of the upper Willamette are very much interested in the disposal of the money appropriated by the last Congress for the improvement of this river, as it is a matter of vital importance to them that they should have the benefit of cheap river transportation, and they must know early in the season what to depend on, as they will haul and store their grain on the river this summer and fall if they can put faith in the river being made navigable.

Gen. Michler has been sometimes criticised in connection with river improvements, but we have no disposition to doubt that he wishes to make the appropriation do all the work possible, and how to do this is the present question. The people of the upper river are moving, we think, in the right direction, as we have received a memorial which is now being circulated above Albany as follows:

To GEN. MICHLER: We, the undersigned, citizens and taxpayers of the State of Oregon, residing in the Upper Willamette valley, desire to call your attention to the great necessity of improving the Willamette river above Albany; that our fellow-citizen, Capt. U. B. Scott, of the steamer Ohio, has demonstrated the fact during the past year that with a reasonable amount of work being done upon the upper river, navigation can be successfully carried on, even from Albany to Eugene, for the greater part of the year; and we would respectfully suggest for your consideration the propriety of expending a part of the money appropriated for the Willamette river on said river above Albany; and we believe if the same is done basis can successfully navigate said river to a point as far south as Eugene, for at least nine months in each year, thus connecting the head of navigation on said river with the seaboard. Without any disposition on our part to dictate to you as to who should be selected to do said work, yet we beg leave to respectfully suggest for your favorable consideration the name of Capt. U. B. Scott, of the steamer Ohio, as a proper person, as he has had an

experience of twenty-five years in river navigation, and is fully acquainted with its character, both theoretically and practically, and we believe that the work could be done more speedily and thoroughly performed by Capt. Scott with his steamboat and apparatus under your supervision, than in any other manner.

Some years ago Major Roberts having a sum of money to invest on the upper Willamette, after considering the matter fully, gave the contract to the P. T. Company to fill, and they used it to probably much better advantage than Maj. Roberts himself could have expended it. In the above memorial Capt. Scott, of the steamer Ohio, is suggested as a person qualified to conduct this work. He certainly has a long experience in such navigation and is a man of great energy and perseverance. Having been in command of the Ohio and traversed the river from Portland to Eugene upon that boat, he probably has knowledge of the work required to be done, and the light draught of the Ohio, and the fact that she is furnished with a steam capstan, renders her the best means on the river for effecting the needed improvements.

It is certainly a matter of great importance to the whole valley that the appropriations for river improvements should be expended to the best advantage and made the most of for the country. If General Michler will secure this—it doesn't matter by what means—he will deserve the lasting gratitude of the people of Oregon, who are laboring under many disadvantages, receiving poor pay for their products and heavily taxed for their supplies. Cheap transportation is a text-word now here, and everywhere else.

If the people recommend Capt. Scott they do it in their own interest, with faith that he can push the work and that his interests are so closely identified with their own that they can trust him, because he will be advancing his own interests while also advancing theirs.

A Proven Cure for Dyspepsia.

There is no disease so prevalent in America as dyspepsia and certainly none which has so generally baffled and defeated the skill of the medical profession. The only remedy for this distressing complaint is a pure medicated stimulant. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, whose essential principle is sound, is admitted by medical practitioners to be the only alterative, corrective and restorative on which they can rely. The Bitters are the best possible specific for flatulency, dizziness, waterbrash, irregularity of the bowels, and all indications of continued dyspepsia. They do not excite, but soothe the irritated stomach and bowels and may be taken by persons of the most delicate and sensitive organization, who are unprofitably affected by the use of the ordinary stimulants of commerce. Though their effect is most decisive, yet they are so mild and beneficial in operation, as to be suitable to children as well as to adults.

Bronze Turkeys 12 Gobblers from 8 to 30 months old, 25 to 40 lbs each for sale now. Hens 14 to 18 lbs. Embden Geese 40 to 50 pounds per pair at maturity.

Games, Brahmas, Leghorns, Houdans, Bantams, etc. EGGS, fresh, pure, true to name, well packed, so as to hatch after arrival. For Illustrated Circular and Price-List, address M. BYRE, Napa, Cal.

FERRETS, RABBITS, PIGEONS. Please state where you saw this advertisement.

Buildings on the Fair Grounds.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL PERSONS owning buildings on the Fair Grounds (occupied as booths) of the State Agricultural Society, or who are acting as agents for buildings, that they must be removed on or before the 15th of May, 1875. All buildings not removed at that time, will be considered as abandoned to the Society. It is desired that interested parties give this matter early attention, as the Society will commence the erection of new buildings after the date above named. The Aurora Restaurant building is exempt from this notice, the lease not having expired. M. WILKINS, E. M. WAITE, LEWIS SAVAGE, Executive Committee.

Notice to Contractors.

THE COUNTY COURT OF MARION COUNTY, Oregon, at the May term, 1875, will receive and consider plans and proposals for the construction of Fencing To enclose the Court-House Block in the city of Salem. Plans and specifications, and cost of construction, are invited for the consideration of the Court. The contract for furnishing all materials, constructing, and painting said fencing, in accordance with the plans and specifications which may be adopted by the Court, will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. Bids for the work will be invited by notice hereafter to be given. J. C. PERKINS, County Judge.

Tan Bark Wanted.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL the first day of June next, at the office of the State Manufacturing Co. in Salem, for delivering at the State Penitentiary on or before the 1st day of November, 1875, Five Hundred Cords of Fir and Hemlock Tan Bark. Propositions will be considered for the whole or any part thereof. Cash will be paid upon the delivery of the bark. STATE MFG. CO. April 30, 1875 w4

JOHN G. WRIGHT, Dealer in FAMILY GROCERIES, Crockery and Glassware, Wooden and Willow Ware, Tobacco and Cigars, COMMERCIAL STREET. Salem, April 30, 1875. d&wt

The Grandest Achievement of the Age!

The Little Monitor SEWING MACHINE! NO SHUTTLE! NO ROBBINS! No re-winding of Thread. Makes the Lock Stitch, Chain Stitch, and Cable Stitch, from two commercial spools, direct.

IT IS THE LIGHTEST RUNNING, AND MAKES THE BEST SEWING OF ANY MACHINE IN THE WORLD. The new shuttle is most perfect and easiest operated. Will sew from the finest to the heaviest of fabrics without any change of tension. SEWS 25 PER CENT FASTER Than any other Machine, making 5 1/2 stitches to the revolution. The public are invited to call and see this WONDERFUL INVENTION! Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. For further particulars call at 104 Third Street, near Alder, Good Temple's Building. MRS. A. B. FAYTON, Sole Agent for Oregon. Portland, April 30th

SALEM FURNITURE FACTORY,

At Mill Creek Bridge, LIBERTY STREET, SALEM, OREGON. All kinds of FURNITURE ON HAND, And Made to Order. THE TRADE SUPPLIED. On the lowest terms for CASH. JOB WORK done, and all kinds of TURNING Orders promptly Attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city, to the railroad, or wharf, FREE OF CHARGE. PARMENTER & BABCOCK. April 30, 1875. wtf

WOOL Grading & Packing House, PORTLAND, OREGON.

S. A. SEYMOUR WILL AGAIN CARRY ON THE BUSINESS OF Wool Grading and Packing, and calls the attention of Producers and Dealers to the advantages of having their wool properly graded, packed, and placed on the Eastern market as an Oregon product. AN EXPERIENCED GRADER, who thoroughly understands the Eastern market, will superintend the work, and it is guaranteed that the wool he grades will command at the East the highest market price, according to the grade mark. a281f

PURE-BRED SPANISH MERINO Sheep, DIRECT FROM THE CELEBRATED FLOCK OF GEORGE HAMMOND, Esq., of Vermont. Bucks, from \$50 to \$250. Ewes, from \$50 to \$150. For sale by JESSE D. CARR, Galloway P. O., Monterey Co., Cal. a281f

Mrs. Rohrer's New Remedy FOR THE LUNGS

IS MEETING WITH WONDERFUL SUCCESS! THIS PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY HAS no equal in the relief and cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Measles, &c. It has produced some remarkable cures. Sold by druggists generally. Prepared by Mrs. K. ROHRER, Monmouth, O.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Marion—June Term, 1875. W. M. Chambers and H. Hulse, co-defendants doing business under the firm name of Chambers & Hulse, plaintiffs. Frank D. Dodge and Augusta Dodge, defendants. Sued to Foreclose a Mortgage.

TO FRANK D. DODGE AND AUGUSTA DODGE, the said defendants: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above-entitled cause on or before the second Monday of June, A. D. 1875, and if you fail to answer, the plaintiff above named will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, which is a foreclosure of a mortgage bearing date June 10th, 1874, and given by you to the said plaintiffs to secure the payment of a note for five hundred and twelve and five-tenths dollars in U. S. gold coin, and later at interest, given by you to the plaintiffs, and which mortgage is on real property described as follows: Beginning at a stake in the east line of Liberty street, at the N. W. corner of and now owned by J. Falser, said stake being 168 feet N. from the point where the E. line of Liberty street intersects the N. line of Division street as shown by the recorded plat of the City of Salem; thence running northerly along said E. line 45 feet; thence easterly at right angles to said Liberty street 165 feet; thence southerly parallel to said street 35 feet; thence westerly at right angles to said street 140 feet to the place of beginning, and situated in said City of Salem, in Marion county, Oregon; and for a sale of said premises, and that the process arising therefrom be applied in payment of the sum due on said note and the costs and disbursements of this suit, and for such further relief in the premises as the Court may deem meet and equitable. And you are hereby notified that the order directing service of summons on you, by publication in the above entitled cause, was made by Hon. B. F. Bond, Judge of said Court, on the 23d day of April, A. D. 1875. TILMON FURD, Attorney for Plaintiff. April 23d, 1875—6w

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been appointed by the County Court of Marion County, Oregon, Executor of the estate of George Long, late of said county, deceased. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the same will present them to the undersigned at his residence, seven miles north of Salem, properly verified, within six months from this date. HUMPHREY LONG, Executor. April 8, 1875 w4

Wool Notice.

THE LOCAL AGENTS OF THE SUBORDINATE Granges in Marion county, are requested to meet the County agent, at Grangers' Hall, in the city of Salem, on THURSDAY, MAY 1st, at one o'clock p. m. for the purpose of considering the wool question, and other matters pertaining to the interest of the Order. Wool Sacks can be had on favorable terms by applying to the undersigned in Salem. W. J. HERRIN, County Agent. Salem, April 23, 1875.

Farm for Sale.

NEAR ROCK POINT SCHOOL HOUSE 14 MILES east of Salem, containing 80 ACRES, near 20 acres in grain. New cottage house, 3 rooms; new frame barn complete, 25 by 45 feet; other out buildings, Orchard, &c. Good land, in good neighborhood, slightly elevated, a desirable place. Price of land, \$25 PER ACRE. I have a team, farming implements, household and kitchen furniture that I would also sell to purchaser, if desired. Enquire on premises of W. MANNING. April 9, 1875.