**NINETY-SECOND YEAR** 

Salem, Oregon, Thursday Morning, July 23, 1942

# Nazis Begin Battle for Once-Held Rostov

## US May **Buy City** Airport

### Accountant and **Appraiser Doing** Paper Work Now

Purchase of Salem's municipal airport by the US government loomed as a definite possibility Wednesday with informal authorization by city councilmen of an "audit" to determine exact amount of money expended by the municipality in its development.

That the action had been requested by an AAA appraiser, whose services had been borrowed by another branch of the government to present figures on the proposed airport purchase was apparently general knowledge, although city officers had nothing

It was understood that J. B. Protzman, Salem accountant, was to be retained to delve into city records for exact information sought. Sidewalk mathematicians placed the city's realizable investment in the port at something more than \$70,000 in cash, while the incinerator properties were placed on the books at approximately \$30,000.

The airport here is now under lease to the federal government for a period to extend six months after the close of the war. That federal agencies are as interested in development of commercial sirline services as are municipalities has been the declaration of its United Air Lines for service here has come up for discussion in operation of the air lines here.

## 35 Killed in 3 Sinkings

Sub Fires on Norse Skipper for Not Giving Ship Name

By The Associated Press

The captain of a large Norwegtan merchant ship sunk in the Atlantic was machine-gunned because he refused to give the Uboat commander the name of his vessel, the navy reported Wednes-

and a British merchantman also were announced, bringing to 396 the unofficial Associated Press tabulation of allied and neutral come down. losses in the western Atlantic since Pearl Harbor. The toll in the three sinkings was 35 dead and 89

Tonaburg, Norway, said at a gulf ployes or inmates be permitted to coast port that the submarine fired on a dinghy carrying himself and three crewmen from the sinking ship. The captain was hit in the arm but the other three were

Thirty five other men in the crew rowed away in two lifeboats ched Devil's island, French Guinna. Rather than face internment there, they escaped and pushed on to Paramaribo, Dutch

about 650 miles off the Atlantic stack, Quigley was watched by bottom with the loss of 19 of her 37-man crew. The 38 seamen who crow flight. were rescued after drifting for 19 Miles Neklkin, a 25-year-old able last 15 years. The first leaped bodied seaman, was responsible for or fell to his death from about their escape. Survivors said Nelkin the 80-foot level. The other, who released the liferafts while the went up about four years ago, (Turn to Page 2 Col. 6)

### Service Men

Merton H. Roemhildt, private first class, has reached Great Britain, according to a report from License Revoked his sister, Irene Roemhildt, Fish- Of Brown Derby er apartments, Salem. Pvt. Roemhildt is a topographical draftsman with the US engineers. He was inducted in October, 1941, and until that time was a resi-

men from Salem and vicinity The commission also suspend-in the armed forces, turn to ed the licenses of 13 establish-



ground, Joseph Quigley, 54, state hospital inmate, kept institution officials uneasy for more than eight hours Wednesday. He is pic-

## representatives in this area when mention of the city's contract with United Air Lines for service here recent months, and the current lease provides for continued speration of the air lines here. For Eight Hours

54-Year-Old Man Climbs 124 Feet To Berate Superintendent Evans; Descends to Earth Voluntarily

Days of the flagpole sitters were recalled here Wednesday afternoon when Joseph Quigley, 54-year-old inmate of the Oregon State hospital fled from his associates in the institution laundry and clambered to a lonely perch atop a 124-foot water tower, there to stay, barefooted and glowering, for 8 hours and

**Amateur Show** 

**Unit Readied** 

Programs to Soldiers;

Male Actors Sought

the Salem chamber of commerce

presided over by R. R. "Bob"

in participating in such shows are

asked to appear and register to

various forms of entertainment.

the registration Friday night will

be only for those interested in

Experience in other communi-

stage play roles.

One of 2705 wards at the Salem institution, Quigley berated and cursed Dr. J. C. Evans, super-Torpedoing of a US cargo ship intendent, from his high vantage point, defied the pleas of attendants and inmate friends alike to

Fearful that Quigley might make a death leap if pressed, Dr. Evans directed that he be-let alone and Capt. Finn Ager Madsen, 42, of that no audience of curious em-

> "He'll probably give up and long enough," Dr. Evans said shortly after 1:30, time when Quigley quit his assignment over the whirling clothes drier in the laundry.

Quigley did just that, at 9:15. From his position on the tower, topped on the hospital grounds in operation. only by the 150-foot heating plant spectators at George E. Waters at the chamber of commerce, at field, nearly 16 blocks away by

the hospital water tower in the called down that he would give himself up if a priest were called. Father Reedy, now an army chaplain, was called and the inmate are asked to telephone and leave To Stop Freight kept his promise.

PORTLAND, July 22-(A)-The state liquor control commission told the group which met Wed-(Turn to Page 2, Col. 8) revoked five licenses Wednesday, including that of Sidney Julius Gentzkow, operator of the Brown Derby in Salem, who was charged with maintaining disorderly Tuesday's Weather Tuesday's max. temp. 87, min.

# Japs In Papuan Landing

**Allies Bomb and** Strafe, Sink 2 **Enemy Vessels** 

GEN, MacARTHUR'S HEAD-QUARTERS, Australia, Thursday, July 23-(AP)-Japanese landing forces, disembarking under heavy allied bombing and machine-gun strafing, have established a new foothold near Buna on the northern Papuan coast, 150 miles south of their base at Salamaua, Gen. Douglas MacArthur's headquarters a nnounced Thursday.

Allied aerial attacks were the only hindering force to the landing, since there were no allied troops stationed in the vicinity of Gona Mission, where the Japanese disembarked. Bombing and strafing by al-

lied planes sank one Japanese transport and one landing barge. Between 1500 and 2500 Japanese were estimated to have made the landing from a small convoy.

The first contact by allied planes with the Japanese ships was made just before dark on Tuesday. Then one hit was scored on a transport. believed to have been the same one later reported sunk.

Wednesday. n the landing troops.

One enemy seaplane was shot

## Farewell Plan Group Begun

Organization Will Give Sendoffs To Inductees

First step toward formation of a civic committee to extend the city's farewell to its departing service men were taken Wednesday night at the chamber of commerce when representatives of Salem's organized veterans, their auxiliaries, part of the fraternal and service groups are the ministerial association met with O. E. Palmateer as temporary chairman. Hope that the organization might develop into a body ready to assist at the close of the war with problems of demobilization, to aid returning service men in finding their places in the social USO Group to Present pressed by Palmateer. Serving as gion's committee which last week staged a farewell luncheon for army inductees, Palmateer said his "Amateur Shows for Soldiers" organization's members believed the entire city wanted a part in unit of the USO was organized honoring the departing soldiers. Wednesday night in a meeting at

Other organizations are to be ported. contacted and those represented at the Wednesday session asked to Boardman, director of the USO in authorize their representatives to Salem. General purpose of the form a permanent steering committee for the farewell parties beunit will be to arrange entertainment for soldiers, to be presented fore another meeting called for Thursday, July 30. Meanwhile, the Nazi Seamen either at Camp Adair or at the USO center in Salem when it is Legion group and those, attending Wednesday's gathering plan to Buried in US A second meeting was planned stage a party of a variety dependfor Friday night at 8 o'clock, also ing on the time of departure, for

men leaving early next week. Until this month, it was explained, inductees have been sent to army centers immediately folindicate their availability. Allowing their final examinations as though the shows will include navy enlistees still are handled, and any organized farewell ges-

## Any who are interested but Pickets Told Not

their names with Mrs. Ilda Bingenheimer at the USO office, Paulus Brothers' cannery strike tonight. Wednesday announced that pickets at the Salem plant had been ties adjacent to army camps ininstructed not to interfere with cluding those in which he has served has been that the soldiers greatly appreciate amateur entertainment, Director Boardman

several hours after workers from the picketed cannery had them- Germans Lose 6000 selves moved a freight car of empty cans onto a spur track at MOSCOW, Thursday, July 23 which Britain's bombers have been south of Kienteh.

the south side of the plant in spite (A)— The Moscow radio reported held back often this month, fav-

## Tiny Papers Reveal News To Naziland

LONDON, Wednesday, July 22-(P)-British bombers streaking over Germany and Italy as well as the axis-occupied nations of Europe almost daily drop thousands of tiny newspapers carrying United Nations news and uncensored items about naziland.

The midget newspapers, no larger than a cigarette when rolled up, are printed in various languages. There are four pages, 8 by 5 inches, but the fine print makes possible 10,000 words in a single issue.

The size also facilitates their surreptitious passage in gestapo-ridden lands. As an example of their wide

circulation, even in axis countries, some of these newspapers recently were reported found on prisoners taken in Libya.

# War Workers

### Shipyards Need Great As Plans Grow to Transport Men

A "you haven't seen anything yet" picture of Portland's need for war industry workers and of Salem's destined part in the ship construction program was painted by shipyard, employment service and draft board officials to work-The landing was made early ers, trainees and prospective nonessential job "casualties" at the Heavy casualties were inflicted Salem chamber of commerce

"We have orders for nearly four down in fighting with allied fliers. times the number of men we can the fighting on both sides. Two allied planes were reported see in the offing as far as the training program is concerned." A. Buna is located directly across G. Johnson, war industry coordithe Papuan peninsula, about 100 nator from the state office of the miles from the allied base at Port US employment service told the audience of more than 100 information seekers.

By the end of next December the Portland and Vancouver shinyards want 42,802 workers in six trades, as well as many for office and field positions not requiring mechanical skills, Johnson declared. They include welders-16,644 wanted-, pipe fitters, pipe welders, marine electricians, shipwrights, and

machinists. Portland must have these mer "irrespective of anything else," Chairman Ray J. Stumbo of the Salem local draft board asserted.

The local board has reached order number 1900 in drafting marmonths until we'll be through the 1941. list of married men without children," Stumbo warned. Then, he inferred, married men with children will go either into the armed services or into war industries.

More than 150 men and women now in or planning to enter Portland war industries have regisand industrial scheme, was exa member of the American Le- \$1 a day roundtrip bus service now being planned on paper, Business Manager Clay C. Coch-

> ready and equipped to produce more than 50 two-ton "blockthe needed busses, Cochran re-

The shipyard representatives. J. A. Dalziel and F. L. May-(Turn to Page 2, Col. 5)

NORFOLK, Va., July 22.-(A) The bodies of 29 crewmen of a first enemy dead to be landed on the air ministry reported. American shores in this warwere brought here and buried

life jackets were all that remained afloat after the U-boat was sunk. 13 bombers. The navy declined to give further

freight movements which might have a bearing on war production.

The high command said fighttion.

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The high command said fightthe confinence of the Ruhr and the command said fighttion.

# Million Germans Press Defenders Upon Outer Defense; West Threats

## Allies Attack Along Entire Egypt Front

Progress Reported; Coast Ridge Taken; **RAF** Rules Air

By EDWARD KENNEDY

CAIRO, Egypt, July 22-(AP)-Under cover of allied planes ruling British Imperials attacked the axis forces all along the 40-mile and Stalingrad. desert front west and south of Alamein Wednesday night in an night and raged inconclusively through Wednesday.

While it was still too early to see definite results, the British under the leadership of General Sir Claude Auchinleck reported

The Imperials on the northern

coastal sector occupied all of Tel El Eisa (Hill of Jesus) ridge, which has changed hands repeatedly. On the center, where the action

began Tuesday night, some pro ress was reported, with tanks in On the south, where the desert

merges into the salt marshes of the Qattara depression, United Kingdom troops attacked and were making some progress. It was the first time the defenders of the Alamein positions-

and of Egypt, the Nile and the middle east-had attacked on all three sectors simultaneously. The enemy forces of Marshal crwin Rommel launched several counter-attacks during the day and

heavy see-saw fighting ensued. The air force was carrying out a good share of the attack. Enemy fliers were out in slightly greater strength than Tuesday, when they were almost absent from the sky, but the axis air activity still was small.

Elsewhere, the RAF struck at axis bases as far away as the Isle of Crete, the Mediterranean stepried men without children, "and it ping-stone captured by parawill be only a matter of a few chutist invasion in the spring of

### RAF Bombs Duisburg

Heavy Missiles Start Big Fires in Port, Industrial Section

LONDON, July 22-(AP)-A force Local men and local capital are of 300 RAF bombers dumped destroying" bombs and other high explosives Tuesday night on industrial Duisburg and the world's largest river port nearby while the Russian air force struck at the German military power at Koenigsberg, East Prus-

Giving the Germans little rest from air raids, British Spitfires flew over the channel Wednesday afternoon for the fourth successive day's raid on objectives in occupied territory, including German submarine sunk by a planes attacked railway engines Dunkerque and Le Touquet. The destroyed on Atlantic patrol—the factories, gunposts and barges,

The ministry said the raid on Duisburg, the heaviest by the with full military honors in British since the 1000-plane attack on Bremen June 25 and the The bodies and a few empty first night raid on the Ruhr city since July 13, cost the British

But, the air ministry added onight.

The German dead were buried Duisburg itself and in the dock as night fell over the national area of the river port, Duisburgcemetery at Hampton, Va. Brief Rhurort, just north of the city

ed successfully," the air

The second secon

## Russians Continue Success In Counter-Attack Along North Sector, Voronezh

MOSCOW, July 23 .- (AP) - The Russians announced Thursday that the battle for Rostov had begun.

This statement came less than nine hours after the soviet information bureau's midnight communique had depicted the red army forces to the north of Rostov falling back to the city's outer defenses under the pressure of a million-man German army which also had the air almost without challenge, driven a deep wedge roughly half way between Rostov

Rostov, held briefly by the Germans last year beonslaught that began Tuesday fore the winter's turn in the tide of battle, also has been under a steady menace from the west where the Germans anchored their line last winter at Taganrog, 40 miles away.

## China Supplies Plan Results

War Council Prepares To Help Fiercely Fighting Nation

WASHINGTON, July 22-(P) The Pacific war council worked out plans for delivering supplies to hard-pressed armies of China Wednesday, and its members left the White House obviously feeling that much had been accom-

"Now we know what the Chinese need and how and when and where we can get the stuff in." Walter Nash, the minister from New Zealand, reported to newspapermen. The council, he said, had "worked out procedure to be followed to assure that China puts up the best fight that can be put

In addition to joining the council's discussion, President Roosevelt conferred with the Russian ambassador, Maxim Litvinoff, who, whether or not by coincidence, arrived at the White House soon after an announcement in Moscow that both Stalingrad and Rostov had been imperilled by new German

Nazi successes have intensified demands in Russia, Great Britain and the United States for the Second Front western Europe, Litvinoff told re-porters, however, that he and the Clamor Swells president had not discussed the second front.

The trend of submarine warfare against American shipping. the closing of the Burma road over which tons of materials had been hauled to China, and the new Japanese offensive in that country obviously combined to present the Pacific war council with a ing into the vital Caucasus swelled difficult problem.

Since the Burma road became inaccessible, due to Japanese vic- Germany's steel might from the tories in Burma, some materiel east. has been flown into China by transport plane from India. There has been talk recently of increas-(Turn to Page 2, Col. 7)

## **Currie Talks** With Chiang

CHUNGKING, China, July 22 velt, conferred for several hours Wednesday with Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek on matters of an mand announced the recapture of Kienteh, 65 miles southwest of Hangchow, main Japa-nese base in Chekiang province. Currie's arrival in Chungking

ported at Lanchi, on the Chek-Good weather, for the lack of lang-Kiangsi railway 20 miles

57. River Tues., -2.4 ft. By army request, weather forecasts had stood on the tracks when a sare withheld and temperature data delayed.

Thursday the Germans had lost 6000 killed in bitter fighting for a town south of Voronezh, on the industries and sea and rail complied with food and material by American transport planes.

The storm of German assault swept Wednesday night to within 20 miles of Rostov and to the lower Don more than halfway from that city to Stalingrad, and thus the Russian nation was plainly face to face with the "terrible days" which its military spokesmen say it will have to endure.

By The Associated Press

The midnight communique of the soviet information bureau reported battles at Novocherkassk and Tsimlyansk. Novocherkassk is on a ravine-cut plateau 20 miles northeast of Rostov, surrounded by small tributaries of the Don. Tsimlyansk is on the north bank of the lower Don 60 miles east of the Donets. It is 130 miles east of Rostov and 120 miles

southwest of Stalingrad. German reports early Wednesday indicated that the attackers were preparing to storm a dethe Askaitouzlov waterline at Novocherkassk. This makes a semi-circle shielding Rostov from the northeast.

Location of the battle area about Tsimlyansk did not precisely confirm the German claim to forcing the lower Don in that sector, but it was, by itself, a development quite grave enough, The combination of triumphal

German claims and the grim tone of the Russian military press left no doubt but that Rostov, west gateway to the Caucasus, was im-(Turn to Page 2, Col. 1)

Unions Boost Move in England and US; Rally Held in NY-

LONDON, July 22-(AP)-The plight of Russian armies retreatthe clamor in Britain Wednesday night for a second front to divert

However, the government and virtually all the press kept strictly silent on the prospect of invading France or the lowlands. Lord Beaverbrook's Evening

Standard, three large trade unions and British communist party all cried out for swift action by British and US armies based in these islands.

The Evening Standard declared in discussing the possibilities of a

"All then depends not on how much aid we bring but how quickly. The outcome of a soviet defeat would be violent and possiundisclosed nature while the high bly calamitous for our cause in every theatre of war."

The big union of British war workers called for the immediate establishment of a second front, (Turn to Page 2, Col. 6)

Our Senators

