

1943 - YEAR'S HIGHLIGHTS IN A GLOBAL WAR - 1943

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS



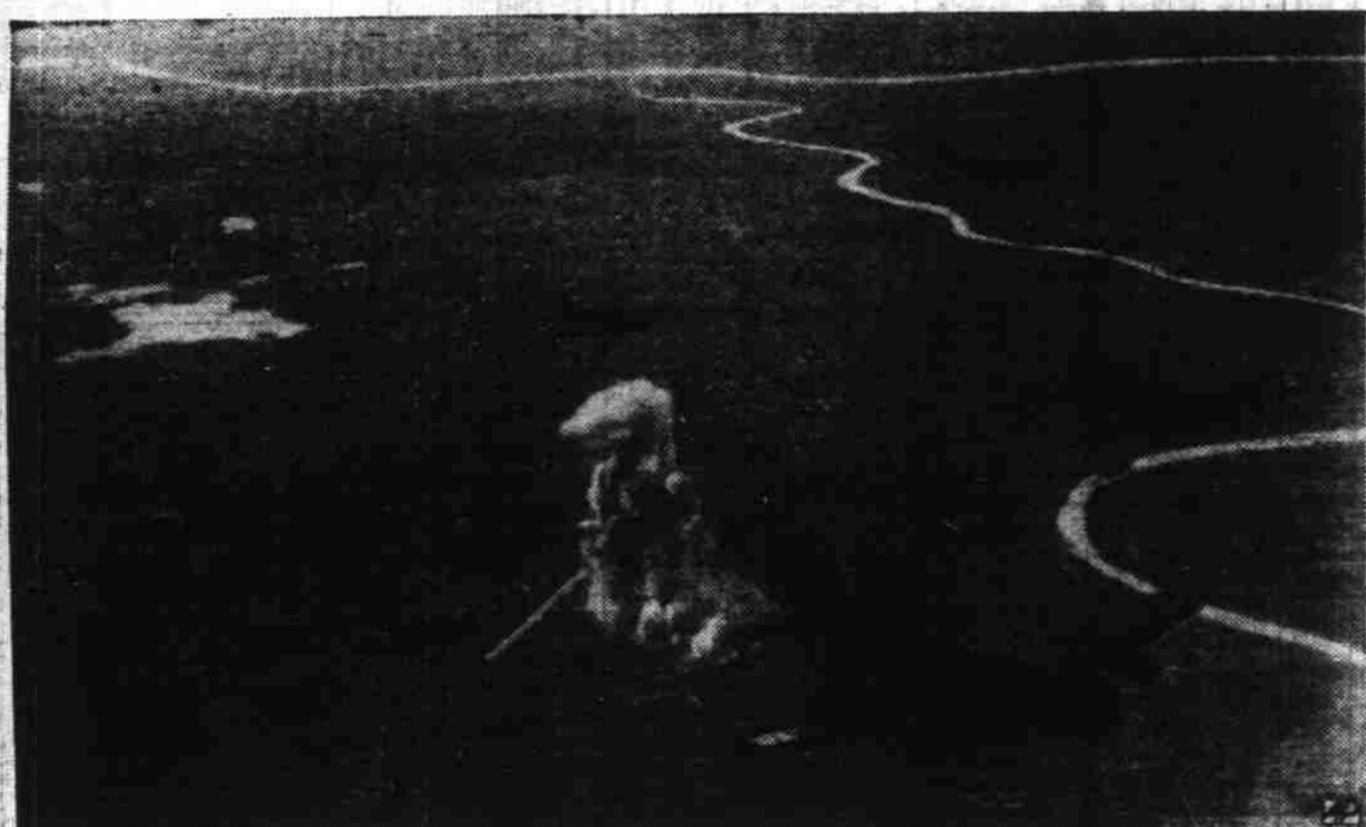
ON TARAWA'S BLOODY SHORE—U. S. Marines battle Japanese on the atoll in the Gilbert Islands which cost more than 1,000 American dead before it fell to Yank attackers.



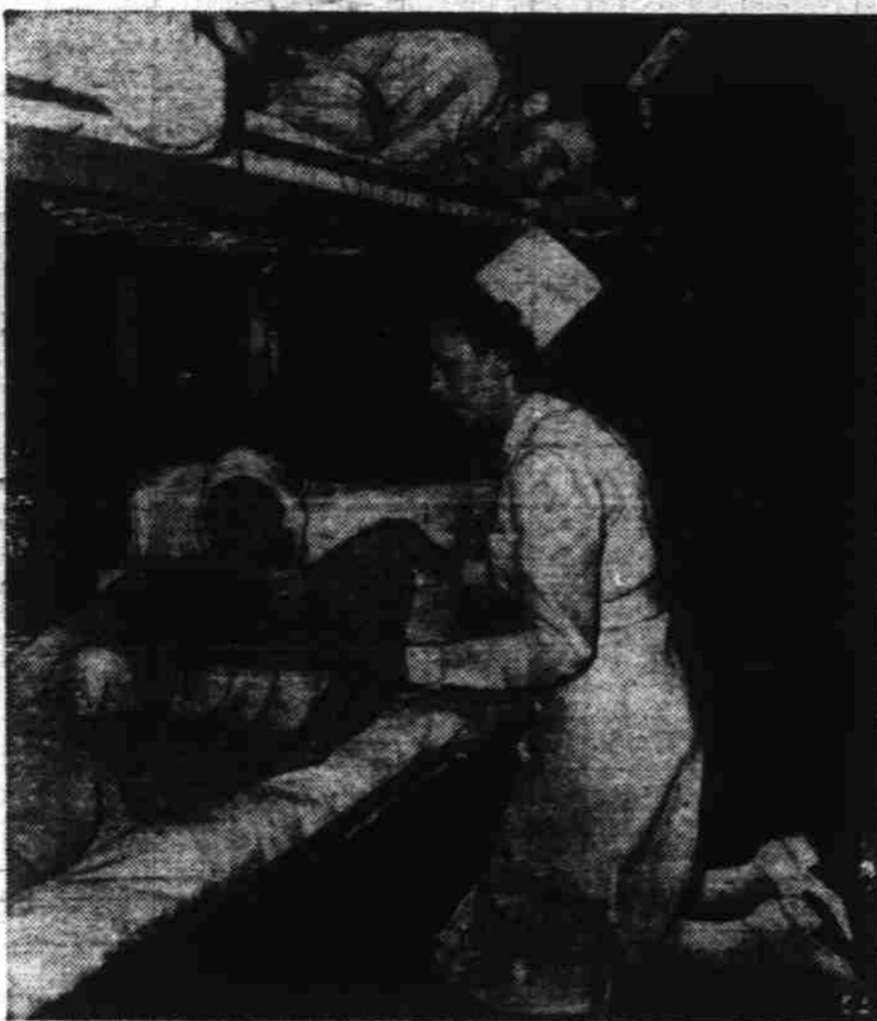
CHIEF—The name of Gen. George C. Marshall (above), chief of staff of the U. S. Army, figured prominently in reported preparations for an Allied land invasion of Europe.



ON THE BEACH AT ATTU—U. S. soldiers dump duffel bags ashore while landing crews hustle anti-aircraft guns onto the sands. The year saw expulsion of the Japanese invaders from every foothold they had seized in the Aleutians.



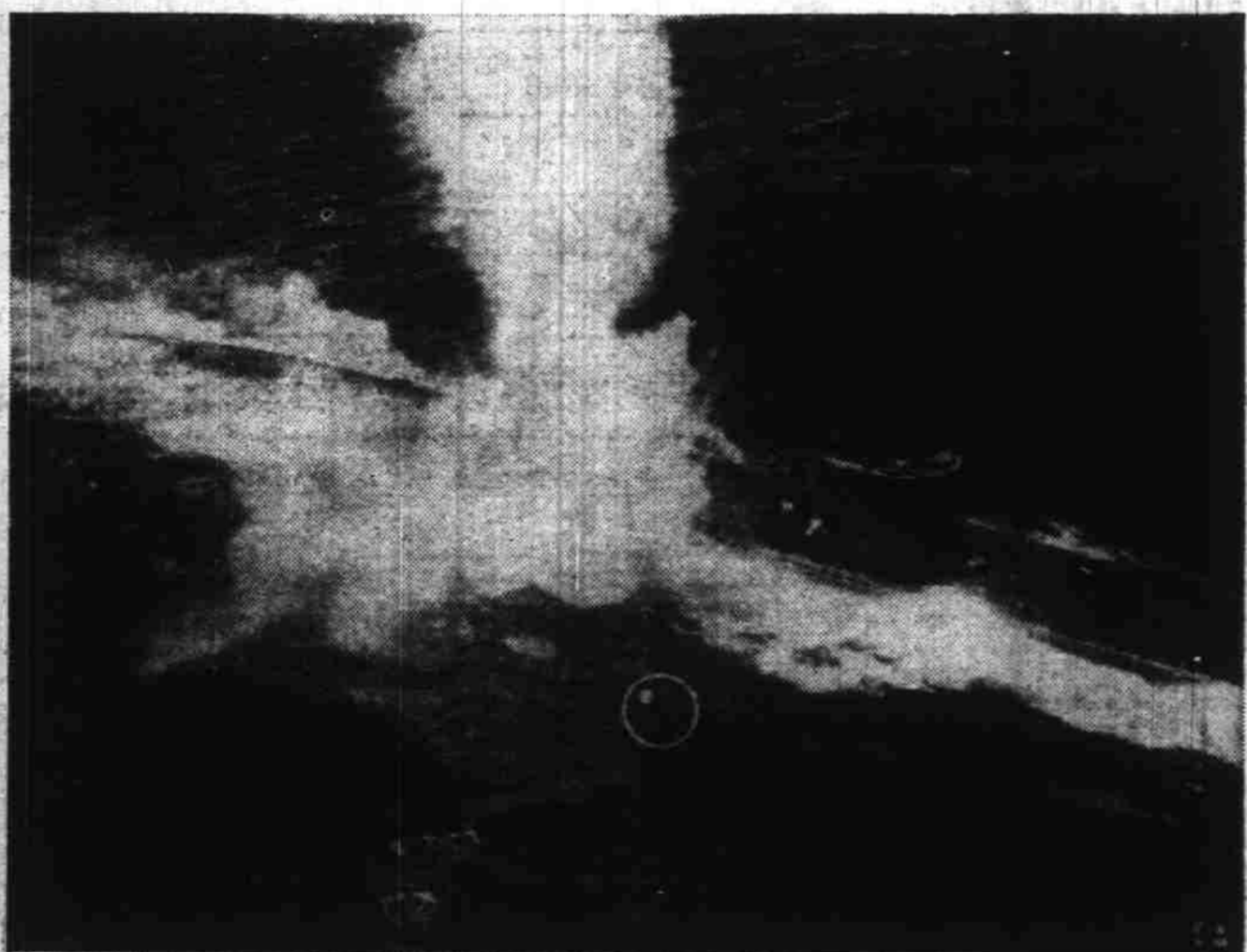
OVER EAST PRUSSIA—U. S. Flying Fortresses bomb the German Focke-Wulf assembly plant at Marienburg, as rising Allied air might presses the attack on Hitler's "fortress Europe."



ON A HOSPITAL TRAIN—An Army nurse, Lt. Alice E. Hall, cares for Elmer Mitchell, a casualty of the American landings in Italy, as wounded from the Mediterranean fighting nose return home for medical care.



ON A PORCH IN TEHRAN— Marshal Joseph Stalin, President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill at epochal conference. Earlier meetings saw FDE at Casablanca, Quebec and Cairo.



ON THE ATLANTIC— Allied ships and planes put a crimp in Hitler's U-boat campaign. Here a depth bomb explodes on a Nazi submarine, another (circle) drops alongside.



AT HITLER'S HEADQUARTERS— Benito Mussolini, discredited and deposed Duce, shakes hands with Adolf Hitler upon arrival at the latter's headquarters following his "liberation" from Italians who had placed him under guard.



STORM— Slipping of a wounded U. S. soldier in Sicily, for which Lt. Gen. George S. Patton, Jr. (above) later apologized, led to a stormy dispute and ouster in congress.



OVER NEW GUINEA— Gen. Douglas MacArthur, looking out of a Flying Fortress gun port, points to paratroops dropping into the Markham Valley to start a successful drive on Jap forces in the Lae-Salamauva sector.



IN THE OUTSKIRTS OF STALINGRAD— Russian soldiers armed with rifles fire from behind piles of rubble in street fighting that turned the tide against the Germans and started Hitler's long retreat to the west. In succession the Nazis were driven out of the vital Caucasus region and the important Russian cities of Rostov, Donetspetrovsk, Kharkov and Kiev.



PREMIER— Marshal Pietro Badoglio (above) surrendered to the Allied invaders of Italy, then formed a new Italian government in which he became premier. He later declared war on Nazi Germany.



ON THE WAY TO SALERNO— U. S. troops of the Fifth Army, nearing the Italian shore to open a new chapter in the Italian invasion, keep a watch aloft for German planes.