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NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The report of the Controller of Currency reviews at length the working of the National Banking system its inauguration. Of the whole amount in circulation appropriated by Congress, \$342,000,000 has been issued. A balance of \$12,000,000 is promised to associations that have taken preliminary toward organizing National Banks.

The Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company's troubles are over for the present.

William M. Tweed made his first appearance in the Controller's office yesterday since Controller Connolly resigned. He called to examine the vouchers to be used against him in pending suits.

The new Brighton House, on Staten Island, was fired by an incendiary last night and burned down. Loss, \$48,000. Insurance, \$11,000.

The steamer General Sedgwick, from New Orleans, reports passing a lot of wrecked stuff with two dead bodies attached in latitude 26, longitude 73.

The bank statement is unfavorable, and shows a loss of \$1,140,000.

The detectives yesterday failed in every direction while searching for Pevy, the missing Louisvillian. The *World* says the opinion that he has gone from New York and has formed an immoral acquaintance continues to gain ground.

The Italian emigrants who were swindled into coming here supposing that they would be sent to Buenos Ayres are to be sent to Ward's Island. Many of them of them on learning this left Castle Garden and threw themselves on the charity of their countrymen in this city. One of them died of destitution to-day. The Italian Vice Consul promises to have the matter of their being swindled investigated.

The Louisville merchant has been missing now nine days in New York. One of the detectives thinks that while intoxicated he mistook Canal street for Broadway and walked down it into East river, or that he deliberately committed suicide. He was last seen by Augustus Scheidt who died to-day of injuries received on Saturday last. These mysterious disappearances and violent deaths are exciting great indignation.

Grant's majority officially in New York is 50,685.

Francis Martin, a Spanish and cigar merchant, had a quarrel to-day with his wife and step-son at their residence on Fifth street, and discharged a revolver three times at the former each shot taking effect and one inflicting a fatal wound. Martin has been arrested.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Washington dispatches state that Mr. Maynard of Tennessee is an avowed candidate for the Speakership of the next House of Representatives. The same correspondent denies that Mr. Blaine has written letters urging the convening of the Forty-third Congress immediately upon the adjournment of its predecessor. The denial is said to be on the authority of Blaine.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 23.—The papers this morning announce the suspension of Cattle & Co. of Marietta, Ohio, largely interested in iron manufacturing and railroad building. It is claimed that they have ample assets to meet all liabilities.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—There was a snow storm last night—the first of the season. It extended over Maine and New Hampshire.

James McElheny, convicted of the murder of his wife, was sentenced to death.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 23.—The epizootic has not appeared here, but precautionary measures are taken.

The proposed railroad tunnel will run up Washington avenue to Sixth street, curve thence to Eighth and Locust street to Clarke avenue. It will be constructed by excavating a tunnel forty-eight feet wide and from twenty to twenty-seven feet deep. Only one block will be opened at a time.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 23.—The full official vote of the State of Tennessee puts Greeley's majority at 5,774; Brown's majority for Governor is 12,811; May-

nard's vote for Congress is 80,825; Cheatham's 65,578, and Johnson's, 37,900.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—A morning paper publishes to-day a story current in newspaper circles for nearly a week that Horace Greeley is insane. It says he is now an inmate of the Asylum at White Plains. The same papers publish an interview with Whitelaw Reid in which that gentleman is made to say in answer to questions that Mr. Greeley had been under medical treatment for some time. Reid said: "Greeley, notwithstanding the loss of sleep and appetite is in general good health." He made a request of reporters to say Greeley was nervously prostrate. There was no good in saying more. Greeley has had enough to worry him, and what he needs is quiet and rest. The Express has announced that Greeley is not in the very bad state of health indicated by the story published this morning, though unable to be at his post or perform editorial duty. It discredits statements made, and hopes soon to see him restored to health.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The Express this evening says that the club-rooms are full, gossip being generally about Greeley's loss of reason by a paralytic attack, seeking, seeking the asylum at Bloomingdale. We discredit them all and wish soon to see him restored to health. Mr. Sinclair, publisher of the *Tribune* stated to the Express reporter to-day that Mr. Greeley's mind had not been seriously affected; he suffered only nervous prostration. At another interview he obtained from the office the statement that they knew nothing of Mr. Greeley's insanity or of his being placed in asylum. He had been much depressed for some days and greatly prostrated but when last heard from had sufficiently recovered to be able to eat regularly and converse with his friends. Mr. Greeley is in need of rest and seclusion from the annoyances of visitors or cares of business.

The *Tribune* people declare the idea preposterous that Greeley is being treated at the insane asylum. They admit that he suffers from a nervous collapse resulting from loss of sleep during his wife's illness. A marked change for the better is expected in a day or two.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—General McDowell is promoted Major General in the place of General Meade, and ordered to the Department of the South. General Hancock is ordered to the Department of the Atlantic.

Paymaster Hodge who was sentenced to ten years imprisonment on charge of embezzlement, is pardoned by the President.

The President, it is understood, was moved to pardon Major Hodge by the belief that Hodge was drawn into the defalcation by the intrigue of others rather than by any premeditated intention of his own to defraud the Government. His frank acknowledgment of the crime and voluntarily making all reparation in his power by surrendering his private property, in which his wife insisted in joining him with her own individual property, excited for him and his family the greatest sympathy.

Gen. Terry will take command of the Department of Dakota, vacated by Gen. Hancock.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—A *Herald's* Washington special says the President to-day will read to the Cabinet a complete draft of his message. He has yielded this year, as he did last, to the advice of experienced politicians and changed its tenor, so far as relates to the South. He gives that section a passing notice, praises the wisdom of the enforcement of law, alludes to the disappearance of lawlessness in the South, as well as the good behavior at the polls in the November election. He hopes for the for the continuation of this state of affairs, although he has no special recommendation to make in behalf of the South. He desires that Congress shall do whatever it deems wise in the late rebel States, reiterating his previous declarations. He says he has no policy to enforce against the wishes of the people. The country is felicitated on the accomplishments under the Treaty of Washington. Cuba is lightly passed over, and the case of Dr. Howard receives

but brief mention. Mexico does not receive a large share of attention. Our relations to different foreign nations are disposed of with the usual brief paragraph. The Vienna Exposition is commended, and the Philadelphia Centennial is spoken of. Our credit abroad, the efficient management of our foreign and home policy, and the prosperity of the nation make up the substance of the balance of the message.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The rough draft of the President's annual message was, though not quite finished, read to the Cabinet to-day, all the members being present. It will perhaps be one fifth longer than last year's message. In response to a question asked by the writer of this dispatch, the President remarked that he had no objections to saying that the message would not show a change of policy on his part, as his endeavor was now as it had been in the past, to perform his entire duty to the full extent of his ability in such a manner as would best serve the interest of the country. He was not certain that he would recommend to Congress the extension of the amnesty to two or three hundred persons excluded by recent legislation, but if he did it would be with the proposed condition that beneficiaries would be an oath to support the Constitution. Congress, however, had ample authority in the premises and could act in the matter without a repetition of his views upon the subject contained in his former annual message. He saw no more necessity, as he had been asserted, for further declaration of a more friendly policy towards the South than for such declaration toward the North, for he sought as President under the obligation of his oath to execute the duties of his position without favor or partiality in accordance with the law.

EUROPEAN.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Thiers will attend a meeting to-day of a committee of the National Assembly appointed to prepare a reply to his message at the opening of the Assembly. The Committee, in their address, will demand of the President the appointment of a responsible Ministry, that he shall not participate in debate of the Assembly, and shall communicate with that body by message. These points will be strongly contested by the adherents of Thiers when the reply is presented to the Assembly. All reports agree that there will be no opposition to the prolongation of Thiers' term of office four years.

General Cluseret has turned up in Geneva, where he is living in retirement. He escaped from Paris in disguise.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Thiers indorses the plan lately proposed by a Committee of the Left Center for the formation of a second Chamber of the National Legislature. He also favors some definite settlement of the relations between the Legislative and Executive departments of the Government as to question of general policy in the internal affairs of the Republic. There was no discussion of National questions in the Assembly yesterday. Nothing is known of the discussions in the Committee to draft resolutions in reply to the President's message. Thiers stated his views very fully at the session yesterday.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—It was reported here this afternoon that King Amadeus was dead, but a Madrid dispatch says he is better.

O'Leary, one of the leaders of the recent Hyde Park demonstration in favor of the release of the Fenian prisoners, applied to Justice Quinn to-day for the withdrawal of the charge which has been made against him and which had been abandoned, and for the summoning of six other persons who had presented themselves for trial and had been discharged. O'Leary said he contemplated emigrating to America, where his prospects would be injured should the summons remain in existence. The Justice assured him he would not be reproached in America for acts done here, but that he would most likely be regarded as a martyr and given public dinners and other honors. The Justice refused the application.

Gales continue in the English Channel and have been very destructive in the vicinity of Davenport. The transport steamer *Himalgo* arrived there with the loss of eight of her crew.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—A special from London says the Khedive's expedition consisting of 5,000 men, commanded by Purdy Bey, and goes to Zanzibar in transports, with the intention of joining Dr. Livingstone and co-operating with him, if agreeable; otherwise, to act independently in solving the problem of the sources of the Nile under Egyptian colors. It is, however, doubtful whether the expedition is intended to join Livingstone or to meet Sir Samuel Baker, but to open a new line of operations into Abyssinia.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The difference between the Executive and Legislative departments of the Government continues. The situation is very serious.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—A dispatch from Paris says the Radical journals are violent and declare that a terrible revolution will follow the overthrow of the Government of Thiers. The same journal affirms that the Legitimists and Imperialists have formed a coalition for the downfall of the present Government. General Changarnier is also charged with aiming to secure power.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Great excitement over affairs at Versailles. It is announced that the member of the Right and Right Center have determined to support the committee appointed to draft a reply to the message of Thiers.

ROME, Nov. 24.—The meeting of Radicals called for to-day having been prohibited, trouble was anticipated. Troops were posted yesterday in the principal squares and at all strong points in the city. The Radicals have as yet made no organized attempt to resist the Government orders and the city this morning is quiet. Last night some arrests were made of disorderly persons, but with these exceptions no disturbance has occurred.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The condition of the King of Spain is gradually improved.

Admiral Alden left Madrid Friday evening for Cartagena whence the American fleet was to sail yesterday for Nice.

Telegraphic wires between Barcelona and Saragossa are again cut. A band of armed republicans appeared in the vicinity of Arios de la Frontera in Andalusia.

The insurrection organized in the province of Valencia is dissolved and troops are in pursuit of a band near Medina Lodonia.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The storm to-day prostrated the telegraph lines in many places. Much damage is done on the coast.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Dispatches from all points describe the gales in the English Channel on Saturday last as terrible. Many vessels were wrecked, and the loss of life is considerable.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A dispatch from Rome to the *Echo* says: Five persons prominently connected with the movement to hold a Radical meeting in that city, were yesterday arrested and will be tried upon a charge of high treason.

A case filled with Orsini bombs destined for Rome was seized by the police at the railway station at Leghorn.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Eliza Cook, the English poetess, is ill, and recovery regarded doubtful.

MRS. SOUTHWORTH'S NEW NOVELS.—The "Artist's Love; and Other Stories." By Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth, and her sister, Mrs. Francis Heushaw Baden, will be published in a few days by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa. "The Artist's Love; and Other Stories," will be issued in a large duodecimo volume, uniform with Mrs. Mrs. Southworth's other works, and sold by all Booksellers at \$1 75 in cloth, or \$1 50 in paper cover; or copies will be sent by mail, post-paid, by the publishers, on receipt of price. All of Mrs. Southworth's thirty-five

books are put up in a neat box, cloth, full gilt backs, &c. Price \$61 25. The following new books have just been published by this house, and are spoken of very highly: "The Outcast; and other Poems," by author of *Beautiful Snow*, being a selection of Literary Gems for Schools and Private Study. "Within the Maze," by Mrs. Henry Wood. "Wild Oats Sown Abroad," by T. B. Witmer, a series of Spicy European Private Letters from the Portfolio of a Gentleman of Leisure. "My Hero," a capital English love story. "A Lonely Life," by a new writer. "Rome and the Papacy," from the French of La Gattina, with a life of the present Pope, and a new edition of "Beautiful Snow," with handsome illustrations.

1823--1873.

Such are the years of that veteran of the Religious Press, *The New York Observer*. All hail say we to our elder brother, who was valiantly at work long before many of us were learning to peep; and whose pages now exhibit more than ever the vigor and strength of manhood. All hail and best wishes for another fifty years' course, which is to be initiated with the generous donation to every subscriber of a *Jubilee Year-Book*, commemorating fifty the past, and giving encouraging anticipations for the future. We are always ready to commend the *Observer* to our readers. True to its faith, and faithful for the truth, it is unsurpassed as a family paper.

The *Observer* was launched in 1823, and for fifty years has sailed in an undeviating course, without once changing its motto or striking its colors. Few papers can present such a successful history; and while there are plenty of good papers published, there are few that we can recommend as strongly as the *Observer* for all the purposes of a Family Newspaper.—Large, comprehensive and well-filled. It cannot fail to pay those who take it four-fold for their outlay.

Send \$3 to the publishers, and secure a good paper and the *Jubilee Year-Book*. Sidney E. Morse & Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

NEW RAILROAD COMPANY.—A railroad company, of which Philip Ritz, of Walla Walla, is President, was organized a few days since in La Grande. The object of the company is to build a road from Walla Walla to La Grande. There is capital enough on hand to build bridges and "tie" the road from the former city to the base of the Blue mountains, a distance of 30 miles. Work will be commenced early in the spring, and pushed forward with vigor. Mr. Ritz's name is sufficient to indicate its speedy construction.—*Oregonian*.

Oakland contains two hotels, three stores, a drug store, blacksmith shop, saddler's shop, market, and many private residences, while others are constantly being erected. A flouring mill will be erected in the spring.

SETTLED.—The suits for the possession of the Caruthers estate in Portland have all been dismissed, as the matter has at last been compromised.

ELECTION.—The election for city of Salem will be held next Monday. Considerable interest is felt in the matter by the people of the city.