

IT SEEMS TO ME

By Charles A. Sprague

George H. Williams was one of the great men in Oregon politics, serving as United States senator, later as attorney general in Grant's cabinet and still later, after his appointment to the federal supreme court was rejected, as mayor of Portland. Returning to Portland in 1870 to campaign for reelection to the senate, he made this observation when he arrived: "I have a heart for any fate in politics."

It was well said, and he needed such a philosophy during his long political career when he experienced both victory and defeat. One who enters the political arena dare not wear his heart on his sleeve. If he cannot bear the stings of opposition or the blows of defeat, he had better stay in the bleachers as a spectator.

This is by way of introduction to the comment that I entertain the same attitude toward politics as Williams expressed. I shall take the adverse results of Friday's balloting in stride, and go on with the new day's business. While one does not relish being bested in a race, some one must lose in every competition, and the company of "also rans" is generally large.

Perhaps I should feel grateful to the republican voters, however, because their decision enable me to stay on at the occupation I love, that of a working newspaperman, and particularly to continue as editor and publisher of The Statesman. That is where my heart is, and I am happy not to have to make any change.

In signing off, I do want to express my deep gratitude to friends in Salem and elsewhere over the state who supported my campaign loyally, and to commend to the voters next November my successful opponent, Senator Guy Cordon. I hold him in high regard personally and can support him without reserve.

Earl Adams Is GOP Winner For Constable

Late Marion county returns which shifted the balance and gave to Earl Adams the republican nomination for Salem justice district constable, office he now holds, left comparatively unchanged from positions revealed in earlier trends the status of other candidates. Adams had 2862 votes; Burgess, 2496; Long, 1055, and Odum 761.

Cpl. John Steelhammer, on military leave from his legislative post, H. R. "Farmer" Jones, W. W. Chadwick and Paul R. Hendricks topped the field in the 13-man race for republican nominations to fill the county's four chairs in the house of representatives. Judson received 3511; Paulsen, 3267; Rigdon, 3184; McKinney, 3103; Lamkin, 3003; Settlemeier, 3000; McIntyre, 2486; French 2292; and Armstrong, 1288.

Candidates for neither constable nor representative positions were listed on the democratic ballot. Saturday's "official unofficial" canvass of the light vote (less than 50 per cent) did not include a tally of the write-ins for any office.

Among the write-ins, Thomas Dewey was apparently the leader, with several hundred votes for the presidency. Presidential preference ballots were cast also for Stassen, Bricker, Warren and Willkie, as well as for a few local lights.

Charles A. Sprague, defeated (Turn to Page 2—Story I)

Peter Ousts Mihailovic To Woo Tito

LONDON, May 20—(AP)—King Peter of Yugoslavia has ousted Gen. Draja Mihailovic as war minister in attempt to appease Marshal Tito and it was considered possible the cabinet post might be offered to the partisans' leader.

Tito has openly accused Mihailovic of being a traitor and of helping the Germans.

It was also learned that the British had dropped Mihailovic and there was no British military mission with his forces now.

Whether Marshal Tito would accept this post was questionable, since this might strengthen the position of the monarchy for the post-war period—a subject which the head of the national army of liberation has said must be decided by his people after victory is won.

It seems possible, however, that Tito (Josip Broz) might agree to some compromise under which he would name his choice for the cabinet position which Mihailovic has held.

Tito's forces, with whom Prime Minister Churchill's son Randolph is serving as a British liaison officer, has been getting the bulk of support from the United States, Britain and Russia.

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20 PAGES

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Weather
Maximum temperature
Friday 72 degrees; minimum 58. No precipitation.
River 3.
Fairly cloudy Sunday and Monday, little change in temperature.

Allies Advance on New Guinea



Arrow from American flag points to Toem village on the Dutch New Guinea coast and to Wakde island offshore which have been seized by US forces in a new landing. (AP Wirephoto)

Yanks Wipe Out Japs On Wakde

Mac's Soldiers Kill 34 Nips For Every Doughboy Lost; Planes Bombard Soerabaja

By LEONARD MILLIMAN
Associated Press War Editor

American soldiers, killing 34 Japanese for every doughboy lost, have wiped out enemy resistance on Wakde island in the southwest Pacific, Gen. Douglas MacArthur reported today.

Only a small number of Japanese were taken prisoner. Five hundred and fifty were killed on Wakde and the nearby shores of northwestern New Guinea, MacArthur listed American losses for the entire operation at only 16 killed, 83 wounded and two missing.

Complete control over Wakde, 1000 miles from MacArthur's goal on the Philippines, was established Friday afternoon. But enemy artillery fire held up the advance on the coast.

In other actions reported yesterday and today allied war planes striking at the northern and southern tips of Japan's defense destroyed 21 enemy aircraft and sank or damaged 18 ships.

Boston attack planes sank three Nipponese freighters off Manokwari, near the western tip of New Guinea and one of the greatest Japanese bases in the Dutch East Indies.

Alutian based army and navy bombers wrecked two Nipponese vessels as they struck for the seventh time this month at Paramushiro naval base on the northern road to Tokyo.

Five thousand miles to the south 10 other surface craft were hit squarely and 21 Japanese planes wiped out Wednesday by 100 carrier-borne planes making the heaviest raid of the war on Soerabaja, former Dutch naval base on Java. American, British, Australian, Dutch and French airmen participated in the attack, the first unified action of the allied southeast Asia, southwest Pacific and central Pacific commands. Ship repair and oil facilities were left in flames.

Liberators from Australian blasted Soerabaja's rail yards the same night. Other Australian-based planes bombed three ships in the Tannimbar islands, also in the Dutch East Indies.

Allied troops pressed their advantage in the complex battle for control of the Burma road, the supply route to China.

(Turn to Page 2—Story A)

High Tension Man Saves Life of Injured Buddy

FORT LEWIS, Wash., May 20—(AP)—Ivan Shindle, 44, a high-tension linesman, hung unconscious from his safety belt atop a telephone pole today between two wires, one carrying 13,000 volts, the other 2300 volts.

Yet, a daring fellow linesman, Ernest Browne, saved Shindle's life by an amazing exhibition of applying artificial respiration while both men were held to the pole by their safety belts and only a foot from the super-charged wires.

Shindle had been making repairs; in some manner he came in contact with the 2300-volt wire. He slumped back, dangled in the air for a moment until his safety belt steadied, his climbing irons still embedded in the pole.

Browne caught up a length of rope and swiftly climbed the pole. Realizing the shock had partly paralyzed his co-worker, Browne lashed Shindle to the pole with

Greatest Air Raid Hits Nazis

Allies Send 6000 Planes Against Nazis Yesterday

LONDON, May 20—(AP)—In the greatest mass air attack of the war the allies hurled 6000 British-based planes at Hitler's west wall defenses today and blasted a 150 mile strip from Brittany to Belgium with a total of at least 8000 tons of explosives.

Sixteen rail junctions, eight airfields and numerous other installations, which Hitler hoped to use in combatting the coming western invasion were pounded in the gigantic onslaught which began soon after midnight and extended twice around the clock into darkness tonight.

Allied losses announced for all the operations from midnight to midnight amounted to seven RAF heavies, two US heavies, three American mediums, two American light bombers, five American fighters and one American fighter-bomber—a total of 20 planes.

Every type of plane based in Britain was thrown into the unprecedented bombardment, with the allied expeditionary air force—which will move into the continent in support of the invasion landings—flying more than 4000 sorties.

An American armada of nearly 1250 heavy bombers and fighters set the pace for the daylight blows with attacks in three airfields and one rail center after the RAF had started the day's cycle with attacks on four important French rail centers.

The Americans sent out a four-to-one escort—1000 fighters accompanying a force of approximately 250 Fortresses and Liberators—in the principal daylight operation.

Possibly the air command suspected stronger fighter opposition and wanted to be prepared by sending out one of the highest escort ratios of the war, but the precaution proved unnecessary. The fighters went looking for trouble, yet sighted only a few German planes and none of these reached the bombers.

Two nazis were downed while the American loss was two bombers and five fighters, most of them probably victims of flak.

Long after the heavies returned to their bases the skies over France remained thick with the medium bombers, fighters and other light planes of the AEAFF. Marauders and Havocs—the terrible twins of the American side of the AEAFF—alone dumped more than 850 tons of bombs on five airfields, the port (Turn to Page 2—Story B)

Throng Hails Don Gentile's Return Home

PIQUA, O., May 20—(AP)—Capt. Don S. Gentile came home tonight to a hero's welcome that developed into such unrestrained fervor that women ripped pieces from his uniform and tore the captain's bars from his shoulders.

The Mustang fighter pilot who bagged 30 enemy planes to become the top American ace in the European theatre had to force his way through a throng that ignored a driving rainstorm to hail his return after three years at war.

He arrived by automobile from Columbus, to where he flew late in the day from Washington in an army transport plane furnished personally by Gen. Henry H. Arnold, commander of the army air forces.

Sirens steered him down the main street of this midwest farming town to a little white cottage on a corner where his father, Patsy Gentile, and his 19-year-old sister, Edith waited.

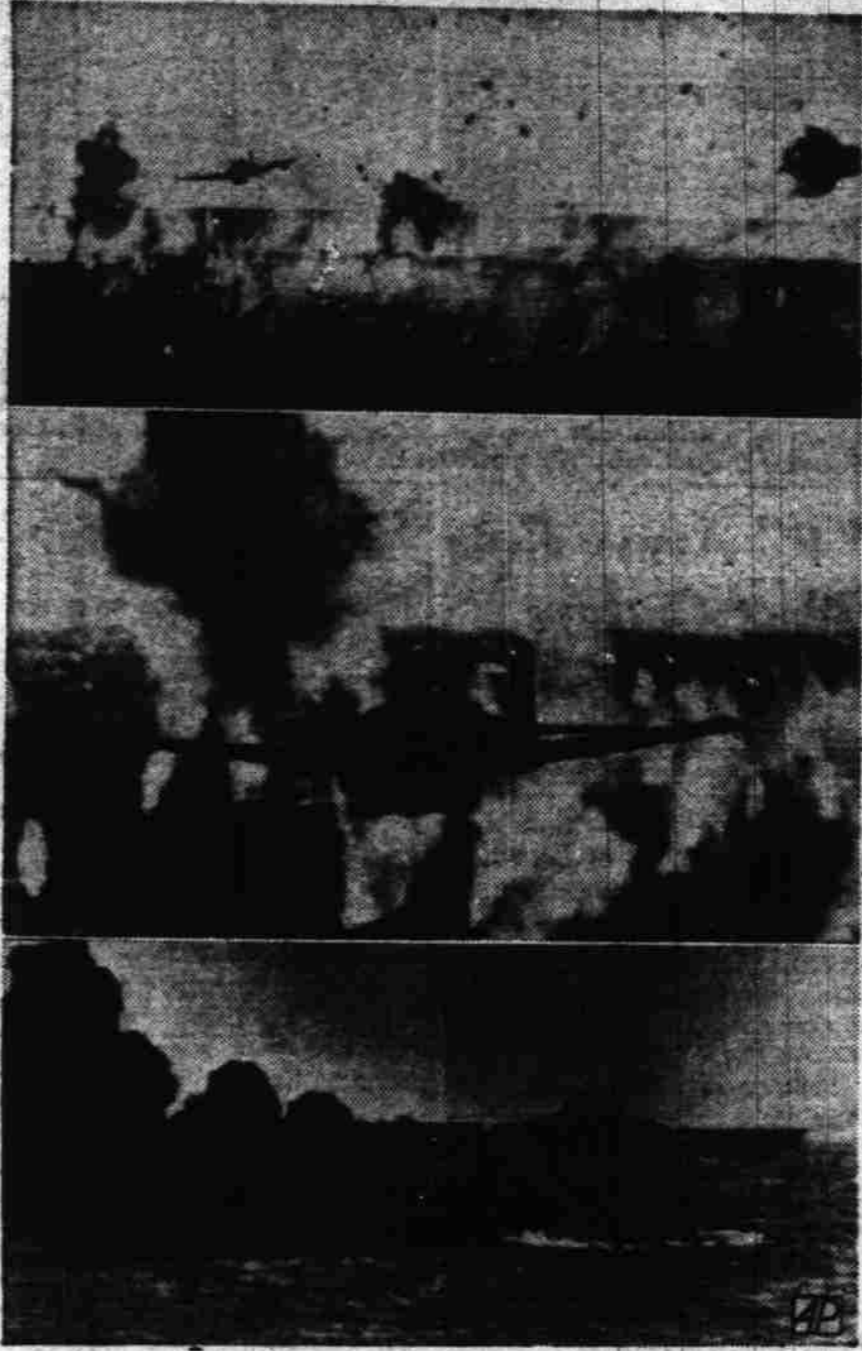
Thousands of persons jammed the neighborhood and as the escorted motorcade screamed into (Turn to Page 2—Story C)

Japs Disclose Deaths Of Two High Admirals

NEW YORK, May 20—(AP)—The deaths of Japanese Rear Admirals Torajiro Sato, "the pride of the submarine units," and Tamejiro Tamagi were disclosed today by Japan's Domei news agency, broadcasting a list of 84 naval officers who were killed in action between August, 1940, and December, 1943.

Allies Smash Past Hitler Line

Jap Torpedo Plane Downed



Coming in through heavy anti-aircraft fire, a Jap torpedo plane (upper) approaches an American aircraft carrier during the April 23-30 attack by US carrier-based planes on the Jap stronghold of Truk. Mortally hit, the torpedo-carrying Jap is close to the carrier (center). Then billows of black smoke marks the pyre of the plane (lower), near another carrier. (AP Wirephoto from navy)

Europe's 'V' Army Gets First Orders From Eisenhower

By JAMES M. LONG

LONDON, May 20—(AP)—Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower's supreme invasion headquarters broadcast its first direct orders to Europe's underground today, telling that huge and revenge-thirsty army to make careful and minute note of Germans' every move to aid in the coming assault.

"In due course," the broadcast declared, "you will receive advice and instructions from the supreme commander (Eisenhower) himself," who "counts upon you as part of his forces now being marshaled to inflict final defeat on the Germans and bring about the final liberation of your countries."

The first message to the "V" army, implying that regular broadcasts would be made, said the next one would be on Monday.

"When the allies come to liberate you they will rely on your help in many ways. In no more valuable way can this be given than by information about the enemy."

The headquarters spokesman called on the underground to note the strength and movements of German troops, tanks, guns, to spot location of supply dumps, and to urge the patriot army to be "disciplined and vigilant," to hide all your actions until the word is given.

Meanwhile the allied air offensive against strategic rail centers and — by German account at least — swift sweeps of the channel waters by enemy and allied ships were filling out the pattern which Berlin says will precede "D" day.

Urging everyone to care for his (Turn to Page 2—Story E)

Senate Passes New Tax Bill

WASHINGTON, May 20—(AP)—A "painless extraction" tax bill, designed to excuse some 30,000,000 of the nation's 50,000,000 taxpayers from having to fill out any more federal income tax returns, passed the senate today by voice vote.

The measure, which obligates the collector of internal revenue to do most taxpayers' arithmetic, was sent back to the house for concurrence in minor technical changes.

It reshuffles the entire income tax structure, scrapes the two-year-old victory tax and sets new normal and surtax rates and exemptions while holding the total individual income tax burden only \$60,000,000 smaller than the present \$17,000,000,000 level.

Nazis Lose Heavily In Men, Equipment With Hasty Retreat

By EDWARD KENNEDY

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS, Naples, May 20—(AP)—American and French troops, smashing through the crumbling Hitler line, pounded the whole southern half of the German front back today in a wide swing toward a new wall anchored at Terracina—only 25 miles from allied might massed on the Anzio beach-head.

The Germans lost heavily in men, tanks, and guns as they were being forced back in disorder up to 15 miles to a new "switch line" from Pico to Terracina, headquarters declared.

The eighth army successfully assaulted the fortified line farther north and the French punched deeper into the mountains in the center.

The nazi "switch line" runs from Pico in the middle of the Italian front 21 miles southwest through a horseshoe-shaped mountain ridge to Terracina on the sea. The lower half of the Hitler line originally had run through Pico to American—captured Formia, nearly 20 miles east of Terracina. Visualizing on a clock what this means in territory—it is as though the long hand "pivoting" at Pico had moved from 6 (Formia) to 8 (Terracina)."

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City Election Results Follow Early Trends

City election results largely followed early trends revealed Saturday morning, with Mayor I. M. Doughton retained in office, his city manager plan defeated; firemen's retirement fund and three-mill levy approved. Salem's vote, heaviest sustained interest shown in the county, was better than 70 per cent of the registration.

In the sixth ward, where a three-way race for one council seat was close, "official unofficial" returns give Alderman Tom Armstrong and Former Alderman Fred A. Williams the privilege of battling in out in the November general elections. Armstrong had 444 votes; Williams, 426; H. Grace Kowitz, 401.

Other city votes: Mayor — Doughton, 4462; Yeater, 3111; Recorder — Mundt, unopposed, 6218; Treasurer — Hauser, unopposed, 6359.

First ward — Kenneth C. Perry, unopposed, 900. For second position, E. W. Acklin, 564; George Lloyd, 306.

Second ward — George F. Chambers, unopposed, 776. Third ward — Lloyd T. Rigdon, unopposed, 354.

Fourth ward — Lewis G. Mitchell, 408; Fred S. Anusien, 253.

Fifth ward — R. A. Forkner, 807; Patrick A. Jarvill, 547. Sixth ward — James A. Byers, unopposed, 1016.

Seventh ward — Alderman Howard Maple, 653; Edward Majek, 363.

Water commissioner (three named) — Howard Jenks, 4635; W. L. Phillips, 4460; Leslie A. Hamilton, 3745; Edward Rostein, 3230.

Firemen's retirement fund—Yes, 3632; no, 3321.

Council-manager form of government for Salem — No, 4089; yes, 2935.

Three-mill levy for expansion and improvement of sewer system, parks and playgrounds — Yes, 4717; no, 2077.

"Counting boards in several precincts operated Saturday morning, with reports from Nos. 6 and 15 last received.