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The Oregon Satatesman

"No Favor Sways Us, No Fear Shall Awe" From First Statesman, March 28, 1851

CHARLES A. SPRAGUE, Editor and Publisher

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Good Word for Drivers

News media, including newspapers, are constantly harping on traffic safety, accidents and driving habits to the point that would put a nagging wife (or husband) to shame.

Now, we don't claim any credit for the results, but instead of haranguing we'd like at this time to say we believe the drivers of the Willamette Valley really did a job over the dangerous holiday season. Not one fatal mishap was reported from our area, and what few highway accidents there were brought but comparatively minor injury and damage.

It is a record of which everyone can be proud. As this is written, the New Year in the valley is off to a safe and sane start automobile-wise. We are hopeful that those black figures which The Statesman uses to denote the count thus far, in connection with fatal accident stories, will be kept to the lowest point on modern record in 1954.

Untrue and Unfair

Bob Ruhl writes in the Medford Mail-Tribune:

"It would, we think, not only be much better for his party, his state and the country, but for himself if Mr. McKay would come out from behind the ambush-which fools no one -and frankly state that he intends as far as it is physically possible, to turn over all lightand-power production to the big private interests, and eliminate public-power projects, entirely.

This is both untrue and unfair. McKay proposes no liquidation of government investment in hydroelectric facilities, either dams or transmission lines. He has approved the move of the Grant Co., Wash. PUD to construct a dam on the mid-Columbia; and he strongly favors having the government authorize a "new start" on additional power development in the Northwest. He wouldn't be doing either if he had the purpose which Ruhl ascribes to him.

World Trade Program

Life Magazine prints a challenging article by John Knox Jessup and Michael A. Heilperin who present "a new, daring plan to unshackle trade and enrich the free world." On reading it one is struck by the fact that it is neither new nor daring. Its thesis has been recited over and over again since the end of Our farm surpluses piled up, our foreign loans went sour-and the whole world went into an economic tailspin.

How now can we avoid repeating that performance? For one thing, there is a somewhat higher level of intelligence in considering world trade. Lessons of the past do not all go unheeded. It is not a lack of understanding of the problem or of the method for solving it which holds up a solution. It is when the general theory collides with group interest that political conflict ensues.

In agriculture for example wheat growers need an export market; and so do apple growers at Hood River who used to enjoy a good foreign demand for their fruit. On the other hand cherry growers fear competition of foreign fruit, and filbert growers want protection against Mediterranean nuts; and the dairy industry insists on quota limits for imports of dairy products. Other conflicts of interest arise among other economic groupings some of which are eager for export trade, others fear foreign competition. The Life writers find the chief economic handicaps are in the "dollar shortage" among foreign nations, lack of flow of capital into foreign investment, and the economic stagnation of western Europe with its exchange controls, etc. Steps toward stimulating trade lie in encouraging convertibility of currency, in lowering tariffs and restrictions to promote trade and in increasing the outward flow of investment capital. This is classic economics, but it runs headon into politics both here and abroad.

The world should move in that direction, but it will not jump abruptly into such a dream world. There are many kinks to be ironed out, injuries to be averted or healed, prejudices to be reduced before we can "correct the imbalance in international payments, revive foreign investment and reform the arthritic capitalism of Europe." But we ought to set about the task. .

Now the reindeer and the camels can be stabled for another year.

PRESERVING THE TIMBER RESOURCE

Accasional timely rains had much to do with it: but the human element, which normally is to blame for the majority of forest fires, made an excellent record in 1953, causing less than half of the 792 fires in Oregon forests. Announcement by the Oregon state board of forestry that only 1,507 timbered acres out of 13,000,000 were burned over during the year is good news indeed. The Keep Oregon Green campaign has been useful in educating the public to the vital importance of preventive measures against fire. The logging industry is entitled to a full share of the credit for the small number of fires and the minimum amount of fire damage to Oregon timber. There were only 49 fires during the year in 12,000 logging operations, employing 38,000 men.

Insects' have displaced fire as the great destroyer of Oregon timber. The dangerous spruce budworm apparently has been checked; but the bark beetle continues on its destructive way, with no specific way of controlling its/depredations. Entomologists are researching on the problem, in the hope of finding some way to exterminate

(Continued from Page 1.)

"by another and then a third. They appeared to move with great speed and traveled roughly from west to east. They had hardly gone from sight when they reappeared, the one close on the heels of the other. We concluded they were traveling in a wide circle but as the sky was partly overcast we could not follow the whole path they traced. Viewed from our position, the objects were about two feet in diameter. "We continued watching them as we drove along the turnpike. Once we stopped the car to obtain a better view. Several other cars drew up too. At times one object appeared to overtake one of the others in their swoop across the sky. As the visibility became better, we could occasionally trace the faint outline of the whole circular or eliptical path followed by one of the objects. "Could they be the reflection in the skies of lights of automobiles going over a rise? We soon rejected that theory. Such lights would surely not be powerful enough to reflect in the sky at approximately the same point for so great a distance. Since we first sighted the objects, we had traveled roughly 15 miles. Moreover, why should there be three of them and not occasionally more or less? "If not reflections, what then? We were just beginning to believe they must be flying saucers circling over New York, when we saw a faint shaft of light reaching downwards from one of the objects. The shaft gradually became clearer and all at once we realised we were looking at nothing more than three searchlights playing in the skies. Poor visibility had prevented us from seeing the shafts at a distance whereas the tips of the lights were, because of the peculiar weather conditions, just visible against the overcast skies." Here we have an explanation of what might have been called a flying saucer. So until some one shoots down a genuine saucer and brings in the body as evidence the public may safely assume that the strange phenomena of lights in the sky are due to natural causes. It is noted too that the little men from Mars, or was it Venus?' didn't return to that lonely spot in the California mountains.

THE DIVISION WE'RE LEAVING BEHIND



Inside TV . . . TV Gift from One General to Another

By EVE STARR

WASHINGTON, D. C. - The President and Mrs. Eisenhower were gifted with a color TV set from RCA Chairman David Sarnoff on Dec. 20-in time to watch the colorcast of Amahl and the Night

Visitors, (NBC) the Gian-Carlo Menotti modern Christmas classic : . . The color standards adopted by the FCC become legally effective Jan. 22 -30 days after publication in the Federal Register . . . Sign in a window on Hollywood Blvd .: "Merry Television and a Happy Commercial to

Bing Crosby introducing Jack Benny on his telecast: "A genuine genius graces our guest podium this evening . . . one of the entertaining world's most amazing geniuses and refreshing personalities. His rich wit and fiddle foibles have

long regaled international audiences. Dig that kind of crazy talk!" Paramount Pictures bought the old Warner Bros. studio on Sunset Blvd., Hollywood, for more than \$1,000,000 last week. The old "birthplace of the talking pictures" will become the future home of KTLA, Los Angeles.

CRITIC'S CORNER: We didn't like to carp during the holidays, but we must say now that we were disappointed on Christmas night when Georgie Jessel tried to play Santa Claus on his "Comeback Story." Too much Jessel and not enough toys left us with a stocking containing one large lump of soft coal, one tin horn and one real jewel that showed up at the last minute to save Santa's face.

The lump of coal was evident in the monotony of the show, which was supposed to open up the comeback train for woman athlete Babe Didrickson Zaharias. The tin horn sounded too often in Jessel's forced sentimentality and long face. However, the gem appeared in the final moments of the program when Babe spoke a few words urging the necessity for constant vigilance if cancer is to be caught in the early stages. Her sincerity could not be questioned, as her career was suddenly halted when the killing growth threatened to add her to its victim list.

CAPSULE CRITIQUE: "I've Got a Secret," emceed by Garry Moore, provides little material for this inimitable master of ceremonies who, given the opportunity, can deliver.

Last week's show revealed some trivialities that were hardly worth repeating. Surely there must be thousands of individuals who have a good secret or story to tell.

However, Moore managed to keep the show adequately interesting, but with good subject matter he could come up with an appealing half-hour's entertainment. Best thing about this program is its name.

T-VELOPMENTS: Our nomination for the most significant technical innovation for the coming year would be-no, not color -but the tape-recorded television shows.

The process has been perfected and, if adopted widely, could result in satisfying control and economy for the producer and sponsor, as well as pleasing quality for the viewer.

Silverton GI Ends Storm Flags **Basic Training at** The President's plane, the Col- Bureau hoisted storm warnings umbine landed at National Air- again at 4:30 p. m. Sunday along inland waters of Washington.

the Medical Replacement Training Center at Camp Pickett, Va. He is Pvt. Earl W. McCollum, son of Mr and Mrs Alha Mc-

Medical subjects include an-

Red Trawler

Seizes Japan

Fishing Boat

TOKYO IP - An armed Chinese

Communist trawler seized a 372-

medicines.

Camp in Virginia ly completed basic training at A Silverton soldier has recent-

international affairs."

Eisenhower Time Flies **Returns From** FROM STATESMAN FILES 10 Years Ago

Wendell L. Willkie said in the New York Times that the United States had failed in

Carl W. Hogg was drafted for port at 7:15 p. m. (EST). He has the Washington and Oregon coasts, Salem Chamber of Commerce. Day.

a third term as president of the been in Augusta since Christmas the Strait of Juan de Fuca and Loyal Warner was elected vice

Holiday Trip Jan. 4, 1944 WASHINGTON UP - President Eisenhower returned Sunday night

World War I. They phrase it in simple language thus:

"Protection is incompatible with any rational foreign economic policy for a large ereditor nation, especially so powerfully competitive a nation as the U.S.

Or putting it differently, as this writer has done: A nation cannot remain a creditor nation, a high tariff nation and an export surplus nation. The wars made the United States the principal creditor nation, but its natural resources, productive capacity and enterprise of its people made it a producer of surpluses; and protection had become ingrained as a policy during the long period of being a debtor nation. After WW I we sought to export capital, but kept our tariffs relatively high.

this pest.

Oregon, apparently, has been more fortunate than many other states in awakening in time to the vital importance of conserving its timber resource. There can be no let-up in the longtime campaign of timber production through tree farms and general reforestation; this year's fine record of fire prevention has to be duplicated through the years, and the fight on insects has to be continuous. One of the needed measures of forest protection is the construction of access roads, to permit of the early control of fires in the woods. This is the subject of a bill sponsored by Oregon's Representative Ellsworth. who, as a former lumberman, has an unusual knowledge of the needs of the industry and a sympathetic attitude toward measures needed for its perpetuation, on which the economy of the state so heavily depends.

-(Albany Democrat-Herald)

Soviet Government Ready to Give Writers, Artists, Song Composers More Freedom

By TOM WHITNEY Associated Press Staff Writer

There are numerous signs the Soviet government is readying a 'new look" program for creative arts in the U.S.S.R. The new party line on literature, music, painting and the theater will give writers, composers, and artists somewhat more freedom than they have had for many years.

There is no reason to believe the Soviet leadership intends to go very far in lifting the formal and informal restraints from creative workers. From the western point of view, their position will continue to be intolerable. Censorship. bureaucratic interference. and party-inspired criticism will still limit sharply their work.

But to the Russian creative artists themselves, it may seem somewhat like a millenium. When a prisoner is moved back from soliprison, it no doubt seems to him like heaven-for a time.

The new situation may conceivably even lead to a significant upsurge in the Soviet arts. . . .

The Soviet Union of Composers held a meeting recently on the subject of popular songs. It was made clear that more joyous and catchy popular songs were desired. The meeting took place just after Pravda had revealed that the Soviet phonograph record industry had taken off its list of recordings most of the most popular hit songs written by Russian composers-in an effort to remove American jazz influence. Pravda demanded the situation be corrected by restoring Russian hit songs to their proper place.

In his latest stage show in Russia, a popular comedian and band leader, Leonid Utesov, indulges in a great deal of caustic and direct criticism of the authorities in charge of approval of stage and musical programs. He gets great laughs from his audience by making fun of the art officials.

Utesov's program, of course, had to have approval before it was put on and to this extent reflects a line of the present authorities.

Two outstanding men in the Soviet art world, Aram Khachatur-

clear language condemned the al brought fame and riches to the dead bureaucratic hand of the gov- artist. But he was hard to please ernment in art. and he had provincial or even

Both stressed the point artists bourgeois tastes. And when he discannot be forced to create by fiat, approved a work of art this might that they must desire to create mean on occasion that the person themselves and must have consid- creating it would be hounded out erable freedom in their efforts. of the art world.

These things are part of a pat- Stalin affected art by more than tern. The pattern in fact was more his own tastes. While he was alive or less predictable on Stalin's he was always artistic subject No. death. Stalin was a most inhibit. 1. His portrayal in novels, poems, ing and destructive force in the paintings and even in music was field of Soviet art. His mere death mandatory.

without the inauguration of any It is not yet clear what criteria new policy by his successors, re- of taste Stalin's successors will moved in some degree a few of the establish for Soviet art. Perhaps many restrictions on artistic life they do not yet know themselves in Russia. in detail.

At least it seems unlikely that While Stalin lived, all art work their standards will be worse or had to be aimed to please him, more confining than those of the If he liked something, his approv- Stalin era.

tary confinement to the general GRIN AND BEAR IT **By Lichty**

Aliens Must **File Report**

Alien residents of the United States are reminded this week by the Justice Department that they must register and report their addresses to the commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Aliens may report by going to any U. S. Post Office or immigration and naturalization office and asking for an annual address report card. After the card has been filled in and signed it should be handed to any postal clerk or immigration employee. It should not be mailed direct, officials assert.

Deadline for registration under the McCarran-Walter Immigration Act which become effective Dec. 24, 952 is Jan. 31.

The President faces one of the president, Lester Barr secre- busiest weeks since he took oftary and Linn Smith treasurer. fice

At 8:30 a. m. Monday he will Oregon's traffic accident toll in 1943 was 222 lives, 4850 in- confer at the White House with jured in approximately 30,750 Republican congressional leaders accidents, according to Secre- and members of his Cabinet. They tary of State Robert Farrell. probably will get an advance look at the latest draft of the State

of the Union Message outlining the 25 Years Ago program in general terms. Jan. 4, 1929

Monday night 6:30 p. m., (PST) Eisenhowen will report to the na-Drilling started on test wells tion via television and radio on

Charles L. McNary,

in an effort to solve the problem the administration's first year. He of a satisfactory water supply also will set forth future goals. for Salem. The first well was sunk in the Rosedale annex. will get a preview Tuesday morning of sections of the message

Rep. A. G. Rushlight will be dealing with foreign affairs and permanent chairman of the national defense and possibly other Multnomah County delegates in matters. the 1929 legislature. Joe F. Singer, sergeant-at-arms for 20 gress convenes Wednesday the years, was named to the same President will go before a joint position.

C. C. Jantzen, secretary of the to deliver the message in person. Jantzen Knitting Mills, announced the company will erect a \$500,000 wool spinning mill at Capitol a few days later. Portland. It is to take care of 600 pounds of yarn a day.

40 Years Ago

Jan. 4, 1914

A check for \$500,000, from the Knights of Columbus of the U.S., for the Catholic University at Washington, was presented to Cardinal Gibbons.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Meyers entertained the Nemo "500' club

Varney of Salem.

The southwes were reissued after having been Collum of Silverton Route 2. At changed for 81/2 hours Sunday to the center, young McCollum has small craft warnings.

received eight weeks of basic The latest warnings were for infantry training and eight southwest winds of 30 to 40 miles weeks of medical training. an hour, with gusts to 50, Sunday night, shifting to west to south- atomy, physiology, military sanwest and decreasing slowly Mon- itation, method of evacuation, day from Tatoosh, Wash., to Cape emergency medical treatment, Blanco, Ore. administration (

Winds along the strait and in- ward management, hypodermie land waters of Washington were injection and operating room expected to average about 5 miles technique.

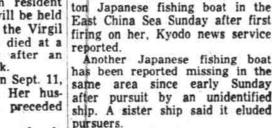
an hour less. Democratic leaders in Congress Services for Mrs. Sharpe Set Tuesday Twenty four hours after Con-

Funeral services for Mrs. Minnie Sharpe, 87, Salem resident session of the Senate and House for the past 15 years will be held Tuesday at 10 a.m. in the Virgil The annual budget message and T. Golden Chapel. She died at a the economic report will go to the local hospital Sunday after an

illness of about a week. Mrs. Sharpe was born Sept. 11, 1866 in Franklin, Pa. Her husat seven tables of cards. Honors went to Mrs. Frank B. Mere- band, W. N. Sharpe, preceded her in death in 1930. dith and Dr. W. Carlton Smith.

She is survived by one daugh-The next meeting is scheduled for the home of Judge and Mrs. ter, Mrs. Twilla Oakley, Middletown, Conn.; three sons, Paul Sharpe, Springfield, Ore., Fred A home wedding was sol- Sharpe, Wichita Falls, Tex., and emnized at the home of Mr. Don Sharpe, Newberry, S.C.; 12 and Mrs. John F. Allison when grandchildren and 15 great grandtheir daughter, Ethel Esther, children.

became the bride of Percy M. Concluding services will be hel dat Belcrest Memorial Park.





Charles W. Claggett, Mane

Centrally located in downtown Salem, the W. T. RIGDON CO. MORTUARY effers ample parking space and convenient access to Salem's cemeteries. Throughout the years, every effort is made to keep facili-



