Civilization of Prehistoric New Mexico Indians 'Similar to Present Age'

These primitive Indians lived in apartments, thrived on a farm economy, were devoted to religion and had itchy feet.

Paul S. Martin, head of the De-partment of Anthropology of the Chicago Natural History Museum. has supervised the museum's southwest archaeological expeditions for the last 12 years. He reports that this year's work in the excavations near Reserve, N. M. revealed important material on which to build a chronological history of the people whose begin-nings reach back 5,000 years.

Research Purpose Martin says the purpose of his research on early American life is designed to:

1. Learn why a particular cul-ture or civilization develops. 2. Determine why and how it changes.
3. Why it declines and dies.

These problems all have a direct bearing on our daily lives because their answers may help us to prevent our own civilization from withering," he said. The reconstructed history of the

Mogollon Indians begins when they moved from southern Arizona to the Pine Lawn Valley area and established a village many cen-turies ago. They left their home-land because the lakes and rivers

were drying up.

At first they may have lived in skin tents and depended for food largely on gathering seeds, nuts. berries, bulbs and hutting small game. By about 2000 B. C., Martin said, the idea of farming corn, beans and squash was adopted. Later ideas of making pottery and building pit houses (religious centers) were borrowed from more southern tribes. Second Century

By the beginning of the second or third cenutry B. C., the nucleus of a civilization had come into being, Martin said.

An extraordinary feature of this fledgling culture was the presence of religious buildings found in the excavations. A large pit house or kiva was set aside in each village for devotional use even in the earliest times. Through the ages, while many other cultural change were taking place, the church building was always found in each village. It gradually became more elaborate and larger.

About 1000 A. D., surface houses were built with rock walls The compact village units con-tained 5 to 20 rooms, Martin

The ancient village was known to the museum expedition as "Foote Canyon Site," and is perched atop a low mesa some 75 feet high, around which flows were uncovered. The ceremonial chamber probably served as a religious center for other nearby

Copper Bell
Another significant discovery the dig was a tiny copper bell worn as bracelet or anklet piece. It was found on the plaza floor of the village. Slightly crushed, it may indicate that the Moglon Indians traded with the

Adlai Critical Of Address on State of Union

CHICAGO IM -Adlai E. Steven son said Sunday President Eisen-hower's report to Congress "was eas a State of the Union Mesage than a state of the Republi can Party message.

He called it "political in tone" and "very misleading" about the state of United States defenses and foreign policy.

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countries, Stevenson said, "never been more perilous than now, from Iceland to Japan x x x we have never been in more

Stevenson agreed with the President that taxes cannot be cut now but said low income groups should get some sort of tax relief.

A guest on a national television program, CBS' 'Face The Naion," Stevenson said the President's message to Congress Thursday seemed to show more concern for domestic than foreign pol-

"It remains to be seen whether they (the Republicans) mean it more than before," he said. "x x x he Republicans always seem to ppropriate the Democratic posion in election years." Stevenson, the first announced candidate for the Democratic presdential nomination in 1956, said

administration's. farm school policies - as outlined by the President Thursday - are a complete reversal from the past. "After three years they've de cided it is time to do something for the farmers," he said.

Egyptian Scouts Reported Killed

JERUSALEM, Israeli Sector W-A government announcement said two Egyptian scouts were killed near Erez settlement close to the Gaza Strip in an exchange of fire with an Israeli army patrol Sun-

Two submachine guns, ammuni-tion and lists with observations on Israeli road traffic were found on the bodies, the announcement said It recalled two other Egyption scoots killed in the same area in with the capture of a third.

By EDWARD S. KITCH

CHICAGO IN—An anthropologist says life among prehistoric Mogollon Indians of western New Mexico wasn't too far different from that of today's modern white man—with some important except-lons, of course.

But Martin says the traditional Execus Dated

Which were also found at the dig story that the Apaches drove them from their homes is more fiction than fact because the at 1350 A.D. because of the pressure as fancy moved the occu- Why they did remains a mystery.

But Martin says the traditional Execus Dated

Which were also found at the dig story that the Apaches drove them from their homes is more fiction than fact because the at 1350 A.D. because of the pottery.

The Mogollon Indians were added or altered in moved away about 1350 A.D. because of the pottery.

When they moved they took their most valuable and portable of the pressure into the important exceptions, of course.





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