

The Oregon Statesman

"No Favor Sues Us; No Fear Shall Awe"
From First Statesman, March 22, 1851

Member of the Associated Press

THE STATESMAN PUBLISHING COMPANY
CHARLES A. SPRAGUE, Editor and Publisher

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this newspaper.

Admiral on Trial

This week the French Committee of National Liberation in Algiers will supervise the trial of a French admiral in a special court established to review his complicity with the Germans in handing over the French war vessels in Tunis to them at the start of the African invasion in November, 1942.

The admiral's name is Derrien, and he will have to answer to the charge before a court composed of three high-ranking naval officers, and two French civil judges regularly connected with the appeals courts of Algiers and Rabat. It will not be a court martial, but, as in the case of Pucheu and other collaborators recently tried, a civil tribunal prepared to pass upon treason to the French state.

The particular case, as a matter of fact, is not so important as the motivating principle—determination, on the part of the French committee, to proceed with "purge" trials of strongly suspected former collaborators with the German occupying forces, even before the invasion of metropolitan France. The French feel that the testimony of people now in North Africa, and such documentary material as they have there in the cases thus far called to court, are sufficient upon which a just and legal decision can be made.

Derrien is charged with turning his ships over to the Germans in spite of strict orders to sink them in case of attempted confiscation by the nazis. At Toulon, at the same time that his complicity is alleged to have occurred, another French admiral, de la Borde, did sink his vessels rather than surrender them. Derrien, however, headed the persuasion of a certain Admiral Platon, then a secretary in Marshal Petain's cabinet, and allowed the swastika banner to fly over previously French ships.

If the evidence is as strong as it appears, and the court as strict as in the Pucheu case and that of Col. Castigini, both of whom were recently executed in consequence of verdicts of guilty, Derrien can expect short shrift, and the Committee of Liberation will have one less problem to settle. As to the absolute legality of the proceedings—well, there was nothing legal about Germans using French ships.

exemptions of \$500 per person in place of the existing system of exemptions. For example, a husband will be allowed an exemption of \$500 for himself; \$500 for his wife and \$500 for each other dependent.

The definition of dependents is also simplified. Instead of the present requirement that a dependent must be under 18 or mentally or physically incapable of self-support, the bill defines a dependent as any close relation for whom the taxpayer furnishes over half the support and who is not himself required to file a return.

Also in the interest of simplification, taxpayers would be permitted to make standard deductions of 10 per cent of gross income, in lieu of allowable specific deductions for charitable contributions, taxes, etc. For incomes above \$5000, a flat deduction of \$500 would be permitted.

By these changes, it would become possible to determine the amount of taxes due with comparative ease, especially in the income brackets below \$5000. After the first year, members of the ways and means committee have asserted that approximately 30 million taxpayers would be relieved of computing their taxes.

These changes, made for the purpose of simplification, will necessarily cause some shift in tax burdens, but the general effect will be to decrease the payments of individuals with large families and somewhat increase the payments of taxpayers with small families, a move to which no one could offer valid objection.

The bill is now in the hands of the senate and some changes may be expected although it seems almost certain that the features providing simplification of tax returns will remain when the bill is finally enacted into law.

Draft Confusion

Conflicting regulations coming from Washington, concerning draft deferments are working a definite hardship on men who are within the draft age limits.

First comes an order from the president to tighten deferments and next comes an announcement that men over 26 years of age and in vital war work will not be called. The heads of selective service and the manpower commission issue different instructions with the result that members of draft boards are themselves at a loss to know what to do next.

The recent order to halt induction of men over twenty-six who are employed in essential jobs, with daily revisions of orders and instructions to draft boards emanating from Washington, provoked Senator Robert A. Taft of Ohio to declare:

"The time has come for the administration to quit playing fast and loose with the existence of our own citizens and their families. It is utterly ridiculous at this stage of the war to have married men telling their families goodbye, giving up their jobs, and selling their businesses, only to be told the next day it was all a mistake and they will not be needed; that they can go back home and pick up the scattered threads of their lives—but not securely for they might be called again on a moment's notice. Such confusion is not only harmful to public morale, but also must be a detriment to constancy in war production."

The time has arrived when some common sense should be injected into the draft program. Surely it would be no insurmountable task to make all draft classifications clear, definite and permanent; keep them that way unless a truly great emergency arose; end the confusion of all men of draft age, and allow the nation to get on with winning the war.

Simplified Tax Returns

Let the public become sufficiently aroused over some governmental operation, as was the case when a great majority of income taxpayers groaned as they struggled with the vexatious paper work in connection with the 1943 tax return, and relief generally is forthcoming.

As a direct response to the thousands of protesting letters which piled high on each congressman's desk shortly after the recent tax-paying period, the house ways and means committee buckled down and produced a bill which, to say the least is a vast improvement over previous tax laws.

And when this bill came up for final passage in the house, it was passed by the overwhelming vote of 358 to 0, the first time in our history a tax bill had been passed in the house of representatives without opposition.

In place of our present victory tax of 3 per cent of gross incomes over \$624 per year, a new normal tax of 3 per cent is levied on net incomes over \$500. The present normal tax of 6 per cent and the surtax beginning at 13 per cent are combined into a single surtax, with rates beginning at 20 per cent.

The bill also substitutes uniform personal



Growing Time in Europe

Today's Radio Programs

- KSLM-WEDNESDAY—1380 Kc.**
- 6:30—It's The Truth.
 - 7:00—News.
 - 7:15—Farm & Home Program.
 - 7:30—Shady Valley.
 - 7:45—Morning Moods.
 - 8:00—Dr. Talbot.
 - 8:30—Bookie Carter.
 - 9:15—Pastor's Call.
 - 9:30—News.
 - 9:45—Bob Hamilton.
 - 10:00—News.
 - 10:15—Jack Berch.
 - 10:30—Luncheon with Lopez.
 - 10:45—Bartol Orch.
 - 11:00—Cedric Foster.
 - 11:15—Song of Service.
 - 11:30—Skyline Serenade.
 - 11:45—Around Town.
 - 12:00—News.
 - 12:15—News.
 - 12:30—Hillbilly Serenade.
 - 12:45—News.
 - 1:00—News.
 - 1:15—Spotlight on Rhythm.
 - 1:30—Afternoon Melodies.
 - 1:45—True Detective.
 - 2:00—News.
 - 2:15—Broadway Band Wagon.
 - 2:30—Don Leo Newsreel.
 - 2:45—Radio Tours.
 - 3:00—News.
 - 3:15—Concert Hour.
 - 3:30—Johnson Family.
 - 3:45—News.
 - 4:00—News.
 - 4:15—News.
 - 4:30—Lullaby in Rhythm.
 - 4:45—Marche Militaire.
 - 5:00—Superman.
 - 5:15—Dick Carter.
 - 5:30—Gordon Burke.
 - 5:45—Gabriel Heatter.
 - 6:00—War Commentaries.
 - 6:15—First Nighter.
 - 6:30—Todds Grant.
 - 6:45—War Commentaries.
 - 7:00—Interlude.
 - 7:15—Lone Ranger.
 - 7:30—Would You Believe It?
 - 7:45—The Gaiding Light.
 - 8:00—Buildup Drummond.
 - 8:15—News.
 - 8:30—Fulton Lewis.
 - 8:45—Music.
 - 9:00—On the Victrola.
 - 9:15—Merle Phillips.
 - 9:30—News.
 - 9:45—Journal of Living.
 - 10:00—News.
 - 10:15—News.
 - 10:30—Ravellie Roundup.
 - 10:45—Breakfast Bulletin.
 - 11:00—Stars of Today.
 - 11:15—James Abbe Covers the News.
 - 11:30—David Harum.
 - 11:45—Personality Hour.
 - 12:00—Music.
 - 12:15—Ruth Forbes.
 - 12:30—News.
 - 12:45—Art Baker's Notebook.
 - 1:00—The Guiding Light.
 - 1:15—Today's Children.
 - 1:30—Light of the World.
 - 1:45—Hymns of All Churches.
 - 2:00—Women of America.

- 12:15—Ma Perkins.
- 12:30—Pepper Young's Family.
- 12:45—Right to Happiness.
- 1:00—Beckstatt's Wife.
- 1:15—Stella Dallas.
- 1:30—Lorenzo Jones.
- 1:45—Young Widder Brown.
- 2:00—When a Girl Marries.
- 2:15—We Love and Learn.
- 2:30—Just Plain Bill.
- 2:45—Front Page Farrell.
- 3:00—Road of Life.
- 3:15—Vic and Sada.
- 3:30—B. Boynton.
- 3:45—Rambling Reader.
- 4:00—Dr. Kate.
- 4:15—News of the World.
- 4:30—The Carol Sisters.
- 4:45—H. V. Kaltenborn.
- 5:00—OK for Release.
- 5:15—Arthur Godfrey Show.
- 5:30—Day Foster Commentator.
- 5:45—Louis P. Looney.
- 6:00—Eddie Cantor.
- 6:30—Mr. District Attorney.
- 7:00—Key Kyrer's College.
- 7:30—Fred Waring in Pleasure Time.
- 8:15—Commentator.
- 8:30—Beat the Band.
- 9:00—Mr and Mrs. North.
- 9:30—Scramby Amby.
- 10:00—News Flasher.
- 10:15—Your Home Town News.
- 10:30—Labor News.
- 10:45—Orchestra.
- 11:00—Voice of A Nation.
- 11:00—Music.
- 11:30—2 A.M.—Swing Shift.

- 7:30—Holman.
- 7:45—Manhunt.
- 8:00—I Love A Mystery.
- 8:15—Pleasing Parade.
- 8:30—Dr. Christian.
- 8:45—News.
- 9:00—Orchestra.
- 9:30—Northwest Neighbors.
- 10:00—Five Star Final.
- 10:15—Warlike Women.
- 10:30—Western Stars.
- 10:45—Report to the Nation.
- 11:00—Orchestra.
- 11:15—News.
- 11:30—Serenade.
- 12:30—4:30 a.m.—Music and News.

- KOAC-WEDNESDAY—580 Kc.**
- 10:00—News.
 - 10:15—Homemakers Hour.
 - 10:30—School of the Air.
 - 11:00—Concert Hall.
 - 11:30—News.
 - 12:00—News.
 - 12:15—Neon Farm Hour.
 - 1:00—Ridin the Range.
 - 1:15—Rhythm and Reason.
 - 1:30—Variety Time.
 - 2:00—Homemakers' Half Hour.
 - 2:30—Memory Book of Music.
 - 3:00—Orchestra.
 - 3:15—Music.
 - 4:30—A Z to Zety.
 - 4:45—Lawrence Walk.
 - 4:55—Book of the Week.
 - 5:00—Music That Endures.
 - 5:30—Story Time.
 - 5:45—It's Oregon's War.
 - 6:15—News.
 - 6:30—Evening Farm Hour.
 - 7:00—Shorthand Contest.
 - 7:30—Music of Czechoslovakia.
 - 7:45—Music That Endures.
 - 8:00—Evening Meditations.
 - 8:30—News.
 - 8:45—Sign Off.

- KEK-SN-WEDNESDAY—1190 Kc.**
- 6:00—Musical Clock Chime.
 - 6:15—National Farm and Home.
 - 6:45—Western Agriculture.
 - 7:00—Music.
 - 7:05—Top of the Morning.
 - 7:15—News.
 - 7:30—James Abbe Observes.
 - 7:45—The Listening Post.
 - 8:00—Breakfast Club.
 - 8:30—Common Sense and Sentiment.
 - 8:45—The Mystery Chef.
 - 9:00—Breakfast at Sardi's.
 - 10:00—News.
 - 10:15—Sweet River.
 - 10:30—My True Story.
 - 10:45—Polly Patterson.
 - 11:00—Bauhaage Talking.
 - 11:15—The Mystery Chef.
 - 11:30—Ladies Be Seated.
 - 12:00—News.
 - 12:30—News.
 - 1:00—Sam Hayes.
 - 1:15—Bob Nichols.
 - 1:30—Blue Newsroom Review.
 - 2:00—What's Doing, Ladies.
 - 2:30—Baby Institute.
 - 2:45—Labor News.
 - 2:55—Ruby Lloyd Organist.
 - 3:00—Hollywood News Flasher.
 - 3:15—Glenn Howard.
 - 3:30—Orchestra.
 - 4:00—Connie Boswell.
 - 4:30—Hop Harrigan.
 - 4:45—The Sea Round.
 - 5:00—Terry and the Pirate.
 - 5:15—Dick Tracy.
 - 5:30—Jack Armstrong.
 - 5:45—Captain Midnight.
 - 6:00—Livestock Reporter.
 - 6:30—Music.
 - 6:15—Chester Bowles.
 - 6:30—News.
 - 6:45—Story Teller.
 - 7:00—Raymond Gram Swing.
 - 7:15—Top of the Evening.
 - 7:30—Soldiers With Wings.
 - 7:45—News.
 - 8:15—Lum and Abner.
 - 8:30—My Best Girls.
 - 8:45—Dumpling.
 - 9:30—News.
 - 9:45—The Portland Plan.
 - 10:00—News.
 - 10:15—Roseland Ballroom.
 - 10:30—Broadway Bandwagon.
 - 10:45—Music.
 - 11:00—Concert Hour.

- KOIN-CBS-WEDNESDAY—500**
- 6:00—Northwest Farm Reporter.
 - 6:15—Breakfast Bulletin.
 - 6:30—Texas Rangers.
 - 6:45—KOIN Klock.
 - 7:15—News.
 - 7:30—News.
 - 7:45—Nelson Pringle, News.
 - 8:00—Consumer News.
 - 8:15—Valiant Lady.
 - 8:30—Stories America Loves.
 - 8:45—Aunt Jenny.
 - 9:00—Kate Smith Speaks.
 - 9:15—Big Sister.
 - 9:30—Romance of Helen Trent.
 - 9:45—Our Gals Sunday.
 - 10:00—Life Can Be Beautiful.
 - 10:15—Ma Perkins.
 - 10:30—Bernadine Flynn.
 - 10:45—The Goldbergs.
 - 11:00—Fortie Faces Life.
 - 11:15—Joyce Jordan.
 - 11:30—Bernadine Flynn.
 - 11:45—Perry Mason.
 - 12:00—News.
 - 12:15—Neighbors.
 - 12:30—Bright Horizons.
 - 12:45—Bachelor's Children.
 - 1:00—Broadway Matinee.
 - 1:15—Dorothy Fisher, Songs.
 - 1:30—Mary Martin.
 - 1:45—Raymond Scott Show.
 - 2:00—Open Door.
 - 2:15—Newspaper of the Air.
 - 2:45—American Women.
 - 3:00—News.
 - 3:15—Karn Murray Show.
 - 3:30—Stars of Today.
 - 3:45—The World Today.
 - 4:30—News.
 - 4:45—Bob Anderson, News.
 - 5:00—Easy Aces.
 - 5:15—Galaxy Drama.
 - 5:30—Red's Gang.
 - 5:45—Harry Flannery, News.
 - 6:00—Bill Henry.
 - 6:30—Frank Sinatra.
 - 6:45—Jack Carson.
 - 7:00—Music.

- KGW-NBC-WEDNESDAY—420 Kc.**
- 4:50—Dawn Patrol.
 - 5:05—Labor News.
 - 5:20—War News.
 - 5:35—News Parade.
 - 5:50—Labor News.
 - 6:05—Journal of Living.
 - 7:15—News.
 - 7:30—Reveille Roundup.
 - 7:45—Breakfast Bulletin.
 - 8:00—Stars of Today.
 - 8:15—James Abbe Covers the News.
 - 8:45—David Harum.
 - 9:00—Personality Hour.
 - 10:00—Music.
 - 10:15—Ruth Forbes.
 - 10:30—News.
 - 10:45—Art Baker's Notebook.
 - 11:00—The Guiding Light.
 - 11:15—Today's Children.
 - 11:30—Light of the World.
 - 11:45—Hymns of All Churches.
 - 12:00—Women of America.

- SHIMM TO ME**
- (Continued from Page 1)

repeat in reverse direction what the Germans accomplished four years ago in their drive through France and the low countries to the channel.

The record to date however, shows that the discipline of the German armies has remained good. They made their withdrawal from Russia in fairly good order, especially when one considers the way Hitler had his forces hold out even at the risk of entrapment. Few of the predicted Russian traps cut off large bodies of men. The same discipline will be invoked when the allied landings occur.

As for tensions here at home, there is no denying them; nor can they be exorcised merely by telling people not to worry. Minds are focused on Europe—it is even hard to make a cutback to the Pacific theatre now. Our people are mentally braced for the shock of attack, but they, like the Germans, will have to wait the event. We must however, steel our nerves to hold steady when the onslaught comes.

Interpreting The War News

By KIRKE L. SIMPSON
Copyright 1944 by the Associated Press

The first monsoon rains are falling on the India-Burma front, bolstering Admiral Lord Mountbatten's apparent belief that the Japanese "invasion" of eastern India is not only stymied but is facing utter disaster.

Within a week the full weight of the monsoon will develop. For the next three months it will halt active military operations everywhere in Burma except in the upper Irrawaddy valley where the monsoon rainfall is only a fraction of that in the India-Burma border sector.

Authorized British military commentators in his country attribute Mountbatten's withdrawal of his forces from Buthidaung on the Arakan front in Burma to the approaching monsoon. It represents the end of the campaign to capture Akoyab until the rainy season passes, but this time British troops have fallen back only into the hills above the town.

Their mission in any case, according to General Horace S. Sewell, was "primarily diversionary," to take enemy weight off the main allied operations in Burma, General Stilwell's Chinese-American drive to link up Ledo road communications with the old Burma route to China.

And it is in that sector, on the upper Irrawaddy, that monsoon rains will least affect operations. The average fall in the valleys of northeastern Burma is less than 100 inches compared to 250 inches during the monsoon months in Arakan and as much as 400 inches in the area through which the Japanese forces advanced into India.

The failure of that desperate enemy gamble with the monsoon in an effort to delay Stilwell's advance is arousing concern in Tokyo. It was reflected in a recent Nipponese broadcast beamed to Germany repeating a warning that American air forces in China are being strengthened to "raid the Japanese mainland as well as cut off the Japanese supply line with the southern region."

The broadcast, as reported by the office of war information, has several angles of interest. It said "advance bases" of the American 14th (China) air forces are located in southern and central Kwangsi province and are expanding. Some Japanese were reported to "believe" that American "super bombers" were to be assigned to General Clair Chennault for use against Japan and China sea shipping.

If that is so, the conclusion drawn by the Tokyo account is soundly based. It means that failure to halt Stilwell's operations or seriously delay him by the frustrated India "invasion" does expose Japanese China sea traffic and bases along the China coast itself, in French Indo-China and in the Philippines to stepped-up air blasting. The Japanese offensive in Honan province far to the north can do little to prevent it.

Breach of Trust

From early childhood we, in this country, are taught to respect our public officials and to look upon members of police departments as protectors.

In the great majority of cases, men chosen to serve the public so live and act that this trust is not misplaced. But when we read in the news columns of the Cheyenne, Wyoming, mayor and three members of his police department being convicted of accepting a bribe, the news is nothing less than shocking.

In the Cheyenne case, justice was meted out without undue delay. The mayor of the town drew a seven to ten year prison sentence, while the guilty policemen also were sentenced to prison for varying terms.

The specific charge against the men was that of "soliciting and accepting \$100 on two occasions" from a cafe proprietor for "protection."

Fortunate it is that betrayal of public trust is rare and equally fortunate is the swift punishment of the Cheyenne mayor and police officers who so lightly valued their duty to the citizens of their town.

Vigilance at Home

Partial destruction by fire of the town of Mapleton near the coast last Saturday and a slash fire which threatened a large forested area of Lane county bring into sharp focus the need of constant vigilance against fire—a most potent force of destruction.

For several years past Oregon has been most fortunate in having weather conditions unfavorable to the spread of forest fires. Another factor that certainly held down fire losses in the timbered areas of our state is the excellent fire fighting organization built up by State Forester Nels Rogers.

Destruction of timber by fire is more than an economic loss. We are in war. Lumber is a vital need of the armed forces. Every acre of trees swept down by fire brings a distinct victory to our enemy.

Not everyone is in a position to participate in fire fighting but certainly everyone who travels through the wooded areas or enters a forest can do his or her part by ever remembering that carelessness with fire may result in hampering our war effort.

Acting as Decoy for Nazis Not Much Fun Say Yanks

By KENNETH L. DIXON
WITH THE AEF IN ITALY, April 30—(Delayed)—(P)—This business of being a flying lure to lead the luftwaffe lads to limbo is all very well to look at but not much fun to do.

At least, that's what Sam Wellborn and Neil McPhail say and if they seem to be somewhat dogmatic on the subject it should be borne in mind that their attitude is not merely academic.

Sam is a staff sergeant from Bradley, Ark., who pilots one of the unarmored observation cubs through which the artillery boys on the beachhead fix their targets. Neil is a first lieutenant from Cincinnati who rides with him as an observer.

Twice in one day they served as unwilling decoys for enemy fighter planes which chased them down to the treetops and were reduced to the status of dead ducks by the ack-ack boys.

It was a bright, and sunny morning not long ago when they were put-putting pleasantly along in their oversized butterfly on a routine observation mission. Suddenly tracers started spitting by their wingtips, indicating that some unregardless individual considered the sky was too stuffy.

Looking around they saw an Me109 making eyes at them with all its machine guns. Now a cub has about as much business arguing with a Messerschmitt as a snowball challenging a blast furnace. So Sam slammed the stick against the instrument panel and hung the grasshopper on its tail thus causing the over-anxious Messerschmitt to pass over it and miss its aim.

Since the fighter plane flies about 5 times as fast as a cub the Me's seldom make more than one pass at the observation ships because the difference in timing makes them difficult to hit. But this particular German pilot was a stubborn sort and he swung around to try again.

Sam hit the treetops and streaked for home and neither he nor McNeil was exactly happy in the service at the moment.

But the boys behind the ack-ack guns heard them coming and when the Messerschmitt swooped in for the kill he found a freight car full of flak exploding in his face. Pieces of the German plane were still falling when Sam and Neil stepped out on friendly soil again, safe but sweating.

The gleeful anti-aircraft guys said gosh, this is fun, let's do it some more, or something like that, but Sam and Neil saw no sense in trying to win the whole war in

All of Voters' Pamphlets Go Out in Mail

Last of the voters' pamphlets for the 1944 primary election were mailed out here Tuesday, within the statutory period required by law, Dave O'Hara, in charge of the state elections bureau, announced.

The law requires that these pamphlets shall be in the mails 10 days before the primary election which is slated for May 19.

O'Hara denied reports that the pamphlets were not mailed out within the statutory period and also that he had discriminated against the democrats by mailing the republican pamphlets first.

"Even though this were true it would make no difference as to which pamphlets were mailed out first," O'Hara said, "for the reason that the democrats and republicans hold separate primary elections and there is no contest between the candidates of the two parties."

A slow down in the state printing department, due to the manpower shortage, caused considerable worry in the state elections bureau, but notwithstanding this the law was complied with and the pamphlets were sent out on time.

Layton Case Goes to State Supreme Court

Petition for rehearing of the case of Richard Harry Layton, former Monmouth police officer, under death sentence for the slaying of Ruth Hildebrand, 17, of Dallas, was filed in the state supreme court here Tuesday.

Miss Hildebrand's body was found floating in the Willamette river, south of Independence, in June, 1943, and Layton later was arrested, tried and convicted on a first-degree murder charge in the Polk county circuit court.

Attorneys for Layton, in seeking a rehearing, charged that he made a confession under threatening gestures by the state police, was held in jail without legal counsel and was not appraised of his constitutional rights.

Layton is now in the state penitentiary here awaiting resentencing by Judge Arlie G. Walker, who presided at his trial in the circuit court.

Farmers Will Get Rubber, Gas for Work

PORTLAND, May 9—(P)—Gasoline and tire quotas will be lighter through 1944, but proper care may enable Oregon farmers to continue essential transportation, speakers at the first of 12 district farm transportation meetings said today.

Sponsored by the office of defense transportation, OPA, AAA, and the Oregon State college extension service, the meetings are to acquaint the public with the seriousness of the situation.

Twice the normal amount of truck parts will be available this year but there will be only 80,000 new trucks compared with normal replacement of 600,000 annually for the nation. O. E. Dagner, ODT maintenance specialist, said.

Today's Garden
By LILLIE MADSEN

Mrs. H.R.F. writes that she has always wanted to start tuberous begonias but always forgets to do so in time and so never has any. Wants to know if it is too late.

ANSWER: While she might get some in to blooming size, planting should have been done quite some time ago. If I were she I would try to purchase them from the commercial growers now as soon as all danger of cold night weather is over. She will have a much longer time to enjoy them. Be sure to plant them in rich, loose soil in a shady place. We get so many inquiries about flowers to plant in the shade. Always remember that the tuberous begonia is one sure shade plant. In fact it will not do at all in the sun.

Societe 'PEBBLES'

Candies Conditioned To Summer Weather

To all appearances, exactly like smooth pebbles... as varied in shape and mottled coloring! The difference... they're tasty sugar-coated confections with centers of apple or raisin jelly and chocolate, vanilla, creamy fudge.

"Societe" exclusives—popular with all ages.

We hope to be able to supply "Societe Pebbles" to the entire Imperial Candy family. Remember, they are "Worth Waiting For."

Societe CHOCOLATES and FINE CANDIES
IMPERIAL CANDY COMPANY • SEATTLE 4, WASHINGTON

Stevens

Silverware Chests

Attractive chests, beautifully lined for your nicest silver. Holds service for twelve.

\$5.95

Stevens
The World's Largest Silverware Manufacturing Plant

Credit If Desired