# The Oregon Statesman

"No Favor Sways Us; No Fear Shall Awe" From First Statesman, March 28, 1851

#### THE STATESMAN PUBLISHING CO.

CHARLES A. SPRAGUE, President

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#### Angary

The United States exercised the right of angary Sunday when it seized vessels of Germany. Italy and Denmark lying peaceably in American harbors. What that right is can best be stated in the words of the Encyclopedia Britannica:

Angary is the name given to the right of a belligerent to seize and apply for the purposes of war (or to prevent the enemy from doing so) any kind of property on belligerent territory, including that which may belong to subjects or citizens of a neutral state. . . . The articles of The Hague convention of 1899 seem to sanction the right of angary against neutral property, while limiting it as against both belligerent and neutral property. It may be considered, however, that the right to use implies as wide a range of contingencies as the "necessities of war" can be made to

Even this exposition requires a certain amount of analysis. The right, it should be noted at the outset, appertains to a belligerent only-a nation already engaged in war against another nation or nations. Not only that, but the right of angary applies only on belligerent territory-and a ship was seized in Portland, in the quiet water of the Willamette last Sunday morning.

Moreover, The Hague convention sanctions the right of seizure of foreign vessels against neutral property by a belligerent government; yet the Leme, boarded in Portland, was the property of a belligerent lying in nominally neutral waters. If the United States were actually belligerent, as use of the principle of angary would seem to imply, the actual transaction was nothing more than the seizure of a prize of war. From another point of view, if the foreign ship were itself a warship, as might be argued, it would long since have been subject to internment in the country. Something seems confused, badly confused.

Something is confused: the status of this country in regard to the European war, a status which is changing weekly, yet which defies definition in ordinary terms of belligerency and neutrality. This is true; yet the direction of change is readily apparent, particularly on analysis of acts such as the seizure of foreign vessels in American waters.

There should be, in brief, no illusion but that the seizure of German and Italian ships lying in American harbors was the act of a belligerent, and that it may bring as a justifiable response from Germany and Italy a formal declaration of war. One is inclined to think, indeed, that the only reason why such a declaration may not be made, or has not been made earlier, is that it would be relatively meaningless so long as neither of the axis powers was in a position where it could come to grips in any sense with the United States. Japan is another matter, but no Japanese ships have been seized.

Well, and so it is. The act is done, and the Americans cannot be blamed if they move suddenly in order to prevent the destruction by their foreign crews of ships that are already needed, in spite of the niceties of international law, in carrying supplies to Britain. This nation is already committed to the British cause to an extent that makes a formal war declaration little more than a formality; evil as this may be, its implications should be realized, and there should be no surprise when it takes sudden form in acts such as this.

It is not, as the captain of the Leme said, "inhuman," but it is not very nice, either.

### Empires

Empires are breaking up. Several of the bigger ones are doomed.

Reference is not to the political empires of the old world, but to the holding company empires of the new world's power industry.

New deal reforms are out of season in 1941 but the biggest one undertaken is just coming into fruition through operation of the "death sentence" clause in the utility holding company act. Under this much-controverted provision of the law passed in 1935, utility systems are required to limit themselves to geographically integrated units and to simplify their corporate structures in such manner that an operating company will have over it not more than two "decks" of the holding companies.

In carrying out these provisions the Securities and Exchange commission has ordered dissolution of United Light & Power company and United American company, a system which has five holding company "decks." The company is putting up no fight.

Repercussions of this trend will reach Oregon early. Standard Gas & Electric, with which Mountain States and Pacific Power & Light are affiliated, is complying with the policy without the necessity for an order. Electric Bond & Share, of which Northwestern Electric is an affiliate, is not itself involved to date but one related holding company, National Power & Light, appears to be taking the same course.

SEC also is preparing to break up three other large systems: Commonwealth & Southern, Engineers Public Service and United Gas Improvement. Orders for dissolution of still other empires are contemplated; somewhere down the line the SEC will bump into a supreme court test of the constitutionality of the "death

There will be few mourners at the deathbed of the great power empires. The stench that attended earlier demise of the Insull empire has settled upon those which survived. Their corporate structure is difficult if not impossible to defend though in fairness it should be said that the system contributed, in its heyday, to the rapid advancement of electrification. One of the principal items of justification, the existence of intra-system service companies performing specialized functions, is superseded by the development of independent, professional companies which perform the same services for firms with which they have no financial connection. If the holding company seemed "a good of his own hills. Cheops did the financing with of water. Bordeaux mixture, church on Sunday morning, just that Jesus kept the Sabbath day. vocate of worshiping on the first iden at the time" the march of events has whips.

dimmed its usefulness. At any rate the empires are falling. Wheth- —San Francisco Chronicle.

er their collapse will cure most or any of the evils of power finance remains to be seen. But perhaps no one will have a fair opportunity to judge; the further step to public ownership may be taken too rapidly for that.

But as is the case with the fall of a political empire, someone is going to be hurtnturally, the little fellow. In the liquidation of the parent companies it seems certain that a lot of common stock will be wiped out.

#### Logic

The power users are now paying for their power from Bonneville-they are paying more for it than the project really needs to charge. Why not, then, a refund to the two states in which it delivers power in lieu of taxes? It would not -as the Statesman avers-come back out of the pocket of the consumer. He has already paid for it in buying his power.-McMinnville Telephone-Register.

What The Statesman had said was: "Somehow, sometime, the tax would come out of the same pocket-that of the power users." The T-R takes issue with that view and then proceeds to confirm it, after the manner of Kay Kyser:

"That's wrong, you're right."

If Bonneville is charging more for power than is necessary, the solution is a reduction in its rates and not, as the McMinnville paper suggests, payments in lieu of the taxes which in justice the municipal systems and PUDs ought

True, if private power companies continue to be taxed on an ad valorem basis, Bonneville ought to make payments in lieu of such taxes -upon its power plant, the portion of the dam's value allocated to power, and its transmission lines. But if as the T-R suggests, Bonneville were to make lieu payments so that municipal systems and PUDs remained tax-free, out of what pocket would those funds come? Obviously part of the cost would be borne, originally, by privately-owned utilities buying power from Bonneville; and eventually by the private utilities' customers. In other words McMinnville wants Salem power users to pay their own taxes and half of those that McMinnville power users now escape.

The champion fence-straddlers are not in the Oregon legislature. The Tammany-ruled New York city council was expected to decide whether to name a park for Amerigo Vespucci and thus please the Italians, or for Callahan and Kelly, a couple of local heroes, and please the Irish. The aldermen did their best to please both by approving both names and leaving the final decision to Mayor LaGuardia.

Leland P. Linn has signed a contract for his 20th year as superintendent of schools at Myrtle Point and the Coos Bay Times observes that his record of tenure is unprecedented in Coos county. As Dr. Baxter would add, "needless to say, he is a graduate of Willamette uni-

Add to the list of epochal decisions that of the Portland draft board which ruled that a union organizer was not a "necessary man in an activity essential to the national welfare" and thus was not subject to deferment.

### **Editorial Comments**

From Other Papers IT'S DONE WITH WHIPS

A correspondent asks us to tell how the nazi government finances its war upon civilization. The subject could easily fill a book. However, some general observations may help.

In the first place, the nazi government operates in pretty much a closed compartment. In that compartment the people do what government tells them to do, else they go to a concentration camp to be well beaten up regularly.

In effect, all the German people are working for the government. The government takes the products of their labor and gives them back rations of food and clothing. In other words, this means that the entire German population is working long hours under an intense speedup, turning over most of the product to the government and keeping only barely enough to eat and wear. So long as the materials can be found in Germany and the conquered countries, this process can go on unless, indeed, the people crack under the strain.

It was finance our inquirer asked about. This is a process that requires no stocks of real money. Paper marks serve as counters or certificates to show the individual's title to his or her share of the rations and clothes. No financing is necessary, in the sense that our correspondent probably had in mind. This is a process, of course, that can continue only in a closed compartment. When the nazi government buys goods or material from Russia, it has to finance those purchases with something real. For that it uses a portion of the goods produced by German labor.

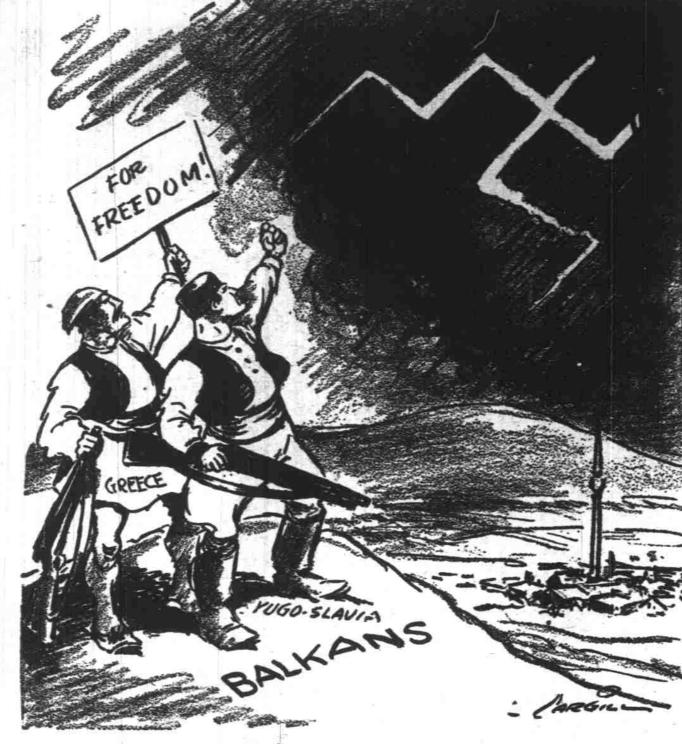
This is, to all intents and purposes, a slave system. Given your slaves and a territory capable of producing the materials for them to work on, no financing is needed.

To this picture has to be added another in the overrun countries. These have been and are being systematically stripped of food, goods and materials for the Germans in Germany. This is not finance either; it is robbery. In addition, the conquered peoples are being compelled to work for Germany, as slaves, for worse rations than the German slaves get, starvation rations, in fact.

For none of this is finance necessary. Where the nazis pretend to pay in the overrun countries it is in bogus marks, costing only the paper, ink Finance is not the word for the process by

which the nazis are maintaining their war. The

thing is being done by slavery and robbery. Cheops financed the construction of his pyramid in just this simple way. He rounded up a lot of the population to do the work and to feed them took grain away from the rest. He did not have to import the stone. His slaves took the stone out



A Coupla Battlin' Ajaxes Defying the (Nazi) Lightning

## Bits for Breakfast

By R. J. HENDRICKS

Reprinting some matter from old files in this column reaching back over eleven years: 5 5 5

(Continuing from Sunday:) Gustavus Hines and his family returned 'to the United States' (for this was not the United States then) in order to take the infant daughter of Jason Lee to her father-but the father had died six months and one day before the family sailed, Sept. 13, from the mouth of the Columbia.

"Going by way of China and around South America, they did not learn of Jason Lee's death till they arrived in New York May 4, 1846. What changes have come in travel and communication in many ways during the intervening eighty-odd years!

"Gustavus Hines returned to Oregon and had many preaching charges here in the early days. and was for a long time a trustee of Willamette University. He wrote two books on Oregon's early history and her institutions. His body lies in Lee Mission cemetery, (Salem), laid there in 1874.

"His brother, Rev. H. K. Hines, a noted early day Methodist minister, also wrote the 'Mis-

### Today's Garden By LILLIE L. MADSEN

grapes and with what.

P.T.R.-Asks when to spray

Usually the county agent gives the time and material as spraying time comes on. One spray program for grapes gives the first spray of Bordeaux mixture, one pound to five gallons, when the new shoots are about six inches long; the second spray, using the same mixture but adding 1/4 pound of arsenate of lead, to be put on just as the blossoms fall, and thereafter spraying each two weeks until the middle of August, using the second spray mixture. Some grape growers use the dusting sulphur and some an all-purpose spray or dust at two-week intervals through the season, beginning as soon as new growth has started. S.B.R.-Asks for a formula

for making cut worm poison. It is almost cheaper to purchase some of the prepared poisons if one wants just a small quantity. There are a number of good ones under various trade names. However one recommended (which will make a five pound lot) includes dry bran, five pounds; Paris green, ¼ pound; water, one quart; molasses, one pint; oranges, one. Mix the bran and Paris green thoroughly. Mix the water, molasses and orange juice and also the orange peelings, ground finely. Then mix the two together, stirring constantly. The mixture should be made about four hours before using. The poison should be applied late in the evening so that it will not dry out before

the worms start to feed. W.O.-Writes that most bulk spray materials do not carry the amount of mixtures and wants to know how much arsenate of lead to mix with water and how much Bordeaux to use.

This depends somewhat upon the season of the year and the purpose of the spray. Usual strength arsenate of lead is two tablespoonsful to one gallon of water. Nicotine sulphate is one teaspoonful of nicotine, one cusionary History of the Pacific Northwest,' a valuable historical book. There was another brother, J. M. Hines, who was an early day Oregon Methodist minister.

"Another signer of the Historic document was Thomas H. Pearne. He was Rev. Pearne. one of the ablest of the early day Methodist ministers, and this goes for the whole church as well as the then backwoods Oregon Country.

"He came in 1851 once made presiding elder of the Oregon district, which included all the United States territory from the Missouri river to the Pacific ocean, 1800 miles east and west, and from the Mexican (California) to the Canadian line, including an area of 1,700,000 square miles. His residence was in Salem.

\* \* \* "The U. S. census of 1850 gave the population of Oregon territory at 13,294 whites and 100,-000 Indians, and Oregon then included what is now Washington, Idaho and Oregon, with what is west of the summit of the Rockies in Montana and Wyoming. "There were about 600 people

in Portland, about the same number in Salem, and 400 in Oregon City. Late in 1851 the Oregon district was divided into two districts, giving Rev. Wm. Roberts Salem and everything west to the sea, and Rev. Pearne the Mary's River district, including six appointments north and six south of Salem. 5 5 5

"Rev. Pearne's district required 12 weeks of travel four times a year, 2250 miles in all. with a week of rest every round

"He traveled on his faithful mule, Cynthiana, 16 hands high, wearing a broad brimmed hat covered with oiled silk, and a Mexican poncho or serape, or waterproof shawl, with a slit in the middle for the rider's head, so that although Rev. Pearne traveled in all weathers he never carried an umbrella and never \* \* \*

"The indispensable saddlebags were covered by the poncho. Rev. Pearne presided at the second Oregon conference, in 1854, at the log school house in the Belknap settlement, until the belated arrival of the famous Bishop Matthew Simpson.

"He also accompanied Bishop Simpson that year on his trip up the Columbia, in 1862, when that outstanding high authority and official of the Methodist church made his last visit to Oregon."

(Long time readers of this column will recall some of the incidents of the visit of Bishop Simpson to Oregon, especially the one of 1854. Pearne wrote about this in his book, "Sixtyone years of Itinerant Christian Life in Church and State." Some excerpts follow: "I first saw Bishop Simpson in the Conference room in Oregon, . . . in Belknap Settlement, Benton county, about 120 miles above Portland. Steamboating on the upper Willamette was suspended. . . . There were then no stages nor other public conveyances up and down the valley. . . . The Bishop had been delayed by an accident to his ocean steamer: he reached Portland on Thursday, the day after the session had

man who has just entered is Bishop Simpson, he will please advance to the pulpit.' He came forward." . . . The effect (of Bishop Simpson's talk) on the audience was marked. Many wept; some shouted. . . . The next day, in the same pulpit, and to many of the same people, Bishop Simpson preached his matchless sermon on "This is the victory that overcometh the

world, even our faith.' The effect

was indescribable. . . . Tears of

joy and shouts of rapture attested the magic of his eloquence. . . . Rev. Pearne told in his book many things of his association with the great Bishop (He told of his trip to Salem, over the Sky Line hill, from which he (Simpson) had such a splendid view of the Willamette valley, near the spot where was the ancient temple for phallic worship; of his sermon in Sa-

(Concluded tomorrow.)

lem, in the old First Methodist

church that became a laundry.

### The Safety Valve

Letters from Statesman Readers

MORE ON SABBATH To the Editor:

Statesman of March 29th, by a Mr. Ernston, who was making an effort to answer the letter of a Mr. Emill Braxling of Falls City, Oregon. I am pleased to note that Mr. Ernston admits that the command to keep the Sabbath day holy cannot be found in the new testament. Since Mr. Ernston has admitted this failure to produce the said scripture, what is the new testament? The word, n-e-w, indicates that it is not old, and that there is a testament which is older. The word testament is defined to mean a will. Then the new will does not have the command to keep the Sabbath day holy. What does this new will offer? Adoption, forgiveness of sins and eternal life. But to enjoy the blessings of this will, man is not commanded to keep the Sabbath day holy. The Sabbath law was a nation-

al law. Read Deut. 5:1-5. The nation of Israel was the only nation that was commanded to keep the Sabbath day holy, and the only people to whom God ever made it known. In Neh. 9:13-15 we read that God made known to the Israelites at Mount Horeb, which is Sinia, the holy Sabbath. Had they been keeping a day for 2500 years and did not know that it existed? No, this would be absurd. Who is under the new will, or subjects under it? In the book of Matthew, chapter 28, verses 18, 19 we find that all nations are under the new will. Today we are not subjects to a national law, but a universal law, which is the new testament.

Mr. Emill Braxling did not set aside a portion of God's word. But God gave a new will when the old will became of none effect. Since Mr. Ernston is for keeping the whole bible, or all' the words of God's word, will he be so kind as to answer the following questions? Do you offer animal sacrifice? Do you burn incense? And do you stone to death those who do not keep usual strength, is 12 tablespoons- as the writer was closing his What will did Jesus live and die day of the week? The nazis are doing their financing with whips. ful of the mixture to a gallon of sermon. No one there had ever under? Of course, we all know seen him. I said: 'If the gentle- it was the old will. We find next

Wotan's Wedge

By FRANCIS GERARD

Chapter 37, continued "Aye, Sir John," nodded the superintendent. "But the police in the execution of theirr duties must no be denied a leetle medicinal stimulant."

"True," said Meredith and grinned at the twinkle in the police chief's innocent blue eye. It was at a quarter to four in the morning that the police car returned to report that they had located the suspected farm and that it had proved to be the neg-

lected property of Sandy Bruce who had taken himself off to America. "Do you know the surroundings of the farm well?" Meredith asked the superintendent and at the other's nod went on, "Is there enough cover for us to conceal watchers?" Again- the superintendent nodded. "In that case," said Meredith, turning to Sir Hector who sat yawning and

stretching at his side, "the soon-

er they're posted the better." It was in the chill hour before dawn that Meredith and the superintendent posted a ring of watchers. When the sun came up the farm was under surveillance from the little hills of heather surrounding it.

Matthew Beef was not a particularly imaginative man but during the long hours he spent in the semi-underground cellar which was his prison, he went through a period of miserable introspection. Beef had his full share of that dogged devotion displayed by the cockney to a superior who has been tried and tested beyond all question and the feeling uppermost in his mind was one of regret that he had failed Meredith. The fact that his failure was due to no fault of his own was not allowed to weigh with him. He cherished uncharitable thoughts anent Narky Joe Summers but he blamed himself more. His whole being now was concentrated, not so much on the perils

of his own predicament as on some means whereby he could make up for his failure by some coup of which Meredith would approve. How he was to achieve this, he did not know.

The cellar in which Beef was imprisoned possessed a tiny window not six inches high on a level with the ground outside. He could barely reach this and it was firmly barred. The door was of stout oak with an ordinary. if ponderous, lock. Even if he had been able to kick this down. the noise would certainly be heard by his captors. He had no means of picking or removing the lock. So his sole chance of escape seemed to be dependent upon his ability to surprise one of his gaolers when, at rare intervals, they brought him something to eat or drink. This would not prove easy since they invariably came in pairs; one of whom carried the food, the other standing in the doorway holding an electric torch in one hand and a revolver in the

Beef had no means of judging time other than the daylight fading through his small window. He had been sitting in the dark for some hours when he heard footsteps echoing down the concrete floor outside his cellar. They paused before the door. Beef looked up expectantly straining his eyes in the darkness. The slamming of a door somewhere, followed by the sound of a man's voice speaking German, came to Beef's ears and the footsteps continued past his door to die away.

Beef's tense attitude relaxed once more. His head ached abominably. This was not astonishing, for he had taken two severe beatings at the hands of these people and these he had endured with the mute courage of an ox. They had used short lengths of rubber hose on him. (To Be Continued)

# Radio Programs

KSLM-TUESDAY-1390 Kc. 0—Sunrise Salute.)—Don Allen's Orchestra.

8:.0—News.
8:45—Tune Tabloid.
9:90—Pastor's Call.
9:15—The Esquires.
9:45—Melody Mart.
10:00—The World This Morning.
10:15—Today's Tribute.
10:30—Women in the News.

 Jermyr Sears Orchestra.
 Musical Horoscope. 30-Willamette U Chapel.

:00-Market Reports. 12:15-Noontime News 30—Hillbilly Serenade. 35—Willamette Valley

12:50—The Song Shop.
1:00—Harry Horlick's Orchestra.
1:15—Isle of Paradise. 2:00—News. 2:15—Salem Art Center 30-Two Kings and a Queen. :00-Crossroad Troubado

4:15-News. 4:30—Teatime Tunes. 4:45—Milady's Melodies 5:00—Popularity Row. 5:30—Dinner Hour Melodi 6:00—Tonight's Headlines. 6:15-War Commentary 6:20—Alvino Rey's Orchestra 6:45—A Song Is Born.

7:15—Interesting Facts. :30-Singing Strings. 0-Europe Tonight. 3:15—Jessica Dragonette 8:30—Don Allen's Orchestra 9:00—News Tabloid. 9:15-Johnny Messner's Orchestra.

American Nights. 10:00-Hits of the Day. 11:15—Dream Time.

I noticed a letter in The KGW-NBC-TUESDAY-620 Kc. 6:00—Sunrise Serenade. 6:30—Trail Blazers. 7:00—News. 7:15—On the Mall. 7:45—Sam Hayes. 8:00—Stars of Today.

1;15-Against the Storm. :45-David Harum 10:45-Dr. Kate :00-Light of the World. 15-Mystery Man. 30-Valiant Lady. 45-Arnold Grimm's Daughter.

:00—Story of Mary Marlir :15—Ma Perkins 12:30—Pepper Young's Family. 12:45—Vic and Sade. :00-Backstage Wife. :15-Stella Dallas. :45—Young Widder Brown.

30—The Guiding Light, 45—Life Can Be Beautiful, 3:15—News. 4:00—Maurice and His Music. 4:45—H. V. Kaltenborn. 30—Fibber McGer and :00—Bob Hope. :30—Uncle Walter's Doghouse. :00—Fred Waring Pleasure Time. :15—Armchair Cruises.

9:30—Johnny Presents.
9:30—Richard Himber Orchestra.
9:30—Battle of the Sexes.
10:30—Bat Tabarin Cafe Orchestra. 11:00—News. 11:15—St. Francis Hotel Orchestra. KEX-NBC-TUESDAY-1190 Ke. 6:30-Musical Clock. 30—Musical Clock.
30—Western Agriculture.
15—Financial Service.
30—Breakfast Club.
30—Amen Corner.
30—National Farm and Home. 9:30—National Farm and nom 10:30—News. 10:30—Charmingly We Live. 10:45—Associated Press News. 11:30—Us Army Band. 12:30—Orphans of Divorce 12:15—Amanda of Honeymoor 12:30—John's Other Wife. 12:45—Just Plain Bill.

that he turns to Paul for an example (in Acts 17:2 and 18:4) where Paul entered into the synagogue and reasoned and persuaded. Did these people accept the teaching of Paul. The Jews believed not, opposed themselves, and blasphemed. Paul left them and went to the Gentiles. Paul entered the synagogue because it afforded a place in which to teach. In Acts 20:7, he met with the disciples on the first day of the week and taught. Does Mr. Ernston teach on Sunday, the first day of the week?

L. L. FREEMAN

These schedules are supplied by the respective stations. Any varia-tions noted by listeners are due to changes made by the stations without notice to this newspaper. 1:00--Mother of Mine. 1:15--Market Reports. 1:30--News.

3:00—Ireene Wicker. 3:15—The Bartons. 3:30—The Munros. 3:45-Wife Saver. 4:15—Mr. Keen, Tracer. 4:30—Hotel Pennsylvania Orchestra 5:00—Reading Is Fun 5:45—Tom Mix 5:30—Unlimited Horizons, 6:55—News. 7:30—Question Bee.

Grand Central Station 8:30—Ben Bernie Musical Quiz 9:00—Easy Aces. 10:00—Sir Francis Drake Orchestra. 11:00—This Moving World. 11:15—Florentine Gardens Orchestra.

11:45—Portland Police Report 12:00—War News Roundup. KOIN-CBS-TUESDAY-970 Ke. -News. 8:15—Consumer News. 8:30—The Goldbergs. 9:00—Kate Smith Speaks. 9:00—Kate Smith Speaks.
9:15—When a Girl Marries.
9:30—Romance of Helen Trent.
9:45—Our Gal Sunday.
10:90—Life Can Be Beautiful. 15-Women in White.

10:30—Right to Happines 10:45—Mary Lee Taylor. 11:00—Big Sister. 11:15—Aunt Jenny. 11:30—Fletcher Wiley. 11:45-My Son and L. 12:00-Martha Webster. 12:15—News. 12:30—Kate Hopkins in of Courage. :00-Portia Blake. 1:45—Stepmother. 2:00—Singin' Sam. 2:30—Hello Again.

3:30—Joyce Jordan, 4:00—The Second Mrs. Burton, 4:15—We the Abbotts, 4:30—Second Husband, Baker Theatre.

Glen Miller Orche :15—Let's Have Fun. :45—News of the War. :00—Amos 'n' Andy. 8:15—Lanny Ross. 8:30—Court of Missing Heirs 9:00—We, the People.
9:30—Hollywood Show Case.
10:00—Five Star Final.
10:45—Nightcap Yarns.
11:30—Manny Strand Orchestrs
11:55—News.

ALE-MBS-TUESDAY-1320 Me 6:30—Memory Timekeep 7:00—News. 8:00—Good Morning Neighbor. 8:30—News 8:30—News
8:45—Buyer's Parade.
9:00—This and That.
9:30—The Woman's Side of the Side of th

. . .

t Hoagland Orches

KOAC-TUESDAY-550 Me.